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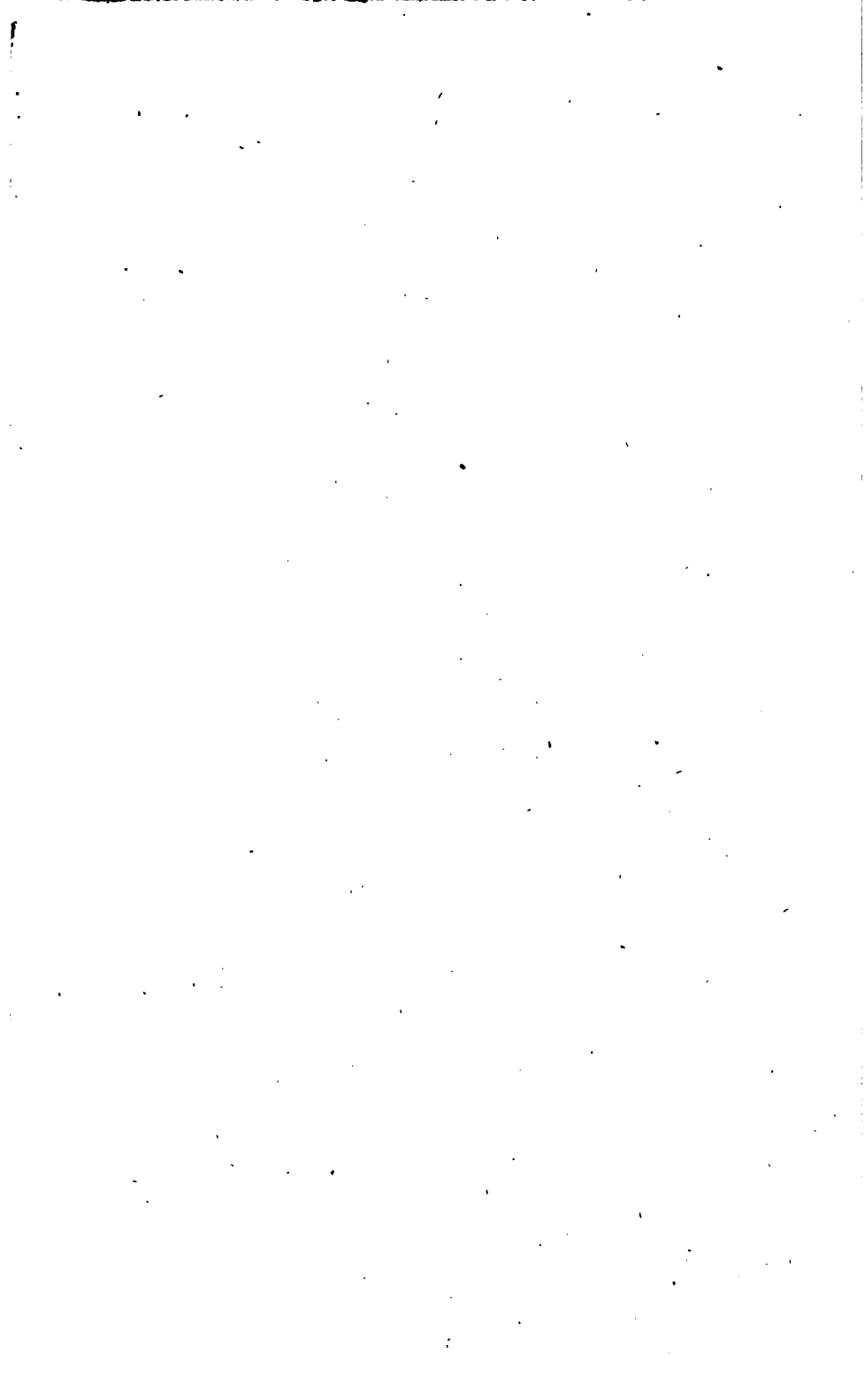
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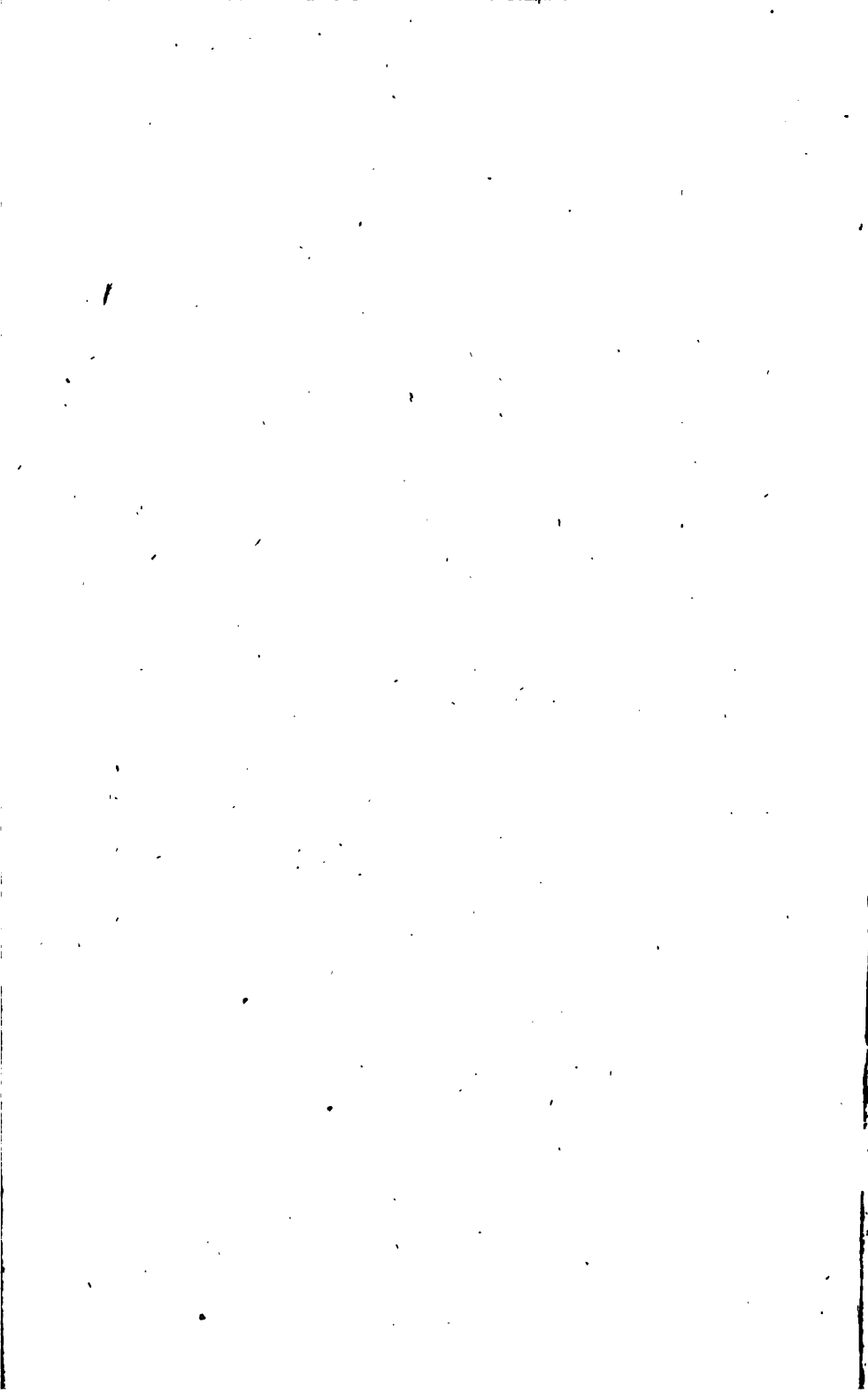
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THE
Statutes at Large,

FROM
MAGNA CHARTA

TO THE END OF THE
Eleventh Parliament of GREAT BRITAIN,

Anno 1761.

CONTINUED.

VOL. XXXVIII.

BEING

The INDEX from the First Year of the Reign of his
Majesty King GEORGE the Third,
To the Thirty-second Year of the same Reign, inclusive.

BY DANBY PICKERING, of GRAY'S INN, ESQ.
Reader of the LAW LECTURE to that HONOURABLE SOCIETY.

L O N D O N :

Printed for G. G. and J. ROBINSON, J. JOHNSON, and
D. OGILVY and J. SPEARE, Middle-Row, Holborn.

1794.

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CONTINUATION OF THE INDEX

TO

Mr. PICKERING'S STATUTES,

From the First Year of the Reign of King GEORGE III.
to the Thirty-second Year of the same Reign, inclusive ;

B E I N G

To the End of the Second Session of the Seventeenth Parliament of
GREAT BRITAIN, in the Year 1792.

A.

Aberbrothick, Scotland.

ACTS 11 G. 2. c. 4. and 3 G. 3. c. 28. granting a duty on ale sold at Aberbrothock in Scotland; continued. 27 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 36.

Aberdeen, Scotland.

See *Harbours*. 13 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 30.

Aberystwith, Cardiganshire.

See *Harbours*. 20 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 33.

Abuses.

See *Offices Public*. 25 G. 3. c. 19. v. 35.

Acids (Mineral).

See *Dundonald* (Earl of). 25 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 35.

Accountant General in Chancery.

See *Chancery*.

Accounts Public.

Five commissioners appointed to examine and state the public accounts of the kingdom, and the balances in the hands of the accountants to be applied to the public services, and to report the defects in the present mode of accounting, and in what more expeditious manner it may be done for the benefit of the public. 20 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 33.

7,500l. granted to the said commissioners. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

9,000l. more to the same commissioners, and 7,000l. to their secretary. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

Commissioners to be allowed 6,000l. salary in the whole. 25 G. 3. c. 52. § 5. vol. 35.

The commissioners not to sit in the House of Commons. Same act, § 25.

9,000l. more to the same commissioners, and 3,200l. to their secretary. Same year, c. 60.

9,000l. more to the same commissioners, and 1,000l. to their secretary: 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

The commissioners continued annually, until one year after 22 July 1786. Same year, c. 67.

The commissioners of the customs may settle the accounts of collectors and receivers, who have applied money to other branches of the revenue: 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 25. vol. 36.

The several boards of revenue are to keep quarterly accounts; and the treasury to lay such accounts annually before parliament. Same act, § 72.

4,237l. 4s. 1d. for contingencies due from the office for auditing public accounts. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

B

Achurch,

Acburch, Northamptonshire.

See *Churches*. 18 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 32.

Actions.

See *Limitation of Actions*.

For penalties on the act for securing oak-timber for the use of the navy, it is sufficient to declare that the defendant is indebted 5,000l. 12 G. 3. c. 54. § 4. vol. 29.

See *Wales*, 13 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 30.

If any person after claiming the benefit of this act (against smuggling) shall bring an action against any officer of the navy, customs, or excise, for any thing done relating to the offences thereby released, such officer may plead the general issue and recover costs, and such action to be released, and all proceedings stayed; but not to extend where corporal punishment is directed. 24 G. 3. c. 47. § 42. and 49. vol. 34.

See *Informations*, 26 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.

For penalties against unlawful lotteries, action to be brought in six months, and bail to be given for 500l. 27 G. 3. c. 1. § 2. vol. 36.

Actions for the penalty of 200l. for not conforming to the directions of the governor of Newfoundland, under the act for regulating the trade between British and French subjects, regarding the fishery between Cape St. John and Cape Rouge; if brought at Newfoundland, to be in three months; if at Westminster, in twelve months. 28 G. 3. c. 35. § 2. vol. 36.

On actions for using new patterns for printing linens, invented by others, which may be brought within six months, the defendant may plead the general issue, &c. and if he prevails, to have full costs. Same year, c. 38. § 2.

See orders of council respecting the importation and exportation of corn and grain, 30 G. 3. c. 1. § 2. vol. 37.

Actions against commissioners or committee men. Same year, c. 53. § 68.

Actions limited to be laid in Pembrokehire. See *Hamilton* (Sir Wm.) Same year, c. 55.

Adam (John) &c.

Empowered to dispose of several

houses by way of lottery, thereby to raise 224,000l. 13 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 30.

Addressees by the House of Commons.

To make good the money issued upon addressees of the House of Commons.

1765, 2,400l. 5 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 26.

1768, 10,500l. 8 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 28.

1769, 16,500l. 9 G. 3. c. 34.

1770, 13,100l. 10 G. 3. c. 52.

1771, 14,700l. 11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.

1772, 6,580l. 12 G. 3. c. 70.

1773, 6,200l. 13 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.

1774, 20,100l. 14 G. 3. c. 85.

1775, 12,578l. 14s. 9d. 15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

1776, 7,406l. 6s. 3d. 16 G. 3. c. 49.

1777, 13,060l. 2s. 17 G. 3. c. 47.

1778, 19,100l. 18 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 32.

1779, 32,968l. 2s. 2d. 19 G. 3. c. 72.

1780, 15,700l. 20 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 33.

1781, 22,222l. 21 G. 3. c. 57.

1782, 8,908l. 9s. 1½d. 22 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.

1783, 11,236l. 4s. 23 G. 3. c. 78.

1784, 36,841l. 1s. 6d. 24 G. 3. c. 44.

1785, 7,066l. 18s. 3d. 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

1786, 12,259l. 9s. 2d. 26 G. 3. c. 61.

1787, 12,138l. 16s. 4½d. 27 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 36.

1788, 17,496l. 14s. 6d. 28 G. 3. c. 26.

1789, 34,370l. 1s. 4d. 29 G. 3. c. 61.

1790, 48,424l. 15s. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

1791, 67,948l. 12s. 10d. 31 G. 3. c. 41.

1792, 26,043l. 3s. 3d. 32 G. 3. c. 35.

Adjutant General of the Army

May send and receive letters free of postage. 23 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 34.

Admiralty.

See *Courts Martial*. 19 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 32.

The 12th and 13th articles of war altered. Same act, § 3.

The judge of the admiralty in Scotland, to receive annually 400l. in lieu of all perquisites. 26 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 33. 6,000l. granted for erecting a house at the admiralty for books and papers. Same year, c. 61.

Admissions.

Admissions.

Members of corporations, whose admissions have not been stamped, or being lost, further time allowed to provide stamps. 27 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 36.

Advertisements.

An additional stamp duty of 6d. for each advertisement in any newspaper or pamphlet. 29 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 36.

Affidavits.

See *Arrests*, 19 G. 3. c. 70. § 4. v. 32.

Power given to the court of session at Chester to appoint persons to swear affidavits, and to take bail in that court. 27 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 36.

But not to be sworn in sessions time, within a mile of Chester. Same act, § 2.

Africa and African Company.

Act 4 G. 3. c. 20. (except as to the company's power to deduct 400l. a year out of the money received) repealed; and the coast of Africa from Sallee to Cape Rouge, vested in the crown, and the trade laid open to all subjects. 5 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 26.

The king may grant to George Glas and his partners, the sole power of trading for 21 years to Port Regeala or Gueder, in South Barbary, subject to a compensation by parliament. Same act, § 7.

See *Corn*. 13 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 30.

Act 5 G. 3. c. 44. repealed; and Fort James, in the river Gambia, with its dependencies, vested in the African company. 23 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 34.

See *Ebony*. 27 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 36.

Act 5 G. 3. c. 3. for supplying the export trade to Africa, with calicoes from the East Indies, revived and continued to 1st Jan. 1798. 28 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 36.

See *Tea*. 29 G. 3. c. 59.

13,000l. granted for the forts and settlements in Africa. 29 G. 3. c. 61. v. 36.

See *Slaves*. Same year, c. 66.

900l. paid for printing the reports of the African trade. 30 G. 3. c. 12. v. 37.

13,000l. granted for maintaining forts and settlements on the coast of Africa. Same year, c. 32.

13,000l. for the like purpose. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

13,000l. for the like purpose. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Aggregate Fund.

800,000l. and 100,000l. per ann, payable to the king out of the aggregate fund, by 1 G. 3. c. 1. and 17 G. 3. c. 21. from 10 May 1787, to be charged on the consolidated fund, and the powers in those acts continued. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 63. vol. 36.

All annuities charged on the aggregate fund, from 5 July 1787, to be paid out of the consolidated fund. Same act, § 68.

Agreements.

See *Bank of England*. 21 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 33.

Aire River, Yorkshire.

See *Bridges*. 14 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 39.

See *Rivers*. Same year, c. 96.

Alban's. (St.) Duke of

See *Annuities*. 28 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 36.

Albemarle House.

See *Ely House*. 12 G. 3. c. 43. v. 29.

Alder Trees.

Deemed Timber. See *Trees*. 13 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 30.

Aldersgate.

See *Churches*. 32 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 37.

Ale and Alehouses.

Instead of corporal punishment (by former acts) for selling ale without licence; penalty for first offence 40s. and costs, or one month's imprisonment; 2d offence 4l. or two months imprisonment; and for 3d offence 6l. or three months imprisonment; and the like addition for every subsequent offence. 5 G. 3. c. 46. § 22. vol. 26.

See *Stamps*. 7 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 27.

Notwithstanding the above act, all powers granted by any act since 8 G. 2: as to selling spirituous liquors without licence (except 100l. penalty by 9 G. 2. c. 23. See *Brandy*) may be exercised; but transportation and whipping to cease. 9 G. 3. c. 6. § 2. vol. 28.

Act 7 and 8 W. 3. c. 19. as to using plate in alehouses repealed, and all prosecutions thereon discharged. Same year, c. 11.

Alehouse-keepers in the hundred of Godley, Surry, indemnified for selling ale without proper licences. 14 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 30.

See *Dalkeith*. 22 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 34.

See *Dumfries*. Same year, c. 57.

An additional duty of 10s. 6d. each on licences to retail ale, beer, and other exciseable liquors; and to be under the commissioners of stamps. 24 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 34.

See *Aberbrothock*. 27 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 36.

See *Scotland*. 31 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 37.

See *Licences*. 32 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 37.

Algiers.

6,762l. 19s. to the sons of the late Bey of Algiers. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Aliens.

Foreigners may lend money on freehold and leasehold estates in the West Indies, tho' aliens. 13 G. 3. c. 14. v. 30.

See *Scotland*. 16 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 31.

Allendale Common, Northumberland.

See *Inclosures*. 32 G. 3. c. 110. v. 37.

Allington, Kent.

See *Rivers navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 105. vol. 37.

Alloa Harbour, Scotland.

So much of an act for laying a duty of 2d. Scots, or one-sixth part of 1d. on every Scots pint of ale and beer brewed for sale, and vended within the town and barony of Alloa, in the county of Clackmannan, in Scotland; and also a duty of anchorage for ships and vessels anchoring in the harbour of the said town, for repairing the pier of the said harbour, as relates to anchoring ships, &c. in the said harbour, continued and rendered more effectual, 26 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 35.—See *Harbours*.

Allowances.

Allowances on coffee imported in the hulk from North America. 14 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 30.

The like upon plate made and marked, one-sixth part. 25 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 35.

See *Stamps*. Same year, c. 79.

Allowance to distillers. 26 G. 3. c. 73. § 25. vol. 35.

The like to dealers in wine for stock in hand. 27 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 36.

See *Wine Licence Office*. 31 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 37.

Almanacks.

An additional stamp duty of 2d. each

on almanacks printed on one side of a sheet; and out of this duty 5ool. per ann. to be paid to each of the universities of Oxford and Cambridge, half-yearly, at Midsummer and Christmas, 21 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 33.

Alnwick, Northumberland.

See *Greenwich Hospital*. 18 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 32.

Alfager, Cheshire.

See *Churches*. 29 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 36.

Alcar Fen, Lancashire.

See *Fens*. 19 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 32.

Ambassadors.

Assessments on ambassadors houses to be paid by their landlords, 10 G. 3. c. 6. § 43. vol. 28.

America.

The mutiny act extended to all the kings dominions in America annually, from 5 G. 3. to 16th of same king.

Stamps and other duties in British America, granted to defray expences of defending the same. 5 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 26. Repealed by 6 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 27.

Bounties allowed on importation of deals, planks, boards, and timber, from North America. 5 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 26.

British American iron and lumber may be imported to Ireland, and lumber to the Madeiras and Azores, or any part of Europe south of Cape Finisterre, on bond and certificate, and 23 G. 2. c. 29, repealed. Same act, § 22, 23.

Ships from the British American Plantations, to give bond as to melasses and syrups, whether the goods were laden there or not. Same act, § 24.

Boats under 20 tons, may carry goods the produce of America, from one colony to another, duty free, and without a cocket. Same act, § 25.

Fees of officers of the customs in America, ascertained and regulated. Same act, § 27.

See *Coffee, Sugar, Iron, Rice, &c.* Same act.

Corn and grain, &c. (except rice) may be imported from America duty free. 6 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 27.

For securing the dependence of the British American Colonies, they are declared to be subject to the legal authority

city of Great Britain; in all cases and all resolutions to the contrary are declared void. Same year, c. 12.

The act of 5 G. 2. c. 24. so far as relates to the growth of coffee in the plantations, further continued, Same year, c. 44.

Particular ports in Jamaica and Dominica, open for free importation of certain specified goods. Same year, c. 49. This act repealed by 27 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 36.

Duties on goods imported and exported to and from Dominica, ascertained. 6 G. 3. c. 49, § 3. vol. 27.

Offenders against the late stamp act in America indemnified, and unstamped deeds executed during the continuance of that act, declared valid, Same year, c. 51.

Alteration of duties in America on foreign melasses or syrups, British sugar, coffee, and pimento, and on East India goods, cambrics and French lawns, exported from Great Britain; and upon coals. Same year, c. 52.

Sago powder and vermicelli allowed to be imported from the colonies duty free, and rice from Carolina and Georgia may be carried to the south of Cape Finisterre. 7 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 27. This act continued till Dec. 1, 1796. 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

Customs and duties in America put under commissioners residing there. 7 G. 3. c. 41.

Duties on glass, red lead, white lead, painter's colours, tea, and paper imported into America from Great Britain, ascertained. Same year, c. 46.

For suspending all proceedings of the council and house of representatives of New York, until provision be made for the King's troops there. 7 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 27.

Salted provisions may be imported from the British colonies in America. 8 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 28. Continued by 14 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 30.

A court of vice admiralty instituted in America, for the recovery of penalties and forfeitures as to trade and revenues there. 8 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 28.

The said duties on these articles repealed, and also as to the disallowance

of drawbacks on china exported to America, and no drawback on china, unless packed in the presence of a customhouse-officer. 10 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 28. And as to teas repealed. 18 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 32.

The general assembly of New York allowed to pass an act for issuing 120,000l. currency in bills of credit, to be legal tenders at the loan-office and treasury there, for 14 years. 10 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 28.

Bounties given to importers of white oak-staves and heading from America to London, Southampton, Poole, Exeter, Plymouth, Bristol, Liverpool, Whitehaven, and Yarmouth. 11 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 29.

Acts concerning prisoners standing mute on trial for felony, extended to the colonies in America. 12 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 29.

See *Rice*. Same year, c. 32.

See *Corn and Grain*. Same year, c. 33. 13 G. 3. c. 2.

The East India Company may build ships in the British American Colonies. 13 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 30.

An allowance of one-seventh part of every hundred weight of coffee imported in the hulk from America. Same year, c. 73. and 14 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 30.

Act 4 G. 3. c. 34. relating to bills of credit in America, explained and amended. 13 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 30.

For discontinuing landing and shipping goods in the harbour of Boston in America, which port is declared to extend from Nahant Point east, to Alderton Point west. The admiral may seize ships hovering, and not departing on six hours notice. The king not to allow the port of Boston, or appoint officers there, until satisfaction is made to the East India Company. 14 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 30.

Act 14 G. 3. c. 41, repealed by 27 G. 3. c. 27.

For providing quarters for officers and soldiers in America. 14 G. 3. c. 54.

To restrain the trade of Massachusetts Bay, New Hampshire, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Providence Plantations, to Great Britain, Ireland, and the British West India Islands, and the said provinces

provinces prohibited from fishing on the Banks of Newfoundland. 15 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 31.

The trade of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, and South Carolina, restrained in like manner. Same year, c. 18.

3,711l. 15s. granted to Mr. Willett des Barras, for engraving charts of North America. Same year, c. 42.

All trade with New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island, Connecticut, the three lower counties on the Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, prohibited during the present rebellion, and the acts 14 G. 3. c. 19. and 15 G. 3. c. 10 & 18. repealed. But the king may grant pardons, &c. 16 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 31.

The admiralty may grant commissions to privateers, to take all ships belonging to the aforesaid colonies; and all British or Irish ships trading there, and when taken, to belong to the captors, &c. A bounty of 5l. for every man taken on board any American prize. 17 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 31.

The king may detain any person charged with high treason, in America, or on the high seas for piracy. Same year, c. 9. vol. 31. Which act is continued till 1781. 21 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 33.

Any person authorized by the king to grant pardons, may give licence to carry prizes into any port in the king's dominions in North America. Same year, c. 40. vol. 31.

Ships taken by the rebels and after retaken, to be restored on paying one-eighth part of the value, and to be appraised, but not sold without the consent of the owner. Same act, § 3.

Declared that no tax is hereafter to be imposed by the king and parliament of Great Britain on any of the colonies, provinces, or plantations, in North America (except for the regulation of commerce); and such duties are to be applied to the use of such particular colony only. 18 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 32.

The king may appoint commissioners to treat of a peace with the American colonies. Same year, c. 13.

See *Ireland*. Same year, c. 55.

The act of 21 G. 2. c. 30. relating to

indigo from America, continued; and the officers of the customs and navy there, for two years, may take the same fees as paid before 29th Sept. 1764. 19 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 32. 23 G. 3. c. 6, vol. 34.

Sugar or panes from British America may be entered, on paying British plantation duties, without a certificate, as directed by 4 G. 2. c. 15. And sugar warehoused may be delivered or entered on payment of the like duties, and the difference to be returned. 18 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 32.

See *Wine*, 19 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 32.

See *Ireland*. 20 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 33.

Goods may be exported from Great Britain or Ireland to any place in America which the secretary of state shall certify, to be under the protection of his Majesty's arms, on bond, with two sureties in 2,500l. penalty, if the ship be under 100 tons; and if above 5,000l. penalty, to export the same; and to have a certificate from the naval or other officer on the landing. 20 G. 3. c. 46, vol. 33.

Goods the produce of America may be exported from the place of production to Great Britain or Ireland, Newfoundland, Halifax, Quebec, East and West Florida, Georgia, or the British West India Islands, on bond, with one surety in penalty of 1,000l. if ship under 100 tons, and 2,000l. if above. Same act, § 2.

The commander in chief in America may appoint naval and other officers with powers for this purpose, and 16 G. 3. c. 5. continued, where not altered by this act, and to cease where the civil government is restored. Same act, § 3.

Commanders in North America, and all acting under them, indemnified for any thing done to suppress the rebellion. Same act, § 10.

For better detaining and more easy exchanging American prisoners brought into Great Britain. 22 G. 3. c. 10, vol. 34.

The king may conclude a peace with the colonies of New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, the three lower counties of Delaware,

ware,

ware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, in North America, or any of them. Same year, c. 46.

No manifest certificate, &c. to be required from any American vessel clearing out of British ports (except exportation bonds, which are to be discharged by certificate on the goods being landed); and the king may make regulations for carrying on the trade between his subjects and those of the United States. 23 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34. Continued yearly till 5th April, 1789. 28 G. 3. c. 5. v. 36.

See *Coffee*. 23 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 34.

For appointing five commissioners, who are to be sworn to inquire into the losses and services of the American loyalists, and to examine the parties on oath; who, if they make fraudulent claims, are to be excluded any benefit; and for giving false evidence, liable to penalty for perjury; and the claims are to be received by 24th March, 1784. Same year, c. 80.

The commissioners to give an account of their proceedings to the treasury and the secretaries of state, and are to be paid 2,000l. for their expences and clerks. Same act, § 8, 9.

In case of the death of any commissioner during the recess of parliament, the king may fill up the vacancy, and the act to continue two years. Same act, § 10, 11.

So much of 4 G. 3. c. 15. as directs no part of the old subsidy to be drawn back for goods the product of Europe or the East Indies, exported to the British colonies in America (except wine, white calicoes, and muslins) repealed. 24 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 34.

The king in council may make regulations for carrying on the trade with British America, relative to iron, hemp, sail cloth, and other articles the produce of any place bordering on the Baltic, which may be lawfully exported from this kingdom. Same year, c. 45.

The trade to the ports of the American States and the subjects of Newfoundland, confined to bread, flour, and live stock, and to be imported in British built licenced ships. 25 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 35.

Continued until 25th of March 1788. 26 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 35.

This act continued until 1st May 1786, and two of the commissioners to go to Nova Scotia and other colonies in America to inquire into claims; and if they differ in opinion to have the governor's assistance; and may appoint others to travel in America to inquire into losses by loyalists, in consequence of the act 16 G. 3. c. 5. for prohibiting trade during the rebellion; and the commissioners are to give the like account to the treasury and secretaries of state, and to have 2,000l. more for clerks, &c. and if any commissioner be an half-pay officer of the navy or army, he is to continue to receive such pay, and any vacancy to be supplied as aforesaid; and this act to continue one year from 15th July 1785. 25 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 35.

Ships and goods seized and condemned in the British colonies in America, to be sold there by public auction, according to 3 G. 3. c. 22. and 4 G. 3. c. 15. 26 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 35.

Act 5 G. 3. c. 45. for allowing bounties on importation of wood, timber, and lumber, from America, continued till 29th Sept. 1792. Same year, c. 53.

See *Drawbacks on French Wine to America*. Same year, c. 59.

The like act continued one year from 15th July 1786; and 2,000l. more granted. 26 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 35.

The like act whereby 4,000l. is granted to the commissioners and their clerks, &c. and the act to continue one year longer. 27 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 36.

The trade between British subjects in colonies of North America and the West India Islands, with the inhabitants of the American States, and the foreign West India Islands, regulated. 28 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 36.

No goods (except tobacco, pitch, tar, turpentine, hemp, flax, masts, yards, bowsprits, staves, heading boards, timber, shingles, and lumber of any sort; horses, neat cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry and live stock of any sort; bread, biscuit, flour, peas, beans, potatoes, wheat, rice, oats, barley, and grain) the product of the territories of the United States of America, to be imported

ported into the king's West India Islands, including the Bahama, Bermuda, and Somers Islands, on penalty of forfeiture of such goods, and also of the ship and furniture, &c. Same act, § 1.

And the excepted articles permitted to be imported, must be by British subjects in British ships, on the same penalty; and goods not prohibited from the West India Islands to any foreign country in Europe, may be exported to the United States; and cocoa-nuts and ginger, &c. to be liable to the same duties as if exported to British colonies in America; and no article (except salt from Turks Island) to be so imported but by British subjects in British ships, on the same penalty. Same act, § 2 & 3.

Where bonds are required on exportation of goods to British colonies, the like to be given on exportation to the United States; to be discharged on certificate of due landing. Same act, § 4.

Vessels coming in ballast from the United States, may be laden at Turks Island with salt; but an entry must be made thereof, and the master to answer questions upon oath, which the collector may administer, on penalty of 100l. such ships are to pay 2s. 6d. per ton for such salt, before put on board; and no goods to be so exported to the British dominions, or to Great Britain or Ireland (except salt). Same act, § 5.

No tobacco or other goods enumerated in § 1. of this act, to be imported to any British port from foreign West India Islands, or to Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, St. John's or Newfoundland, on penalty of forfeiture; but in case of emergency the governors of British islands may, with consent of the council, allow the same to be imported by British subjects in British ships; and the king may authorize the governor of Newfoundland to permit the importation of bread, &c. from the United States. Same act, § 10.

No goods to be imported from the United States, by sea, to the province of Quebec, or up the river St. Lawrence, on penalty of forfeiture, with the ship, &c. Same act, § 14.

But this act not to repeal 27 G. 3.

c. 27. and to commence from 4th April 1788. Same act, § 15.

Goods, &c. forfeited may be seized by the officers of the customs, and be recovered and applied, either in this kingdom or in the king's dominions in North America, or the West Indies, as it may happen. Same act, § 16.

Several sums granted by exchequer orders for relief of American loyalists, and for making compensation to sufferers, by the cession of East Florida. Same year, c. 40.

The commissioners not to proceed on claims presented in England, after 1st August 1788, and in America after 1st December following. Memorials presented to the treasury before 3d June 1788, for furnishing provisions for the navy and army in America, to be transmitted to the commissioners who may also receive the claims of Lord Fairfax, and several others which are named, to be proved on oath; and are further to enquire into the claims of sufferers by the cession of Georgia to the Americans; and the commissioners are to be paid by the treasury 4,000l. more for clerks, &c. and this act to continue one year from 15th July 1788. Same act c. 44.

For continuing the laws for regulating the trade between the king's subjects and the inhabitants of the American States, to 5th April 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 36.

Bread, flour, Indian corn, and live stock, may be imported from the United States of America to Quebec and the coast of Labrador. Same year, c. 16.

2,111. 0s. 6d. granted to the commissioners for settling the American claims for expences, fees, and charges. Same year, c. 61.

41,559l. 11s. granted for relief of American civil officers, fees, and charges. Same act.

313,659l. 2s. 5d. granted on orders for relief of American and East Florida sufferers. Same act.

4,693l. 8s. 6d. granted to the commissioners for enquiring into the losses of the American loyalists. Same act.

For appointing commissioners further to enquire into the losses and services of those whose names are specified, as have suffered

suffered in their rights, &c. in America, in consequence of their loyalty to the British government. Same year, c. 62.

See *Orders of Council*, respecting the governor general of America. 30 G. 3. c. 1. § 1. vol. 37.

Articles enumerated may be exported from London, Bristol, Liverpool, and Glasgow, to the king's sugar colonies in America, viz. 5,057 quarters of beans, 2,780 quarters of oats, 1,160 quarters of oatmeal, 815 quarters of peas, 167 quarters of rye, 285 quarters of wheat, and 8,922 quarters of wheat flour, by direction of the privy council, to the lords of trade, &c. Same act, § 5.

Ships at London laden with wheat, &c. for the sugar colonies in America, before the publication in the Gazette, and at other ports before the receipt at the customhouse of the order in council of 23d December 1789, may proceed on their voyages. Same act, § 8.

See *Quebec*. Same year, c. 8.

Acts 23 G. 3. c. 39. and 24 G. 3. c. 45. so far as relates to the commerce between this kingdom and the United States of America, continued until 5th of April 1791, but may be repealed this session. Same year, c. 11, § 1.

If iron, hemp, sail-cloth, or other articles from any place bordering on the Baltic, which may be lawfully exported from this kingdom, if exported contrary to law, or if any goods are imported from the United States of America, not permitted by law, and also goods imported from those States contrary to law, all to be forfeited, and to be recovered and applied in the places where such offences are committed. Same act, § 2.

This act continued until 5th April 1791, but may be repealed this session. Same act, § 5.

For encouraging new settlers in the king's colonies and plantations in America. Same year, c. 27.

See *United States of America*. Same act.

All sales of negroes, household furniture, &c. so imported, made within twelve months after importation, to be void. Same act, § 2.

All white persons coming to reside, to take the oath of allegiance, if upwards of 14 years old. Same act, § 3.

238,279l. 9s. 2d. 2q. granted by parliament for American sufferers, due 10th October 1790, on all the orders, by virtue of act 28 G. 3. c. 44. Same year, c. 32. § 24.

1,900l. issued by the same to the secretary of the commissioners for enquiring into the losses of the American loyalists. Same act.

3,162l. 5s. 6d. paid to the commissioners to enquire in America into losses of sufferers there. Same act.

35,785l. 15s. 6d. more granted for relief of the American sufferers. Same act.

49,556l. 17s. 6d. granted for lands in Georgia ceded to the Americans. Same act.

Two of the commissioners appointed for enquiring into the losses of American sufferers; to transmit to the treasury by 5th July 1790, books made up in the manner directed, containing the names and additions of all persons who have produced satisfactory evidence of their losses, with the amount thereof as ascertained by the commissioners; abating therefrom in the case of all persons coming within any of the classes described in the statement of the claims examined by the commissioners under the title of loyalists, who have rendered services to Great Britain; loyalists who have borne arms in the service of Great Britain; loyalists zealous and uniform; loyalists who took oaths to the American States, or bore arms, but afterwards joined the British; and loyalists sustaining losses under the prohibitory act, 10l. per cent. of such part thereof as shall exceed 10,000l. where the amount of such losses shall not be above 35,000l. and also abating therefrom, in the case of the claimants under the will of John Earl of Granville, 40l. per cent. of such part thereof as shall exceed 10,000l. and in the case of Robert Lord Fairfax 20l. per cent. of such part as shall exceed 10,000l. and likewise abating therefrom such sums as such sufferers have already received, or shall receive before 5th of July 1790, towards making good their losses. Same year, c. 34. § 1.

And the commissioners for enquiring into losses by the cession of East Florida to Spain, are likewise to transmit such

book by the same day, containing the names and additions of all persons who have produced satisfactory evidence of their losses settled by the said commissioners respectively, abating such sums as the said sufferers have already received towards making good their losses. Same act.

And the treasury is to direct the exchequer to make out standing orders for the sums set against the names of the sufferers respectively (for which no tallies shall be struck) to carry 3l. 10s. per cent. interest, from 5th July 1788, and the principal and interest to be paid off by half-yearly installments, to begin 1st April 1791, and to abate the interest in proportion, and by warrant to the auditor of the exchequer, to be paid out of the money remaining there for the year in which such interest and installments shall become due. Same act.

The sum for which every order for 50l. and the equimultiples of 50l. shall be intitled, by installments, of 6l. 5s. per cent. together with half a year's interest on the sum unpaid each half year, when the proportion is directed to be paid off. Same act.

Orders assignable, and all under 50l. directed to be paid on 10th October 1790. Same act, § 2.

Commissioners to deliver certificates to the sufferers of the sum to which they are intitled to be carried to the auditor of the exchequer, who is to deliver the order and take a receipt to discharge the same; which orders are to be numbered arithmetically, and the clauses of the malt act to extend to this act. Same act, § 4.

The treasury may direct new orders where filled up by writing, or indorsements, or by accident defaced, and may reward persons employed under this act; and if supplies not granted for payment of orders, they are to be paid out of the consolidated fund, to be replaced out of the first supplies. Same act, § 7.

See *Rape Secl.* Same year, c. 41.

See *Annuities.* (Penn, Wm). Same year, c. 46.

Acts 23 G. 3. c. 39. and 24 G. 3. c. 45. so far as relates to the commerce between England and the United States of America, continued until 5th April 1792. 31 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 37.

Articles from any place bordering on the Baltic which may be exported to England, if exported contrary to law, and goods imported from the United States of America not permitted by law to be forfeited, with the ship, &c. Same act.

During the continuance of acts 27 G. 3. c. 27. and 30 G. 3. c. 29. the articles enumerated may be imported from any part of America belonging to any foreign European sovereign into any of the forts mentioned in the said acts, and the articles mentioned in this act may be exported from the said forts, under certain restrictions. Same act, § 7.

3,600l. issued to the secretary of the commissioners for inquiring into the losses of the American loyalists. Same year, c. 41.

24,000l. to the commissioners for enquiring into the losses of the American loyalists. Same act.

See *Tea*, 13 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 30.—32 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 37.

10,329l. 15s. 4d. for presents to inhabitants of the north-west coast of America. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

American Sufferers.

31,000l. for relief of American sufferers, and 1,271l. 17s. for payment of fees at the exchequer. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

224,787l. 7s. 11½d. for part of orders made out for the relief of American sufferers, pursuant to 28 G. 3. c. 40.—32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

60,205l. 7s. 6d. for the same purpose, pursuant to 30 G. 3. c. 34. Same act.

28,000l. granted to Thomas Cotton, Esq. for relief of American sufferers. Same act.

Ancholme, Lincolnshire.

See *Rivers made navigable.* 7 G. 3. c. 98. vol. 27.

Andrew, (St.) Holborne.

The parish may purchase a workhouse, &c. 10 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 28.

For building a workhouse for the liberty of Saffron Hill. Same year, c. 80.

Anglesey (Isle of).

See *Coals.* 26 G. 3. c. 104. vol. 35.

Annuities.

For altering the times of payment of dividends on annuities granted by 33 G. 2. c. 7. and 2 G. 3. c. 10. with consent

consent of the proprietors. 5 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 26.

For raising 1,500,000*l.* to discharge navy bills, two-fifth parts thereof by annuities at 3 per cent. redeemable, two other fifth parts by a lottery of 60,000 tickets, at 10*l.* each, and the other fifth on annuities for life, at 3 per cent. with benefit of survivorship payable at the bank, tax free. Same year, c. 23.

One-fourth part of the annuities granted by 3 G. 3. c. 9. paid off. Same year, c. 42.

One-third part more paid off. 6 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 27.

One-fourth part of 875,000*l.* annuities charged on the duty on wine by 3 G. 3. c. 12. redeemed. 7 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 27.

For redeeming the remainder of 1,741,776*l.* 10*s.* 11*d.* annuities granted by 3 G. 3. c. 9. Same year, c. 26.

1,500,000*l.* charged on the sinking fund, to pay off part of 2,000,000*l.* granted by 29 G. 2. c. 7. — 10 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 28.

Annuities granted for redeeming 1,500,000*l.* 3 per cent. and for a lottery. 12 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 29.

The like of 1,000,000*l.* and 880,000*l.* by a lottery. 14 G. 3. c. 76 & 85. vol. 30.

The like of 1,000,000*l.* 3 per cent. bank annuities, and for a lottery, 15 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 30.

The like of 1,400,000*l.* 3 per cent. bank annuities, and a lottery for 600,000*l.* 16 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 31.

500,000*l.* granted by annuities at 4 per cent. for 10 years from 5th April 1777; redeemable with 10*s.* per cent. for 10 years only, and 500,000*l.* by a lottery. 17 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 31.

6,000,000*l.* by annuities at 3 per cent. and 21. 10*s.* per cent. for 30 years, or 21. per cent. for life only, and 48,000*l.* by a lottery. 18 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 32.

7,000,000*l.* by annuities at 3 per cent. and also annuities at 31. 10*s.* per cent. for 29 years, and 490,000*l.* by a lottery. 19 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 32.

12,000,000*l.* granted on annuities at 4 per cent. and 11. 16*s.* 3*d.* per cent. for 80 years, and 480,000*l.* by a lottery. 20 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 33.

12,000,000*l.* raised by annuities of 100*l.* at 3 per cent. 50*l.* at the same rate, and 25*l.* at 4*l.* per cent. and 480,000*l.*

by a lottery. 21 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 33. 13,500,000*l.* raised by annuities, and 405,000*l.* by lottery, the annuities to be 100*l.* at 3 per cent. 50*l.* at 4 per cent, and 17*s.* 6*d.* per cent. per annum, for 78 years, from 5th Jan. 1782; and each contributor of 1000*l.* on payment of 30*l.* more to have 3 lottery tickets. 22 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 34.

4,500,000*l.* annuities, created by 31 G. 2. c. 22. Consolidated with the 3 per cents. already consolidated. Same year, c. 34.

12,000,000*l.* by ann. and 480,000*l.* by a lottery; the subscribers for each 100*l.* to have 100*l.* at 3 per cent. 25*l.* at 4 per cent. and 13*s.* 4*d.* for 78 years, from 5th Jan. 1783, charged collaterally on the sinking fund, and for each 1000*l.* on payment of 40*l.* more, to have four lottery tickets. 23 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 34.

600,000*l.* by annuities, and for every 100*l.* subscribed, to have 100*l.* at 3 per cent. 50*l.* at 4 per cent. and 5*s.* 6*d.* per cent. per ann. for 75½ years, from 5th July 1784, on a fund established this session, and collaterally charged on the sinking fund; and contributors of 1000*l.* on payment of 60*l.* more to have six tickets which is to raise 360,000*l.* to be repaid. by 1st March 1785. 24 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 34.

Annuities granted to satisfy navy, victualling, and transport bills, and ordnance debentures enumerated, and the proprietors of bills dated before 30th June 1782, and brought in before 10th Oct. 1784, to have for every 100*l.* a certificate from the bank for 107*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.* stock, at 5 per cent. Same year, c. 39.

Proprietors of navy, victualling, and transport bills, dated before 30th June 1783, and of ordnance debentures, dated before 31st December 1783, may carry them to the treasurer of the navy office, and have a certificate for 111*l.* 8*s.* stock, at 5 per cent. to commence 5th July 1785. 25 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 35.

The time enlarged till 31st August 1785. Same year, c. 71.

The dividends of the long bank annuities, and those for 29 and 30 years consolidated, by 19 G. 3. c. 18. to be paid 10th October and 5th April, instead of 5th Jan. and 5th July every year. 26 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 36.

All annuities charged on the aggregate fund, from 5th July 1787, to be paid out of the consolidated fund. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 63. vol. 36.

The exchequer to give an account annually to the treasury of all annuities fallen in by death, or unclaimed for three years, to be placed to the credit of the commissioners for reduction of the national debt; but if any claimants appear after, to be paid the same. Same act, § 60.

See *Consolidated Fund*. Same act.

187,000*l.* raised by annuities of 7*l.* 9*s.* 9*d.* each per cent. for 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ years, from 5th April 1789, payable at the bank half yearly out of the consolidated fund; and these annuities to be consolidated with those of 18 G. 3. c. 22. and 19 G. 3. c. 18.—29 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 36.

1,002,500*l.* raised by annuities with benefit of survivorship in classes; and contributors to be at liberty till 10th Oct. 1790, to name a life for every 100*l.* 5*s.*

	Classes.	1.	s.	d.
1 <i>st</i> .	Under 20 years old	4	3	0
2 <i>d</i> .	From 20 to 30 -	4	5	6
3 <i>d</i> .	From 30 to 40 -	4	8	6
4 <i>th</i> .	From 40 to 50 -	4	13	6
5 <i>th</i> .	From 50 to 60 -	5	1	6

1*st* payment by 5th April 1791, and all annuities falling in by death to be divided amongst the survivors of the class, till the annuity for one share amounts to 1000*l.* per ann. Same year, c. 41.

Annuities may be assigned and certificates to be produced to the auditor, containing the name, surname, addition, place of abode, and age of the nominee; and if resident in Great Britain, to be signed by the minister and churchwardens; if in Ireland, to be certified by a baron of the exchequer there; if beyond the sea (in the king's dominions) to be certified by the governor or his deputy; and in any other part of Europe, in amity, by the British minister; and where none such, by the chief magistrate, and an affidavit to be annexed to such certificate, and sworn before a baron of the exchequer. Same act,

Certificates to be filed with the auditor, for which no fee is to be taken or stamp duty paid. Same act.

Annuities to be free of taxes and deemed *personalestate*. If not demanded nor certificates produced in 40 days after two years are expired, the annuity to be divided amongst the survivors of the class, and an account to be made up half yearly of nominees dying or not demanding their annuities in two years; but in special cases a baron of the exchequer may order further time to be allowed. Same act.

The treasury are to publish on 20th May 1792, and also yearly after, a list of nominees, to be distributed amongst the proprietors, &c. Same act.

For converting annuities attended with the benefit of survivorship in classes established by act 29 G. 3. c. 41. into certain annuities for an absolute term of years, and to enable the treasury to nominate lives for the shares so converted. 30 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 37.

Until 30th of September 1790, certificates under the act 29 G. 3. c. 41. may be exchanged for certificates for annuities of 4*l.* 5*s.* for every 100*l.* 5*s.* for sixty-nine years and one quarter, from 10th October 1790, and the auditor on receiving such certificates to give a receipt for the principal and interest to 10th October 1790, and to file such certificates in his office, and in lieu thereof to make out a distinct certificate in respect of every 100*l.* 5*s.* to the bank for the amount of the principal sums contained in the certificate filed, and no fee or stamp duty; and every such certificate to intitle the person possessed to enjoy an annuity at the rate of 4*l.* 5*s.* per ann. on every 100*l.* 5*s.* expressed therein, to commence 10th October 1790, and to continue 69 years and one quarter, payable half yearly 5th of April and 10th of October for the said term, and then to cease. Same act.

The names of persons who have delivered certificates at the bank, and the sums to be entered in a book of which a duplicate is to be sent to the exchequer by 5th of April 1791. Same act, § 2.

The principal sums in certificates to be carried to the credit of the owner in

the bank books, and payable free of taxes out of the consolidated fund, with interest accordingly, and the treasury may order the money to issue at the exchequer; and the accomptant general of the bank to examine the cashiers account. The annuities to be deemed personal estate; and books to be kept at the bank for entering transfers and assignments; and the annuities may be bequeathed by will, and transfers not chargeable with stamp duties. Same act, § 10.

From 10th of October 1790, these annuities to be added to the joint-stock of annuities granted by the 1st and 2 G. 3. and immediately after, the auditor of the exchequer to certify to the treasury the number of certificates filed, &c. Same act.

And the treasury may for every 100l. 5s. therein name the life of some person by 10th of October 1790, during which lives respectively to be reserved at the receipt of the exchequer for the use of the public, at the time of payment the like annuity, with the benefit of survivorship, in classes, as any contributor would be intitled to by the said act in respect of an equal number of shares thereof; which annuity, as the same grows due, to be made part of the consolidated fund, at the rate of 4l. 5s. per cent. under this act, and charged thereon. Same act, § 12.

The treasury to select their nominees from the peers of Great Britain or Ireland, or their children or grandchildren, or baronets in England or Scotland, or lords of manors in England or Wales, or who are in the commission of the peace for any county or riding in England or Wales, or their children or spiritual persons promoted to a bishopric, deanry, archdeaconry, prebend, or other dignity in any cathedral or other church, or beneficed with any parsonage, vicarage, or any donative in England, or a fellowship in any college or hall in either university of Oxford or Cambridge, governors of the Charter-house, Foundling-hospital, or Christ's-hospital, or persons registered in the Amicable Society for insurance on lives, in Serjeants-inn, Fleet-street, whose names, places of abode, and ages, are set forth in

such register; and all persons appointed by three commissioners of the treasury, out of the orders, degrees, or societies mentioned to be deemed nominees, for whose lives are to be reserved for the use of the public, at the receipt of the exchequer, with benefit of survivorship in manner as aforesaid, as fully as if appointed under this act. Same act, § 13.

The treasury to deliver to the exchequer a copy of the register of the births of nominees, and certificates of their names, &c. copies of which are to be given by any society or company, &c. on application from the treasury, and appointments of nominees, in writing, by the treasury, to be a sufficient warrant for admitting such nomination, &c. Same act, § 14.

Treasury to transmit half yearly lists of nominees to the place where each resides, and the minister to return a certificate of the lives then existing, and the exchequer to set apart for the use of the public the half yearly dividends on lives of nominees: if nominees be in the army, the commanding officer; if in the navy, the admiralty to certify; if at the university, the certificate of the master sufficient; and when the auditor shall have certified to the treasury the number of the nominees, they are to distribute them in the several classes, in proportion to the nominees by contributors, viz. into six classes, their names to be written on distinct pieces of paper, put into six boxes, and drawn out until a sufficient number to fill up the proportion of nominees for the public, &c. (whereof notice to be given in the Gazette) and none but resident natives of Great Britain to be nominated for the public. Same act, § 19.

Annuities Public.

Annuities granted to the Dukes of York, Gloucester, and Cumberland, for 8,000l. per ann. each. 7 G. 3. c. 19. v. 27.

See *King, Queen, and Royal Family.* 18 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 32.

See *Chatham* (Earl of) Same year, c. 65.

See *Ediot, Sir George.* 23 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 34.

See *Rodney*, Lord. Same year, c. 86.

An annuity of 9000*l.* per ann. granted out of the aggregate fund settled on the Duke of Gloucester, in lieu of the like annuity payable out of the duties of $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in Barbadoes and the Leeward Islands. 25 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

See *Carlton*, Lady Maria. 26 G. 3. c. 88. vol. 35.

See *Watson*, Brook. Same year, c. 93.

See *Skyner*, Sir John. 27 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 36.

An annuity of 1,000*l.* per ann. settled on Aubrey, Duke of St. Alban's, from 16th Feb. 1783, to 10th October 1803. 28 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 36.

The annuity by 26 G. 3. c. 88. intended for Lady Carlton (now Dorchester) and her two sons, Guy and Thomas, for life, and to the survivor, to be paid during their lives, and to the survivor. Same year, c. 42. vol. 36.

The annuity by 26 G. 3. c. 93. to be paid from 11th Jan. 1784, to Brook Watson, in trust, for Helen Watson during her life. Same year, c. 43.

The king enabled to grant to the Rev. Francis Willis, an annuity of 1,000*l.* per ann. for twenty-one years, to be paid out of any hereditary or temporary revenues, usually applied to the expences of civil government, and to be paid clear of all charges. 30 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 37.

An annuity of 4,000*l.* per ann. settled and secured for the use of the heirs and descendants of William Penn, Esq. the original proprietor of Pennsylvania, in consideration of the meritorious services of the said William Penn; and the losses which his family have sustained in consequence of the unhappy dissensions in America, to be issued quarterly out of the consolidated fund, to William Baker and Andrew Allen, Esqrs. in trust, for John Penn of Stoke Pogis, and John Penn of Wimpole-street, to commence 5th January 1790, by treasury warrant to the auditor of the exchequer to make out debentures for the said annuity without fee, and not determinable on the king's demise. Same year, c. 46.

Trustees forthwith to convey 3,000*l.* thereof to John Penn of Stoke Pogis,

and 1,000*l.* other part thereof, to John Penn of Wimpole-street; and in the mean time to receive the said annuity and to pay the same to the proper parties free from taxes, and to be considered as real property out of land in Middlesex, and the conveyance to be inrolled in chancery and entered with the auditor of the exchequer, and the trustees answerable for their own acts only, and may reimburse their necessary expences. Same act, § 11.

Annuities, Private.

A memorial of all deeds, &c. for granting annuities for one or more lives or years, or greater estates determinable on lives, to be inrolled in chancery in 20 days. 17 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 31.

Before judgment entered on a warrant of attorney for securing any annuity, and before execution, the memorial is to be inrolled as above. Same act, § 2.

All such deeds to contain the consideration paid and the names of the parties at length, and if any part of the consideration mentioned is returned or retained, the court where any action is brought may stay the proceedings, and order the deeds to be cancelled. Same act, § 3, 4.

The clerk of the inrollments in chancery to keep a particular roll for annuities, and to specify the exact time of inrollment, and to be paid 1*s.* for the first 200 words, and 6*d.* for each 100 words after, and 1*s.* for every search. Same act, § 5.

All contracts with infants under age for annuities to be void, and for procuring the same, liable to fine and imprisonment; and solicitors, scriveners, and brokers, taking more than 10*s.* per cent. for procuring, &c. subject to the like punishment. Same act, § 6 & 7.

Not to extend to annuities or rent-charges by wills, marriage settlements, or for advancing children, nor if secured on lands of equal or greater value, or if the grantor is seised in fee or tail, or if secured by stock actually transferred, if the dividend be of greater value, nor to extend to voluntary annuities, without pecuniary consideration,

deration, nor if granted by a corporation or by act of parliament, or if under 10l. per ann. unless there be more from the same grantor, to or in trust for one and the same grantee. Same act, § 8.

Anwick, Lincolnshire.

See *Inclofures*. 31 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 37.

Appeals.

See *Ale and Alehouses*, 5 G. 3. c. 46. § 25. vol. 26.

In Scotland, to the barons of exchequer at Edinburgh. Same act, § 34.

See *Bricks and Tiles*. 10 G. 3. c. 49. § 11. vol. 28.

See *Coals*. Same year, c. 53. § 13.

Appeals to commissioners under the act for paving London, and consolidating the rates, &c. 11 G. 3. c. 29. § 80. vol. 29.

The like to the commissioners under the act relating to the navigation of the river Thames. Same year, c. 45. § 18.

See *Highways*. 13 G. 3. c. 78. v. 27.

On the act for the duty on servants, an appeal to the commissioners of taxes, subject to the opinion of a judge of any of the courts at Westminster; and in Scotland, of a judge of the courts there. 17 G. 3. c. 39. § 22. vol. 31. 25 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 35.

The like as to duties on houses; appeal to commissioners, and from them to the court of King's Bench. 18 G. 3. c. 26. § 41. vol. 32. 24 G. 3. c. 38. § 45. vol. 34.

See *Excise*. 21 G. 3. c. 55. § 48. vol. 33, and several other acts.

See *Ireland*. 23 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 34.

On duty on waggons, &c. appeals to quarter-sessions, &c. but no certiorari to supersede proceedings. Same year, c. 66. § 12 & 15.

The like as to duties on shops. 25 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 35.

The like as to pawnbrokers act. 27 G. 3. c. 37. § 30. vol. 36. 29 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 36.

See *Churches*. 30 G. 3. c. 20. § 29. 31 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 37.

See *Wool and Worsted Yarn*. 31 G. 3. c. 56. § 28. vol. 37.

See *Canals navigable*. Same year, c. 59.

N. B. Appeals are generally allowed under all acts for paving, poor's rates, highway, and other rates and tolls, &c.

Application of Taxes.

The surplus beyond expences of the additional postage of letters, &c. to be applied as the former rate. 5 G. 3. c. 25. § 24. vol. 26.

The additional duty on coals exported, and of East India goods, white calicoes and muslins imported, to be paid at the exchequer separately, and carried to the sinking fund. Same year, c. 35. § 9.

The duties on gum senega and arabic to be paid into the exchequer distinct, and reserved for the disposal of parliament. Same year, c. 38. § 3.

The duty on Russian linens imported, to be applied as the former duties thereon. Same year, c. 43. § 10.

The stamp duties on admissions into corporations, and the additional duty on policies of insurance, to be applied as former duties thereon. Same year, c. 46. § 43.

The additional stamp duties by this act and also by the former act, made a joint fund for augmenting the judges salaries, and the surplus to be at the disposal of parliament, and 2,100l. yearly, out of the funds established in Scotland by 10 *2. Ann.* c. 26. § 108, to augment the judges salaries there. Same year, c. 47. § 9.

New duties on cyder and perry to be set apart in the exchequer, and applied as the former duties. 6 G. 3. c. 14. § 21. vol. 27.

The duties and penalties with respect to Yorkshire cloths, to be applied by the treasurer to the salaries of searchers, measurers, &c. Same year, c. 23. § 24.

The surplus money arising by duty on houses and windows, &c. to be carried to the sinking fund. Same year, c. 38.

The duty on negroes and other goods imported into Dominica, to be applied, by order of the treasury, to maintain the ports there, and the surplus paid into the exchequer and disposed of by parliament, for expences of the British colonies in America. Same year, c. 49. § 13.

The

The additional duty on straw hats, &c. imported to be paid into the exchequer, and applied as parliament shall direct. 7 G. 3. c. 20. § 4. vol. 27.

The additional duties on sheeting and drilling, and linen cloth imported, with the said duty on straw hats, &c. to be carried to the sinking fund. Same year, c. 28. § 5.

The duties with respect to the trade of the Isle of Man, to be set apart in the exchequer, and the savings reserved for the disposition of parliament. Same year, c. 45. § 2.

The duty on succus liquoritiæ, and on silks and rice imported, reserved for the disposal of parliament. Same year, c. 47. § 8.

Out of the duties on foreign canvas imported, 15,000l. per ann. kept as a fund for encouraging the raising of hemp and flax, and the remainder to be at the disposal of parliament. Same year, c. 58. § 5.

Out of the fund established by the last act, 8,000l. per ann. is to be paid for raising hemp and flax in England, and 7,000l. per ann. to be paid to the receiver general of the crown rents and casualties in Scotland, towards encouraging the fisheries there, according to 13 G. 1. c. 26. — 10 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 28.

Money arising by an additional duty on hackney coaches, to be applied as the former rates. 11 G. 3. c. 24. § 2. vol. 29.

Surplus of stamp duties, by 32 G. 2. and 2 & 5 G. 3. applied to augment the salaries of the judges of the county palatine of Chester and Wales. 12 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 29.

The duty of 6d. per pound on rice imported, to be paid into the exchequer. Same year, c. 32.

1,136l. 19s. 10d. allowed by the treasury out of the coinage duty, for expences of prosecutions against coiners, besides 600l. limited yearly for that purpose. Same year, c. 52.

See *Bark of Oak*. 13 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 30.

The sum of 2,290l. 4s. 10d. paid by Lady Jekyll, to be applied to the sinking fund. 14 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 30.

The deficiency by calling in the gold coin of England and Ireland, to be made good by the treasury, out of 250,000l. granted this session for that purpose. Same year, c. 70.

The rates and duties arising in the province of Quebec, to be paid to the receiver general of the customs, to support the civil government there, and the surplus at the disposal of parliament. Same year, c. 88.

The duty on earthenware imported, to be applied as former duties thereon. 15 G. 3. c. 37. § 3. vol. 31.

The duty on coaches and stamps to be carried to the sinking fund. 16 G. 3. c. 3. § 18 & 28. vol. 31.

1,152l. 6s. 8d. allowed out of the coinage duty for prosecutions of coiners, in the years 1772, 1773, and 1774. Same year, c. 46.

63,078l. 8s. 8d. out of the duty on glass to be applied as the former duties, and the residue carried to the sinking fund. 17 G. 3. c. 39. § 30. vol. 31.

The expences of executing an act for regulating the worsted manufactory in Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Cheshire, to be paid out of the soap duty. Same year, c. 11. § 17.

The duty on auctions to be kept apart in the exchequer, and carried to the sinking fund. Same year, c. 50. § 27.

The duty on inhabited houses to be applied towards annuities, and the lottery of this session. 18 G. 3. c. 26. § 8. vol. 32.

The duties on wine and vinegar to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 27.

The duties on lottery offices applied to the same purposes, 19 G. 3. c. 21. § 15. vol. 32.

The 1st 5 per cent. impost to be applied to pay the lottery annuities this year. Same year, c. 25. § 8.

Money arising by the post-office duty to answer annuities and the lottery of of this year. Same year, c. 51.

Additional stamp duties applied to the same purposes. Same year, c. 66. § 11.

Additional duties on advertisements and receipts for legacies, applied to annuities

annuities and lottery by c. 16. of this year. 20 G. 3. c. 29. § 9. vol. 33.

Additional duties on wine and vinegar applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 30. § 5.

Additional duties on malt, low wines, and spirits, and on licences to sell coffee, tea, and chocolate, applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 35. § 18.

The new duty on tobacco applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 39. § 6.

The new duty on licences to let post horses, applied to pay annuities and the lottery granted by 19 G. 3. c. 18. Same year, c. 51. § 56.

The new duty on starch, &c. to be applied to the annuities and the lottery of this year. Same year, c. 52.

Additional custom duties on tobacco and sugar to be paid into the exchequer, and carried to the sinking fund. 21 G. 3. c. 16. § 11. vol. 33.

The second 5 per cent. impost on excise duties, carried to the same fund. Same year, c. 17. § 3.

The duty on foreign verdigris to be paid into the exchequer, and at the disposal of parliament. Same year, c. 32.

The excise duties on paper to be applied as former duties of excise thereon. Same year, c. 24. § 37.

The additional duty on almanacks to be paid to the stamp commissioners, and by them carried to the sinking fund. Same year, c. 56. § 11.

The new duties on tobacco and snuff, with the impost of 1779, to be a fund for the annuities of this year. 22 G. 3. c. 28. § 7. vol. 34.

The stamp duty on inland bills of exchange and notes, &c. to be paid into the exchequer for the same purpose. Same year, c. 33.

The additional duty on salt to be paid into the exchequer for the same purpose. Same year, c. 39. § 10.

The duty on insurances from fire to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 48. § 26.

The duty on white bees wax imported to be under the customs, and paid with the impost of 1779 for the same purpose. Same year, c. 61. § 4.

The third 5 per cent. impost duty to be paid into the exchequer weekly, for the same purpose. Same year, c. 66.

The additional duties on coaches and soap to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 68. § 17.

Additional and new stamp duties to be paid into the exchequer, as a fund to discharge the annuities and lottery of this session; and if deficient, to be charged upon the sinking fund, and the surplus to be at the disposal of parliament. 23 G. 3. c. 58. § 14. vol. 34.

Stamp duties on licences to vend medicines, &c. to be paid into the exchequer for the same purpose. Same year, c. 62. § 14.

Additional duty on stage coaches to be under the commissioners of stamps, and applicable to the same purpose. Same year, c. 63.

The duty on waggons, &c. not under the excise, to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 66.

The stamp duty on registry of burials, &c. to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 67. § 14.

The duty on tallow candles to be applied to annuities and lottery of this year. 24 G. 3. c. 11. § 14. vol. 34.

Additional duty on paper, and the three 5 per cent. imposts, to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 18. § 9.

The duty on bricks and tiles to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 24. § 24.

The additional weekly duty on hackney coaches to be paid into the exchequer, and kept separately and applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 27. § 9.

Additional duty on ale-licences to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 30. § 8.

The duty on horses to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 31. § 22.

The duty on wax candles, &c. to be paid into the exchequer, and applied according to the acts of 8 & 9 *2. Ann.* Same year, c. 36. § 5.

The additional rates of post letters to be applied to the annuities and lottery of this session. Same year, c. 37. § 11.

The duties arising by the commutation act to be paid into the sinking fund, and applied by parliament. Same year, c. 38. § 20.

Additional duties on printed linens, &c.

&c. to be paid into the exchequer, to be applied to the annuities and lottery of this year. Same year, c. 40. § 35.

The duty on dealers in exciseable goods to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 41. § 12.

The duty on game licences to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 43. § 23.

The duty on British spirits to be applied as the duties on low wines and spirits formerly were. Same year, c. 46. § 38.

The duty on hats to be applied to the annuities and lottery of this year. Same year, c. 51. § 25.

The duty on gold and silver plate to be applied to the same purpose. Same year, c. 53. § 18.

The duty on shops to be paid into the exchequer, and to be a fund for payment of the annuities of this session, to satisfy navy, victualling, and transport bills, and ordnance debentures. 25 G. 3. c. 30. § 9. vol. 35.

The duties on male and female servants to be applied to the same purpose, as by the last act. Same year, c. 43. § 41.

The receipt and management of the duties on coaches, &c. by 20 G. 2. c. 10. and 16 G. 2. c. 34. and the three 5 per cent. imposts, by 19 G. 3. c. 25. 21 G. 3. c. 17. and 22 G. 3. c. 66. the duty on waggons, &c. by 23 G. 3. c. 66. and on horses by 24 G. 3. c. 31. repealed; and other duties granted and transferred to the commissioners of taxes, and out of the 7l. and 3l. 10s. on coaches, &c. 22,246l. one-fourth of the annual sum of 88,984l. to be quarterly carried to the sinking fund; 5,422l. 5s. one-quarter of 21,689l. to be carried in like manner to the fund for payment of annuities established by 16 G. 3. c. 34. —1,377l. 18s. 8d. one-fourth of 5,511l. 14s. 8d. per ann. to be carried quarterly to the fund for payment of annuities established 19 G. 3. c. 18. —1,357l. 18s. 1d. one-fourth of 51,431l. 12s. 4d. to be carried quarterly to the sinking fund; and 7,326l. 8s. 9½d. ¼th of 29,305l. 15s. per ann. to be carried quarterly to the fund, for payment of annuities established by 22 G. 3. c. 8. which sums are a proportionable part of what has been applied to the duties re-

pealed by this act. 25 G. 3. c. 47. § 9. vol. 35.

The stamp on licences to pawn-brokers to be applied towards the annuities on navy bills, &c. of this session. Same year, c. 48. § 13.

The duties on licences to coach-makers, and on carriages built for sale, to be applied to the same purpose as the duty on coaches granted by 20 G. 2. c. 10. Same year, c. 49. § 10.

New duty on licences to kill game, to be applied to annuities and lottery of last session. Same year, c. 50. § 27.

Out of the stamp duty on licences to let post-horses, &c. 84,000l. per ann. to be set apart at the exchequer, and applied towards the annuities granted by 19 G. 3. c. 51. and 40,000l. per ann. in like manner towards annuities granted by 23 G. 3. c. 63. and a proportionable part of those two sums to be applied in payment of those annuities, and the residue of the said duties to be a fund for payment of the annuities and other charges by act c. 32. of this session. 25 G. 3. c. 51. § 63. vol. 35.

The duty on gloves to be paid into the exchequer separate, and applied to pay annuities for navy bills, &c. by act of this session, c. 32. Same year, c. 55. § 24.

The new duties on printed linens, &c. to be paid into the exchequer separate, and applied to the same purpose as the former duties (now repealed) were applicable. Same year, c. 72. § 32.

The duty of 5l. per cent. on tea (except the surplus) to be paid into the exchequer by the receiver general of the customs, upon the distinct head of subsidy or customs, and the duty of 7l. 10s. per cent. with the surplus (expences deducted) to be paid by the commissioners of excise into the exchequer, at the rate of 138,979l. 5s. 10½d. per quarter, and applied as the duty on tea, repealed by c. 38. of last session; and if the duties in any one quarter be less than clear 87,136l. 16s. 8½d. the deficiency to be made good out of the sinking fund; and if a surplus, to be applied to make good the subsidy and duty on houses, windows, and lights in the next quarter. Same year, c. 74. § 4.

A moiety

A moiety of the duties on cocoa nuts and coffee, to be carried to the aggregate fund, and the other moiety to the general fund. Same act, § 7.

The additional duties on hawkers and pedlars to be paid into the exchequer, and applied in payment of annuities for navy bills, &c. of this session, by act c. 32. Same year, c. 78. § 21.

New duties on medicines, &c. to be paid into the exchequer separate, and applied towards payment of annuities established by 23 G. 3. c. 35. Same year, c. 79.

Duties on attornies to be paid into the exchequer separate, and applied towards annuities for navy bills, &c. by act c. 32. of this session. Same year, c. 80.

Out of the surplus of the sinking fund (after all former incumbrances provided for) the sum of 250,000l. to be set apart quarterly and paid into the bank, to be applied in reducing the national debt, 26 G. 3. c. 31. § 5. vol. 35.

The additional duties on battens and deals imported, beyond expences, to be paid into the exchequer and carried to the sinking fund, and applicable to the same purposes as that fund. Same year, c. 42. § 2.

New duties on the Scotch distillery to be under the commissioners of the revenue there. Same year, c. 64. § 40.

New duties on low wines and spirits for home consumption, to be under the excise, and to be paid into the exchequer; five-sixth parts thereof to be applied to the same uses, as the duties hereby discontinued, and the remainder carried to the sinking fund. Same year, c. 73. § 68.

Stamp duties on licences to deal in sweets, &c. to be applied as the former wine licence duties. Same year, c. 74.

The money arising by rates of postage of letters between Great Britain and Waterford, in Ireland, by way of Milford Haven, to be applied as the present rates of postage. 27 G. 3. c. 9. § 3. vol. 36.

All duties of customs and excise, stamps, and on hackney coaches, collected after 10th May 1787, to be car-

ried to the consolidated fund, and during the king's life the revenue of the post-office to be carried to the same fund, and after his demise to be paid to his successors; and then also 2,000l. per ann. to be reserved out of the money payable in the alienation office for charges of the hanaper office, and the surplus of new duties on wine licences above 7,002l. 14s. 3d. (to be paid to the king's successors) to be carried to the same fund; and from the king's demise 38,626l. 18s. to be paid quarterly to the exchequer out of the post-office revenue, to be carried to the consolidated fund, and the hereditary duties of excise to be carried to the same fund, Same year, c. 13. § 52.

And after deducting the several annuities and other debts, particularly specified, and in case of deficiencies, to be replaced out of future surpluses, and from 5th July 1787, the sum of 250,000l. out of the money set apart at the exchequer by 26 G. 3. c. 31. to be set apart out of the consolidated fund for the purpose of reducing the national debt, and the said act of 26 G. 3. c. 31. for setting apart the said 250,000l. continued, Same act, § 59.

Duties on glass imported, to be applied as the former duties on glass, Same year, c. 28. § 13.

The additional duties on licences for dealing by retail in spirituous liquors, to be paid into the exchequer and carried to the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 30. § 8.

The new duties on wine, foreign green glass, and French carriages, to be applied as the duties by 27 G. 3. c. 13. and of the hereditary revenues of the crown of Scotland, granted to K. G. 2. to be at his present majesty's disposal. 28 G. 3. c. 33. § 12, 13. vol. 36.

771,562l. 10s. raised by a lottery of 50,000 tickets, at 15l. 18s. 7½d. each, and 500,000l. for payment of fortunate tickets, which are to be paid by the 3d of June 1790, and the treasury to pay the expences. 29 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 36.

3,500,000l. raised by exchequer bills before 6th April 1790, to be paid out of the next supplies, and any deficiency charged on the consolidated fund, to be

replaced out of the first supplies. Same year, c. 34.

2,000,000l. more raised in like manner before 5th Jan. 1790, as by malt act of this session, and to be paid out of the supplies, and charged on the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 35.

187,000l. raised by annuities, to be a joint stock with the annuities granted by two acts, 18 G. 3. c. 22. and 19 G. 3. c. 18. Same year, c. 37.

An account of sums received by installments on account of secret service, or for interest to be laid annually before parliament. Same act.

1,002,500l. raised by annuities, with benefit of survivorship, and till 10th October 1790, lives may be named on every 100l. 5s. and lists to be printed by 20th May 1792. See *Annuities, Public*. Same year, c. 41.

Duties on horses and carriages with four wheels, to be paid into the exchequer, and carried to the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 49. § 8.

The additional stamp duties on newspapers, advertisements, cards, and dice, to be paid to the receiver general of stamp duties, and carried to the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 51. § 15.

The additional stamp duties on probates of wills, letters of administration, and on receipts for legacies, or for shares of personal estates, divided by the statute of distributions, to be paid to the same receiver general, and carried to the same fund. Same year, c. 52. § 10.

The treasury may issue 1,500l. to pay clerks, &c. to the commissioners of the customs appointed (two in England and one in Scotland) to enquire into the annual amount of the emoluments of the officers of the customs, and other persons employed in that revenue, which act is to continue till 1st Sept. 1790. Same year, c. 64. § 3.

The money arising by the new duties on tobacco and snuff, to be paid into the exchequer, and carried to and made part of the consolidated fund; and the said duty and drawbacks to be managed as the repealed duties. Same year, c. 68. § 169.

Apprentices.

Further time allowed for payment of apprenticeship duties. 4 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 27.—9 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 28.

Those who shall pay double duties for apprentices before 25th Dec. 1789, indemnified, and these acts continued annually until that time. 29 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 36.

Entries to be kept of all apprentices in the jurisdiction of any city or corporation. 5 G. 3. c. 46. § 18. vol. 26.

Justices may compel apprentices absenting themselves before expiration of their time, to serve again as long as absent, or to make satisfaction to the master, otherwise to commit them to the house of correction for three months. 6 G. 3. c. 25. § 1. vol. 27.

No apprentice compellable to serve more than seven years beyond the time of his contract. Same act, § 3.

This act not to extend to apprentices paying 10l. or more fee, or to the fan-garies in Devonshire or Cornwall, nor to the chamberlain of the city of London; and none compellable to serve or make satisfaction, after seven years, from the expiration of the apprenticeship. Same act.

See *Hats*. 17 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 31.

None to continue apprentices by virtue of 5 *Eliz.* c. 4. after attaining 21 years of age. 18 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 32.

See *Poor*. 20 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 33.

See *Chimney Sweepers*. 28 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 36.

For regulating parish apprentices. 32 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 37.

From the 1st July 1792, covenants for maintenance of parish apprentices to continue in force no longer than three years after the death of the master. Same act, § 1.

Within three months after the death of a master, two justices may order apprentices to serve the residue of their terms with any relation or executor, &c. of the deceased master, on application for that purpose, and all regulations on the death of the original master to extend to subsequent ones, and if no application be made, or the justices should not

not think fit that the apprenticeship should be continued, it shall be at an end. Same act, § 2.

This act to extend to such parish apprentices only as shall be living with the master; and justices may order the necessary sums for maintenance and clothing of apprentices, to be levied by distress; and masters may assign over apprentices, with consent of two justices; and justices may discharge apprentices whose masters cannot employ or maintain them. Same act, § 6.

This act not to extend to apprentices with whom more than five pounds is given; and no indorsement on parish indentures liable to stamp duty. Same act, § 9.

Justices discharging any apprentice, under 20 G. 2. c. 10. may order his clothes to be delivered, and ten pounds to be paid the parish officers for placing him out again, and may compel them to enter into recognizance to prosecute masters for ill treatment of apprentices. Same act, § 11.

Justices may order any master convicted under 20 G. 3. c. 19. when liable to take a parish apprentice, to pay to the parish officers not less than 5*l*. nor more than 10*l*. for the purpose of binding out the child, &c. and masters may appeal to the quarter sessions; and apprentices discharged for ill behaviour may be sent to the house of correction, and parties aggrieved may appeal to the quarter sessions. Same act, § 12.

Appropriation of Supplies.

By 4 *2. Ann.* c. 12. the land-tax, annual malt duty, together with the surplus of other taxes paid into the exchequer, and the supplies granted for each year, are appropriated for the several purposes in the said act mentioned, for the service of that year; and the like act hath been renewed and continued annually, for the purpose directed by parliament, each year, from that time to the present. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

The several acts whereby the annual supplies are appropriated, viz.

- 1765, 5 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 26.
- 1766, 6 G. 3. c. 41.
- 1767, 7 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 27,
- 1768, 8 G. 3. c. 30,

- 1769, 9 G. 3. c. 34.
- 1770, 10 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 28.
- 1771, 11 G. 3. c. 48.
- 1772, 12 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 29.
- 1773, 13 G. 3. c. 77.
- 1774, 14 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 30.
- 1775, 15 G. 3. c. 42.
- 1776, 16 G. 3. c. 49.
- 1777, 17 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.
- 1778, 18 G. 3. c. 54.
- 1779, 19 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.
- 1780, 20 G. 3. c. 62.
- 1781, 21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.
- 1782, 22 G. 3. c. 67.
- 1783, 23 G. 3. c. 78.
- 1784, 24 G. 3. *sess. 2.* c. 44. vol. 34.
- 1785, 25 G. 3. c. 60.
- 1786, 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.
- 1787, 27 G. 3. c. 33.
- 1788, 28 G. 3. c. 26.
- 1789, 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.
- 1790, 30 G. 3. c. 32.
- 1791, 31 G. 3. c. 41.
- 1792, 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Approvements:

Further time allowed to register agreements for inclosing commons according to 29 G. 2. c. 36. & 31 G. 2. c. 41. until 25th Dec. 1770, subject to appeal to the quarter sessions. 10 G. 3. c. 42. § 4. vol. 28.

If the major part of the owners of a common right agree to the inclosure, it is as good as if the major part of the occupiers had so consented; where the owners of wastes not having the fee simple, agree to the inclosure for an annuity, such recompense to be deemed a rent, charge. Same act.

Akwright, Sir Richard,

Intituled to mines discovered in his lands, in cutting the Cromford Canal. 30 G. 3. c. 56. § 23. vol. 37.

Armament.

64,000*l*. granted towards the expences of the late armament. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

41,000*l*. towards the expences of provisions for the troops in the East and West Indies, on account of the late armament. Same act.

Army.

Deserters may be adjudged to serve in the army in any corps abroad for life,

life, or for years; and on returning without leave, before expiration of the time limited, to suffer death. 25 G. 3. c. 6. § 7. vol. 35.

See *Land Forces*. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.—32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Arrack.

The duty on importation of arrack and brandy, granted by 11 G. 1. c. 30. and by 7 G. 2. c. 14. (except excise) to cease, and a new duty of 8l. 8s. per ton of 252 gallons laid thereon, from 1st June 1782; and also to be liable to the 5 per cent. impost, by 19 G. 3. c. 25. and under the customs, and drawbacks, &c. to be allowed. 22 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 34.

Arrests.

Plaintiffs in suits in courts of record, equity, admiralty, or ecclesiastical, may proceed against members of parliament, or their servants, or privileged persons, but not to arrest members; and issues returned on a distringas may be sold, and obedience shall be given to the rules of the court; and this to extend to Scotland. 10 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 28.

See *Scotland*. 12 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 29. 20 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 33.

Officers of the customs and excise may arrest masters of ships and aiders in smuggling, and carry them before a justice, who may commit them. 19 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 32.

Two or more persons travelling together in disguise, with horses or carriages laden with more than six pounds of tea or five gallons of foreign spirits without permit, subject to the like arrest and commitment. Same act, § 9.

No arrest and bail in an inferior court for less than 10l. but process may be served for 40s. and to proceed as on 12 G. 1. c. 29. Same year, c. 70.

Inferior courts (having jurisdiction) in actions for 10l. and upwards, to proceed as at present for above 40s. and so much of any small debt as directs imprisonment, repealed. Same act, § 2, 3.

Artificers,

For not performing their contracts, may be committed by a justice, for not more than three months, but not to extend to the stannaries in Devonshire and

Cornwall, or to the city of London. 6 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 27.

See *Manufactures*. 22 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 34.

Artillery (Old) Ground.

See *Paving and Workhouses*. 14 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 30.

Arun River, Sussex.

See *Rivers*. 25 G. 3. c. 100. vol. 35.

See *Rivers navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 37.

Arundel, Sussex.

See *Paving*. 25 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 35.

Ashton-under-Lyne, Lancashire.

See *Canals navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 37.

Affaults.

See *Officers*. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 18. vol. 35.

Assays.

See *Plate*. 24 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 34.

Assessments.

An additional duty of 10l. per cent. upon every assessment made after 5th April 1791, of the rates and duties under the management of the commissioners for the affairs of taxes, except the land-tax, and the duty on houses, by 24 G. 3. c. 38.—31 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 37.

The said additional duty to be paid for the half year ending 5th April 1791. Same act, § 2.

Assessors,

See *Shops*. 25 G. 3. c. 39. § 18, 35. vol. 35.

Atcham, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 37.

Attorney General.

See *Exchequer Court*, 25 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 35.

See *Informations*. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 13. vol. 35.

Attornies and Solicitors,

See *Stamps*. 19 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 32.

Stamp duties granted by certificates taken out by attornies, notaries, proctors, agents, or procurators, in any of the king's courts at Westminster, or in ecclesiastical or admiralty courts, or of the cinque

cmque ports, or the courts in Scotland, great sessions in Wales, or courts in counties palatine, or other courts, holding plea for 40s. residing in inns of court, or in London, Westminster, or Southwark, or in the parishes of St. Pancras, or St. Mary le Bone, or in the bills of mortality, or within the city of Edinburgh, to pay annually 5l. and residing in any other part of Great Britain, 3l. 25 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 35.

Persons residing 40 days in a year within the said limits, to pay the high duty, and may act for others having certificates, and in the several courts where admitted under one certificate. Acting without certificate, or giving in false place of residence, penalty 50l. Same act, § 6.

On warrants, mandates, or authorities, to prosecute or defend suits, attorney's, &c. to pay 2s. 6d. stamp duty, which is not to be charged to the client. Same act, § 1 & 20.

The six clerks, clerks in court, waiting clerks, curators, clerks of the petty bag, crown office, filicers, attorney's of the Duchy of Lancaster, exchequer at Chester, of the courts of the lord mayor and sheriffs of London, clerks of the king's, and treasurer's, remembrancer's offices, pipe and office of pleas in the exchequer, solicitors of all branches of the revenue, solicitors of the city of London, and assistants to the council of the admiralty and navy (except such as pay land-tax) to qualify as attorney's, but may act officially only, without such qualification. Same act, § 10.

Stamped memorandums, containing the names of the parties and attorney in the cause, to be filed with the officer, but the cause may proceed without it, and the parties not to be charged therewith; but this not to extend to causes in inferior courts, or at the suit of the king; but to informations in nature of quo warrantos, or in equity at the relation of private persons; and the officer to be paid 6d. in the pound on the duties received, for his trouble. Same act, § 28.

The time to file affidavits of the execution of clerks articles, according to 22 G. 2. c. 46. enlarged by an annual

act, from that time until the 1st day of Michaelmas term 1789. 29 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 36.

Aubyn, (St.) Sir John.

His trustees enabled, during his minority, to renew leases, and sell lands at Plymouth Dock, for the use of the king, his heirs, and successors. 14 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 30.

Auctions and Auctioneers.

Auctioneers to pay for a licence to use the trade within the bills of mortality 20s. per ann. and out of the bills 5s. and allowed brokers in the city of London to pay only 5s. per ann. 17 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 31.

Licences within the bills of mortality to be granted by the commissioners of excise, and in the country by the collector or supervisor, and to be renewed annually. Same act, § 3.

A duty of 3d. per pound to be paid out of the purchase money on sales by auction, of any interest in possession or reversion, of freehold, copyhold, or leasehold lands, tenements, &c. or annuities charged thereon, and of utensils in husbandry, farming stock, and ships, or of any reversionary interest in the public funds. Same act, § 5.

On sale of furniture, fixtures, plate, jewels, goods, and chattels, by outcry, knocking down of the hammer, candle, lot, or other mode of sale by auction, 6d. per pound, to be paid by the auctioneer, &c. out of the money raised thereby. Same act, § 6.

In the limits of the excise office in London, to give bond in 200l. penalty, and in 14 days to give in a particular of the sale, and swear to the truth, and at the end of the year the bond to be delivered up; and out of the bills of mortality the penalty to be 50l. and the account to be delivered in six weeks. Same act, § 7.

The auctioneer may agree that the purchaser shall pay the duty, and the act not to alter the contract; and if the owner or any agent for him be the buyer, the duty is to be abated. Same act, § 8.

British American goods on the first sale,

sale, by the importer within 12 months; and ships, &c. condemned as prizes and sold by the captors, or wrecked and sold by the insurers or proprietors, or to defray the charges of salvage, and sales for creditors, under deeds of trust executed before 1st April 1777, or under the insolvent act of 12 G. 3. c. 23. exempted from duty. Same act, § 12.

Estates held by lease, or copy of court roll for life, or years; and woods, and the produce of mines or quarries, or any contract relating thereto, and cattle, live or dead stock, and unmanufactured produce of lands sold by the proprietors, also excepted. Same act, § 13.

So much of the above act as directs the collecting of duties (except arrears) to cease; and the 6d. in the pound on plate and jewels, reduced to 3d. per pound. 19 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 32.

None to sell estates without licence from the excise, as by the former act (besides a licence to deal in plate) to be renewed annually; duties of 3d. and 6d. in the pound by the former act, to be charged in proportion for greater or lesser sums. Same act, § 3.

Duties to be charged on the auctioneer immediately on closing the sale, and he is to deliver an account on oath, in 28 days in London, and six weeks in the country after such sale. Same act, § 6.

The auctioneer, 24 hours after notice of sales, to deliver authenticated catalogues at the excise office. Same act, § 9.

If the sale of an estate is void through a defect of title, may be relieved on oath against the duties paid. Same act, § 11.

Sales of estates or chattels by order of the court of chancery or exchequer, in England, courts of great session in Wales, or of session or exchequer in Scotland; and sales by the East India or Hudson's Bay Company, commissioners of customs or excise, board of ordnance, navy, or victualling; goods distrained for rent or non-payment of tithes; sales by lords of manors, or other owners for life, or years, woods, mines or quarries, or contracts relating thereto; and cattle or stock, and unmanufactured produce of lands, sheriffs for creditors, or by assignees of bankrupts; goods imported

from British America on the first sale in twelve months; ships, &c. sold by insurers, and goods under the insolvent act, 12 G. 3. in Scotland, all exempted from the duty. Same act, § 13.

On sale of goods seized by the sheriff, he is to enumerate them in a catalogue, and bankrupts goods to be so certified by the assignees, and goods sold by insurers from fire, to be certified in like manner. Same act, § 16.

Commissioners of excise may authorize auctioneers to sell wine by auction. 26 G. 3. c. 59. § 10. vol. 35.

The first sale of skins from East or West Florida by the original importer, in twelve months, to be duty free. 28 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 36.

Sales void for want of title, to be discovered within a year. Same act, § 19.

No allowance of duty to purchasers of their own estates or effects, unless prior notice be given to the auctioneer of an authorised bidder. Same act, § 20.

Piece goods wove in this kingdom, of the price of 20l. or upwards, may be sold in lots by auction in entered places, exempt from duty on sales by auction; but the auctioneer is to give security, and an account of such to the excise office. 29 G. 3. c. 63. § 1. vol. 36.

Auctioneers giving notice of sales agreeable to 19 G. 3. c. 56. shall deliver declarations on oath whether the sales took place. 32 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 37.

See *Whale Oil*. 32 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Auditors of Exchequer.

See *Exchequer*. 23 G. 3. c. 82. § 10. vol. 34.

From 5th July 1785, the patents of Lord Sondes and Lord Mount Stuart (now Lord Cardiff) as auditors of impress vacated, and they to have 7,000l. per ann. clear, but this not to affect any other officers of the exchequer. 25 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 35.

The power of the auditors vested in the commissioners of accounts. Same act, § 8.

Avon River; Warwickshire.

See *Bridges*. 28 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 36.

Awards.

Awards.

See *Stamps*. 23 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.

Aylesford, Kent.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 105. vol. 37.

Ayr, in Scotland.

See *Harbours*. 12 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 29.

For carrying into execution proposals made by the Dukes of Buccleugh and Queensbury, &c. for redeeming annuities granted by the Ayr Bank Company. 14 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 30.—22 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 34.

B.

Bachelors.

See *Servants*. 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 5. vol. 35.

Bacon and Pork.

See *Ireland*. 16 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 31.

Badgers.

Several laws against badgers, ingrofers, forefallers, and regraters, viz. 3 & 4 *Edw.* 6. c. 12.—5 & 6 *Edw.* 6. c. 14.—2 & 3 *P. & M. c.* 3.—5 *Eliz. c.* 12. 15 *Cba.* 2. c. 8.—5 *2. Ann. c.* 34. § 2. repealed, and all informations, &c. under the same to be void. 12 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 29.

Bahama Islands.

7,850*l.* granted by parliament for purchase of the soil thereof. 24 G. 3. 1*el.* 2. c. 44. v. 34.

See *East Florida*. 26 G. 3. c. 75. § 7. vol. 35.

See *Importation and Exportation*. 27 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 36.

4,080*l.* granted for the civil establishment of the Bahama Islands, in addition to the salaries to 1*st* Jan. 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

4,080*l.* for the same purpose. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 23. vol. 37.

4,180*l.* for the same purpose. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

4,180*l.* for the same purpose. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

See *Sugar*. Same year, c. 43.

Bail.

See *Error and Habeas Corpus*. 19 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 32.

On putting in special bail, a stamped memorandum to be delivered to the judges clerk, which he is to receive gratis, and give to be entered on record, and to be paid two-pence in the pound out of the duty. 25 G. 3. c. 80. § 25. vol. 35.

On actions for regulating dealers in lottery tickets, the defendant is to give bail, but not for more than 500*l.* 27 G. 3. c. 1. § 2. vol. 36.

The court of sessions at Chester, enabled to impower persons to take recognizances of bail in actions there. Same year, c. 43. § 2.

See *Felony*. Same act, § 4.

Bain River, Lincolnshire.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 107. vol. 37.

Bakers.

See *Bread*. 13 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 30.

Balfour (Colonel Nesbitt).

See *East Florida*. 26 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 35.

Baltic.

See *Ships*. 17 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 31.

See *America*. 30 G. 3. c. 11. § 2. vol. 37.

Banbury, Oxfordshire.

See *Cburches*. 30 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 37.

Bancroft (Dr. Edward).

The sole property of his invention or discovery of the use of a vegetable for dying certain valuable colours throughout England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, vested in him and his assigns for fourteen years, but not to be assigned to more than five persons. 25 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 35.

Bank of England

To continue a corporation until the annuities granted by these acts, viz. 4 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 39. § 39.—7 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 27.—8 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 28.—17 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 31. 19 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 16.

vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 33.—
22 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 35.
vol. 34.—24 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 34. are
discharged.

The like until the annuities by 25 G.
3. c. 32. § 18. are redeemable.

Making or using frames, moulds, or
instruments, for making paper with the
words "*Bank of England*" visible in
the substance, a capital felony. 13 G. 3.
c. 79. § 1. vol. 30.

Engraving the words "*Bank of Eng-
land or Bank Post Bill*," in white letters
or figures, on a black ground, or using
or having the same in custody, to be
committed for six months. Same act,
§ 2.

See *Coin*. 15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

An agreement made with the bank
for advancing 2,000,000*l.* towards the
supply for 1781 established, and the
corporation to continue until 1st August
1812; and at any time after on twelve
months notice, and the payment of
3,200,000*l.* and all arrears of 100,000*l.*
per ann. their fund to be redeemable,
and to cease. 21 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 33.

The time of payment of this sum
postponed. 24 G. 3. c. 24. vol.
34.

See *Navy (Treasurer of)*. 25 G. 3.
c. 31. vol. 35.

When any capital of the public an-
nuities shall be placed in the bank to the
account of the commissioners for dimi-
nishing the national debt, nothing is to
be paid for the management. 26 G. 3.
c. 31. § 9. vol. 35.

The bank to pay the money vested in
the commissioners as ordered by them,
and to make up their account annually,
to be laid before parliament, and the
cashiers to give security. Same act,
§ 16. 22.

Transfer of bank and South Sea stocks
not liable to stamp duty. 26 G. 3. c. 82.
§ 11. vol. 35.

To pay 12,000*l.* a year in lieu of
stamp duty for all notes and bills issued
by the governor and company of the
Bank of England. 31 G. 3. c. 25. § 5.
vol. 37.

The bank to pay into the exchequer
on 1st of July 1791, 500,000*l.* to be
carried to the consolidated fund. Same
year, c. 33.

Whenever the money remaining in the
bank for payment of dividends, exclu-
sive of the sums issued on account of
those due the preceding quarter, shall
be less than 600,000*l.* the deficiency to
be made up immediately out of the said
500,000*l.* Same act, § 2.

The bank to be paid for the manage-
ment of the public debt, at the rate of
450*l.* per ann. for each million of the
capital. Same act, § 3.

See *Scotland*. 32 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 37.

Bank of Scotland.

See *Scotland*. 14 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 30.

Bankers.

Bills drawn on bankers not payable
to bearer, liable to the same duty as
bills of exchange. 24 G. 3. c. 7.
vol. 34.

Bankrupts.

Acts 5 G. 2. c. 30.—9, 16, 24, and
31 G. 2. and 4, 12, and 16 G. 3. con-
tinued. 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.—28 G. 3.
c. 24. vol. 36.

All persons in custody on commissions
sued out before 25th March 1772, and
no proof of fraud, and having conform-
ed to be discharged of imprisonment,
and debts due before the commission of
bankruptcy issued and other bankrupts
arrested since, may petition the court to
be also discharged. 12 G. 3. c. 47. vol.
29.—16 G. 3. c. 38. § 68. vol. 31.

See *Scotland*. 12 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 29.
—20 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 33.

Bankrupts on commissions before 28th
of April 1774, conforming (though no
certificate) to be discharged from im-
prisonment, and may, on petition to lord
chancellor, be relieved. 14 G. 3. c. 77.
§ 58. vol. 30.

See *Debtors, Insolvent*. Same act.

Bankrupts who have conformed
but not obtained their certificates for
twelve months after the commission,
may petition the lord chancellor, setting
forth the true circumstances of the case;
and he may direct the commissioners to
certify the conformity or non-conform-
ity, and allow such certificate, though
not signed by four-fifths of the creditors.
16 G. 3. c. 38. § 69. vol. 31.—18 G. 3.
c. 52. vol. 32.

Sales

Sales of bankrupts goods by auction, by the assignees, not subject to duty. 17 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 31.—19 G. 3. c. 56. § 15. vol. 32.

See *Prisoners*. 26 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 35.

Banks, or Sea Walls.

See *Rivers navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 37.

Barbadoes.

5,000*l.* granted by parliament, to assist the inhabitants of Barbadoes in clearing the channel, &c. 15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

See *Annuities*. 25 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

See *Leeward Islands*. Same year, c. 60.

Barges.

No barges to be moored in Taplow mill-stream. 14 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 30.

The prices of carriage and rates of horses towing barges on the river Thames, specified. Same act, § 18.

Barges on the river Thames, to have their names on the outside, and the vessels to be measured and marked, on penalty of 40*s.* 17 G. 3. c. 18. § 21. vol. 31.

Barges navigated on the river Trent may be hauled by horses. 23 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 34.

Bark of Oak,

On importation, to pay 1*d.* per pound, when under ten pounds per load of hatch forty-five hundred weight in London, or in the rind 2*l.* 10*s.* per load, thirty yards three rinds thick, with two skirts and a cover, none to be imported on penalty of 20*l.* and a register to be kept of prices, &c. 12 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 29. Continued 17 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 31.—30 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 37. Extended to Scotland 24 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 34.

If bark be seized and condemned in Scotland, the penalty may be recovered in the exchequer there; and the duty of one penny a pound to be applied to the old subsidy. 13 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 30.

Barking, Essex.

See *Poor*. 26 G. 3. c. 111. vol. 35.

Barrels.

Barrels of French beer, ale, or mum, to be deemed to contain thirty-six gal-

lons English beer-measure. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 27. vol. 36.

Barthomley, Cheshire.

See *Churches*. 29 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 36.

Baschurch, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.

Bastards.

See *Hospitals*. 13 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 30.

Born in houses of industry, deemed to belong to the mother's parish. 20 G. 3. c. 36. § 2. vol. 33.

Bath. (City of)

See *Debts and Debtors*. 6 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 27.

A playhouse licenced there. 8 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 28.

The governors of the hospital there, established by 12 G. 3. c. 31. incorporated and enabled to hold lands of the yearly income of 560*l.* and devise goods though not conformable to the statute of Mortmain; but not to exceed 4,000*l.* limited by 12 G. 2. c. 31.—19 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 32.

For protecting and securing the hot baths and springs in the city of Bath from injury, by incroachments, &c. for enlarging the present pump-room; for widening certain streets, &c. and for making new streets and passages to render the approaches to the said hot bath, &c. more commodious. 29 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 36.

Batley, Yorkshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

Battens and Deals.

From 12th of June 1786, an additional duty granted on battens and deals of 5*s.* for every 120 imported into Great Britain, and to be under the customs. 26 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 35. *

Battersea, Surry.

See *Churches*. 14 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 30.

Beds and Feathers.

See 16 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 31.

Bedford Level.

For draining the lands between Cam,
E 2 or

tr Grant, west, and the hard lands of Bottisham, Swaffham, Bullbeck, and Swaffham Prior, east, and to sell certain invested lands. 7 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 27. Amended by 19 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 32.

The governor, &c. may borrow 44,000*l.* on bond, on account of the middle and south levels, and to establish a fund of 6,000*l.* in case of a breach. 12 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 29.

Act 33 G. 2. for draining fen lands in the Isle of Ely, &c. amended. 13 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 30.

Act 27 G. 2. c. 19. as to debts due to the Duke of Bedford and Earl of Lincoln, amended. Same year, c. 40.

For draining lands between Stoke and Brandon rivers, Feltwell new district, and the hard land of Woodhall, in Helgay, in Norfolk and Suffolk. Same year, c. 45.

Act of 27 G. 2. c. 19. enforced as to the fourth district of the North Level. Same year, c. 49.

Lands in the manor of Crowland charged with further taxes. 15 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 31.

Lands in the north level charged with a tax of 1*s.* per acre, and in Portland 6*d.* an acre, for nine years, to pay the interest and discharge the debt of 14,000*l.* and North Level to pay further 4*d.* and Portland 2*d.* an acre, for nine years, to carry on the works. 19 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 32.

The corporation enabled to sell their taxes of lands in the middle and south levels, which have been dug for turf, &c. 23 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 34.

Bedfordshire.

See *Parliament*. 25 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 35.

See *Wool and Woollen Manufactures*. Same year, c. 40.

Bedwyn, Great, Wiltshire.

See *Kynwardston*. 23 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 34.

Beer and Ale.

The duties on beer and ale of above 6*s.* a barrel value, and not more than 1*l.* value, exclusive of excise, called

table-beer, repealed, and a duty of 3*s.* per barrel granted in lieu thereof, and no allowance for the duty on malt, by 20 G. 3. c. 35. to be made for such table-beer; and if brewed from the party guile, to be charged as strong beer. 22 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 34.

See *Licences to Retailers of Beer and Ale*. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 30. vol. 34.

The regulations by 26 G. 3. c. 40. not to extend to beer exported; but the same drawback as would have been due since 1st of August 1786, to be paid. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 24. vol. 36.

See *Scotland*.

Beer, Devonshire.

See *Harbours*. 32 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 37.

Bees Wax.

An additional duty of 3*d.* per pound on white or manufactured bees-wax imported, and also 5 per cent. on the duty by 19 G. 3. c. 25.—22 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 34.

Bell Metal.

See *Felony*. 21 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 33.

Bengal, East Indies.

See *India (East) Company*. 13 G. 3. c. 63. § 7. vol. 30.—31 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 37.

Bennington and Butterwick, Lincolnshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 19 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 32.

Berkenhout, James and Clarke, Thomas.

5,000*l.* granted to them for discovering their method of dying scarlet, &c. Same year, c. 71.

Bermondsey, Surrey.

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 37.

Bermuda, or Somers Islands.

580*l.* granted for the chief justice of Bermuda or Somers Islands, to 24th of June 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

580*l.* for the like purpose. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

580*l.* for the like purpose. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

580*l.*

58ol. for the like purpose. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

See *Sagar*. Same year, c. 43.

Berrington, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 37.

Bethnal Green.

The inhabitants of the parish enabled to pay the debts contracted for their workhouse and poor, and for their further relief. 13 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 30.

Beverley, Yorkshire.

See *Fens*. 25 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 35.

Bigg. (Corn).

See *Corn*, &c. 11 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 29.

Bills of Credit.

See *America*. 10 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 28.
—13 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 30.

Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.

See *Scotland*. 12 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 29.
20 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 33.

Promissory or other notes, bills of exchange, or drafts, or undertakings in writing, negotiable or transferable, for less than 20s. void, and the penalty on the utterer 20l. and not less than 5l. 15 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 31. Made perpetual by 27 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 36.

If for more than 20s. and less than 5l. to specify to whom payable, with his place of abode and date when given, and the signing and indorsement to be attested by one witness, or else to be void, on penalty in former act. 17 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 31.

Forging the acceptance of a bill of exchange, or number, or sum, in any accountable receipt, to defraud any corporation, or uttering such, a capital felony. 18 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 32.

Stamp duties on bills of exchange, notes, &c. payable otherwise than on demand, for less than 50l. to pay 3d. and for more 6d. 22 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 34.

This act repealed, and on foreign or inland bills of exchange, promissory, or other notes, drafts, or orders, for less than 50l. to pay 6d. and for more 1s. to be paid by the drawer; and if pay-

able on demand and under 10l. to pay only 3d. 23 G. 3. c. 49. § 2. vol. 34.

Drafts and orders on bankers residing within ten miles of the drawer, &c. and payable on demand, and notes, &c. issued in Scotland for less than 21s. if payable on demand, and receipts for foreign bills of exchange, exempt from stamp duty; and also bank notes, for which last exemption the bank of England pays 12,000l. per ann. Same act, § 4.

Bills of exchange, &c. liable to stamp duty, to be wrote on stamped paper only. 24 G. 3. sct. 1. c. 7. vol. 34.

See *India (East) Company*. Same year, c. 34.

See *Stamps*. 31 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 37.

Bills of Mortality.

See *Carts*. 24 G. 3. sct. 2. c. 27. § 8. vol. 34.

Birmingham.

See *Churches*. 12 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 29.

For widening the streets there. 9 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 28.—13 G. 3. c. 36. v. 30.

For appointing wardens and assay masters of wrought plate, at Birmingham and Sheffield. Same year, c. 52.

See *Poor*. Same year, c. 54.

See *Canals, navigable*. 23 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 87 and 99. vol. 35.—30 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 37.—31 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 37.

Births.

See *Stamps*. 23 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.
—25 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 35.

Bishopsgate Street.

See *London*. 18 G. 3. c. 71 and 78. vol. 32.

See *Paving*. 22 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 34.

Bishop (George).

See *Maidstone Geneva*. 24 G. 3. sct. 2. c. 46. § 34. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 73. § 47. vol. 35.

See *Spirits and Distillers*. 28 G. 3. c. 46. § 6. vol. 36.

Bishop Wearmouth, Durham.

See *Bridges*. 32 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 37.

Bishops.

Bishops.

The bishop of London, or any other bishop appointed by him, impowered to admit to the order of deacons and priest, any subjects or citizens of countries out of the king's dominions, without requiring them to take the oaths of allegiance as appointed by law. 24 G. 3. 1st. 1. c. 35. vol. 34.

The archbishops of Canterbury and York, impowered to consecrate to the office of bishop, any subject or citizen of countries out of the king's dominions. 26 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 35.

Blackfryars (St. Ann's).

The boundaries between Bridewell Hospital and the parish of St. Ann, Blackfryars, ascertained. 23 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 34.

Blackfryars Bridge.

A toll laid on all horses and carriages passing on Sundays over the said bridge. 26 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 35.

Blankney.

See *Fens*. 27 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 36.

Blesington, (Earl of)

His will to be exemplified and made evidence in the courts of Ireland and Great Britain. 13 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 30.

Blocks for Ships.

See *Taylor, Elizabeth*, Southampton. 16 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 31.

Board of Control.

See *India (East) Company*. 24 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 34.

Boats.

Boats not to moor in Taplow mill-stream, between the lock and Clemash meadow, near the river Thames. 14 G. 3. c. 91. § 18. vol. 30.

See *Customs*. 19 G. 3. c. 69. § 3. vol. 32.—24 G. 3. c. 47. § 25. vol. 34.

The size of boats used at sea ascertained. 28 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 36.

Bolingbroke Soke, Lincolnshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 18 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 32.

Bolton on the Moors, Lancashire.

The governors of the free grammar school there, of the foundation of Rob. Lever, gentleman, incorporated, and the trusts enlarged. 28 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 36.

Bolton, Great, Lancashire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 37.

See *Inclosures*. 32 G. 3. c. 71. v. 37.

See *Paving*. Same act.

Bonds.

See *Customs*. 16 G. 3. c. 48. § 2. vol. 31.

No bonds given for the exportation of prohibited goods, to be discharged without certificate of the exportation and landing. 17 G. 3. c. 41. § 4. v. 31.

So much of the last act as requires certificates, and proof of exportation of goods, &c. repealed, and the clause requiring manifests to the British consul in the Baltic, extended to Denmark, Norway, and Archangel. 18 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 32.

See *Stamp Duties*. 23 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.

Bonds and other deeds executed in the East Indies, may be given in evidence in Great Britain, on proof of execution, though the witnesses reside abroad; and the like may be done if executed in Great Britain. 26 G. 3. c. 57. § 38. vol. 35.

Bonds given on exportation of wine, to be discharged on certificate, in Ireland in six months, in other parts of Europe in twelve months, in America or Africa in eighteen months, and in the East Indies within 24 months. Same year, c. 59. § 48.

Where bonds are required on exportation of goods to the British colonies, the like to be given on exportation to the United States of America. 28 G. 3. c. 6. § 4. vol. 36.

Bonds to be given for the due exportation of spirits. 28 G. 3. c. 46. § 54. vol. 36.

See *Tin*. 30 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 37.

See *Coast Trade*. 32 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 37.

Bond Street (Old).

See *Paving*. 22 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 34.

See *Coaches*. 32 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 37.

Bone and Thread Lace.

All dealers to pay the makers in money only, and not with goods, or by way of truck. Makers may recover money due, before justices of the peace, subject to an appeal to the quarter sessions. 19 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 32.

Bone (St. Mary le).

See *Paving*. 10 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 28.—13 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 30.

For relief of the poor in the parish of St. Mary le Bone, and building a work-house there. 15 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 31.

Books.

The British museum empowered to dispose of duplicates of books, and purchase others. 7 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 27.

The two universities in England and four in Scotland, and the colleges of Eton, Westminster, and Winchester, to have the sole right for ever of printing books which have (not having been published or assigned) or shall be bequeathed, or otherwise given by authors to them in trust for the purposes mentioned, or for years, or other limited time vested in them, and others printing such books to forfeit the same, with 1d. per sheet; but not to give an exclusive right longer than such books are printed at the college press; and they are not to grant away their right, but may sell the copy as authors may, by 8 *Q. A. c.* 19.—15 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 31.

No penalty for printing books already given to the universities, unless entered at Stationers-hall, before 24th June 1775, and hereafter to be entered in two months after the bequest is known, and to pay 6d. for each entry, and 6d. for the certificate to be inspected gratis, and the whole title of the book to be entered. Same act, § 6.

Book of rates. See *Customs*. 17 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 31.

Proprietors of prints may sue others for printing the same, for damages, with double costs. Same year, c. 57.

See *Land Tax*. 22 G. 3. c. 2. § 16. vol. 34.

Act 12 G. 2. c. 36. to prohibit the importation of books reprinted abroad, continued until 29th Sept. 1795. Same year, c. 13.—29 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.

Booth, Joseph.

For more effectually securing to Joseph Booth and the public, the benefit of a certain invention or discovery. 32 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 37.

Bordesley, Warwickshire.

See *Deretend*. 31 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 37.

Borel, Louis and Abraham.

See *Turkey Red*. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

Borwick, Lancashire.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 101. vol. 37.

Boston, America.

The landing and shipping goods there discontinued. 14 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 30.

Boston, Lincolnshire.

See *Pilots*. 16 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 31.

See *Paving*. Same year, c. 25.—32 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 37.

See *Harbours*. 32 G. 3. c. 79. v. 37.

Bounties.

See *Flax Seed*. 15 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 31.—16 G. 3. c. 41.—18 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 32.

See *Corn*. 20 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 34.

See *Fisheries*. 22 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 3, 58. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 41. § 3.—29 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 36.

The bounties on exportation of British and Irish buckrams, and filletings and linens, and of British calicoes and cottons printed in Great Britain, allowed by 29 G. 2. c. 15. continued whilst any act for the like is continued in Ireland. 23 G. 3. c. 21.—24 G. 3. sesh. 1. c. 14. vol. 34.

See *Silks*. 24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 49. § 2. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 35.

Bounties granted by the king to indigent persons, may be paid by the lord steward

steward of the household, lord chamberlain, master of the horse, master of the robes, and lords of the treasury, respectively, and allowed in their accounts. 25 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

Bounties to Newfoundland fishery ships, to be paid out of the custom duties. 26 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 35.

After 29th Sept. 1786, no bounty to be paid on goods exported to Ireland, Guernsey, or Jersey, without a certificate, and not intitled to bounty or drawback, if shipped by any but licenced persons (except officers of the revenue are present) who are to give security. Same year, c. 40. § 19.

See *Sugar*. 32 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 37.

Bourne Eau, Lincolnshire.

See *Rivers*. 21 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 33.

Bowater, John.

See *Fortifications at Woolwich, Kent.* Same year, c. 46.

Bow Windows.

See *Paving*. (Westminster) 30 G. 3. c. 53. § 59. vol. 37.

Boxley, Kent.

See *Rivers, Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 105. vol. 37.

Bradford, Wilts.

An additional overseer of the poor appointed. 24 G. 3. s. 1. c. 20. v. 34.

Bradford, Yorkshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

See *Water*. 30 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 37.

Brandling. (Charles)

See *Leeds*. 19 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 32.

Branden River.

See *Bedford Level*. 13 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 30.

Brandy and other Spirits

Imported in ships under 100 tons, forfeited. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 27. vol. 26.

Act 2 G. 3. c. 14. to extend only to spirits made from corn, malt, or melasses, and not less than a ton, to be taken out of the warehouse at a time

for home consumption. 6 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 27.

British made spirits may be exported as merchandize to Africa and Newfoundland, and rum the produce of the British sugar plantations to Africa, Ireland, and Newfoundland; but not in ships less than seventy tons burthen. Same act, § 9.

Single brandy, spirits, or aqua vitæ, to pay an additional excise of 6d. per gallon; if above proof, called double brandy, to pay 1s. per gallon. Same year, c. 47.

Act 33 G. 2. c. 28. requiring rum exported to be certified proof, repealed, and on exportation of rum and spirits the produce of the British sugar plantations as merchandize, all duties to be drawn back and free from excise, though not proof. 8 G. 3. c. 25. § 7. v. 28.

Foreign liquors seized for non-entry, to be sold for non-payment of the duty, and the surplus to go to the seizing officer, who is to have only 2s. a gallon if they do not produce the whole duty. Same act, § 8.

For retailing spirituous liquors without a licence, to forfeit 50l. by the excise laws, and may be mitigated to no less than 5l. 13 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 30.

Rum imported and warehoused according to 15 G. 2. c. 25. opened without the officer, to forfeit 500l.

For two years the same drawback allowed on shipping rum to be spent on board ships going beyond sea, as if exported as merchandize; if in casks of not less than 100 gallons each, and for ships of not less than 100 tons. 17 G. 3. c. 52. § 16. vol. 31. Continued by 19 G. 3. c. 22. § 7. vol. 32.

So much of 15 & 16 G. 2. c. 25. as relates to the landing of rum or spirits the produce of the British colonies before the payment of excise, continued. 19 G. 3. c. 22. § 3. vol. 32.

Additional duties, viz.

	s. d.
Low wines and spirits of the first extraction for home consumption, from corn, and home materials, per gallon	0 1
Strong waters, or aqua vitæ, per ditto	0 3
	Low

	s. d.
Low wines and spirits from foreign or imported materials, per ditto - - - - -	0 3
Spirits home made from the same, per ditto - - - - -	0 2
The like from cyder and other British materials (except as before) - - - - -	0 1 $\frac{3}{4}$
Spirits for sale for home consumption, from cyder, &c. - - - - -	0 2
Single brandy or aqua vitæ, imported, per gallon - - - - -	1 0
Double brandy, &c. imported, above proof - - - - -	2 0

These duties, and also the additional duties on rum and spirits the produce of the sugar plantations, imported, to be under the excise, and subject to the impost of 5l. per cent. by 19 G. 3. c. 25.

See *Excise*. 20 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 33.— 23 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 34.

The duty on importation of brandy and arrack, by 11 G. 1. c. 30. & 7 G. 2. c. 14. to cease, and new duties of 8l. 8s. per ton of 252 gallons on brandy and arrack imported, granted in lieu thereof, and also subject to the impost of 5l. per cent. under the customs, as by the former act. 22 G. 3. c. 28. § 4. vol. 34.

And drawbacks allowed on exportation thereof. Same act, § 8.

The duties of excise on foreign brandy, arrack, or strong waters, imported, not altered. Same act, § 9.

For obliging all dealers in brandy not being retailers, rectifiers, or distillers, to take licence, on penalty of 100l. 29 G. 3. c. 63. § 6. vol. 36.

Additional duty on single brandy imported, per gallon, 10d.

Brandy above proof, per gallon, 1s. 8d. 31 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Brass.

See *Felony*. 21 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 33.

Bread.

Standard wheaten bread to weigh three-fourths of the wheat whereof it is made, to be marked S. W. and the peck loaf to weigh seventeen pounds six ounces avoirdupois, and lesser loaves in proportion. Seven standard loaves

equal to eight wheaten, or to six household loaves. 13 G. 3. c. 62. § 2. vol. 30.

Standard wheaten bread not to be sold as priced loaves at the same time; but magistrates may set the price and affize of standard wheaten bread according to the tables to this act; and bakers to be liable to the same penalties as by the laws in being. Same act, § 4.

If a baker informed against for making standard wheaten bread not of the whole produce of the wheat (except bran) shall prove that he bought the flour of a miller, and give in his name and place of abode, such miller to be liable to the penalties of 31 G. 2. c. 29. Same act, § 6.

Where justices have set the price of standard wheaten bread, they may omit other sorts, and prohibit the selling of other than standard wheaten bread for three months, on giving one month's notice; but the bakers company of London may object to such prohibition; and penny and two-penny loaves may be sold as by 31 G. 2. and coarser bread subject to the same act; but if sold as price bread, subject to penalties, and the magistrates to have the same power as by any law in being; but not to extend to the custom of London or Westminster, or the rights of the two universities; and all laws concerning bread to remain in corporations: where there are two bailiffs, one is to set the affize of bread. Same act, § 13.

Breadalbane (Earl of).

See the *King*, &c. 6 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 27.

Brecknock, Wales.

See *Paving*. 16 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 31.

Breton, Cape.

2,100l. granted for the civil establishment of Cape Breton, until 24th June 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

2,100l. for the like purpose. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 23. vol. 37.

2,100l. for the like purpose. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

1,800l. for the like purpose. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Brewers

Altering the situation of their utensils without notice, or preventing officers from taking a true gauge, to forfeit 20l. 5 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 26.

Act 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 30. extended to common brewers in Scotland. Same act, § 23.

Common brewers who brew to sell or tap out publicly or privately, to be allowed per gallon.

In London and within the bills of mortality, per barrel, of	s. d.
above 6s. value	1 4
Out of the bills of mortality	1 8
In England and Wales, on beer of 6s. per barrel	0 4
In Scotland, of more than 6s. per barrel, or under	0 10
Upon two-penny ale, per barrel	0 6
And beer, under 6s. per barrel	0 3

To be repaid out of the malt duty in four months after payment of the duties charged thereon. 20 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 33.

The directions by this act are repealed, and allowances to be made out of the malt duty at the time of paying such duties. 21 G. 3. c. 55. § 40. vol. 33.

See *Licences*. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 41. vol. 34.

Brewers selling less than $4\frac{1}{2}$ gallons of beer or wort at a time, deemed a retailer, and to have no allowance for waste, as by 12 Cha. 2. c. 23, 24. or by 1 W. & M. c. 24. or any other act. 25 G. 3. c. 73. § 1. vol. 35.

Common brewers who brew to sell or tap out, publicly or privately, to have the following additional allowances, viz.

In London or bills of mortality on beer above 6s. value, per barrel	s. d.
	0 8
Out of the bills of mortality	0 10
In England and Wales, on beer of 6s. per barrel, or under	0 2
In the bills of mortality, on table beer above 6s. and under 11s. per barrel	0 4
Out of the bills of mortality	0 $4\frac{1}{2}$
In Scotland, above 6s. per barrel	0 5
Upon two-penny ale, per barrel	0 3
And beer under 6s. per ditto	0 $1\frac{1}{2}$

To be paid in four months after payment of the malt duties charged thereon. 31 G. 3. c. 2. § 6. vol. 37.

See *Malt*. 12 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 37.

No brewer to sell beer in less quantity than a whole cask containing four gallons and a half, on penalty of 50l. Same year, c. 8.

Bricks and Tiles.

Acts 11 G. 1. c. 35.—2 G. 2. c. 15.—3 G. 2. c. 22. and so much of 9 G. 3. c. 37. as relates to dealers in bricks and tiles for indemnifying them, continued, and the making and size thereof regulated; but not to extend to more than fifteen miles from London; and persons aggrieved by convictions for penalties, may appeal to the quarter sessions (on giving recognizance) whose judgment to be final, and no certiorari. 10 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 28.

Bricks to be $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, 4 inches wide; and pantiles to be $13\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide, and half an inch thick, on penalty of 20s. per 1000 for bricks, and 10s. per 1000 for tiles. 17 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

This act not to extend more than fifteen miles from London, and meshes of sieves not to be more than a quarter of an inch wide. Same act, § 3.

All contracts for ingrossing bricks and tiles, or restraining the sale, or fixing the price void, on penalty of 20l. on the maker, and 10l. on his agent; half to the poor, and the other half to the informer. Same act.

The following duties laid on bricks and tiles made in Great Britain, to be paid by the maker :

	s. d.
For bricks per 1000	2 6
For plain tiles, ditto	0 3
For pan or ridge tiles, ditto	8 0
For paving tiles, small ditto	1 6
For large paving tiles, ditto	3 0
And all other tiles per 1000	3 0

which duties are to be drawn back on exportation. 24 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 13. Schedule F.

The duties to be under the excise, and charged whilst they are drying and before they are removed to the kiln, and ten in every hundred allowed for waste,

waste, and to be kept separate until surveyed by the officer; and the duties to be paid every six weeks. 25 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 35.

Bricks and tiles imported to pay custom duties, and to have drawbacks, viz.

	Duty.			Drawback.		
	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.
Bricks per thousand	0	7	2—0	6	8	
Flanders tiles to score with per thousand	0	12	2—0	11	2	
Galley tiles per foot square	0	0	3—0	0	2½	
Paving tiles not above 10 inches square, per 1000	1	9	9—1	8	3	
Ditto, above ten inches square, per 1000	2	6	3—2	4	9	
Pan tiles, per 1000	2	12	10—2	8	10	

See *Earthen Ware*. 27 G. 3. c. 13.

Sched. A. F. vol. 36.

Bride Street, London.

See *Churches*. 32 G. 3. c. 64. v. 37.

Bridewell.

See *Edinburgh*. 31 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 37.

Bridges.

For completing the bridge at Black Fryars, directed to be built, by 29 G. 2. c. 86.—7 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 27.

For building a bridge across the Thames, from Swinford in Berkshire to Eynham in Oxfordshire. Same year, c. 63.

The like across Stonehouse Creek to Plymouth Dock, Devonshire. Same year, c. 73.

The like over the river Severn at Worcester. 9 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 28. Amended by 19 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 32.

The like over the river Clyde at Hamilton, in the county of Lanark, in Scotland. 19 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 28.

2,000l. granted by parliament for building a bridge across the river Thames at Westminster. 11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.

For building a bridge over the

Thames at Maidenhead. 12 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 29.

The like over the river Tyne. Same year, c. 62.

The like across the river Ure, from Great Ousborne to Aldworth in Yorkshire. Same year, c. 87.

2,000l. more for Westminster bridge. 13 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.

For building a bridge across the Thames at Richmond, Surrey, and the King to grant the ferry for that purpose. Same year, c. 83.

The like across the river Severn, at Redstone, in Worcestershire. Same year, c. 113.

The like over the river Exe at Exeter. Same year, c. 109.

The like across the river Tawy near Llandovery, in Carmarthenshire. Same year, c. 111.

For repairing the bridge over the river Clyde, at Glasgow. 14 G. 3. c. 103. vol. 30.

For building a bridge over the river Air, at Carlton, in the West Riding of Yorkshire. Same year, c. 63.

For repairing the highways and bridges in Fifeshire, in Scotland. Same year, c. 31.

For building a bridge across the river Severn, from Benthall in Shropshire to Madeley wood. 16 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 31.

2000l. more granted for building Westminster bridge. Same year, c. 49.

For building a bridge across the river Severn, from Preen's Eddy, in the parish of Brosely, to the Sheepwash in the parish of Sutton Maddock, in Shropshire. 17 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 31.

The like across the same river at Maismore, near the city of Gloucester. Same year, c. 68.

Act 30 G. 2. c. 59. for building a bridge across the river Lea, enlarged. 18 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 32.

For repairing the highways and bridges in the county of Wigtown, in Scotland. Same year, c. 27.

For building a bridge across the river Tyne, at Hexham. Same year, c. 44.

The like across the river Tawey, at Wich Tree, in the parish of Llanfalett, to the opposite shore, in the parish of Llannevelack, Wales. Same year, c. 68.

The like in the county of Stirling, in Scotland. Same year, c. 69.

For building a temporary bridge over the river Tyne, between Newcastle and Gateshead, in Durham, and for completing a new stone bridge there, &c. 19 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 32. A toll granted for this bridge. 28 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 36.

For repairing the highways and bridges in the county of Linlithgow, Scotland. 19 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 32.

The like in the liberty of Kircudbright. 20 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 33.

For building a bridge over the river Wye, between Whitney and Clifford, in Herefordshire. 20 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 33.

For enlarging the powers of 20 G. 2. c. 22. for building a bridge across the Thames, from Walton to Shepperton. To leave 208 feet for the passage of the water. Same year, c. 32.

For building a bridge over the same river at Henley, in Oxfordshire. 21 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 33.

The like over the river Adur at Old Shoreham, Suffex. Same year, c. 35.

The like of a new stone bridge over the river Cherwell, near Magdalen college, Oxford. Same year, c. 47.

For rebuilding Cobham, Leatherhead, and Godalmin bridges, in Surry. 22 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 34.

For building a stone bridge over the river Thames, from Ealing to Kew. Same year, c. 42.

The like over the river Loynes at Lancaster. Same year, c. 57.

The like over the river Ouse at Newhaven, in Suffex. 24 G. 3. fef. 1. c. 21. vol. 34.

The like over the river Thames at Shillingford Ferry, in Oxfordshire. Same year, c. 22.

For repairing highways and bridges in the county of Perth, in Scotland. 25 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 35.

The like in the county of Dumbarton. 26 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 35.

For building a bridge over the river Avon, at Bristol. 26 G. 3. c. 111. vol. 35.

See *Sunday Toll at Black Fryars Bridge*. Same year, c. 37.

For building a bridge over the river

Trent, from Gainsborough to Saunby, in Nottinghamshire. 27 G. 3. c. 15, vol. 36.

Earl Brooke and Warwick enabled to build a bridge over the river Avon, in the borough of Warwick, &c. 28 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 36.

For rebuilding the bridge over the river Rhea, at Birmingham, called Deritend bridge, and a toll granted for the same. Same year, c. 70.

The like over the river Derwent, at Derby. Same year, c. 77.

For building a bridge over the river Trent, at Sawley Ferry. Same year, c. 80.

The like near the Ferry over the river Ouse, from Selby in the West Riding of Yorkshire to the opposite shore, in the parish of Hemingborough, in the East Riding of the same county. 31 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 37.

The like across the river Thames, from Stanes to Egham, in the counties of Middlesex and Surry. Same year, c. 84.

The like over the river South Esk, near the town of Montrose, in the county of Forfar, and for making suitable approaches thereto. 32 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 37.

The like across the river Wear, from the shore in the parish of Bishop Wearmouth, in Durham, to the opposite shore in the parish of Monk Wearmouth, in the said county. Same year, c. 90.

The like at the Ferry over the river Thames, from Whitchurch, in Oxfordshire, to Pangbourn in Berkshire. Same year, c. 97.

Bridgewater (Duke of).

Enabled to make a navigable canal from Salford to Wortley Mill and Middlewood, and to Holling Ferry, Private act 32 G. 2. No. 2. 1756.

To carry the said canal over the river Irwell, to the town of Manchester, and to Longford bridge in the township of Stretford. 33 G. 2. No. 2. 1760.

And to extend the same from Longford bridge to the river Mersey, at the Hempstones, in the township of Halton, in Cheshire. 2 G. 3. No. 11. 1762.

Also

Also to extend a branch thereof on Salemoor to the town of Stockport, in Cheshire. 6 G. 3. No. 17. 1766.

Bridgewater (Borough) Somersetshire.

See *Paving*. 19 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 32.

Bridgnorth, Shropshire.

See *Churches*. 32 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 37.

Bridlington, alias Burlington, Yorkshire.

See *Harbours*. 29 G. 3. c. 23. v. 36.

Bridport, Dorsetshire.

See *Paving*. 25 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 35.

Brightelmston, Suffex.

See *Paving*. 13 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 30.

Brimstone.

See *Vitriol (Oil)* 23 G. 3. c. 77. § 4. vol. 34.

Bristol.

The free importation of rice from America, by 5 G. 3. c. 45. extended to Bristol. 12 G. 3. c. 60. § 8. vol. 29.

For making passages in the parish of St. Stephen, and for enlarging the burying ground there. 14 G. 3. c. 55. v. 30.

See *Churches*. Same act, 25 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 36.—31 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 37.

To remove the danger of fire among the ships in that port, and to enlarge the docks and regulate the quays, &c. 16 G. 1. c. 33. vol. 31.

For licencing a theatre there. 18 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 32.

See *Bridges*. 26 G. 3. c. 111. vol. 35.

See *Coaches*. 28 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 36.

For regulating the buildings, &c. at Bristol. Same year, c. 66 & 67.

See *Gaols*. 32 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 37.

British Colonies.

See *Indigo*. 12 G. 3. c. 56. § 6. v. 29.

See *Cotton*. 19 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 32.

British Fishery.

See *Corn and Grain*. 14 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 30.

The Society incorporated, 26 G. 3. c. 106. vol. 35.

British Museum.

See *Cottonian Library*. 26 G. 2. c. 22. § 9. vol. 21.

See *Books*. 7 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 27.

2,000l. granted by parliament. 14 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 30.

3,000l. more. 15 G. 3. c. 42. v. 31.

3,000l. more. 17 G. 3. c. 47.

3,500l. more. 20 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 33.

3,000l. more. 22 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.

3,000l. more. 24 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 34.

3,000l. more. 27 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 36.

3,000l. more. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

British Subjects.

See *India (East) Company*. 21 G. 3. c. 65. § 31. vol. 33.

British West India Islands.

No flour, bread, or lumber, to be imported from any foreign West India island to a British one. 27 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 36.

See *America*. 28 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 36.

Broadstairs, Kent.

See *Harbours*. 32 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 37.

Broadwater Fire Engine.

See *Canals, navigable*. 23 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 34.

Brook and Warwick (Earl of)

See *Bridges*. 28 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 36.

Brosely, Shropshire.

See *Bridges*. 17 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 31.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 22 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 34.

Brown (William).

See *Debts to the King*. 17 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 31.

Burntisland, Scotland.

Acts of 6 G. 1. c. 8. & 20 G. 2. c. 22. as to the duty on ale continued. 17 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 31.

See *Scotland*. 32 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 37.

Buccleugh (Duke of).

See *Ayr Bank*, in Scotland. 14 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 30.—22 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 34.

Buck and Deer Skins.

A duty of 1s. per pound laid on buck and deer, or elk skins dressed in oil, in Great

Great Britain, and whether manufactured or not; if exported as merchandise, to have the duty drawn back; but if imported since 1st June 1788, and not entered, to be subject to the duties, and to have only the hair taken off, to be deemed half dressed. 28 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 36.

Buckingham House.

See *King, Queen, &c.* 15 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 31.

Buckingham (Town of).

See *Churches.* 17 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 31.

Bude, in Cornwall.

See *Canals, navigable.* 14 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 30.

Bugles.

Five years allowed from the entry of Bugles for their exportation. 5 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 26.

May be imported from the Isle of Man, not exceeding twenty-five hundred weight, avoirdupois. 6 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 27.

The time enlarged for exportation of Bugles, imported and warehoused. 16 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 31.

Buildings in London, &c.

Act 4 G. 3. c. 14. explained. 6 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 27.

In London and Westminster, and bills of mortality, the parishes of St. Mary le Bone, Paddington, Pancras, and Chelsea buildings, regulated to prevent fire; acts 19 Car. 2. c. 3.—6 Ann. c. 31.—7 Ann. c. 17.—11 G. 1. c. 28.—33 G. 2. c. 30.—4 G. 3. c. 14.—6 G. 3. c. 26. (See *Paving*) and same year, c. 37. as to party walls, repealed. 12 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 29.

Buildings further regulated. 14 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 30.

First rate of building, viz. churches, chapels, meetinghouses or places of public worship, stillhouses, brewhouses, soaphouses, houses for melting tallow, dying, sugarhouses, turpentinehouses, foundries of brass or iron, chymical glasshouses of all dimensions, warehouses, and other buildings, not dwellinghouses (except of the 5th, 6th, or

7th rate) not exceeding three stories above ground, exclusive of rooms in the roof of the height of 31 feet above ground to the top of the blocking course; and dwellinghouses above the value of 850l. and above nine squares of building of 100 superficial feet each, on the ground floor; external walls of the first rate to be at the foundation $2\frac{1}{2}$ bricks, or one foot $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, and decrease on each side $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches to the top of the footing of the wall, which is to be nine inches high and two bricks or $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick to the under side of the one pair of stairs floor, from thence $1\frac{1}{2}$ brick or 13 inches to the under side of the plate under the roof, from thence one brick or $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick to the under side of the blocking course, except walls of stone of 14 inches thick below the ground floor and nine inches above, and except recesses arched, and at the back one brick, or $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick. Same act.

Party-walls of the first rate to be $3\frac{1}{2}$ bricks or 2 feet $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, and decreasing on each side $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches to the top of the footing one foot high, and below the pavement of the cellar story two inches; the wall to be from the top of the footing $2\frac{1}{2}$ bricks or one foot $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick to the under side of the ground floor, and thence 2 bricks, or $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, to the under side of the floor of the rooms in the roof of the highest adjoining building, and thence $1\frac{1}{2}$ brick, or 13 inches to the top. § 1. to 4. same act.

Second rate of building, viz. warehouses, stables, and other buildings, not a dwellinghouse (except of the 1st, 5th, 6th, and 7th rate) exceeding two stories, and not more than three stories above ground, exclusive of rooms in the roof, or of the height of 22 feet, and not so high as 31 feet from the ground to the top of the coping; and dwellinghouses above 300l. value, and not more than 850l. and exceeding five squares, and not more than nine squares of building.

External walls of the second rate to be at the foundation two bricks or $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, and decreasing on each side $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches to the top of the footing, which is to be nine inches high, and below

below the cellar floor two inches, and from the top of the footing $1\frac{1}{2}$ brick or 13 inches thick to the under-side of the one pair of stairs floor, from thence one brick or $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick to the under-side of the coping, except walls of stone above ground nine inches thick, and recesses arched, and at the back one brick or $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick.

Party-walls of the second rate to be at the foundation $3\frac{1}{2}$ bricks or 2 feet $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, and from thence decreasing on each side $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches to the top of the footing, 9 inches high, and under the cellar floor two inches, and from thence $2\frac{1}{2}$ bricks or one foot $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick to the under-side of the ground floor, and thence two bricks or $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick to the under-side of the two pair of stairs floor, and thence $1\frac{1}{2}$ brick or 13 inches thick to the top of the party-wall. Same act, § 5, 6, 7.

Third rate of building, viz. warehouses, stables, and other buildings, not dwellinghouses (except of the 1st, 5th, 6th, and 7th rate) exceeding one story, and not more than two above ground, besides rooms in the roof or 13 feet, and not more than 22 feet high from the ground to the coping, and dwellinghouses of the value of 150l. and not more than 300l. and exceeding three squares and an half, and not more than five squares.

External walls of the third rate to be at the foundation two bricks or $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, and thence regularly decreasing on both sides $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches to the top of the footing six inches high, two inches below the floor of the cellar story, and from the top of the footing $1\frac{1}{2}$ brick or 13 inches thick to the under-side of the ground floor, and thence one brick or $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches to the under-side of the coping.

Party-walls of the third rate to be at the foundation three bricks or 26 inches thick, and from thence regularly decreasing on each side $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches, to the top of the footing nine inches high, and two inches below the floor of the cellar story, and from the top of the footing two bricks or $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick to the under-side of the ground floor, and from thence $1\frac{1}{2}$ brick or 13 inches

thick to the top of the wall. Same act, § 8, 9, 10.

Fourth rate of building, viz. warehouses, stables, and other buildings, not dwellinghouses (except of the 1st, 5th, 6th, and 7th rates) not exceeding one story above ground, exclusive of rooms in the roof, and not more than 13 feet high from the ground to the top of the coping, and dwellinghouses not more than 150l. value, and not exceeding $3\frac{1}{2}$ squares of building.

External walls of the fourth rate to be at the foundation two bricks or $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, and thence decreasing on each side $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches, to the top of the footing six inches, and two inches below the floor of the cellar story, and from thence $1\frac{1}{2}$ brick or 13 inches thick to the under-side of the ground floor, and from thence one brick or $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick to the under-side of the coping.

Party-walls of the fourth rate to be two bricks or $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick at the foundation, from thence gradually decreasing on each side $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches, to the top of the footing 9 inches high, and two inches below the cellar floor, and from the top of the footing $1\frac{1}{2}$ brick or 13 inches thick to the under-side of the ground floor, and from thence one brick or $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick to the top of the wall. Same act, § 11, 12, 13.

All houses of the 1st, 2d, 3d, or 4th rate, contiguous to other buildings to have party-walls between them, to extend to the outward surfaces of each, and those and all chimnies and chimney-shafts to be of brick or stone, or both together (except timber-wood, lead, or iron, laid in as after directed, and except piling, bridging, or plank-ing, necessary for foundation) and such party-walls to be topped with stone, tyle, or brick, and of the dimensions before directed, and one half on the ground of each house, for which purpose workmen may enter the ground of the other house; and all party-walls above 4 stories high to be built as of the 1st rate, and those of the 4th rate houses four stories high as if of the 3d rate. Same act, § 14, 15.

Internal inclosures for separating buildings of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th rate,

rate, to be of brick or stone, or artificial stone or stucco, or altogether, except timber wood, lead, or iron-work laid in as before directed, and except necessary piling, bridging, or planking, for foundation, and in ascertaining the rates to estimate the value as if of good materials, and to take the squares of the level of the entrance, and an appeal allowed to the quarter sessions. Same act, § 16, 17.

Fifth rate of building, viz. dwellinghouses, stables, and other buildings (except buildings not being dwellinghouses, and of the 1st rate) at the distance of four feet, and not eight feet from any public road, street, or causeway, and detached from any other building, not in the same possession, 16 feet at least, and not 30 feet, or connected only by a fence wall, to be of the 5th rate, and may be built of any dimensions. Same act, § 18.

Sixth rate of building, viz. dwellinghouses, warehouses, stables, and other buildings (except such buildings not being dwellinghouses, and of the 1st rate) which are eight feet from any public road, street, or causeway, and detached from any other building, not in the same possession, 30 feet, or connected only by a fence-wall, to be of the 6th rate, and may be built of any dimensions, or of any materials. Same act, § 19.

Seventh rate of building, viz. cranehouses on wharfs or quays, shambles, wind or water mills, and all buildings out of London and Westminster, and liberties, and used for workshops, or dryingplaces for tanners, fellmongers, gluemakers, sizemakers, callico-printers, whittlers, whitingmakers, curriers, leatherdressers, buckramstiffeners, oilcloth-painters, woolstaplers, throwsters, parchment and papermakers, so long as used for those purposes, of the 7th rate, and may be built of any dimensions; external inclosures of cranehouses to be of stone, brick, slate, tyle, oak, elm, steel, iron, or brass, but other buildings of the said rate, may be of any materials, so that they be not covered with pitch, tar, or other inflammable composition, and not used for other purposes. Same act, § 20, 21.

Detached offices, or if only connected by fence-walls, to be deemed of the rate such office would be of, if the same did not appertain to any other building, and old found party-walls to remain; if the adjoining building is rebuilt without making use of such wall, the owner of the other part to have only one-half of such old wall and ground when pulled down: if party-walls are not of the thickness aforesaid, to be condemned as ruinous; and also if it shall have any timber through it, to be cut off so as not to leave six inches of brickwork. Same act, § 22, 23.

Timber partitions to remain till one of the adjoining houses be taken down or condemned as ruinous, and no longer; and external walls not to become party-walls, unless of the height and thickness, and of such materials as before directed. Same act, § 24, 25.

Party-walls to be 18 inches above the buildings adjoining, and no recesses therein (except for chimnies, flues, girders, and beams, and ends or piers, as after) so as to reduce such wall under the thickness required; nor openings (except for communication between different stacks of warehouses, or between stables, and to have iron doors, and except necessary passages on the ground floors, which shall be arched over with brick or stone, 13 inches thick in every building of the 1st and 2d rate, and 8½ inches thick in every building of the 2d and 4th rate, and if there is a cellar under, to be all arched in the same manner). Same act, § 26.

No timber in party-walls (except bonds, templets, and chains, and the ends of girders, beams, &c.) and to have 8½ inches of solid brickwork between the ends and sides of every piece of timber; except opposite to other timbers, and then no part of such timbers to approach nearer than four inches to the centre of the said wall; party-walls not to be cut, except nine inches from the front or back wall to the centre of such party-wall, for the purpose of inserting the end of such new front or back wall, and if a breastsummer and story posts 14 inches, and the same may be four inches wide in the cellar

cellar story, and two inches wide in the ground story; or may cut the wall for railing of stone stairs or landings, or timbers for wood stairs, not nearer than $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches to a chimney, or four inches to the timbers of the next house; and may cut recesses for inserting the walls, not more than 15 inches wide, nor four inches deep, and not nearer than 10 feet to any other recess, and to make good all damages. Same act, § 27, 28.

Chimnies to be 13 inches thick in the cellar story, and $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches in every other story, and if against another chimney in party-wall of the 1st rate $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches, and of the 2d, 3d, and 4th rate, $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches, and no flue opposite another in party-wall (except two inches from the centre) and the breast to be $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick in the cellar story, and four in the other stories, and all withs to be brick or stone, and half brick thick, and breasts, back, and withs, to be pargeted within and without (except next to vacant ground) and then marked (except fronts); but chimnies may be placed in party-walls, if desired by the owner of the adjoining house, on notice, which shall be deemed making use of such party-wall, and the builder to pay a proportional part of the expence thereof, with costs. Same act, § 29, 30.

When buildings are mixed property, the party wall to be of the highest rate of building adjoining, with party arches of $1\frac{1}{2}$ brick or 13 inches thick in the 1st and 2d rates, and one brick or $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick in the 3d and 4th rates between them; but not to extend to inns of court or chancery (except party-walls of staircases). Same act, § 31, 32.

Where owners are under any disability to contract or agree, a jury to determine the expence of rebuilding, &c. and sessions may give judgment thereon, which is to be final, and in 14 days workmen may enter, and if interrupted 10l. penalty; and builders to be paid expences according to the verdict. Same act, § 33.

Old decayed party-walls or arches may be pulled down on three months notice, as specified in this act, and appoint surveyors to view them; if the major part condemn them as ruinous, they are to certify the same, and the owner may appeal to sessions, whose

judgment is to be final; if of the 1st, 2d, or 3d rate, to give three months notice of pulling down, or the same, if wooden partitions; and the expence to be paid by the owner of improved rent, and till payment, the property of the wall vested in the builder; new walls to pay a moiety of building, and old, also for pulling down, removing furniture, and shoring, but not for clearing away rubbish, and the expence to be estimated at 7l. 15s. per rod, deducting 1l. 8s. per rod for the materials (if any) of the old wall, and 2d. per cube foot for materials (if any) of old timber partition; and in 10 days after built an account to be delivered of the expences, and if not paid in 21 days, may be recovered by action; if the plaintiff gives three months notice of such action, and recovers, to have double costs. Same act, § 38—41.

Party-walls to be of the thickness required for the highest rate of building adjoining, and may be raised above the other building, but if used by the other side to be paid for; party fence walls may be likewise raised, but not to be used as party-walls, unless of sufficient thickness, though either side may take it down, and build a party-wall, and if the other side use it, to contribute, and the first builder not to lose his right to the soil if the party-wall is not half on each ground. Same act, § 42, 43, 44.

If the fore and back front be rebuilt as low as the one pair of stairs floor, in five years from each other, the party-walls to be subject to the regulations of this act: and chimnies, not in party-walls of the 1st rate, to be 13 inches in the cellar story to 12 inches above the mantle, and if of other rates $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches (except built against a wall, and then it may be half a brick thinner) and the backs of chimnies of the 2d, 3d, or 4th rate, and not in party-walls, to be $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick from the hearth to the mantle (except against a wall, and then half a brick thinner) and no timber over the opening of any chimney to support it, but brick, stone, or iron; and no timber under the hearth nearer than 18 inches, and to have slabs of tyle, stone, marble, or iron, 18 inches

ches broad; and no wood in the brick work of any oven, stove, copper, still, boiler, or furnace, within two feet of the inside, nor of any chimney nearer than nine inches to the opening, or five inches to the flue; nor wood to the front of chimnies, except fastened by iron nails, not more than three inches in the wall, or nearer than four inches of the inside; and no chimney to be erected or timber work, except below the foundation, and on brick or stone corbels or iron shores. Same act, § 45.

External walls to be of brick, stone, artificial stone, lead, copper, tin, slate, tyle, or iron, or mixed, except necessary piling, &c. for foundation and temples, chains and bond timbers, and except doors, windows, &c. and the frames thereof set in recesses four inches from the front, and except breastsummers, &c. and stallboards for shops in the ground story only; story posts to be two inches in party-walls, and of oak or stone, and 12 inches square: and flats, gutters, and roofs, of the first five rates, and all turrets, &c. to be covered with glaſs, copper, lead, tin, slate, tyle, or artificial stone, except doors and windows, &c. Same act, § 46, 47.

External decorations to be of brick, stone, burnt clay, or artificial stone, and also covered ways the same, and no water to drip in the streets, &c. except from porticoes and entrances, but to be conveyed by trunks to the ground; no bow-windows to project beyond the line of buildings (except decorations, shop windows, and stallboards) in streets, 30 feet wide, not more than 10 inches, in lesser streets five inches, and no cornice more than 18 inches in streets of 30 feet, and 13 inches in lesser streets; and materials of bow-windows and projections to be the same as external walls; but not to affect the commissioners of paving, or of sewers in London. Same act, § 49, 50.

Old external walls may be repaired with the same materials as before, but if rebuilt to conform to this act; and no bow window or projection to be rebuilt, unless originally built with the house, and in a line with the street; no

stack of warehouses to be above thirty-five squares, or any communication through party-walls, unless by stone door-frames and iron-doors, and no timber within 18 inches; no stables more than 25 squares, and the like doors. Same act, § 51—54.

Buildings of the first four rates (except inns of court and chancery, royal exchange, companies halls, warehouses, and dwellinghouses, under 25l. per ann. rent) converted into two distinct tenures to be deemed separate buildings, and to have party-walls; but warehouses under 35 squares, and stables under 25 squares, may be divided. Same act, § 55, 56, 57.

Buildings of the 5th and 6th rates, in distinct tenures, and not at requisite distances deemed nuisances; and no funnel for smoke next the street in the front of the first four rates, and not nearer than 14 inches of timber, nor any brick funnel to extend beyond the line of the street; every building contrary to this act, a common nuisance, and the builder may be bound to demolish the same in convenient time, if conviction in 3 months after being built; the lord mayor and justices may respectively order irregular buildings to be taken down, and materials sold to defray the expence. Same act, § 59, 60, 61.

The lord mayor and aldermen, and justices in sessions, may respectively appoint surveyors, who are to be sworn, and leave notice of their place of abode with the clerk of the peace; and to whom notice is to be given 24 hours before the beginning of any building, who is to survey the same, and to be paid by the builder,

	l.	s.	d.
For 1st rate, new building	3	10	0
Every alteration or addition	1	15	0
2d rate, new building	3	3	0
Every addition, &c.	1	10	0
3d rate, new building	2	10	0
Every addition, &c.	1	5	0
4th rate, new building	2	2	0
Every addition, &c.	1	1	0
5th rate, new building	1	10	0
Every addition, &c.	0	15	0
6th rate, new building	1	1	0
Every addition, &c.	0	10	6

	i. s. d.
7th rate, new building	0 10 6
Every addition, &c.	0 5 0

which may be levied by distress on the master workman with costs; and on default of notice, treble satisfaction to the surveyor, and 20*l.* penalty. Same act, § 63, 64.

Surveyor to give information of irregular buildings, and the lord mayor and justices to order the same to be demolished or amended, and 50*s.* penalty on the workman, or to be committed not more than three months, nor under one. Houses, &c. to be surveyed in 14 days after finished, and the surveyor in 14 days more to make oath to be filed, that such house, &c. is duly built; and the builder neglecting to have the same done, to forfeit 10*l.* and if not done in a month after conviction, 10 forfeit 10*l.* more, and so *toties quoties* every month; but the surveyor misbehaving to be discharged, and incapable of acting again. Same act, § 65—68.

Not to extend to the King's palaces. Same act, § 69.

When buildings are presented as ruinous, a board is to be put up; if owners, on notice, neglect to take down the same, the court of lord mayor and aldermen, or churchwardens and overseers of the poor (out of the city) may order the same to be taken down, and the materials to be sold to pay the expense, and the surplus to be paid to the owner if demanded in six years, and if deficient, the owner or occupier to make it good, and the landlord to allow the tenant what is so paid. Same act, § 70, 71.

Not more than 10 gallons of turpentine to be distilled at once in buildings under 50 feet from others, on penalty of 100*l.* and treble costs; but not to prevent shipwrights, bargebuilders, &c. near the Thames from boiling or mixing oil, and other things, to pay ships, barges, &c. Same act, § 72, 73.

Parish officers to place on mains of waterworks, stopblocks, and firecocks, and to mark the house near, and keep keys there; the firecocks to be kept in repair by the parish, and the plugs by

the owners of the water-works, and engines and ladders to be kept in every parish, on penalty of 10*l.* on officers, to be levied by distress, &c. turncock whose water comes first to have 10*s.* paid by the parish officers; first engine 1*l.* 10*s.* second engine 1*l.* and third engine 10*s.* paid by the same; but no reward without the approbation of an alderman or two common council men in London, and a justice out; where officers pay rewards for fires in chimnies only, or first beginning there, to be reimbursed by the occupier, as the mayor or justice shall direct, who may examine the parties or others on oath, and if not paid in 14 days, may be levied by distress; united parishes to be deemed one, and parishes may have more than one engine, under the like regulations; rewards to be paid out of the poor's rates. Same act, § 76—81.

Watermen belonging to insurance offices not to be impleaded; directors of insurance offices may, on the request of any person interested in houses burnt, or on suspicion of fraud in insurer, cause the money insured to be laid out in rebuilding, unless the party, in 60 days, give security to lay out the same, or that the money be disposed of with the approbation of the directors; servants carelessly firing houses, to forfeit 100*l.* or 18 months imprisonment. Same act, § 82, 83, 84.

Constables and beadles, on notice, to repair to fires, and may seize misdoers; no action against a person where the fire accidentally begins; and distress for penalties, not unlawful for want of form, but the party aggrieved may recover special damages; and the plaintiff not to recover if tender of amends before action, or may pay money into court before issued joined. Same act, § 85—88.

Prosecutions on 12 G. 3. c. 73. discharged on amending buildings, as two surveyors shall direct, and on entering into rule so to do, proceedings stayed, and the defendant indemnified; but if no application before the end of the next term after surveyor's appointment, or no proof to the satisfaction of the court, the plaintiff may proceed, as for

a contempt; and the act not to indemnify those against whom final judgment hath been given before. Same act, § 89—92.

Irregular buildings erected since 12 G. 3. to be made secure and altered, though no prosecution, by order of the lord mayor and aldermen, or quarter sessions, filed, and to be reformed in nine months on penalty of 50*l*. and the like every 9 months until done; prosecutions before justices discharged; but not to be removed by *Certiorari*, and appeals may be to the quarter sessions, who may give costs, and the appellant to give security for the same; parishioners may be witnesses; penalties may be sued for in six months, and actions against persons acting under the act in three months, and they may plead the general issue, &c. and have treble costs. Same act, § 93—100.

Act 12 G. 3. c. 73. and also 19 *Car*. 2. c. 3.—6 *Ann*. c. 31.—7 *Ann*. c. 17.—11 G. 1. c. 28.—33 G. 2. c. 30.—4 G. 3. c. 14. and 6 G. 3. c. 27. so much as relates to party-walls, regulating buildings, and preventing mischiefs by fire, repealed. Same act, § 101.

The East India Company's warehouses not subject to the regulations of the building act. 27 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 36.

Bull Alley.

See *Paving*. 31 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

Bure, or North River, Norfolk.

See *Rivers*. 13 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 30.

Burial Ground.

See *Churches*. 30 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 37.

Burnt.

See *Women convicted*. 30 G. 3. c. 48. § 3. vol. 37.

Burton upon Trent, Staffordshire.

See *Paving*. 19 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 32.

See *Barges*. 23 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 34.

Bury, Lancashire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 37.

Byal Fen, in Isle of Ely.

See *Fens*. 17 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 31.

C.

Cables.

See *Cordage*. 6 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 27.

Cable Street.

See *Paving*. 11 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 29.

Calceworth, Lincolnshire.

See *Debits and Debtors*. 19 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 32.

Callicoos.

The manufactures of China, Persia, or the East Indies, printed, painted, or stained there, exported from Great Britain (except to Ireland or British America) to pay a subsidy of 1*s*. for every 20*s*. value. 5 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 26.—28 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 36.

Two per cent. of the duties paid on importation of white callicoos or muslin, to be retained on the exportation, besides one-half of the whole subsidy, not drawn back (except exported to Africa or the British Colonies in America) 5 G. 3. c. 35. § 7. vol. 26.

A drawback on Persia, China, and East India callicoos exported to Africa. 6 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 27.

No drawback on callicoos exported to the islands of Madeira, Canary, or Azores. 13 G. 3. c. 74. § 5. vol. 30.

The names of those islands to be added to the oath on the debentures for callicoos and cordage exported. Same act, § 7.

Bounties granted on exportation of British callicoos and cottons printed, &c. in Great Britain. 23 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.

Unstamped callicoos found (except shipped for exportation) forfeited with 100*l*. penalty. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 16. vol. 36.

Calton Hill.

See *Edinburgh*. 31 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 37.

Calverley, Yorkshire.

See *Debits and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

Camberwell.

Camberwell and Peckham.

For lighting and watching Camberwell. 27 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 36.

The trustees of Camberwell to pay the trustees of Peckham 20l. per ann. for the terrace. Same act, § 5.

But not to pay the patrol from Peckham to London; and the inhabitants of Camberwell may be witnesses. Same act, § 7.

Cambrics and French Lawns.

The acts of 18, 21, & 32 of G. 2. relating to the importing and wearing cambrics and French lawns, enforced and amended. 7 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 27.

Foreign ships hovering with cambrics, &c. the ship and goods to be forfeited; and if foreign cambrics are found in the custody of a hawker, forfeited, with all his pack. Same act, § 7.

Home made cambrics to be stamped before cut out of the loom; and if those goods are found unstamped, they may be seized and sold, and the seller of unstamped goods to forfeit 200l. and for forging or selling by counterfeit stamps, a capital felony. Same act, § 12.

The proof of where the goods were manufactured, to lie on the owner or claimer. Same act, § 24.

Cambrics and French lawns may be imported, worn, and sold, and if imported for exportation, to be delivered to the owners on payment of the duties; but if seized before the 10th of May 1787, to be for home consumption, and not to be imported in ships of less than 60 tons burthen, or in less quantity than 100 pieces or 200 demipieces. 27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

See *Prosecutions*. Same year, c. 32. § 19.

Cambridge.

See *Land Tax*.

See *Paving*. 28 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 36.

Canada.

See *Quebec*. 31 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 37. 766l. 16s. 6d. to reimburse Mr. Davison for 500 casks of hempseed sent to Canada. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Canada, Upper.

6,565l. 7s. granted for the civil establishment there. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Canals, Navigable.

See *Bridgewater (Duke of)*.

From the river Trent at Wilden Ferry, Derbyshire, to the river Mersey, at Runcorn Gap, in Cheshire. 6 G. 3. c. 96. vol. 27.—10 G. 3. c. 102. vol. 28.

From the river Severn between Bewdley and Tipton Brook, in Derbyshire, and across the river Trent, near Heywood Mill, in Staffordshire, to communicate with the canal from the Trent to the Mersey. 6 G. 3. c. 97. vol. 27.—10 G. 3. c. 103. vol. 28.—15 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 31.

From Coventry to communicate on Fradley Heath with the canal between the Trent and the Mersey. 8 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 28.

From the river Trent at Hawford, in the parish of Claines, to Chapel Bridge, in Droitwich, Worcestershire. Same year, c. 37.

From Birmingham to Billstone and to Autherly, to communicate with the canal between the Trent and the Mersey. Same year, c. 38.

For making and maintaining a navigable canal, at or near the mouth of the river Carron, in the county of Stirling, to the Frith or river of Clyde, near Dalmuir Burnfoot, in the county of Dumbarton; and also a collateral cut from Glasgow; and the port of Borrowstounness, to join the same at its fall into the Frith of Forth. 8 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 28.—10 G. 3. c. 105.—11 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 104. vol. 30.—24 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.

From the Coventry canal to the city of Oxford. 9 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 28.—15 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 31.

For making a navigable canal and waggon-way, from the collieries in the parishes of Old and New Monkland to the city of Glasgow, in Scotland. 10 G. 3. c. 105. vol. 28.

From Leeds Bridge in Yorkshire, to the North Lady's Walk, in Liverpool, Lancashire, and from thence to the

the river Mersey. 10 G. 3. c. 114. vol. 28.

To oblige the proprietors of the Birmingham canal to complete the fame to Newhall Ring, a field near Birmingham, 11 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 29.

From Bradford to join the Leeds and Liverpool canal, at Windhill, in the township of Idle, in Yorkshire. 11 G. 3. c. 89. vol. 29.—23 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 34.

From Market Weighton, in Yorkshire to the river Humber. 12 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 29.

From the river Dee at Chester, to Middlewich and Nantwich. Same year, c. 75.—17 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 32.

Earl of Thanet enabled to make a canal from Skipton Castle to the canal from Leeds to Liverpool in Hebble End Clofe. 13 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 30.

From Maugan Porth, through the parishes of Maugan, St. Columb Major, Little Colan, and St. Columb Minor, to Lower St. Columb Porth, in Cornwall. 12 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 30.

Sir John Ramlden enabled to make a navigable canal from the river Calder (between Cowpers Bridge and the mouth of the river Colne) to King's Mill, near Huddersfield, in Yorkshire. 14 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 30.

From the port of Bude, in the hundred of Stratton, in Cornwall, to the river Tamer, in the parish of Calstobe. Same year, c. 53.

Act 10 and 11 W. 3. c. 19. amended, and a canal from the river Aire, near Haddesley, to the river Ouze at Old Brick Garth at Ouzegate End, at Selby, in Yorkshire. Same year, c. 96.

Sir Nigel Gresley, Bart. and Nigel Boyer Gresley, his son, enabled to make a canal from the coal mines in Apedale to Newcastle Underlime. 15 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 31.

From Stourbridge town in Worcestershire, to join the Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal, near Stourton, in Staffordshire, and Two Cuts on Penfnet Chace to the junction of Wordefley Brook, with the river Stour, and from Blackdelph to join the Lays in Kingwinford, Staffordshire. 16 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 31.

From the south side of Harecastle to Froghall, and a rail-way from thence to Coddon, &c. Same year, c. 32.

For making a canal from lands of Thomas Talbot Foley, Esq. in Dudley, Worcestershire, to join with Stourbridge navigation, at Black Delph, on Penfnet Chace, in King's Winford, in Staffordshire. Same year, c. 66.

From the river Trent, in the lordships of Sawley and Longeaton, in Derbyshire, to Langley bridge, in Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire. 17 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 31.

From Basingstoke, Hants, to communicate with the river Wey, at Chertsey, in Surry, and to the south-east side of the turnpike-road, in the parish of Turgifs, Hants. 18 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 32.

A canal from the river Thames or Isis to Letchlade, to join the Stroudwater canal, at Wallbridge, near Stroud, and also a collateral cut from Sidding-ton to Cirencester. 23 G. 3. c. 38. v. 34.

The proprietors of Leeds and Liverpool canal, incorporated and enabled to purchase the navigation of the river Douglas, alias Asland, from the river Ribble to Wigan, by 6 G. 1. c. 28. Same year, c. 47.

A navigable canal from Rider's Green, in Staffordshire, to Broadwater Fire Engine, and fix collateral cuts from the same to several coal mines, and another canal from Birmingham to join Coventry canal at Fazeley, in the parish of Tamworth, with a collateral cut to the lower part of Birmingham. Same year, c. 92.

The proprietors of the canal by 8 G. 3. c. 36. from Birmingham to Billstone and Auterley incorporated with the Company, by 23 G. 3. c. 30. from Birmingham to Fazeley, and their shares consolidated, &c. 24 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 35.

The proprietors of Borrowstounness canal, in Scotland, enabled to complete their canal. 24 G. 3. 1. c. 5. v. 34.

For extending the Dudley Canal to Birmingham Canal, at Tipton Green. 25 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 35.

The proprietors of the navigation from the Trent to the Mersey, to make

make a canal from the navigation on Fradley Heath and to Fazeley, and an agreement between the companies for that purpose, confirmed. Same year, c. 99.

Acts 9 G. 3. c. 70. and 15 G. 3. c. 9. for the canal from Coventry to Oxford, rendered more effectual, and power given to raise 60,000*l.* more for that purpose. 26 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 35.

The restraint for conveying coals down the rivers Isis, Charwell, and Thames, between the canal and Reading, repealed. Same act, § 8.

The course of the canal from the Forth to the Clyde, altered, and a collateral cut made to Glasgow. 27 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.

The magistrates of Paisley, in Scotland, enabled to make a canal from the river Cart, across the turnpike-road from Glasgow to Greenock. Same year, c. 56.

For making a canal from Pentre Rock, near the town of Flint, to Greenfield, in the county of Flint, in Wales. 28 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 36.

From the canal at Donnington Wood, in Shropshire, to Southall Bank, and from thence by two branches to communicate with the river Severn, one near Coalbrooke Dale, and the other near Madeley Wood. Same year, c. 73.

For making a navigable canal from the borough of Andover, in Hampshire, to Redbridge, in the parish of Millbrook, in the said county. 29 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 36.

The like from Cromford Bridge, in Derbyshire, to join with the Erewash canal, near Langley Bridge; and also a collateral cut from the said intended canal, near Codnor Park Mill, to Pinxton Mill in the said county. Same year, c. 74. altered and amended. 30 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 37.

For carrying into execution two acts, 16 G. 3. c. 66. and 25 G. 1. c. 87. for making a navigable canal from the Stourbridge navigation to the Birmingham, and Birmingham and Fazeley navigation in Worcestershire and Staffordshire, and 10,100*l.* raised on the new proprietors. 30 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 37.

The company of proprietors of the

canal navigation from Leeds to Liverpool, enabled to vary the line of the said canal, and to raise a further sum of 200,000*l.* for completing thereof. Same year, c. 65.

For making a navigable canal from Merthyr Tidville to and through the bank near the town of Cardiff, in Glamorganshire. Same year, c. 82.

For making a navigable canal from Birmingham to communicate with the river Severn, near Worcester. 31 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 37.

For making a navigable communication between the Loughborough canal and the town of Leicester, and for making a communication by rail-ways, or stone roads and water levels from several places and mines to the said canal, and for continuing the same by passing along the said canal to the said navigable communication. Same year, c. 65.

To enable the company of proprietors of the Thames and Severn canal navigation to borrow a further sum of money to complete the said navigation. Same year, c. 67.

For making a navigable canal from Manchester, near Presto-lee-bridge, in the township of Little Lever, and from thence by one branch to the town of Bolton, and by another to the town of Bury, and to Waddell Brook, in the parish of Bury, all in Lancashire. Same year, c. 68.

The like from Kington, in the county of Hereford, through Leominster, to join the river Severn, near Stourport Bridge, in the county of Worcester. Same year, c. 69.

For making a canal or navigable communication from Abernant, in the county of Glamorgan, to a place called the Brickfield, near Melinrythan Pill, into the river Neath, near the town of Neath, in the said county. Same year, c. 85.

For making a navigable canal from the city of Hereford to the city of Gloucester, with a collateral cut from the same to the town of Newent in the county of Gloucester. Same year, c. 89.

For making and maintaining a navigable canal from Wyke Bank, in Staffordshire,

fordshire, to communicate with the Birmingham and Birmingham and Fazeley canal, near Wolverhampton, in the said county, and collateral cuts. 32 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 37.

The like from the foot of Coombe Hill, in the parish of Leigh, in Gloucestershire, to join the river Severn, near a place called Fishers, otherwise Fletcher's Leap, in the parish of Deerhurst, in the said county. Same year, c. 83.

For making a navigable canal from Manchester to Ashton-under-Lyne, and Oldham, in Lancashire. Same year, c. 84.

For making and maintaining a navigable canal, from the Cromford canal, in Nottinghamshire, to the town of Nottingham, and to the river Trent, near Nottingham Trent Bridge, and collateral cuts. Same year, c. 100.

The like from Kirkby Kendal, in Westmoreland, to West Houghton, in Lancashire; and also a navigable branch from the said canal, at Borwick to Warton Cragg, and from Gale Moss, by Chorley to Duxbury, in the said county of Lancaster. Same year, c. 101.

The like from Pontnewynydd into the river Usk, near the town of Newport, and a collateral cut from the same at a place called Cryndau Farm to Crumlin Bridge, all in Monmouthshire, and for making and maintaining railways or stone roads to several iron works and mines in Monmouthshire and Brecknockshire. Same year, c. 102.

For making and maintaining a navigation from Sleaford Castle Causeway, through the town of Sleaford, in Lincolnshire, along the course of Sleaford Mill-stream and Kyme Eau to the river Witham, at Chappel Hill, in the said county. Same year, c. 106.

For enlarging and improving the canal called Tattershall canal, from the river Witham to the town of Tattershall, and extending the same into the river Bain, and for making the said river Bain navigable, from thence to Horncastle, all in the county of Lincoln; and also for amending and rendering complete the navigable communication between the said river Witham and the Fosdike canal, through the High Bridge, in the city of Lincoln. Same year, c. 107.

Candles and other goods enumerated which have paid duties, may be exported on notice to excise officers, who are to see the same packed, &c. 23 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 34.

An additional excise duty of one half-penny per pound laid on all candles, either imported or home made (except wax or spermaceti) and also 5 per cent. impost on the duties by 19 & 22 G. 3. and several regulations made for securing the same duties; and after 1st of August, no composition allowed on candles for private use. 24 G. 3. s. 2. c. 11. vol. 34.

See *Wax Candles*. Same year, c. 36.

None to make candles in the limits of the excise office, London, but the occupiers of tenements of at least 10l. per ann. besides the parish rates; and in other parts of the kingdom without paying to church and poor. 25 G. 3. c. 74. § 25. vol. 35.

The time of entering home-made candles reduced to a week, and to be on oath, and the duty to be paid in a week after; and notice to officers when the makers begin to spread cotton, and to begin working in three hours after, or the notice void. Same act, § 24.

Candlemakers having begun to spread wicks, must proceed till all for the course be finished; and also begin to dip in five hours after beginning to spread, and continue to dip till the course is finished, on penalty of 50l. and if the notice specifies more than five hours, to be void. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 6. vol. 35.

Entries of candlemakers not deemed withdrawn till all arrears of duties paid. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 18. vol. 36.

Officers of excise not to enter candlemakers houses from eleven at night till five in the morning, without a peace officer, except where candles are in operation, or notice given of working. Same act, § 20.

Candlemakers furnaces to be locked up by the officer, and they are to provide a proper place for locking up their moulds, which if not done, to forfeit 100l. Same act, § 22.

Tallow and other candles (except wax

wax and spermaceti) home made, to pay excise duty, per pound avoirdupois 14d. and wax and spermaceti the like 3½d. Same year, c. 13. Sched. F.

From the 25th of March 1792, one halfpenny per pound of the duty and drawback on candles, by 27 G. 3. c. 13. to cease. 32 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 37.

One halfpenny per pound on candles to be allowed for the stock in hand on the 26th of March 1792, but no allowance unless notice given before the 25th of March 1792, of the quantity, &c. Same act, § 2.

Excise officers between five in the morning and seven in the evening of the 26th of March 1792, may take an account of stock, and if found less than contained in the notice, the dealer to forfeit the allowance, and 50l. penalty for obstructing officers; and dealers to provide scales and weights, on penalty of 50l. Same act, § 4.

Officers to give the party intitled to the allowance a certificate of the amount, &c. which is to be produced after six weeks and before three months, from the time of their being granted, and the allowance to be paid by the commissioners or collectors of excise. Same act, § 6.

Candlestoe Wapentake.

See *Debits and Debtors*. 18 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 32.

Canongate, in Edinburgh.

See *Scotland*. 12 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 29.

Canterbury (City of).

See *Paving*. 27 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 36.

Canvey Island, Essex.

For embanking, draining, and improving the said island. 32 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 37.

Cape of Good Hope.

See *Tin*. 30 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 37.

Cards and Dice.

Regulations concerning the making and stamping cards. 5 G. 3. c. 46. § 9. vol. 26.

See *Stamps*. 12 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.

An additional stamp duty of 6d. per pack on cards, and 2s. 6d. per pair on dice made for sale. 16 G. 3. c. 34. § 6. vol. 31. The same additional stamp duty repeated. 29 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 36.

Cardiff, Wales.

See *Paving*. 14 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 30.

See *Canals, navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 37.

Carew, Reginald Pole.

See *Ferries*. 30 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

Carlton Bridge, Yorkshire.

See *Bridges*. 14 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 30.

Carlton (Lady Maria):

An annuity of 1000l. per ann. granted to Lady Maria Carlton and her two sons. 26 G. 3. c. 88. vol. 35.—28 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 36.

Carlton (Great) Lincolnshire.

See *Draining*. 32 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 37.

Carlton House.

35,200l. granted for carrying on and completing the works at Carlton House. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

3,500l. for masons work there. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Carmarthen.

See *Paving*. 32 G. 3. c. 104. vol. 37.

See *Gaols*. Same act.

Carolina.

See *Rice*. 4 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 26.—5 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 26.

2,018l. 19s. 2d. arrear of salary due to Gabriel Johnston, governor of North Carolina. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Carriages (Two Wheel).

See *Coaches*. 22 G. 3. c. 68. § 11. v. 34.

Carts and Carriages.

Any person may search the register of carts, &c. kept by the commissioners of hackney coaches (according to 18 and 30 G. 2.) on paying 4d. 7 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 27.

All carts, &c. entered before 16th of November 1770 (when the office was burnt)

burnt) to re-enter them before 29th Sept. 1771, or to be liable to former penalties. 11 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 29.

So much of 6 G. 1. c. 6. as relates to the carriage of meal, malt, and coals, in London, and act 4 G. 3. c. 39. § 25. repealed. Same year, c. 51.

See *Scotland*. 12 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 29.

Carts and carriages travelling on turnpike roads, regulated. 13 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 30.

Drivers of carts, drays, &c. within five miles of Temple Bar, London, without name or number thereon, subject to the same penalties as drivers of carts are liable to in London, &c. 24 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 34.

A duty of 4s. per ann. laid on carts and carriages with three or four wheels, not already charged with any excise duty, and if with only two wheels, to pay 2s. per ann. but not to pay for more than one carriage used in agriculture only, nor for more than three used for any other purpose (except employed for hire) and not to extend to two wheel, or one horse peat carts; and carriages carrying arms, &c. for soldiers, not to be deemed working for hire. 23 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 34.

See *Horses*. Same year, c. 31.

Additional annual duties laid on horses and carriages with four wheels, viz.

Where one coach kept (except hackney coaches) to pay - 1l.

Where two, to pay for one - 1l.

For the other - 2l.

Where three or more, for one - 1l.

For each of the other - 3l.

To be raised according to act 25 G. 3. c. 47.—29 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 36.

Not to extend to carriages let to travel post by licenced persons. Same act § 4.

Duties to be paid quarterly, the first payment Oct. 10, 1789, and to be paid into the exchequer and carried to the consolidated fund, and the act put in execution by the commissioners of taxes. Same act, § 7.

Carriages with two or three wheels used for pleasure and not for husbandry or trade, to pay the duty by 25 G. 3. and if not entered the owner to forfeit 7l. for each carriage, to be levied by distress. Same act, § 18.

See *Waggons*. 32 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 37.

Cart River, Glasgow, Scotland.

See *Canals, navigable*. 27 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 36.

Cases referred to Judges.

See *Houses and Windows*. 24 G. 3. c. 38. § 44. vol. 34.

See *Servants*. 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 27. v. 35.

Cashew Gum.

See *West Indies*. 30 G. 3. c. 28. v. 37.

Catherine's (St.) near the Tower.

See *Paving*. 25 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 35.

Catterick and Tunstall, Yorkshire.

See *Strickland*. 30 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 37.

Cattle.

The free importation of cattle allowed from Ireland. 5 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 26.

Persons indemnified for acting under an order of council, relating to the distemper amongst the horned cattle, and the powers in the said order continued. 10 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 28.

For further preventing the spreading of the distemper, and the powers extended to Scotland and Ireland. 10 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 28.—12 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 87. § 13. vol. 30.

Live cattle and flesh provisions not to be exported until the 20th day after the next session of parliament. 11 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 29.

799l. 12. 2d. granted by parliament, being paid by persons for preventing the distemper amongst the horned cattle. Same year, c. 48.

To prevent mischief by driving cattle in London and Westminster, and within the bills of mortality. 14 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 30.—21 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 33.

1,684l. 15s. 10d. more granted, being also paid for preventing the distemper amongst horned cattle. 15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

For preventing slaughtering cattle in the city of Edinburgh. 22 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 34.

See *Slaughtering Horses in London*. 26 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 35.

Catwater.

2,000l. for securing the harbour of Catwater

Catwater and Sutton Pool. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Ceded Islands.

Goods and effects of any of the islands ceded to France or Spain, may be imported by British subjects, in British ships, until 1st May 1765. 5 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 29.

Cement.

See *Liardet (John)*. 16 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 31.

Certificates.

See *Stamps*. 23 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.

See *Game*. 25 G. 3. c. 50. § 8. vol.

35.

See *India (East) Company*. 26 G. 3.

c. 40. § 24. vol. 35.

See *Annuities*. 30 G. 3. c. 45. § 2. vol. 37.

Certiorari.

Cases wherein a certiorari is not grantable; not on the act for establishing a street-toll on Sundays for the city of Westminster. 5 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 26.

Nor on the act for paving Westminster. Same year, c. 50. § 29.

And the like clause is contained in most of the other paving acts. See *Paving*.

No certiorari on conviction of fraud in admeasurement of coals in London. 7 G. 3. c. 23. § 24. vol. 27.

Nor on the act for reducing the turnpike acts into one. Same year, c. 40. § 53.

Nor on proceedings before commissioners for licensing hackney coaches and chairs. Same year, c. 44. § 21.

Nor on conviction for stealing dogs. 10 G. 3. c. 18. § 4. vol. 28.

Nor for destroying game. Same year, c. 19. § 4.

Nor on penalties for frauds in making bricks and tiles. Same year, c. 49. § 11.

Nor on the building act. 14 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 30.

Nor on proceedings before justices on the act for securing the property of owners in ships, liable to forfeiture by misconduct of the master or seamen. 21 G. 3. c. 39. § 7. vol. 33.

Nor on the act relating to the importation and exportation of corn, &c. Same year, c. 29.

Nor on conviction on driving cattle

in London. Same year, c. 67.

But it may be granted on appeals under the gunpowder act. 12 G. 3. c. 61. § 14. vol. 29.

But not on appeals relating to foreign cordage seized on board ships. 25 G. 3. c. 56. § 12. vol. 35.

Nor on the stamp act. 26 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 35.

See *Paving*. 30 G. 3. c. 53. § 65. vol. 37.

Chairmen and Porters.

See *Margate, Kent*. 27 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 36.

Chairs.

See *Hackney Coaches*.

Chaleur Bay.

See *Corn*. 16 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 31. — 17 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 31.

Chamberlain (Lord) of Household.

See *Bounties*. 25 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

Chamberlains of Exchequer.

See *Exchequer*. 23 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 34.

Champion (Richard).

See *Porcelain*. 15 G. 3. c. 52. v. 31.

Chancery.

A salary of 120l. per ann. for the Accountant General's third clerk, may be taken out of the interest of the suitors money. 4 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 26.

Impowered to place out 80,000l. of the suitors money, to raise 200l. per ann. for each master. 5 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 26.

And 20,000l. more, and to apply out of the interest, to the Accountant General per ann. 250l. to his first clerk 50l. to his second clerk 40l. and to his fourth clerk 120l. and the surplus to be carried to account, as directed by 12 G. 2. c. 24. — 9 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 28.

And to place out 50,000l. more, and out of the interest and surplus interest, by 12 G. 2. c. 24. — 5 G. 3. c. 28. and 9 G. 3. c. 19. to apply money by the chancellor's order for rebuilding the fix clerks office, and 10,000l. for building the register's and accountant general's offices; to be vested in the accountant general and his successors. 14 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 30.

If any part of the 50,000l. be wanted for the suitors, it may be ordered out of the general cash. Same act, § 5.

Part of Lincoln's inn-garden vested in the accountant general, in trust, for the purposes in the last act, as to the register's and accountant general's offices, free from taxes (except what is now paid for those offices) 15 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.

For applying the fund by 14 G. 3. c. 43. for building the six clerks' office in Lincoln's inn garden, and for the sale of the old office. Same year, c. 56.

Chancery may order the charges of this act, and also 3000l. (beside the 10,000l.) for building the register's and accountant general's offices, according to 14 G. 3. c. 43.—20 G. 3. c. 33, vol. 33.

See *Master of the Rolls*.

390,000l. unemployed in the bank belonging to the suitors, may be placed out on government securities, and the interest and dividends to be received by the bank, and applied as follows :

	£.
To the accountant general's fifth clerk, per ann.	120
To his sixth clerk	120
To his seventh clerk	100
Additional salary to his first clerk	100
To his second clerk	140
To his third clerk	80
To his fourth clerk	40

And the expenses of this act to be paid, and 30,000l. may be applied in purchasing ground and building offices for the the masters' and the secretaries of bankrupts and lunatics, and for repositories for their deeds, papers, &c. 32 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 37.

By order of the court of chancery, offices for the masters and the secretaries of bankrupts and lunatics, &c. may be erected and kept in repair. Same act, § 4.

Masters in chancery to be assessed to the land-tax in the Liberty of the Rolls. Same act, § 6.

As soon as 21,295l. 13s. 2d. to be paid pursuant to 17 G. 3. c. 59. shall be replaced, the securities purchased under former acts, and to be purchased under this act, to make one aggregate fund, and the surplus interest to be placed out on government securities, and applied to answer the demands of suitors, if necessary; but securities may be changed, and the money placed out under this or former acts, if wanted, to

answer demands of suitors, shall be called in. Same act, § 9.

Chaplain.

See *Gaols* 13. G. 3. c. 58. vol. 30.

Charities and Charitable Funds.

See *Drury Lane Theatre*. 16 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 31.

See *Covent Garden Theatre*. Same year, c. 31.

See *Salford*. Same year, c. 55.

See *Poor*. 26 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 35.

Charter Party.

Stamp duties imposed, by 12 Q. Ann. c. 9. § 21. and 30 G. 2. c. 19. § 1. declared to extend to charter parties. 5 G. 3. c. 35. § 10. vol. 26.

Every deed, note, letter, &c. between the captain, master, or owner, and the merchant, deemed such charter party. Same act, § 11.

Cbace, Enfield.

See *Enfield*. 17 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 31.

Cbatham, Kent.

See *Paving*. 12 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 29.—16 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 31.

For vesting lands, &c. in trustees for the better securing the docks, &c. there. 20 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 33.

See *Fortifications*. 21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 34.

Cbatham (Earl of).

An annuity of 4,000l. per ann. granted out of the aggregate fund to the heirs of William Pitt and his successors, as Earls of Chatham, payable quarterly, tax free and without fee; may charge it with a jointure of 1,000l. per ann. but not to be incumbered longer than the life of the party charging the same, 18 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 32.

Chatteris, Cambridgeshire.

See *Inclosures*. 31 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 37.

Chelmsford, Essex.

See *Paving*. 29 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 36.

Chelsea (St. Luke's).

See *Streets*. 30 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 37.

Chelsea Hospital.

See *Gibraltar*. 25 G. 3. c. 29. § 10. vol. 35.

Cheltenham.

Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.

See *Paving*. 26 G. 3. c. 116. vol. 35.

Chester.

For erecting lighthouse and land marks in the port of Chester. 16 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 31.

For licencing a theatre in the city of Chester. 17 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 31.

See *Corn*. 18 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 32.

See *Affidavits*. 27 G. 3. c. 43. v. 36.

See *Bail*. Same act.

See *Gaols*. 28 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 36.

Chichester (City of).

See *Corn*. 18 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 32.

Act 18 *Eliz*. c. 19. for paving the city of Chichester, repealed. 31 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 37.

See *Paving*. Same act.

Children.

See *Servants*. 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 15. vol. 35.

Chimney Sweepers

And their apprentices regulated. 28 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 36.

Overseers of the poor and churchwardens, with the consent of two justices, may bind boys chargeable to the parish, and not under eight years old, apprentices to chimney-sweepers, and the master not to have more than six apprentices at a time, which are not to be let out to hire, nor to call in the streets before seven o'clock in the morning in the winter, and five o'clock in the summer. Same act.

Justices may settle disputes; but no warrant of distress until six days after conviction, and the justices may administer oaths; but the proceedings to be subject to appeal to the sessions. Same act.

China Prize Goods.

See *India (East) Company*. 22 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.

Cbirk, Denbighshire.

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 37.

Cbiswell Street.

See *London*. 18 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.

Chocolate.

See *Coffee, &c.* Duties to cease. 21 G. 3. § 55. § 1. vol. 33.

Christchurch, Middlesex.

See *Poor*. 18 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 32.

See *Paving*. 28 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 36.

Christ Church, Surry.

See *Paving*. 31 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

Christenings.

See *Stamps*. 23 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.

Christophr (St.) le Stocks.

See *Churches*. 21 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 33.

Christopher's (St.) Island.

Goods the produce of the islands of St. Christopher, Nevis, and Montserrat, allowed to be imported on plantation duties. 22 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 34.

This act repealed. 23 G. 3. c. 14. § 6. vol. 34.

See *Ships*. Same act.

Church Lane, Whitechapel.

See *Paving*. 23 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 34.

Churches.

For repairing the parish church of Croydon, Surry, 1 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 23.

For building two churches at Liverpool. 2 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 35.

The term enlarged, by 7 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 27.

For rebuilding the church and the rector's house of Allhallows on the Wall, London. 5 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 26.

For repairing the church of the united parishes of All Saints and St. John, in Hertford town. Same year. c. 94.

For rebuilding St. Martin's church in Worcester. Same year. c. 69.

Edward Byrom, Esq. enabled to complete a new church at Manchester, and for making it a perpetual cure and benefice. 9 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 28.

For building a new parish church at St. Mary le Bone, Middlesex, and declaring the present church a chapel, and making a church-yard, and building a house for the minister. 10 G. 3. c. 112. vol. 28.

Churches, &c. assessed to the pavement in London. 11 G. 3. c. 29. § 51. vol. 29.

For enlarging the church-yard of Watford, Hertfordshire. 12 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 29.

For building a church or chapel at Richmond, near Everton, Lancashire. Same year, c. 36.

For building two chapels at Birmingham, and providing burying-places thereto. 12 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 29.

A piece of ground at Clapham, in Surry, vested in trustees, to build a new church upon. 14 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 30.

For enlarging the burying ground of the church-yard of St. Stephen, Bristol. Same year, c. 55.

For rebuilding the church of Lewisham, in Kent. Same year, c. 93.

For establishing a new church or chapel erected at Toxteth Park, near Liverpool. Same year, c. 94.

For rebuilding the church at Battersea, in Surry. Same year, c. 95.

For taking down the church of All Saints, at Fulbourne, Cambridgeshire, and repairing the church of St. Vigor there. 15 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 31.

For rebuilding the church of Tardebiggin, Worcestershire and Warwickshire. 16 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.

For building a church at Buckingham. 17 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 31.

Achurch in Northamptonshire made a parish church; Lilford church to be taken down, and Achurch to be repaired. 18 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 32.

The church or chapel erected by Charles Roe, Esq. at Macclesfield, Cheshire, made a perpetual cure, and endowed and vested in the said Mr. Roe and his heirs, who is to pay 100l. towards augmenting the chapels of Rainbow and Salters Field. 19 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 32.

For providing a maintenance for the minister of Trinity chapel, in Coventry. Same year, c. 57.

For establishing payments to the vicar of Saint Michael, in Coventry, in lieu of tythes, and so much of a private act, 4 & 5 P. & M. No. 5. as relates thereto, repealed. Same year, c. 60.

See *Marriages*. 21 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 33.

The parish church of St. Christopher le Stocks, London, vested in the corporation of the Bank of England for ever, and the parish united with St. Margaret, Lothbury. Same year, c. 71.

For building a new church and rectory house, at Escrick, in Yorkshire, and for confirming an agreement with the rector for exonerating certain lands there from tythes. Same year, c. 76.

For repairing Whitechapel church, in Middlesex. 23 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 34.

For repairing Kidderminster church, in Worcestershire. 25 G. 3. c. 94. v. 35.

For building Christ-church, alias Holy Trinity, in the city of Bristol. Same year, c. 95.

The parish of Liverpool being taken out of the parish of Walton by a private act 10 & 11 W. 3. No. 36. the incomes of the rectors of the parish church and chapel of Liverpool were augmented and ascertained. 26 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 35.

For pulling down and rebuilding the church of All Saints, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne. 26 G. 3. c. 117. vol. 35.

For rebuilding the chapel of East Stonehouse, in Devonshire. 27 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 36.

For dividing the parish of St. James, Bristol, and building a new church, and providing a church-yard and parsonage-house. 27 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 36.

For taking down the chapel in Exeter castle. Same year, c. 59.

For rebuilding the chapel of Hanley, Staffordshire, and vesting the right of nomination in trustees. Same year, c. 62.

For rebuilding Wansted church, in Essex. Same year, c. 63. This act amended, and power to raise 5,000l. by loans, and to sell vaults, and right of rector saved. 29 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 36.

For building a new chapel on Portsmouth Common, in the parish of Portsea. 27 G. 3. c. 64.

For taking down and rebuilding the parish church of St. James, Clerkenwell, and making a church-yard and avenue thereto. 28 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 36.

The like of St. Peter le Poor, London, and widening the street. Same year, c. 62.

For rebuilding Paddington church, and enlarging the church-yard. Same year, c. 74.

For repairing St. Paul's church, Covent Garden, and removing the watch-house, and to raise 6,000l. Same year, c. 83. This act amended and 4,000l. to be raised by annuities. 29 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 36.

For building a church or chapel in the parish of Barthomley, in Cheshire, by Mary, Margaret, and Judith Alfager, and to endow the same, and establish a charity

charity school in the same parish, and for vesting the presentation in the lord of the manor of Allager. 29 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 36.

For rebuilding the parish church of St. Chad, in the town of Shrewsbury, in Salop, and making avenues to the said church and a cemetery, with power to raise 10,000l. by pews and rates of 1s. 6d. in the pound per ann. Same year, c. 31.

For providing an additional burying ground for the parish of St. James, Westminster, and for erecting a chapel adjoining, and a house for the residence of a clergyman, &c. to officiate in burying the dead. Same year, c. 47. Amended by 30 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 37.

For constituting the church of St. Giles, in the parish of Pontefract, Yorkshire, a parish church. Same year, c. 48.

For rebuilding the parish church and tower of St. Thomas, within the city of Bristol. 30 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 37.

A chapel at Ramsgate, in the parish of St. Lawrence, in the Isle of Thanet, in Kent, established as a chapel of ease to the church of the same parish for ever. 30 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 37.

The curate to read prayers twice every Sunday, and to administer the sacrament as often as required by law in a parochial church, and read prayers in the morning every Wednesday and Friday, from the beginning of Lent to Michaelmas, and on all Saints days throughout the year, and to preach two sermons every Sunday, except when the sacrament is administered, and then only one. Same act, § 5.

The trustees, in case of a vacancy, to be appointed by the survivors, with the approbation of the archbishop of Canterbury. Same act, § 11.

The rights of the archbishop and archdeacon of Canterbury, and vicar of St. Lawrence, saved. Same act, § 15.

The act of the 28 G. 3. c. 10. for building a church, at St. James's, Clerkenwell, amended, and the powers enlarged; and for purchasing Pentonville chapel, and making the same a chapel of ease to the church. Same year, c. 69.

For taking down the church and

tower of the parish of St. John, Hackney, and for building another church and tower for the use of the said parish, and for making an additional cemetery or church-yard. Same year, c. 71.

For taking down the church chancel and tower of the parish of Banbury, in Oxfordshire, and for rebuilding the same. Same year, c. 72.

For rebuilding the parish church of East Grinstead, in Sussex. Same year, c. 79.

The like of the parish church of All Saints, in Southampton, and for purchasing land for a church-yard. 31 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 37.

For repairing the parish church of Saffron Walden, in Essex. Same year, c. 73.

For building a new church in the town of Wakefield, in the West Riding of the county of York, and for providing a proper burial ground, and making provision for a minister to officiate there. Same year, c. 74.

For enlarging the powers of Act 29 G. 3. c. 31. "For rebuilding the parish church of Saint Chad, in Shrewsbury," and for raising a further sum of money for the purposes in the said act mentioned. Same year, c. 75.

For taking down the church, chancel, and tower belonging to the parish of St. Mary Magdalen, in Bridgnorth, in the county of Salop, and for rebuilding the same, and enlarging the burial ground there. 32 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 37.

To enable the inhabitants of the parish of St. Botolph Without, Aldersgate, in the city of London, to raise money for paying and discharging the debts that have been contracted in repairing their parish church, and building a new workhouse. Same year, c. 39.

For repairing, altering, and improving the parish church of St. Bridget, otherwise St. Bride, in the city of London, and for providing a workhouse for the same parish. Same year, c. 64.

For providing an additional burying ground for the parish of St. Pancras, in the county of Middlesex, and for shutting up the present foot-path leading through the church-yard, and making a commodious one in lieu thereof. Same year, c. 66.

For building a new church or chapel in the town and parish of Liverpool, in Lancashire. Same year, c. 76.

To enable the Dean and Chapter of Hereford to rebuild the west end of the cathedral church of Hereford, and to repair other parts thereof. Same year, c. 87.

For rebuilding the chapel and enlarging the chapel-yard of Lane-end, in the parish of Stoke-upon-Trent, in Staffordshire. Same year, c. 88.

For building a new church or chapel in Leeds, Yorkshire. Same year, c. 89.

Churchwardens.

For paying the poor otherwise than in lawful money, to forfeit not less than 10s. nor more than 20s. to the poor. 9 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 28.

Churchwardens and overseers of the poor are to prosecute in regard to pawn-brokers, at the expence of the parish. 27 G. 3. c. 37. § 23. vol. 36.

See *Chimney Sweepers*. 28 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 36.

Cinque Ports.

See *Militia*. 26 G. 3. c. 107. § 135. vol. 35.

Cirencester, Gloucestershire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 23 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 34.

See *Debts, Small*. 32 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 37.

Circuits.

See *Scotland*. 30 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 37.

Civil List.

See the *King*, &c. 17 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.—22 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 84.

His majesty enabled to raise 55,000l. by loans, to pay debts on the civil list. 23 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 34.

Claimants of Goods seized.

See *Excise*. 23 G. 3. c. 70. § 35. vol. 34.

See *Exchequer Court*. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 47. § 46. vol. 34.

See *Costs*. 26 G. 3. c. 40. § 30. vol. 35.

Clapham, Surry.

See *Paving*. 25 G. 3. c. 88. vol. 35.

Clarence (Duke of).

See *Annuities, Public*. 31 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 37.

34,210l. 5s. issued out of the civil list to the Duke of Clarence. Same year, c. 41.

Clarendon House.

See *Ely House*. 12 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 29.

Clement's (St.) Parish.

See *Paving*. 23 G. 3. c. 89. vol. 34.

See *Land Tax*. 26 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 5. § 72. vol. 36.

Clergy.

See *Felony*.

Clergymen.

See *Huntingdonshire*. 15 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 31.

Incumbents of ecclesiastical livings, where no house or habitation (with consent of the ordinary and patron) may borrow two years income and mortgage the glebe and tythes, &c. for 25 years, or until paid. 17 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 31.

Incumbents of glebe, &c. mortgaged by virtue of the former act to pay annually, besides the interest, 5 per cent. of the principal if resident thereon, and if not resident, to pay 10l. per cent. 21 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 33.

Clerks of the Peace.

See *Papists*. 21 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 33.

See *Game*. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 43. vol. 35.

See *Register of Freeholds*. 28 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 36.

Clerks to Attornies.

See *Attornies*. 29 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 36.

Clerkenwell.

See *Paving (St. John's)*. 11 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 29.

See *Paving (St. James's)*. 14 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 30.—17 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 31.

For building a workhouse for St. James's

James's parish, and for relief of the poor. 15 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 31.

See *Churches*. 28 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 36.—30 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 37.

Clyde Marine Society

Incorporated. 26 G. 3. c. 109. vol. 35.

Coaches.

Job-coaches let for more than a month to be marked by an excise officer under the foot-board. 7 G. 3. c. 44. § 11. vol. 27. Repealed. 10 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 28.

Stages, though numbered, having words denoting their being stages, not compellable to carry fares out of the course of their stage. 12 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 29.

An additional duty of twenty shillings each laid on all coaches with four wheels (except hackney coaches); and stage coaches with four wheels, to pay five pounds per ann. So much of 20 G. 2. c. 10. as relates to persons keeping more than five carriages, repealed. 16 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 30.

Four wheel carriages, carrying only four persons for hire, by the stage, to pay 5s. per ann. for a licence for each carriage; and also one halfpenny per mile such carriage travels. 20 G. 3. c. 51. § 2 & 39. vol. 33.

Persons furnishing carriages, diligences, &c. to fix their names and places of abode thereon. Same act, § 7.

An additional excise duty of twenty shillings per ann. on coaches and other four wheel carriages (except hackney coaches); and the same duty on two wheel carriages kept for private use, and also subject to the two 5 per cent. imposts on taxes, by 19 & 21 G. 3.—22 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 34.

An additional stamp duty of one halfpenny per mile on stage coaches and other four wheel carriages used as stages. 23 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 34.

The duties by 20 G. 2.—16, 19, 21, and 23 G. 3. on coaches, &c. to cease, and every coach, &c. with four wheels (except hackney coaches) to pay 7l. per ann. and every chaise, &c. with

two wheels al. 10s. and the provisions in the said former acts which put the duties on carriages, &c. under the commissioners of excise and stamps (except licences to horse dealers and on running horses) and licences to keep waggons, deemed unnecessary. 25 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 35.

These duties to be assessed and levied as by 20, 21, 26, and 31 G. 2. and 2, 6, 19, and 24 G. 3. as to houses and windows, and the commissioners of those duties to put this act in execution. Same act, § 7.—26 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.

These duties to be paid quarterly, and to commence for carriages before (under the excise) 10th October, and for waggons and horses, 5th Jan. and old duties having been paid in advance, to be returned in proportion by the commissioners of excise and stamps. 25 G. 3. c. 47. § 15.

Persons chargeable, to deliver lists to assessors of the greatest number of carriages kept at one time in the year, ending 5th April preceding, and to express the number of wheels, and whether for private use or hire, or as public stage coaches; and also a list of horses kept; and in default of such lists, then the assessors to make the charge. Same act, § 20.

Commissioners may relieve persons assessed in different places for the same carriages or horses; but lists to be given at both places, and a declaration of the number, to be paid for and transmitted to the commissioners of taxes. Same act, § 22.

If lists are deficient, assessors may surcharge, and the surveyor amend the assessment; and the person chargeable to pay double for those omitted, and the surveyors to have half the surcharge. Same act, § 25.

Ten pounds penalty for not delivering lists; and inhabitants not delivering lists of their lodgers, subject to the same penalty. Same act, § 27.

Appeals may be made to commissioners on ten days notice, and their determination to be final (except a case is made and referred to the judges). Same act, § 30.

Surveyors making false surcharges, to incur

incur the same penalties as by the acts relating to duties on horses and windows. Same act, § 32.

See *Horses*. Same act, § 38.

Coachmakers to take at the excise-office an annual licence at 20s. but partners need only take one, and the executors may act under the deceased's licence during the remainder of the year. 25 G. 3. c. 49.

Coachmakers are also to pay 20s. for every four wheel coach made for sale, and 10s. for every two wheel carriage, and to account every six weeks for all carriages made and sold. Same act, § 6.

See *Prosecutions*. Same act, § 9.

See *French Carriages*. 28 G. 3. c. 33. § 10. vol. 36.

See *Stage Coaches*. Same act.

See *Affessment*. 31 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 37.

Coals.

An additional duty of 4s. per chaldron laid on coals exported (except to Ireland, the Isle of Man, and the plantations in America). 5 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 26.

Coals may be exported from Newcastle to Jersey, 350 chaldrons yearly; to Guernsey, 1,000 chaldrons; and to Alderney, 110 chaldrons; and from Swansea to Jersey 150 chaldrons, free from the additional duty of 4s. per chaldron, and other regulations relating to coals. 6 G. 3. c. 22. § 40.—13 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 30.

The admeasurement of coals in London, and between Tower Dock and Limehouse Hole, regulated. 7 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 27. Continued until 1st June 1798. 17 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 31.

The duty of 6d. per chaldron and 6d. per ton on coals imported into London, established by 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 10. continued for 46 years from Michaelmas 1785, for completing Blackfriars bridge, redeeming the tolls of London bridge, rebuilding Newgate, repairing the Royal Exchange, and embanking part of the north side of the river Thames; to pay the orphans debt by 1803, and to do other works by Michaelmas 1831, and for other purposes. 7 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 27. Explained and amended by 26 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 35. and continued until 24th June 1798.

Duty granted on coals at Gainsborough, Lincolnshire, for paving the town. 9 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 28.

Act 31 G. 2. c. 76. relating to coal-heavers, repealed, and other regulations made, viz. coal-undertakers are not to take any reward for employing heavers, nor victuallers to be undertakers. Persons discharging coal ships, to be paid 1s. 6d. per score, which the lord mayor and aldermen may alter; and the money to be paid to the foreman in current coin, and for leaving any ship before discharged, punishable as servants in husbandry (except where otherwise directed) and the foreman may stop 6d. in the pound out of the wages, until the charges of the act are paid. 10 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 28.

Act 31 G. 2. c. 15. as to culm exported to Lisbon, continued until 25th March 1793, and the duty increased to 1s. 6d. per chaldron. 13 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 30.

Keels, boats, waggons, &c. carrying coals at Newcastle and Sunderland, to be measured according to 6 & 7 W. 3. c. 10 & 11. G. 2. c. 15. the coal bushel to be round, with an even bottom 19½ inches from outside to outside; to contain one Winchester bushel, and one quart of water, according to 13 W. 3. c. 5. allowing 36 bushels heaped to a chaldron, and 20 hundred at 112 pounds avoirdupois per hundred to the ton. 15 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 31.

The waggons, &c. to be numbered and marked, denoting their burthen, according to which the duties are to be paid; and if any marks are removed, the waggons, &c. forfeited, and owners to forfeit 10l. Same act, § 3.

Keels, boats, and other carriages used in loading coals on-board ships at any port in the kingdom, to be measured and pay the duty in the same manner as at Newcastle and Sunderland. Same act, § 6.

See *Scotland*. Same year, c. 28.

See *Leeds*. 19 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 32.

Acts 19 G. 2. c. 35.—23 G. 2. c. 26. and 32 G. 2. c. 27. as to land coal-meters in Westminster, &c. continued until the 24th June 1795. 21 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 33.

Act 6 G. 3. c. 22. as to loading coals at Newcastle and Sunderland, revived and

and continued until 25th March 1789. 22 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 34.

See *Dundonald* (Lord) tar from coals and cinders. 25 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 35.

Collectors of customs not to clear coastwise vessels laden with coals, &c. until the master delivers two certificates, one to be returned to him; and in default of such certificate to forfeit 50l. Same year, c. 54.

If coals are cleared coastwise, and delivered beyond sea before the exportation duties are paid; before cleared out again, must pay those duties, and also 3s. per chaldron, unless forced from the coast by contrary winds; and the fitters certificate to be evidence. Same act.

The admeasurement of coals sold by wharf measure, between Putney and Rotherhithe, regulated, 26 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 35.

A drawback of duties on coals used for smelting copper and lead ores, or in fire engines for draining water out of mines in the island of Anglesey, not exceeding 1,500l. a year. 26 G. 3. c. 104.

Principal coal-meters in London to appoint labourers to attend at wharfs to measure coals, and they are to be sworn. Same year, c. 108. § 4.

The sacks to be four feet four inches long and 26 inches broad, and the meters to receive no gratuity above 4d. per chaldron. Same act, § 12.

Persons dissatisfied may have the coals remeasured upon paying 6d. a chaldron, and if deficient, the vender to pay 5l. penalty for every bushel wanting, and also forfeit the coals, and the coal-porter to forfeit 2s. 6d. per bushel. Same act, § 20.

The land coal-meters office for Westminster, &c. established, and two principal meters appointed, and to be sworn before the justices, and they to appoint labouring meters at the wharfs, who are likewise to be sworn. The meters are not to be interested in the sale of coals, and their fee is 4d. a chaldron, to be paid by the seller, and repaid by the consumer; sending coals unmeasured, or without a ticket, to forfeit 10l. Not to extend to water works, or to persons having one chaldron or more of coals, pool measure. Same act, § 2.

Carmen to be paid 2s. 6d. an hour when stopped to re-measure coals, and the act to continue until 1795. Same year, c. 108. § 20.

The treasury may purchase of the proprietors at Pittferran, in Fifeshire, Scotland, the right of exemption from the duty on coals exported from thence, 27 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 36.

The duty on coals carried coastwise by sea, from port to port, charged thereon by schedule A. of c. 13. of this session (except where otherwise directed) may be secured by bond; but if the obligor desires a further bond before the first is discharged, he must give another with three sureties, in penalty of 4,000l. Same year, c. 32. § 23.

All persons against whom actions have been brought on act 9 *Q. Ann.* c. 28. & 3 G. 2. c. 26. relating to combinations in the coal trade indemnified, on payment of the informer's costs. 28 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 36.

If more than five persons join in purchasing coals, to be deemed a combination. Same act, § 2.

Act 6 G. 3. c. 22. to regulate the loading of ships with coals, in the ports of Newcastle and Sunderland, continued until 25th of March 1797. 30 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.

No keel, &c. used for the carriage of coals in the port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, &c. to be altered without being re-admeasured previous to being used, on penalty of forfeiture, 31 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

Owners of keels, &c. so altered to give notice to the commissioners appointed by 6 and 7 *W.* 3. c. 10. Same act, § 2.

The contents of keels, &c. whose marks have been accidentally removed after being loaded, may be unloaded, and 5l. penalty on removing marks put upon keels, &c. Same act, § 4.

Coalbrookdale.

See *Canals, navigable.* 28 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 36.

Coast Trade.

For relief of the coast trade of Great Britain. 32 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 37.

Goods may be conveyed to open sea from one port to another in Great Britain, without cocquet or bond, subject to the regulations of this act; but goods prohibited to be exported, &c. not to be carried coastwise without cocquet and bond. Same act.

Goods allowed to be carried coastwise without cocquet and bond, may be shipped by sufferance and carried to open sea by transire; and no goods shipped in Scotland by sufferance to be removed without the same, and a certificate of the shipping officer. Same act, § 2.

sol. penalty on masters of vessels proceeding with goods coastwise without a cocquet or sufferance; and goods brought into Great Britain by cocquet, &c. forfeited if unshipped before delivery of the cocquet to the officer; and persons counterfeiting sufferances cocquets, &c. to forfeit 200l. Same act, § 4.

If goods shipped to be carried coastwise shall exceed the quantity expressed in the cocquet, &c. the excess to be forfeited, unless by mistake and without intention of fraud. Same act, § 7.

No vessel to be permitted to clear out coastwise until the master enters into a bond, or a certificate produced of security having been before given; and bonds not liable to stamp duty; and no bond for discharging goods carried coastwise chargeable with stamp duty. Same act, § 9.

So much of act 5 G. 3. c. 39. as relates to the Isle of Man-bond, repealed. Same act, § 12.

Cochineal and Indigo.

The free importation continued. 14 G. 3. c. 86. § 8. vol. 30.—22 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 34. Until 29th Sept. 1795. 29 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.

Cockburnspath, Scotland.

See *Scotland forfeited Estates*. 29 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 36.

Cocoa Nuts.

See *Coffee*, &c. 21 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 33.

On cocoa nuts by the above act, to be allowed the full duty payable on im-

portation, on giving security to export the same. 23 G. 3. c. 11. § 6. vol. 34.

Cocquets.

See *Coast Trade*. 32 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 37.

Codnor Park Mill.

See *Canals navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 37.

Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate.

No coffee to be imported in less package than 112 pounds, and to be stowed openly in the ship or forfeited; and the importers of coffee, tea, and cocoa nuts to enter the same in thirty days after the ship is reported, or to be forfeited; but not to extend to the East India Company. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 34. vol. 26.

Ships under 50 tons having twenty pounds of coffee or other forfeitable goods on board, coming from foreign parts or hovering within two leagues of the shore, may be seized and the ship and goods confiscated. Same act, § 38.

Inland duty of 1s. per pound on coffee, by 32 G. 2. c. 10. to cease, and 6d. a pound in lieu thereof laid on all coffee not the produce of British America, besides the duties by 10 G. 1. c. 10. but not to extend to coffee warehoused before 5th July 1765. Same year, c. 45. § 11.

Act 28 G. 2. c. 21. declared not to prevent the granting licences to import tea according to 18 G. 2. c. 26. from any part of Europe. 6 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 27.

Inland duty of 1s. per pound on black or single tea, cleared out of the Company's warehouses for home consumption discontinued for five years, and the customs drawn back for the same time for all teas exported to Ireland and British America directly from the warehouse, according to 10 G. 1. c. 10.—7 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 27.

East India Company to make good the deficiency to be applied as the present duties. Same act, § 2.

Act 21 G. 2. c. 14. repealed, and no tea to be exported to Ireland or British America.

America but in the original package, and not less than one lot. Same act, § 8.

Confiscated tea to be sold for exportation only, and not to be exported in less package than fifty pounds. Same act, § 9.

The last clause repealed. 8 G. 3. c. 25. § 9. vol. 28.

See *India (East) Company*. 12 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 29.

All dealers in tea to mark their canisters with the words *Black* or *Green*, according to their contents: by black tea is meant bohea, congo, fouchong, and pekoe; and by green, all other teas, except those. 12 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 29.

Officers finding an encrease of stock in tea, may seize the same, unless a certificate be produced of the duties being paid. Same act, § 3.

Sellers of tea under 6lb. to keep distinct accounts of the quantity and sorts subject to the directions of 10 G. 1. c. 10. not more than 6lb. of tea to be removed by land or water without a permit, on forfeiture of same. Same act, § 4.

Selling tea in other shops, &c. than those entered and approved of by 10 G. 1. c. 10. the seller to forfeit 10l. and the tea. Same act, § 6.

Tea not to be exported to Ireland in ships of less than 80 tons, on forfeiture of tea and package. Same year, c. 60.

Entering tea for Ireland or America, and landing the same in other parts beyond sea, to forfeit the drawback and double the value of the tea; a moiety to the king, and the other to the informer. Same act, § 4.

All custom duties to be drawn back on tea sold at the Company's sales or imported by licence, under 18 G. 2. c. 26. on exportation of the same as merchandize to British America. 13 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 30.

Every best bidder at the Company's sales to deposit 4l. per tub or chest of bohea tea. Same act, § 2.

The treasury may licence the East India Company to export any quantity of tea to British America, free of custom duties on entry and oath, and the officer to write off the same; but no licence to be granted unless ten millions of pounds be left in the Company's warehouses. Same act, § 3.

Coffee and cocoa the produce of Dominica, may be imported under the same regulations as sugar and rum from the same island. Same year, c. 73. § 2.

An allowance of one-seventh part per hundred weight to be made for coffee in the husk imported from thence duty free. Same act, § 3.

Act 5 G. 2. c. 24. for encouraging the growth of coffee continued, except what relates to the importation and exportation of foreign coffee to and from British America. 14 G. 3. c. 86. § 7. vol. 30.—21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

Dying, &c. sloe or liquorice, ash, elder, or other leaves or tea already used in imitation of tea, or colouring the same with terra, japonica, copperas, sugar, melasses, clay, logwood, or other ingredients, or selling or having such in custody, may be convicted on oath of one witness before a justice, and to forfeit 5l. per pound weight, and may be committed for twelve and not less than six months, or until the penalty is paid. 17 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 31.

For having more than six pounds of such leaves in possession (except gathered by the consent of the owner of the trees or for other uses, to be proved in 24 hours) liable to the same penalty. Same act, § 2.

On oath of such leaves being concealed, justices may grant search warrants, and all leaves found to be destroyed (except gathered by consent of the owner of the trees, or for other uses, to be proved as aforesaid). Same act, § 3.

Inhabitants of the parish may be witnesses, and any justice within the district may act, and to certify the conviction to the next quarter sessions, which is not to be quashed for want of form, nor removed by certiorari. Same act, § 7.

See *Smuggling*. 19 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 32.

See *Druggists*. Same act, § 19.

Sellers of coffee, tea, or chocolate, are to take licence from the excise of 5s. each yearly, on penalty of 20l. but partners need not take more than one for one house. 20 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 33.

Coffee imported by the East India Company in the ship *Europa* in the year

1775, and remaining uncleared, may be exported in seven years from the time of importation, and to have the same drawback as if exported in three years. Same year, c. 58.

Coffee grown in America may continue to be imported till 24th June 1788. 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

The duties on home-made chocolate repealed, and in lieu thereof an additional inland duty of 1s. 6d. per pound laid on cocoa nuts imported. Same year, c. 55. § 1.

For further encouragement of the growth of coffee and cocoa nuts in the islands and plantations of America, the inland duty thereon reduced to 6d. per pound. 23 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 34.

Cocoa nuts and coffee the produce of the British plantations, imported directly from thence, to pay an additional duty of 6d. per pound, and from any other place, cocoa to pay 1s. 6d. and coffee 2s. 6d. per pound. 24 G. 3. c. 38. § 50. vol. 34.

The inland duties on cocoa nuts and coffee to cease 15th Sept. 1784; but if not exported or the duty paid in twelve months after, to be sold by the commissioners of the customs. Same act, § 53.

See *Tea*. 24 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 35.

See *Houses inhabited*. 24 G. 3. c. 38. § 10.

Act 5 G. 2. c. 24. (except what relates to foreign coffee). Continued until 29th Sept. 1795. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

Four years more granted for allowing a drawback on coffee imported by ship Lord Camden, in the year 1786. 29 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 36.

See *Sugar*. 32 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 37.

Coin.

The tellers of the Exchequer are required to cut or deface diminished gold coin. 13 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 30.

If silver coin, not standard in weight or fineness, be imported into Great Britain or Ireland, and above 5l. be found on board any ship, &c. or on any person coming from the water-side on search, according to 14 *Cha.* 2. c. 11. if standard

to be restored, if not, forfeited, and to be seized or melted down. 14 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 30.—18 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 32.

No tender of more than 25l. in silver good, but according to weight, at 5s. 1d. per ounce. Same act, § 2.

Collectors of revenues, &c. to receive diminished gold coin during the time appointed by proclamation, and convey the same to the bank in England in 21 days, and from Scotland in 28 days, to be exchanged for other current coin, and the bank and treasury to appoint examiners. 14 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 30.

250,000l. granted to make good the deficiency of the gold coin. 14 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 30.

The treasury to issue out of the 250,000l. granted by parliament for the necessary sums to answer deficiencies, and towards the charge of recoining the like coin into standard current money, and also to issue what may be necessary for the same purpose in Ireland, on the treasury there giving security. Same act, § 5.

The tellers of the exchequer in Great Britain, and the receiver general and paymaster in Ireland, to cut and deface light gold coin. Same act, § 7.

Those officers who wilfully neglect their duty to the prejudice of any person, to answer double damages, recoverable by action of debt. Same act, § 8.

See *Money*.

46,846l. 9s. 3d. granted to the bank of England for receiving the deficient gold coin; and 22,824l. 19s. for the extraordinary charge of the mint, 15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

The treasury out of the coinage duties to pay 1,152l. 0s. 8½d. for extraordinary expences of prosecuting offenders in regard to the coin in the years 1772, 1773, and 1774; besides the yearly sum of 600l. allowed for that purpose. 16 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 31.

The further sum of 92,421l. 14s. 11½d. granted to make good the deficiency of the grant in 1774, for recoining the deficient gold coin. Same year, c. 49.

The further sum of 105,227l. 8s. 3d. granted for the same purpose. 18 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 32.

The further sum of 1,681l. 18s. 4d. granted

granted for extraordinary expences of prosecuting coiners. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

1,565l. 3s. for prosecuting offenders against the coin laws. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

12,016l. 18s. 7½d. for the extraordinary expences of the mint in 1790. Same act.

9,819l. 18s. 7d. for the extraordinary expences of the mint in 1791. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

707l. 3s. 8d. for prosecuting offenders against the coin laws. Same act.

Colchester, Essex.

See *Paving, and Rivers navigable.* 21 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 33.

Colleges.

See *Leases.* 5 G. 3. c. 17. § 2. vol. 26.

Colneis and Carlford.

See *Poor.* 30 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 37.

Colonies.

See *Plantations.* 6 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 27.

See *Rice.* 12 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 29.

See *Interest of Money.* 13 G. 3. c. 14. —14 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 30.

See *Sugar.* 12 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 29.—18 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 32.—26 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

See *Ireland.* 18 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 32.

The trade regulated between the British colonies and the plantations in America and the West Indies, and the countries of the United States of America, &c. act 27 G. 3. c. 27. not repealed. 28 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 36.

1,286l. 19s. 9¼d. granted to discharge bills drawn by the governors of Nova Scotia, Bahama Islands, and of New Brunswick, and the fees and charges. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

2,075l. more to discharge bills issued by A. Millar, commissary of the settlement of New South Wales. Same act.

Colours.

See *Williams (Dr).* 13 G. 3. c. 77. § 24. vol. 30.

Commander in Chief of Forces, and Comptroller of the Army.

See *Post Office.* 22 G. 3. c. 70.—23 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 34.

Commissary Court at Edinburgh.

The judges to have 100l. per ann. in lieu of sentence-money; but may take other perquisites. 26 G. 3. c. 47. § 2. vol. 35.

Commissioners and Trustees.

Under act of this session the time of their first meeting enlarged to a fortnight after the session. 17 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 31.—19 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 32.—22 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 35.

Commissioners of Supply. See *Scotland.* 23 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 34.

Commissioners to enquire into losses. See *America.* Same year, c. 80.

Commissioners to enquire into fees, &c. See *Offices (public).* 25 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 36.

Commissioners for sale of crown lands. See *Crown Lands.* 26 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 35.

Commissioners for affairs of the East India Company, called the Board of Controul. See *India (East) Company.* 28 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 36.

To rectify mistakes in the names of the commissioners of land-tax. 27 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 36. This act renewed every year.

See *Land Tax.* 30 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 37.—31 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 37.

See *Forests.* Same year, c. 50. § 7.

See *America.* Same year, c. 32. § 24. c. 34.

See *Slaves.* Same year, c. 33. § 13.

See *Customs.* Same year, c. 43.

Commissioners for reduction of the National Debt.

See *National Debt.* 32 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 37.

Commitment.

See *Justices of the Peace.* 27 G. 3. c. 11.

See *Pawnbrokers.* Same year, c. 37. vol. 36.

See *Lottery.* 29 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 36.

Common

Common Fields.

See *George's (St.) Fields*. 12 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 29.

Three-fourths in number and value of occupiers of common fields, with consent of the owners, rector, and impropriator and tythe owner, on notice may meet and make rules for cultivation, &c. and to continue for six years. 13 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 30.

Majority to chuse field reeves to superintend fencing, cultivation, &c. and expences to be paid in proportion to the value of lands. Same act, § 3.

Occupiers to fix the time of opening, &c. but cottagers having right of common not excluded, nor those having separate sheep walks. Same act, § 10.

May enjoy shares separately on the terms of the act; and alter the manner of depasturing, &c. Same act, § 20.

Husbands, guardians, trustees, committees, or known agents of feme covert, minors, lunatics, or persons beyond sea, and tenants in tail, or by courtesy, or for life, enabled to sign agreements as owners or occupiers. Same act, § 22.

Owners of tithes in common fields, letting them for six years, not to take fines, and the rent to be paid half-yearly; but no agreement with the occupiers to be good, without the consent of the proprietor in writing. Same act, § 25.

See *Rams*. 13 G. 3. c. 81. § 21. vol. 30.

None prevented from enclosing his own land, but the rights of the king and lords of manors saved. Same act, § 27.

Commons, House of.

Serjeant at arms before reading the order of the day, to require the attendance of the members; at his return the members shall be counted, and if not 100, to adjourn until 100 are present. 10 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 28.

In presence of 100 members, petitioners to be ordered to the bar; the names of the members to be put in six boxes or glasses, and drawn alternately and read by the speaker till forty-nine be drawn. Same act.

Voting members at an election, or

complainants to be set aside; all above 60 excused, or those who have served on a select committee in the same session, unless the number who have not served be insufficient. Same act.

Members excused shall not be deemed to have served, and those verifying other excuses, allegations to be entered; and if the house resolve that they are unable, to be excused; instead of whom others to be drawn to complete the number forty-nine. The petitioners may name one, and the sitting members another; who may for like causes be set aside or excused, and others named. Same act.

Then the door to be opened and the house to proceed on other business; lists of the 49 to be given to the parties, who, with the clerk, are to withdraw and strike off one alternately, until reduced to thirteen, and in one hour to deliver the list; and they and the nominees to meet in 24 hours; on withdrawing, the members are not to depart until meeting of committee fixed. Same act.

Select committee may send for persons and papers, examine witnesses, and finally determine; and the house to confirm or alter the return, or issue a writ for new election; and committee not to adjourn for more than 24 hours, Sundays and Christmas-day included; if thirteen do not meet, to adjourn; and if so for three days, to be dissolved, and another committee chosen. Same act.

No determination unless thirteen present, and oaths may be administered by clerks, subject to perjury. Same act.

On the day appointed for complaints of undue elections, the house not to proceed to other business previous, and the like rules as to the 49 committeemen, to be reduced to thirteen, and no member to depart until the meeting of the select committee fixed. 11 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 29.

Commissioners for auditing the public accounts to be incapable of sitting in the House of Commons. 25 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

See *Judges in Scotland*. 26 G. 3. c. 48. § 12. vol. 35.

See *Parliament*. 30 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 37.

Commutation Act.

See *Excise, Customs, and Houses*. 24 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 34.

Companies.

For carrying on particular trades or dealings with joint stocks. No member to vote in general courts, unless possessed of his stock six months (except acquired by bequest, marriage, succession to intestate's estate, custom of London, or settlement). Oaths, &c. required to be conformable to this act. No declaration of any dividend, but at half yearly or quarterly general court, five months from the last declaration, and only for half a year; and no dividend to be increased but by ballot in three days after the court. 7 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 27.

Compensation

Made for the lands taken for the king's gunpowder mills at Faversham, in Kent, and for the fortifications at Portsmouth and Plymouth. 26 G. 3. c. 94. vol. 35.

Compositions.

See *Debts to the Crown*. 14 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 30.

See *Malt*. 23 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 34.

See *Forests*. 30 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 37.

Compounders of Spirits.

See *Distillers*. 26 G. 3. c. 73. § 15. vol. 35.

Computers.

See *London*. 25 G. 3. c. 97. vol. 35.

Concealment of Crown Lands.

See *Savoy*. 9 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 29.

Act 21 Jan. 1. c. 2. amended, and the crown disabled to implead any person for any manors, lands, &c. where the right hath not accrued within 60 years before the suit, and the subject is secured in quiet enjoyment, as well against the crown as against others

claiming any interest by letters patent or grant, on pretence of concealment, or wrongful detaining, for which no judgment for the crown hath been given for 60 years before, and where the rents are in charge with the auditor of the revenue to be deemed duly so; but this act not to extend to reversions or remainders in the crown, nor to grants of intail or limited estates; but the same to be holden of the crown on the usual tenures, services, and duties. 9 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 28.

The right under grants of the crown of manors, lands, &c. made before 1st Jan. 1769, saved if prosecuted in a year, and the like of lands, &c. in the manor of East Greenwich, or district of the Savoy, in Middlesex, or to manors, messuages, &c. the estate of the late hospital of the Savoy, or of the master and chaplains thereof, if prosecuted in two years, not prejudiced by this act. Same act, § 7.

That no putting in charge, standing insuper, or taking rents by force of letters patent, or grants of concealment, or of defective titles by colour of any inquisition or presentment, to find out concealments, &c. to be deemed a putting in charge by or to the crown, unless upon some suit for the crown within 60 years, a verdict or judgment be given for the crown respecting such manors, lands, &c. Same act, § 10.

Conies.

See *Warrens*. 5 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 26.

Coney Wool and Skins.

See *Hats*. 24 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.

Consolidated Fund

Established from 10th May 1787. 27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

All money paid into the exchequer, and not otherwise appropriated, to be carried to the consolidated fund. Same act, § 52.

The duties of customs, excise, and stamps, and on hackney coaches and chairs, hawkers and pedlars, houses, windows, and lights, and duties on salt, the 12,000l. per ann. payable by the

bank for receipts and notes, by 23 G. 3. c. 49. (See *Stamps*.) 6d. per-pound on pensions by 12 G. 1. c. 2.—1s. per pound on salaries, by 31 G. 2. c. 22. the duties on shops, coaches, and other carriages, waggons, and carts, and on horses, all to be carried to the consolidated fund. Same act, § 47.

During the king's life, the revenues of the post-office, alienation fines (after payment of 2,000l. per ann. to the hanaper office) the post fines, the duty on wine licences, sheriffs proffers, and compositions in the exchequer, seizures of prohibited or uncustomed goods, and rents and fines for the king's lands, to be carried to the same fund, and after the king's demise to be paid to his successors; but the 2,000l. per ann. to be reserved out of the alienation office for the hanaper aforesaid; and the surplus of the new duties on wine licences, above 7,002l. 14s. 3d. per ann. to be carried to the same fund. Same act, § 48.

And 38,620l. 18s. 10½d. after the king's demise also to be paid quarterly into the exchequer out of the post-office revenue, to be carried to the same fund. Same act, § 50.

The annuities for lives and years particularly specified; the debts due to the South Sea Company and the Bank of England, the South Sea annuities purchased by the Bank, several sorts of 3 per cent. annuities, 4 per cent. consolidated annuities, and 5 per cent. long annuities, and all charges thereon, with consent of proprietors, to be paid out of the same fund; and in the next place to be issued quarterly, the annuities due to the several companies in the proportions mentioned; which annuities are to be paid before any other money. Same act, § 53.

From 5th July 1787, 250,000l. to be set apart quarterly out of this fund according to 26 G. 3. c. 31. for reducing the national debt. Same act, § 59.

Whenever the consolidated fund is insufficient to pay the annuities, the treasury may take the same out of the supplies for that year, to be replaced out of any future surplus of the said fund. Same act, § 58.

The augmentation of the judges' salaries to be paid out of the consolidated fund. Same act, § 66.

See *Aggregate Fund*. Same act, § 68.

The duty on licences for retailing spirituous liquors, carried to the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 30. § 8.

24,000l. granted out of this fund, and with other money appropriated for the year 1787. Same year, c. 33.

2,545,000l. out of the same fund granted for the year 1788. 28 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 36.

See *Annuities*. 29 G. 3. c. 37.

See *Stamps*. Same year, c. 50. § 15.

See *Exchequer Bills*. Same year, c. 34 & 35.

1,530,000l. granted out of the consolidated fund, applied by the appropriation act, for the service of the present year 1789. Same year, c. 61.

2,300,000l. to be issued out of this fund to be raised by loans or exchequer bills, on the credit of the said fund, and not to be rated to any tax. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 2. vol. 37.

621,151l. 18s. 3¼d. surplus of the consolidated fund. Same act, § 10.

See *Bank of England*. 31 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 37.

3,675,000l. granted out of the consolidated fund applied by the appropriation act for the service of the present year. Same year, c. 41.

2,300,000l. granted out of the consolidated fund, applied by the approbation act, for the service of the present year, 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

155,495l. 19s. 0½d. surplus of the consolidated fund, on the 5th Jan. 1792, to be issued towards the supply of the present year. Same act.

436,107l. 11s. 2d. surplus on the 5th of April 1792, to be issued for the same purpose. Same act.

Constables.

See *Buildings*. 14 G. 3. c. 78. § 85. vol. 30.

Every three months, constables to deliver to the overseers of the poor, an account of his expences for the parish, to be settled in 14 days, and paid, if approved by the parish, or otherwise by a justice,

justice, with an appeal to the next general or quarter sessions, who may direct costs. 18 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 32.

And in corporations or liberties not having four justices, appeal may be to the next general quarter sessions of the county. Same act, § 6.

Constables are to assist in putting the following acts in execution.

See *Shops*. 25 G. 3. c. 30. § 41. vol. 35.

See *Servants*. Same year, c. 43. § 44.

See *Coaches*. Same year, c. 47. § 40.

See *Wool*. 28 G. 3. c. 38. § 53. vol. 36.

Constables, &c. may convey offenders to a justice acting for detached districts, though resident in an adjoining county; and he may act as if resident, and prisoners to incur the same punishment as if done in the same county. 28 G. 3. c. 49. § 2. vol. 36.

Contractors, public

Not to fit in parliament. 22 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 34.

Controverted Elections.

See *Parliament*, 10 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 29. These two acts made perpetual. 14 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 30.

Convicts.

See *Transportation*. 8 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 28.—28 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 36.

See *Scotland*. 13 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 30.

Male convicts punishable by transportation to America, instead thereof to be kept to hard labour in cleansing the river Thames, for not less than three years, not more than ten years. 16 G. 3. c. 43. § 1. vol. 31.

If the king extends his mercy to convicts liable to suffer death, the judges may order them to hard labour for the time specified by the secretary of state, with other directions and regulations, and the act continued for two years. Same act, § 2 and 23. Continued until the 1st of July 1779. 19 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 32.

1,876l. granted by parliament for

maintaining convicts on the river Thames. 17 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.

9,075l. 38. 11d. granted for the same purpose. 18 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 31.

13,586l. 17s. more for the same purpose. 19 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.

The laws relating to transportation or imprisonment, or other punishment of offenders explained and amended, and convicts liable to transportation may be sent to any place beyond sea, either in America or elsewhere. Same year, c. 74. § 1.

Capital offenders may be pardoned on condition of transportation. Same act, § 2.

Convicts liable to be burnt in the hand, may, instead thereof, be sentenced to a moderate fine or whipping, and the power of imprisonment not abridged. Same act, § 3.

See *Penitentiary House*. Same act, § 5, 24, &c.

14,348l. 2s. 9d. granted more for maintaining convicts. 20 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 33.

15,487l. more for the same purpose. 21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.

14,719l. 8s. 0½d. more for the same purpose. 22 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 34.

14,452l. 17s. 3d. more for the same purpose. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

12,212l. 11s. 6d. more for the same purpose. 24 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 34.

13,578l. 14s. 4d. more for the same purpose. 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

21,560l. 5s. 7d. more for the same purpose. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

31,299l. 10s. for transporting convicts. Same act.

30,083l. 10s. 2½d. more for maintaining them on the river Thames. 28 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 36.

4,533l. 6s. 6d. for maintaining convicts on board the Dunkirk hulk, at Plymouth. Same act.

8,180l. 4s. 4d. to Henry Bradley for maintaining convicts in the harbour of Hamoaze, at Plymouth. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

48,417l. 13s. 5d. to Duncan Campbell, for maintaining convicts on the river Thames. Same act.

6,888l. 7s. 6d. issued to Henry Bradley,
K 2

ley, for convicts at Plymouth. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

33,288l. 15s. 6d. to David Campbell, for keeping the convicts on the river Thames. Same act.

The king enabled to authorize his governor or lieutenant governor of the place beyond the seas to which felons or other offenders may be transported, to remit the sentence of such offenders, and a duplicate of the instrument, remitting such sentence to be transmitted to one of the principal secretaries of state. Same year, c. 47.

See *Women*. Same year, c. 48. § 3.

41,716l. 10s. 7d. issued to Duncan Campbell, Esq. for convicts on the river Thames. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

10,849l. 1s. 6d. issued to Henry Bradley, Esq. for convicts at Plymouth. Same act.

6,401l. 4s. 8½d. issued to the representatives of Henry and James Bradley, for convicts in Langstone and Portsmouth harbours. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

17,023l. 17s. 2d. issued to Duncan Campbell, Esq. for convicts on the river Thames. Same act.

Convicts discharged from prison, and persons acquitted at the assizes or sessions, may be conveyed by passes. Same year, c. 45.

Coombe Hill, Gloucestershire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 37.

Convictions.

See *Stamp Duties*. 26 G. 3. c. 82. § 5. vol. 35.

Copper.

Acts 9 & 10 W. 3. c. 26. and 12 Q. Ann. St. 1. c. 18. as to exporting imported copper, continued. 14 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 30.

The king may by proclamation prohibit the exportation, or carrying coastwise in sheets, any copper in sheets or bars, subject to forfeiture; and also 100l. for every one hundred weight, and the like penalty, with treble value, for assisting therein; and the same by the master of the ship for taking on board, a moiety to the king, and the other to

the officer seizing. 20 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 33. This act continued. 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 34.

See *Felony*. 21 G. 3. c. 68. § 1. vol. 33.

Drawbacks allowed for all duties on coals used for smelting copper and lead ores in Anglesey, but not to exceed 1500l. per ann. 26 G. 3. c. 104. v. 35.

Copyholds.

Stewards of copyhold courts when they take their fees for surrenders, admittances, or leases, &c. are to demand stamp duties for the same, on penalty of 10l. 5 G. 3. c. 46. § 7. vol. 26.

But not liable to penalty if the copies are delivered within a year. 6 G. 3. c. 40. § 4. vol. 27.

See *Auctions*. 19 G. 3. c. 56. § 14. vol. 32.

See *Stamps*. 23 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.

Corbridge.

See *Greenwich Hospital*. 18 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 32.

Cordage.

For allowing for five years a bounty of 2s. 4½d. per hundred weight on British made cordage, from British hemp (except of America) exported, to be paid out of the duty on hemp imported, but not to extend to twice laid cordage. 6 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 27.

Revived and continued for five years more; but no bounty for cordage exported to Asia, Africa, America, Isle of Man, or islands of Faro or Ferro. 12 G. 3. c. 60. § 7. vol. 29.

No drawback on cordage exported to the islands of Madeira, Canary, Azores, or Western Islands. 13 G. 3. c. 74. § 5. vol. 30. Further continued. 14 G. 3. c. 86.—17 G. 3. c. 44. § 5. vol. 31.

None to make or sell cordage for shipping wherein is used hemp, called short chucking, half clean, whale line, or other toppings, codilla, damaged hemp, or from which the staple part hath been taken. Same act, § 2.

Cables, &c. made of worse than clean Petersburg hemp, deemed inferior cordage, and to be marked on the tally, staple or inferior, and the maker to affix his name before sold. Same act, § 3.

British

British ships having foreign cordage on board (except rigging) to make an entry thereof on coming into a British port; but this not to extend to cordage from the East Indies, or to ships built abroad before the act. Same act, § 8.

No bounty for cordage made of American hemp, nor for any whatever under three ton weight; but continued as to all foreign places (except the Isle of Man); and if vessels have not a sufficient quantity of cordage for their own use, besides what is shipped for exportation; officers may detain the ship; and no cordage to be exported without a certificate that the same hath been refused by the navy board. 26 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 35.

Act 6 G. 3. c. 45. so far as relates to granting a bounty on exportation of British made cordage, which was revived by 26 G. 3. c. 85. Continued for four years. 31 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 37.

Corn and Grain.

No corn, grain, malt, meal, flour, bread, biscuit, or starch, to be exported, on forfeiture with 20s. per bushel for corn, &c. and 12d. per pound for bread, and the ship, &c. (except necessary provision for ship's crew, or the king's forces abroad, or carried coastwise, or to Ireland, Gibraltar, Minorca, or American British colonies, and beans for British forts in Africa, or corn for the East Indies, or wheat, malt, or barley, from Southampton to Jersey or Guernsey for the use of the inhabitants there, not more than 5000 quarters; also except malt made for exportation before the act and rice). 6 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 27. Amended by 7 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 27.

The king may by proclamation allow exportation before August 26, 1766. 6 G. 3. c. 5. § 12. vol. 27.

The like prohibitions and exceptions, and also except corn, &c. for the British fishery in America, island of Alderney, from Exeter to the Isle of Man, for the use of the inhabitants there, not more than 2500 quarters, and no drawback or bounty on corn so exported. 7 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 27.

From Sept. 29, 1765, all that justices

of peace may do by 1 Jac. 2. c. 19. (as to letting prices of corn, &c.) may be done by the mayor, aldermen, and justices in the city of London, at their quarter sessions in January and July, as well as in April and October yearly, on the oaths of house-keepers of Middlesex and Surry (not cornchandlers, mealmen, factors, merchants, or interested in corn to be imported). 6 G. 3. c. 17.

Wheat and flour may be imported, duty free, from British America, until August 1, 1767, on entry at the port of exportation, and carried coastwise. 7 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 27.

The like from any part of Europe until March 1, 1767. Same year, c. 5.

To indemnify persons acting under an order of council of the 6th of Sept. 1766, for an embargo on ships laden with wheat or flour; and if any action brought after the last day of Michaelmas term, 1766, the defendant may plead the general issue; and to have double costs. Same year, c. 7. vol. 27.

Oats and rye, and meal thereof, may be imported, duty free, or carried coastwise, until Sept. 29, 1767, on entry at the port of importation. Same year, c. 8. vol. 27.

For importing, duty free, from any part of Europe, until June 1, 1767, and which may also be carried coastwise, wheat and flour, barley and meal, peas, beans, tares, or callivances. Same year, c. 11. vol. 27. Continued to Sept. 10, 1767. Same year, c. 22.

The laws prohibiting the exportation of corn, grain, &c. which would expire before next session, continued. 8 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 28.

Continued till 20 days after the commencement of the next session, but not to extend to wheat, flour, malt, barley, bread, biscuit, or peas, from Southampton only to Jersey, Guernsey, and Alderney, not more than 5000 quarters; nor to wheat, barley, oats, meal, and flour, not more than 2500 quarters to the Isle of Man, nor to wheat not more than 200 quarters, nor bread or biscuit not above 15 tons to British forts in Africa, but to be no drawback, and the act may be abridged by parliament. Same act, § 2—6.

Continued

Continued as to rice from North America, and wheat, &c. from Europe and Africa; 6d. per pound on rice imported, duty free on exportation. Same year, c. 2. vol. 28.

Indian corn and maize may be imported, duty free, from British America. Same year, c. 3. vol. 28. Continued by 9 G. 3. c. 1. 10 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 28.

5000 quarters of bigg, the produce of the isles of Orkney, may be shipped from Kirkwall to Portugal, but no bounty thereon. 9 G. 3. c. 41. § 10. vol. 28.

Justices at Michaelmas quarter sessions to order weekly returns of wheat, rye, barley, oats, beans, and bigg, from not less than six market towns in the county, and appoint persons to make such returns, to be laid before them four times in the year, and on neglect to appoint others, and on justices neglect, treasury may appoint. 10 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 28.

In London the meal-weighers to make the like weekly returns by the Winchester bushel of eight gallons; to be paid 2s. for each return out of the county rates. Same act, § 2.

Treasury to appoint a person to receive such returns, and enter the same in a book, and to publish in the Gazette, and four times a year certify the same to the clerk of the peace; and such person to be free of postage. Same act, § 6.

Account of corn exported and imported, and duties and bounties, to be transmitted by the commissioners of the customs yearly, to such person who is to keep an account thereof; to continue seven years. Same act, § 8. Continued for seven years more. 17 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 31. Further continued by 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

Not above 5000 quarters of bigg (a species of barley) of the growth of the island of Orkney in Scotland, may, by the king's order in council, be exported to Portugal, &c. but no bounty allowed thereon. 11 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 29.

The importation of wheat, flour, &c. from any part of Europe or the British colonies in America allowed, duty free,

until 1st of December 1772. 12 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 29.

Extended to Africa, and continued until 1st Jan. 1774. 13 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 30.

And also extended to Indian corn from the British colonies in America. Same year, c. 2.

The exportation of corn, grain, peas, beans, meal, malt, flour, bread, biscuit, and starch, prohibited until 1st Jan. 1774; but not beans to Africa, nor corn and grain to Ireland, nor to prevent the East India Company from supplying their forts, &c. with corn, &c. Same act, § 7.

And the port of Southampton may supply the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, and Alderney, with not more than 5,000l. quarters of meal, &c. yearly. Same year, c. 3. § 9.

The ports of Whitehaven and Liverpool, may supply the Isle of Man with 2500 quarters of corn, &c. per ann. Same act, § 10.

200 quarters of wheat flour, and fifteen tons of bread and biscuit may be exported to Africa. Same act, § 11.

The importation and exportation of corn regulated in general. 13 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 30. Continued until 1st May 1789. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

A duty of 6d. per quarter laid on wheat; 1d. per hundred weight on flour; 3d. per quarter on rye, peas, and beans; and 1d. per quarter on barley, bigg, bear, and oats, imported. 13 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 30.

The price of corn for exportation to be governed by the next public market, on the market day next preceding, and not to prohibit the exportation, or the receiving the bounty, if shipped in 20 days after entry. 14 G. 3. c. 64. v. 30.

The exportation of corn, &c. allowed to the sugar colonies in America, and the act extended as to biscuit and peas to Jersey and Guernsey, and as to all other articles extended to Alderney. 14 G. 3. c. 5. Continued until 1st May 1788. 27 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 36.

Several quantities of biscuit and peas allowed to be exported yearly from Bristol, Poole, Dartmouth, Topsham, and Tingmouth, to Newfoundland, for the

the use of the British fishery during the continuance of 13 G. 3. c. 43.—14 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 30.

200 quarters of wheat, and 260 quarters of oatmeal, groats, barley, peas, beans, malt, and biscuit, in all, allowed to be exported annually from London only, to Hudson's Bay. Same year, c. 26.

Indian corn and maze allowed to be imported on a duty of one penny per quarter. 15 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 31.

Act 13 G. 3. c. 43. extended to Preston, Lancashire, in respect to wheat, rye, &c. 16 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

Acts 13 G. 3. c. 43.—14 G. 3. c. 11. and 16 G. 3. c. 37. Extended to Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Chaleur Bay, and Labrador. 18 G. 3. c. 16. v. 32.

The importation of corn, &c. at Portsmouth, Sandwich, Chichester, and Chester, allowed duty free, as by 13 G. 3. c. 43. Same year, c. 25.

Act 13 G. 3. c. 1. relating to corn exported, extended to Cowes in the Isle of Wight. 19 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 32.

A bounty allowed on exportation of British corn, &c. in ships of persons of any kingdom or state in amity, 20 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 33. Continued until 25th March 1783. 22 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 34.

Act 16 G. 3. c. 37. revived and continued until May 1782. 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

The importation and exportation of corn, &c. further regulated within London, Kent, and Essex, and the proprietors of the corn exchange to appoint an inspector, who is to be paid a duty of one halfpenny per last for his trouble, and for repairing the corn exchange, London. Same year, c. 50.

The importation of wheat and all sorts of corn permitted on the duty laid by 13 G. 3. c. 43 & two 5 per cent. imposts to continue as to England until 25th Aug. 1783, and as to Scotland to 25th Sept. 23 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 34.

Corn, &c. may be imported to certain counties in Scotland, for four months in ships of states in amity, navigated by foreign seamen. Same year, c. 53.

No bounty to be paid on exportation of corn from England, until 26th Aug. 1783, and from Scotland until 26th Sept. Same year, c. 81.

The commissioners of the customs to cancel bonds given for the high duties on corn imported into Scotland on payment of the low duties, and the two 5l. per cent. imposts thereon. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 9. vol. 34.

So much of 25 G. 3. c. 69. as relates to allowing the exportation of certain quantities of wheat, &c. from Lancaster to the sugar colonies in America. Continued to the first of May 1789. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

The importation and exportation of corn and grain regulated. 29 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 36.

So much of act 21 G. 3. c. 50. as relates to chusing by lot two corn factors, and requires their appearance at the quarter sessions, repealed, and instead thereof returns to be given in by inspectors to be appointed, upon oath, on penalty of 50l. Same act, § 1.

Inspectors of corn returns to receive from every factor in London and the suburbs, a weekly return of corn brought into the Thames eastward of London bridge, sold by him during the preceding week, and to pay the inspector one half-penny per last of ten quarters. Same act, § 2.

Foreign corn charged one penny per last, to be paid in a week after unshipped, and the corn inspector also to have a salary of 80l. per ann. from the city of London. Same act, § 3.

The average prices from weekly returns to be deemed the common price of middling British corn in London, Essex, Kent, and Suffex, and to be published in the London Gazette, and certified to the collector of the customs in London, and copies transmitted to the collectors of the customs at all the ports in Essex, Kent, and Suffex, when foreign corn may be imported, and when corn is at or above the prices specified in 13 G. 3. c. 43. may be imported into London, Essex, Kent, and Suffex, at the low duties. Same act, § 4.

Copies of each week's account to be sent to the collectors of the customs in London, &c. to be the guide for the bounty on exportation. Same act, § 5.

Accounts to be laid before the sessions in London of the aggregate quantity and price

price of corn (oats excepted) sold every six weeks. Same act, § 6.

The maritime counties to be divided into districts, 1st. Suffolk and Cambridge; 2d. Norfolk; 3d. Lincoln and York; 4th. Durham and Northumberland, and the town of Berwick-upon-Tweed; 5th. Cumberland and Westmoreland; 6th. Lancaster and Chester; 7th. Flint, Denbigh, Anglesea, Carnarvon, and Merioneth; 8th. Cardigan, Pembroke, Carmarthen and Glamorgan; 9th. Gloucester, Somerset, and Monmouth, and the city of Bristol; 10th. Devon and Cornwall; 11th. Dorset and Hants: and at Michaelmas sessions the justices to settle the price of corn for each county, &c. Same act, § 7.

Two markets to be selected for the east riding and two for the north riding of Yorkshire, and for Cumberland not above four, and for Westmoreland two, and weekly accounts are to be returned to the receiver of the corn returns, on penalty of 10l. and also duplicates to the collectors of the customs. Same act, § 6.

No miller, factor, clerk, agent, or person buying corn, to be inspectors, but such inspectors to be appointed and discharged by two justices, and to take an oath and keep accounts of the general aggregate quantity of British corn, &c. to be transmitted to the collectors of the customs to govern the importation; but no alterations to be made until Easter sessions 1790, and if the price be above that specified in 13 G. 3. c. 43. corn may be imported in that district at the low duty. Same act, § 7.

The weekly returns to be sent to the collector of the customs to regulate the exportation of corn, &c. Same act, § 14.

150 tons of biscuit and 100 quarters of pease may be exported annually from Greenock in Scotland to Newfoundland. Same act, § 15.

The commissioners of the customs may licence what quantity of corn, &c. they think fit, not exceeding annually 1350 sacks of flour, 30 tons of bread, 13 tons of pease, 13 tons of oatmeal, and 13 tons of barley, to be exported, on security, to the bay of Honduras for the British settlers there, on the same

terms as permitted to the sugar colonies in America. Same act, § 16.

Though corn be above the exportation price before Jan. 1, 1790, 2000 quarters of wheat, 2000 sacks of wheat flour, and 8000 quarters of pease, on security, the like as to the sugar colonies, may be exported to Quebec. Same act, § 18.

See *Rape Seed*. Same act, § 19.

Millers, &c. buying corn to give a weekly account thereof, and to make oath of the prices, &c. Same act, § 20.

No debentures for bounty on exportation of corn, &c. to be granted, whilst foreign corn, &c. of the same species is permitted to be imported at the low duty. Same act, § 22.

In all returns, corn, &c. to be computed eight gallons to the bushel, and 57 pounds to be deemed equal to a bushel. Same act, § 24.

Inspectors to be allowed salaries by the quarter sessions. Same act, § 25.

The privileges by 13 G. 3. c. 43. granted to Bristol, and other towns mentioned, as to importation of corn, extended to Boston, in Lincolnshire. Same act, § 27.

This act to commence Sept. 29, 1789. Same act, § 30.

See *Orders of Council*. 30 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Wheat, &c. exported out of Great Britain, or shipped with that intent, forfeited, with 20s. per bushel for wheat, flour, rye, meal, barley, malt, oats, oatmeal, peas, and beans, and 1s. per pound weight of bread or biscuit, exported or carried out of the kingdom; and also the vessel and furniture a moiety to the king, and the other to the prosecutor, to be recovered if under 50l. by summary bill or information at the quarter sessions or the sheriff's court; and masters or mariners knowing of offences, or aiding therein, may be imprisoned for three months without bail. Same act, § 3.

But not to extend to exporting the articles enumerated, nor to prohibit diet for the crews of ships, or for men in the king's service, or for forces, forts, or garrisons, or to Gibraltar, Saint Helena, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, and Man, for sustenance of the inhabitants

inhabitants, nor to British forts, castles, or factories in Africa, or for ships trading there, nor to the islands of Newfoundland, Hudson's Bay, or the Bay of Honduras, according to the several statutes now in force. Same act, § 4.

Foreign corn legally warehoused, may be exported from such warehouse. Same act, § 6.

Foreign or British corn, &c. entered or loaded at London for exportation before publication of the order of 23d December 1789, in the London Gazette, or at any other port before the receipt at the custom-house, may be exported. Same act, § 6.

Wheat, &c. may be imported into England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed, on payment of the low duties. Same act, § 9.

Wheat, &c. imported on the low duties, and might have been warehoused under higher duties, may be so warehoused, &c. Same act, § 10.

But if legally imported and warehoused under lock and key, may be delivered under the regulations of 13 G. 3. c. 43. and this act continued to 29th of Sept. 1790, and may be altered this session. Same act, § 11.

So much of 30 G. 3. c. 1. as relates to the importation and exportation of corn and grain, to continue until 28th of February 1791, before which the king in council may permit the exportation from Great Britain, of wheat, flour, biscuit, rye, barley, oats, peas, and beans, and also prohibit the importation on the low duties of wheat and other grain, and in like manner recall such permission and prohibition as circumstances shall appear to require; and if any person shall export or import corn or grain contrary to such permission or prohibition of the king, in council, to be subject to the like penalties; and the said corn and grain and ship to be subject to the like forfeitures, as if contrary to any act of parliament now in force. Same year, c. 42.

Act 1 G. 3. c. 30. as much as relates to the importation and exportation of corn and grain, and 30 G. 3. c. 42. continued until June 10, 1791. 31 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 37.

If the exportation of wheat, &c. from Great Britain shall be prohibited by the above acts, the king, in council, may permit the exportation of such quantities to such places belonging to his Majesty, as have been allowed by any act of parliament, and to Newfoundland and the West Indies. Same act, § 2.

When the exportation of corn, &c. on which bounties have been payable, shall be permitted, and the prices shall not exceed those upon which bounties have been allowed, the king, in council, may order the same bounties as would be allowed as if the corn, &c. were exported under any act in force. Same act, § 3.

Acts 7 Jac. 2. c. 19.—1 W. & M. c. 12.—5 G. 2. c. 12.—10 G. 3. c. 39.—13 G. 3. c. 43.—21 G. 3. c. 50. and 29 G. 3. c. 58. repealed, and all other acts relating to the importation and exportation of wheat, &c. except such as relate to malt and the exportation thereof. Same year, c. 30.

Act 15 Car. 2. c. 7. so far as prohibits the buying corn to sell again, and laying it up in granaries, repealed. Same act, § 2.

When middling British wheat, &c. shall be under the prices specified in table A. the bounties therein mentioned to be paid on exportation. Same act, § 3.

Oath to be made that biscuit for exportation is made of British wheat, and bond to be given for the due exportation of corn. Same act, § 5.

When middling British wheat, &c. shall be above the prices specified in table B. no corn, &c. except starch, to be exported. Same act, § 7.

Corn, &c. exported contrary to this act, to be forfeited, with the vessel, &c. but if satisfactory proof of a small quantity, without the privity of the owner or master, the vessel not to be forfeited. Same act, § 8.

Corn, &c. begun to be shipped outwards, or within 20 days from the entry, may be exported, though the prices should alter in the mean time. Same act, § 10.

This act not to extend to corn, &c. for the sustenance of the crew of any vessel,
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vessel, or for victualling ships of war, or garrisons, or to beans exported to the British forts in Africa, or carried coastwise upon sufferance, or to the quantity permitted to be exported to certain places mentioned in table C. Same act, § 10.

Bond to be given for the due exportation of corn, &c. to the places mentioned in table C. or for his Majesty's forces. Same act, § 11.

Inhabitants of Guernsey, &c. may transport to Newfoundland, &c. for the use of the fishery, wheat, &c. allowed to be imported into those islands, by 9 G. 3. c. 28. Same act, § 12.

Corn, &c. may be exported to Ireland during an embargo on the exportation from that kingdom, under certain regulations. Same act, § 13.

In cases of war, &c. the king, in council, when parliament is not sitting, may allow certain quantities of corn, &c. to be exported in addition to the quantity specified in table C. Same act, § 14.

The duties on wheat, &c. imported, regulated according to the prices in table D; and no corn ground, except wheat-meal, &c. nor any malt to be imported, on forfeiture, with the vessel, &c. Same act, § 15.

When wheat, &c. is importable into Ireland at the prices and duties in table E; the duties on the importation from Ireland, Quebec, &c. to be regulated according to the prices in table E. Same act, § 16.

On the importation of corn, as the growth of Ireland, Quebec, &c. the master to bring a certificate from the officer of the port of shipping, expressing the quantity, &c. Same act, § 17.

Wheat, &c. imported, may be landed without payment of duty, and warehoused under certain regulations. Same act, § 19.

Foreign corn, &c. imported, and not warehoused, or delivered from warehouses for home consumption, not to be exported from any port, when British corn is not permitted to be exported. Same act, § 20.

No corn, &c. to be carried coastwise from any port, where the exportation is not allowed at the time of shipping, and

landed at any port from whence the same may be exported. Same act, § 21.

No debenture for bounty on corn, &c. shipped where it may be imported at the low duties. Same act, § 22.

Bond to be given that corn, &c. shipped coastwise, at any port from whence exportation is not allowed, shall not be landed at any port where it is. Same act, § 23.

If corn, &c. brought coastwise, was shipped when the exportation was prohibited at the port of lading, it may be landed at any port where the exportation is allowed. Same act, § 24.

Vessels with foreign corn, &c. arriving at ports where the high duties are payable, or where importation is prohibited, may go to ports where the same may be imported on the low duties. Same act, § 25.

Foreign corn, &c. may be conveyed through the Forth and Clyde canal to any port on the west or east coast of Scotland, on payment of the low duties, subject to regulations; and security to be given within three days after unshipping foreign corn to be conveyed through the canal. Same act, § 26.

The maritime counties of England to be divided into twelve districts, and Scotland into four districts. Same act, § 31.

The exportation and importation of corn, &c. and the payment of duty on foreign corn regulated in London, Kent, Essex, and Suffex, by the prices at the corn exchange; and the proprietors thereof are to appoint an inspector of corn returns, and provide him an office; and in case of sickness a deputy inspector may be appointed. Same act, § 34.

Factors to make weekly returns to the inspector of corn, &c. sold, on penalty of 10*l*. Same act, § 39.

Inspector to make up weekly accounts of corn, &c. sold, and transmit the average prices to the receiver of corn returns, who is to send a certificate thereof to the collectors of the customs of the ports of London, Essex, Kent, and Suffex. Same act, § 41.

Inspector is four times a year to make up accounts, and transmit the average prices of corn, &c. to the receiver of corn returns,

returns, who is to send a certificate thereof to the collectors of the ports of London, Essex, Kent, and Sussex; and the inspector is to deliver a copy of the average prices at the sessions for London, to be inserted in the Gazette. Same act, § 42.

Factors to pay to the inspector for British corn brought into the river Thames, eastward of London bridge, and sold, one penny per last; and for foreign corn twopence, and to deliver an account of the quantity. Same act, § 44.

Inspector to deliver, twice a year, an account of money received by him to the lord mayor, &c. who may order him to retain any sum not exceeding 200l. Same act, § 45.

The exportation and importation of corn, &c. and the payment of duty on foreign corn for the eleven other districts in England regulated, and the justices at the quarter sessions to appoint inspectors. Same act, § 47.

Dealers in corn for sale to return to the inspectors accounts of the quantities bought by them in each week, and the inspectors to return to the receiver of corn returns weekly, an account of the quantities and prices of the corn sold. Same act, § 52.

Receiver of corn returns to make up accounts of the aggregate quantities and prices of British corn and oatmeal sold in each district weekly, and transmit the average prices to the collectors of the customs, as the guide for exportation; and also make up accounts four times a year, and transmit the average prices to the collectors of the customs, as a rule for importation. Same act, § 55.

Importation and exportation of corn to be regulated in Scotland by the prices fixed by the sheriff of each county, and a jury, and an account to be transmitted to the receiver of corn returns at London, of the prices which are to be fixed by the measures and weights used in each county; and depositions of witnesses touching the prices, to be preserved as records. Same act, § 57.

The sheriff may compel evidence to attend, and 20l. penalty on sheriffs not

causing the prices to be fixed. Same act, § 58.

The receiver of corn returns is monthly to make up accounts of the weekly prices of corn in each district in Scotland, and to transmit the average prices of the last month to the collectors of the customs in Scotland, as the guide for exportation, &c. and also to make up accounts four times a year, and transmit the average prices of corn and oatmeal for the last six weeks to the collectors of the customs, as the rule for importation, &c. Same act, § 60.

Accounts of the prices of corn to be taken at several inland towns mentioned in this act, and inspectors appointed, who are to transmit to the receiver of corn returns a weekly account of the average price of corn and oatmeal sold in their districts, on penalty of 10l. Same act, § 62.

Receiver of corn returns to cause an abstract of the average prices to be inserted in the Gazette weekly, and to transmit certificates of the returns received four times a year to the county treasurer, &c. Same act, § 66.

Places for taking the prices of corn, &c. may be changed with the approbation of the king, in council. Same act, § 67.

Returns from two-thirds of the places in each district to be sufficient for forming the average prices, and the average prices of the districts which have sent returns, to be transmitted as the guide for importation in the districts from which sufficient returns have not been received. Same act, § 68.

When parliament is not sitting, if the average price of any sort of corn, &c. should be higher than that at which the same sort of foreign corn may be imported on low duties in table D. the king, in council, may prohibit the exportation, but not to extend to foreign corn imported and warehoused. Same act, § 70.

The king, in council, may permit the carrying coastwise, &c. of corn, when the exportation is prohibited on account of the prices being at or above the prices in table B; and copies of orders

of council to be laid before parliament. Same act, § 72.

Inspectors in England to be paid out of the county rates, and sheriffs in Scotland out of the public rate or cels. Same act, § 74.

Receiver of corn returns to transmit at the end of every year a certificate of the number of returns he has received to the receiver general of the customs in England and Scotland, who are to repay the money advanced by the county treasurers. Same act, § 75.

Treasury to appoint a receiver of corn returns, who may send and receive all papers, letters, &c. on the business of this act free of postage. Same act, § 79.

Collectors of the customs to send weekly accounts of the corn, &c. to be carried or brought coastwise to the receiver of corn returns, who is every three months to transmit an account thereof to the commissioners of customs. Same act, § 80.

Treasury to order an annual account to be transmitted from the customs to the receiver of corn returns of the corn exported and imported, and all bounties and duties paid. Same act, § 81.

All corn to be measured by the Winchester bushel, and if sold by weight, subject to the regulations of this act. Same act, § 82.

Inspector of corn returns to make a comparison between the Winchester measure and that used where he is inspector. Same act, § 83.

The present practice of measuring corn within London to continue, and the tolls to be paid. Same act, § 84.

All acts in force for securing the revenue to extend to this act, and no fee to be taken for oaths. Same act, § 85.

All penalties under this act incurred by factors or dealers in corn, may be recovered before two justices, and their determination final. Same act, § 87.

When inspectors are appointed in England, and returns made from Scotland, the authority to make returns under 10 G. 3. c. 39. to cease, and the receiver of corn returns to continue to insert in the London Gazette the weekly

average prices of corn until 15th of November 1791. Same act, § 90.

Act 30 G. 3. c. 1. as far as relates to the importation and exportation of corn and grain, and act 30 G. 3. c. 42. to continue in force until 15th of Nov. 1791. Same act, § 91.

Before 15th of Nov. 1791, if the exportation of wheat, &c. should be prohibited, the king, in council, may authorise the exportation of the quantities hitherto allowed to any place belonging to his Majesty, &c. and may order bounties to be paid on exportation whenever they would be allowed under any act now in force. Same act, § 92.

Malt made or declared for exportation on or before 10th of June 1791, may be exported. Same act, § 94.

Corn, &c. brought coastwise to Grangemouth or Greenock, &c. in Scotland, may be conveyed by the Forth and Clyde navigation, in lighters, to any port in the said canal, &c. under regulations. 32 G. 3. c. 50. § 13. v. 37.

Cornwall.

For completing and maintaining the pier at Mevagissey in Cornwall, 15 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 31.

The king enabled to grant leases, &c. of lands, &c. parcel of or annexed to the duchy of Cornwall. 8 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 28.—16 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 31.

Corporations.

Any person intitled to freedom applying to the mayor or any other person empowered to admit freemen, and specifying his claim thereto, on being refused, in one month the court of king's bench may grant a mandamus to compel admission, and the mayor, &c. to pay costs, &c. Two freemen may inspect entries of admission and take copies, on penalty of 100l. 12 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 29.

See *Marine Society*. Same year, c. 67.

See *Forgery*. 18 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 32.

The Northumberland fishery society incorporated and enabled to subscribe a capital joint stock of 50,000l. for supplying the fishery, not to exceed 250l. per share, and may purchase lands, &c. to the value of 500l. per ann. 29 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 36.

See *Que Warranto*. 32 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 37.

Correction (House of).

See *Edinburgh*. 31 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 37.

Cosford Hundred, in Suffolk.

See *Poor*. 19 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 32.

Costs.

In actions for penalties for fraudulent stamps, the plaintiff, if he recovers, to have full costs. 5 G. 3. c. 46. § 41. vol. 26.

The like for penalties for issuing bank notes in Scotland, full costs. Same year, c. 49.

On appeals upon the act for regulating apprentices, and other persons working under contracts, justices may award costs. 6 G. 3. c. 25, § 5. vol. 27.

The like on appeals upon the general turnpike act, but not more than 40s. and no certiorari. Same year, c. 43. § 10. vol. 27.—7 G. 3. c. 42. § 53. vol. 27.

The like as to measuring of coals. 7 G. 3. c. 23. § 23. vol. 27.

In actions for any thing done in pursuance of the act for securing Hogarth's prints, &c. if verdict for the defendant, &c. full costs. Same year, c. 38. § 8.

As to highways, the court may award costs to either party. 13 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 33.

On appeals as to penalties in the act for the navigation of the river Lea, the appellant subject to costs. Same year, c. 51. vol. 27.

The like as to the act relating to tailors, justices may award costs; and in actions for acting under the same, full costs. 8 G. 3. c. 17. § 8, 10. v. 28.

On appeals against penalties in the act about stealing dogs, justices may award costs. 10 G. 3. c. 18. § 4. vol. 28.

The like in regard to the game. Same year, c. 19. § 4. vol. 28.

The like as to bricks and tiles. Same year, c. 49. § 11.—17 G. 3. c. 42. § 8. vol. 31.

Persons acting under the act for prohibiting the exportation of corn, &c. in Scotland, if sued, to recover their real expences. 13 G. 3. c. 3. § 26. vol. 30.

The like as to the wages of silk ma-

nufacturers, to recover full costs. Same year, c. 68. vol. 30.

On appeals against penalties in the act as to woollen manufactures, justices may award costs. 14 G. 3. c. 25. § 7. vol. 30.

The like on conviction as to manufacturers wages. Same year, c. 44. § 5.

The like as to books given to the universities (in Scotland) full costs. 15 G. 3. c. 53. § 7. vol. 31.

On appeals against penalties for deer stealing, justices may award costs. 16 G. 3. c. 30. § 21. vol. 31.—See *Justices of the Peace*.

On complaints out of sessions, costs may be allowed to either party, to be levied by distress; but if the penalty be above 5l. the costs to go out of that; and on trials for felony, the county to pay the prosecutors and witnesses expences, and for loss of time. 18 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 32.

Costs to be recovered in actions for penalties under militia act. 23 G. 3. c. 40. § 13. vol. 34.

On trial for seizure of goods, &c. forfeited to the customs or excise, though a verdict be given for the claimant, yet if probable cause of seizure be certified by the judge, the defendant not intitled to costs, nor the seizer liable to more than 2d. damages, nor the defendant to be fined above 1s.—26 G. 3. c. 40. § 31. vol. 35.

As to coals in Westminster, in actions defendant may have costs. Same year, c. 108. § 28.

By the act for suppressing unlawful lotteries, the defendant (if convicted) to pay the penalty with full costs. 27 G. 3. c. 1. § 2. vol. 36.

By the act for encouragement of arts (see *Patterns*) on actions for offences, if the defendant prevails to have full costs. Same year, c. 38. § 2.

In actions for forfeitures under the act for registering freeholds, the party against whom judgment is given, plaintiff or defendant to pay full costs. 28 G. 3. c. 36. § 37. vol. 36.

In actions for seizures under the wool act, though a verdict for the claimer, yet not to have costs if probable cause of seizure be certified by the judge; and only to have 2d. damages, and the defendant

endant only to be fined 1s. Same year, c. 38. § 91.

Costs out of money raised in Colneis and Carlford hundred, Suffolk. See *Poor*. 30 G. 3. c. 22. § 69. vol. 37.

Costs, Double.

Persons sued for acting under an order of council of Sept. 6. 1765, as to the embargo on ships laden with corn, if verdict for the defendant, &c. to have double costs. 7 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 27.

The plaintiff to have the like in actions for penalties on the general highway act. Same year, c. 42.

The defendant to have the like actions for acting under the act for the navigation of the river Lea. Same year, c. 51. § 116. vol. 27.

The like for acting under the act as to raw hides imported from Ireland. 9 G. 3. c. 39. § 9. vol. 28.

The like for acting under the orders of council as to the distemper amongst horned cattle. 10 G. 3. c. 24. § 4. vol. 29.

The like upon the act as to the additional number of hackney coaches. 11 G. 3. c. 28. § 4. vol. 29.

The same as to the punishment of hackney coachmen. Same act, § 5.

The like under the act for establishing the marine society. 12 G. 3. c. 67. § 20. vol. 29.

The like for acting under the acts for draining Bedford Level. 13 G. 3. c. 40. 45.—15 G. 3. c. 12.—18 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 30, 31, 32.

The like as to acting under the act relating to the hat manufactory. 17 G. 3. c. 55. § 10. vol. 31.

Engraving prints without the consent of the proprietor, subject to damages and double costs. Same year, c. 57. vol. 31.

The defendant to have double costs in actions for acting under the act relating to small debts in the Tower hamlets. 19 G. 3. c. 68. § 29. vol. 32.

The like in actions for acting in suppressing riots. 20 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 33.

The like as to paving the streets of Colchester. 21 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 33.

As to pawnbrokers. 24 G. 3. c. 42. § 13. vol. 36.—27 G. 3. c. 37. § 27. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 36.

As to the pilchard fishery. 25 G. 3. c. 58. § 5. vol. 35.

As to the British fishery. Same year, c. 65. § 15.

As to lighthouses in North Britain. 26 G. 3. c. 10. § 19. vol. 35.

As to rebuilding the town-hall at Grantham. 27 G. 3. c. 61. § 25. vol. 36.

In actions for penalties as to slaves. 28 G. 3. c. 54. § 18. vol. 36.

Costs, Treble.

Persons sued for acting under any of the following acts, if the plaintiff is nonsuit, discontinue, or verdict or judgment given for the defendant, to have treble costs.

As to buildings within the bills of mortality. 4 G. 3. c. 14. § 11.—6 G. 3. c. 37. § 11.—12 G. 3. c. 73. § 45.—14 G. 3. c. 78. § 100. vol. 26, 27, 29, 30.

As to duties on cyder and perry, &c. 4 G. 3. c. 7. § 9. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 14. § 22. vol. 26.

As to duties on British colonies, if sued either in Great Britain or America. 4 G. 3. c. 15. § 47. vol. 26.—5 G. 3. c. 12. § 63. vol. 26.—7 G. 3. c. 46. § 10. vol. 27.

As to the importation of provisions from America. 4 G. 3. c. 28. § 6. v. 26.

As to English cambrics. 4 G. 3. c. 37. § 30. vol. 26.

As to paving Westminster, and Sunday tolls. 4 G. 3. c. 39. § 28. vol. 26.—5 G. 3. c. 13 & 50. § 30.—11 G. 3. c. 26. § 76. vol. 29.

As to small debts at Doncaster. 4 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 26.

The like at Kirkby Kendal. Same year, c. 41.

As to the importation of salted provisions from Ireland. 5 G. 3. c. 1. § 5. vol. 26.

As to the free importation of cattle from the same. Same year, c. 10. § 2. vol. 26.

As to annuities and lotteries. 5 G. 3. c. 23. § 55. & c. 42. § 7. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 21. § 7. & c. 39. § 41. vol. 27.—7 G. 3. c. 24, 25, & 26. vol. 27.—8 G. 3. c. 29. & 31. vol. 28.—10 G. 3. c. 36. & 46. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 47. § 26. vol. 29.—12 G. 3. c. 63. § 26. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 31.—16 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 31.

vol. 31.—17 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 31.—
18 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 32.—19 G. 3. c. 18.
& 21. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 33.
—21 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 33.

As to postage of letters. 5 G. 3. c.
25. § 27. vol. 26.—7 G. 3. c. 50. § 8.
vol. 27.

As to exporting calicoes to Africa.
5 G. 3. c. 30. § 13. vol. 26.

As to additional duty on coals. 5 G. 3.
c. 35. § 12. vol. 26.

As to the general act relating to turn-
pike roads. 5 G. 3. c. 38. § 11. vol. 26.
—7 G. 3. c. 40. § 50. vol. 27.—13 G. 3.
c. 84. § 85. vol. 30.

As to the revenues of the Isle of Man.
—5 G. 3. c. 43. § 47. vol. 26.

As to the additional stamp duties.
Same year, c. 46. § 44. vol. 26.

As to the judges additional salary.
Same year, c. 47. § 12. vol. 26.

As to woollen cloths made in York-
shire. Same year, c. 51. § 30. vol. 26.

As to the manufacture of leather
gloves. Same year, c. 10. § 10. vol. 27.

As to the paving streets in Southwark,
&c.—6 G. 3. c. 24. § 91. vol. 26.—
11 G. 3. c. 17. § 9. vol. 29.

As to the paving streets in London.
6 G. 3. c. 26. 27. vol. 26.—8 G. 3. c. 21.
§ 97. vol. 28.

As to sewers, &c. in London. 11 G. 3.
c. 29. § 118. vol. 29.

As to the importation of foreign
wrought silk. 6 G. 3. c. 28. § 14. vol.
27.

As to framework knitting. Same
year, c. 29. § 11. vol. 27.

As to light houses in the river
Humber. Same year, c. 31. § 17. vol.
27.—12 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 29.

As to widening the streets of Bristol.
6 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 27.

As to the duty on windows. Same
year, c. 38. § 15. vol. 27.

As to bounty on British cordage.
Same year, c. 45. § 10. vol. 27.

As to additional duty on spirits im-
ported. Same year, c. 47. § 5. vol. 27.

As to duty on East India goods, &c.
exported to America. Same year, c. 52.
§ 32. vol. 27.

As to the prohibition of the expor-
tation of corn, &c.—7 G. 3. c. 3. § 25.
vol. 27.—8 G. 3. c. 1. § 24. vol. 28.—

11 G. 3. c. 1. § 24.—13 G. 3. c. 3. § 26.
vol. 30.

As to the duty on the importation of
tallow, &c. discontinued. 7 G. 3. c. 12.
§ 3. vol. 27.

As to the admeasurement of coals.
Same year, c. 23. § 25. vol. 27.—17 G.
3. c. 13. and 26 G. 3. c. 83.

As to the completing Black Fryar's
bridge, &c. in London. Same year, c.
3. § 70. vol. 27.

As to the general act about highways.
Same year, c. 42. § 55. vol. 27.—13 G.
3. c. 78. § 81. vol. 30.

As to smuggling of cambrics and
French lawns. 7 G. 3. c. 43. § 23. vol.
27.

As to hackney coaches, &c. Same
year, c. 44. § 22. vol. 27.

As to the duties on silks, &c. Same
year, c. 47. § 10. vol. 27.

As to the pier of St. Ives, in Corn-
wall. Same year, c. 52. vol. 27.

As to draining lands, &c. 7 G. 3. c.
53. vol. 27.—12 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 29.—
13 G. 3. c. 19, 20, 39, 46, 49, 60. vol.
30.—14 G. 3. c. 16, 23.—15 G. 3. c.
65, 66. vol. 31.—19 G. 3. c. 33, 34-
vol. 32.

As to drawback, &c. on exporting
teas to Ireland. 7 G. 3. c. 56. § 10.
vol. 27.

As to the duties on foul salt, &c.
8 G. 3. c. 25. § 11. vol. 28.

As to opening passages in St. Leo-
nard, Shoreditch. Same year, c. 33. §
86. vol. 28.

As to building of shirehalls, &c.
9 G. 3. c. 29. § 5. vol. 28.

As to the hospital for penitent prosti-
tutes (called the Magdalen). Same year,
c. 31. vol. 28.

As to raw silk imported from Ame-
rica. Same year, c. 38. vol. 28.

By the general militia act. Same year,
c. 42. vol. 28.

As to the distemper amongst horned
cattle. 10 G. 3. c. 4 & 45. vol. 28.

As to the duty on straw hats, &c.
Same year, c. 43. § 6. vol. 28.

As to false weights, &c. Same year,
c. 44. § 9. vol. 28.

As to coalheavers, &c. Same year,
c. 53. § 15. vol. 28.

As to continuing the tolls of Lon-
don

don bridge, &c. 11 G. 3. c. 26. § 7. vol. 29.

As to fisheries in the river Tweed. Same year, c. 27. § 13. vol. 29.

As to gunpowder. Same year, c. 35. § 10.—12 G. 3. c. 61. § 27. vol. 29.

As to the prohibition of the exportation of live cattle. 11 G. 3. c. 37. § 12. vol. 29.

As to the navigation of the river Thames from London to Cricklade. 11 G. 3. c. 45. § 52. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 91. § 23. vol. 30.

As to the bounty on the importation of white oak staves, &c. from America. 11 G. 3. c. 50. § 10. vol. 29.

As to the harbour of Great Yarmouth. 12 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 29.

As to the lighting, &c. of Islington. Same year, c. 17. vol. 29.

As to the revenue of excise on tea, &c. Same year, c. 46. § 21. vol. 29.

As to timber for the navy, &c. Same year, c. 54. § 5. vol. 29.

As to the act respecting frauds in the trade between Great Britain and Ireland. Same year, c. 55. § 6. vol. 29.

As to the drawback on tea, &c. exported to Ireland. 12 G. 3. c. 60. § 13. vol. 29.

As to the relief of the poor in St. Sepulchre's parish. Same year, c. 68. vol. 29.

As to paving Tottenham Court-road. Same year, c. 69. vol. 29.

As to the plate-glass manufactory. 13 G. 3. c. 38. § 32. vol. 30.

As to the earl of Thanet's canal at Skipton. Same year, c. 47. vol. 30.

As to moor game, &c. Same year, c. 55. § 12. vol. 30.

As to public highways. Same year, c. 78. vol. 30.

As to the regulation of the lying-in hospital. Same year, c. 82. § 17. vol. 30.

As to Richmond bridge, in Surry. Same year, c. 83. vol. 30.

As to the trade to Boston in America, prohibited. 14 G. 3. c. 19. § 11. vol. 30.

As to madhouses. Same year, c. 49. § 33. vol. 30.

As to quays, &c. at Hull, in York-shire. Same year, c. 56. vol. 30.

As to the exporting of utensils used in the cotton manufactory, &c. Same year, c. 71. vol. 30.—21 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 33.

As to distillers. 13 G. 3. c. 73. § 17. vol. 30.

As to the workhouse in St. Saviour's parish, Southwark. Same year, c. 75. vol. 30.

As to the driving of cattle within the bills of mortality. Same year, c. 87. § 13. vol. 30.

As to regulating the government of Quebec. Same year, c. 88. § 7. vol. 30.

As to restraining the trade with North America. 15 G. 3. c. 10 & 18.—16 G. 3. c. 5. § 41. vol. 31.

As to measuring waggons, &c. used for coals, &c. 15 G. 3. c. 27. § 7. vol. 31.

As to fisheries. Same year, c. 31 & 46.—16 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 31.

As to promissory notes under 20s. 15 G. 3. c. 51. § 12. vol. 31.

As to pilots at Boston, in Lincolnshire. 16 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 31.

As to deer stealing. Same year, c. 30. § 24. vol. 31.

As to the prevention of fires at Bristol. Same year, c. 33. vol. 31.

Insolvents bringing actions, if nonsuit, &c. Same year, c. 38. § 36. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 52. § 40. vol. 32.—21 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 33.

Gaolers making false entries, forfeit 500l. and also treble costs. Same two acts, § 44, 48.

As to acts for the punishment of criminals by hard labour, &c. 16 G. 3. c. 43. § 21. vol. 31.

As to commissions of reprisal. 17 G. 3. c. 8. § 22. vol. 31.

As to manufactures of worsted, &c. Same year, c. 11. § 24. vol. 31.

As to tolls on the river Thames. Same year, c. 18. § 42. vol. 31.

As to the duty on servants and glass, &c. Same year, c. 39. § 43. vol. 31.—21 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 33.

As to smuggling by East India ships. 17 G. 3. c. 41. § 6. vol. 31.

As to the duty on auctioneers, &c. Same year, c. 50. § 28. vol. 31.

As to the duty on soap, &c. Same year, c. 52. § 18. vol. 31.

As to frauds of manufacturers, &c. Same year, c. 56. § 25.

As to the tax on houses, &c. 18 G. 3. c. 26. § 45.—19 G. 3. c. 59. § 21. vol. 32.

As to paving the footpaths in White Chapel-road. 18 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 32.

As to the surplus of the orphan's fund in London. Same year. c. 48. 71, 72, 73.

As to recruiting soldiers, &c. Same year, c. 53. § 29.

As to the building a sessions house in Middlesex. Same year, c. 67.

As to the duty on starch, &c. 19 G. 3. c. 40. § 23. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 52. § 10. vol. 33.

The like on post horses, &c. 19 G. 3. c. 51. § 40. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 51. § 58. vol. 33.

As to the duty on parchment, &c. 19 G. 3. c. 66. § 14. vol. 32.

As to smuggling (general act). Same year, c. 69. § 35.—21 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 33.

As to providing a place for the confinement of convicts liable to be transported. 19 G. 3. c. 74. § 71. vol. 32.

As to the bridge at Newcastle. Same year, c. 78.

As to the duty on legacies. 20 G. 3. c. 28. § 10. vol. 33.

As to the like on malt. Same year, c. 35. § 25.—22 G. 3. c. 39. § 12. vol. 33.

As to the like on salt. Same year, c. 34. § 9.

As to lighting Goswel-street. Same year, c. 48.

As to lands purchased for Sheerness and Chatham yards, and Tilbury fort. 21 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 33.

As to the duty on paper makers. Same year, c. 24.

As to the bridge over the river Adur. Same year, c. 35.

As to cleansing, &c. the streets of the Devises. Same year, c. 26.

As to small debts at Beverley in Yorkshire. Same year, c. 38.

As to the profanation of the Lord's day. Same year, c. 49.

As to the duty on cocoa nuts, &c. Same year, c. 55.

As to the duty on almanacks. Same year, c. 56.

As to driving cattle in London. Same year, c. 67.

As to the poor, &c. at Plymouth. Same year, c. 72.

As to the new gaol at Gloucester. Same year, c. 74.

As to the navigation of the river Stower. Same year, c. 75.

As to licenced lottery office-keepers. 22 G. 3. c. 47. § 26. vol. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 1. § 11. vol. 36.

As to St. Luke's workhouse. 22 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 34.

As to Lancaster bridge. Same year, c. 57.

As to seducing workmen. Same year, c. 60.

As to the king's enemies having ships from Great Britain. Same year, c. 1.

As to the dying trade. 23 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 34.

As to the act for preventing prisoners from gaining settlements. Same year, c. 23.

As to stamp duties on burials. Same year, c. 67.

As to distillers. Same year, c. 70.—28 G. 3. c. 46. § 81. vol. 36.

As to smuggling wine and refined sugar. 23 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 34.

As to the growth of coffee. Same year, c. 79.

As to the wool trade in Suffolk. 24 G. 3. sess. 2. c. 3. vol. 34.

As to duty on candles. Same year, c. 11. § 15. 25 G. 3. c. 36. § 18.

As to duty on hats. 24 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 34.

As to act for preventing smuggling. Same year, c. 47.

As to rebuilding county gaols. Same year, c. 54.

As to hackney coaches. Same year, c. 27. § 10.

As to licences to sell beer. Same year, c. 30. § 9.

As to postage of letters. Same year, c. 37. § 12.

As to duty on tea. Same year, c. 38. § 54. 25 G. 3. c. 74. § 34. vol. 35.

As to navy annuities. 24 G. 3. c. 39. § 19.—25 G. 3. c. 32. § 21.

As to duties on printed linens. 24 G. 3. c. 40. § 38.—25 G. 3. c. 72. § 38.

As to licences to deal in exciseable goods. 24 G. 3. c. 41. § 13.

As to game. 24 G. 3. c. 43. § 24.—25 G. 3. c. 50. § 28.

As to duties on starch and soap. 24 G. 3. c. 48. § 17.—26 G. 3. c. 57. § 28.

As to gold and silver plate. 24 G. 3. c. 53. § 19.

As to building the new gaol at Gloucester. 25 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 35.

As to the duty on shops. Same year, c. 30. § 42.—26 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 35.

As to frauds in the worsted works, Bedfordshire. 25 G. 3. c. 40. § 34.

As to the poor of Richmond, Surry. Same year, c. 41.

As to transferring several duties from the excise to the stamp-office. Same year, c. 47. § 41.

As to pawnbrokers. Same year, c. 48. § 14.

As to duties on coals. Same year, c. 54.—26 G. 3. c. 108. § 28.

As to licences to coachmakers. 26 G. 3. c. 49. § 11.

As to post-horses. Same year, c. 51. § 67.—27 G. 3. c. 26. § 17. vol. 36.

As to cordage. 26 G. 3. c. 56. § 13.

As to licences for selling gloves. Same year, c. 55.

As to reducing the allowance for waste on salt. Same year, c. 63. § 20.

As to the further duty on bricks. Same year, c. 66. § 6.

As to the exportation of tools. Same year, c. 67.

As to hawkers and pedlars. Same year, c. 78. § 22.

As to medicines. Same year, c. 79. § 27.

As to attornies. Same year, c. 80. § 36.

As to tobacco. Same year, c. 81. § 58.

As to the exportation of hops to Ireland. 26 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 35.

As to the Newfoundland fishery. Same year, c. 26. § 23.

As to the Greenland fishery. Same year, c. 41. § 27.

As to duty on spirits in Scotland. Same year, c. 64. § 47.—27 G. 3. c. 31. § 32.

As to the southern whale fishery. 26 G. 3. c. 50.

As to trials for offences in the East Indies. Same year, c. 57.—28 G. 3. c. 20. § 22. vol. 36.

As to the duty on stamp paper in Scotland. 26 G. 3. c. 48. § 21.

As to perfumery. Same year, c. 49. § 35.

As to slaughtering horses. Same year, c. 71. § 18.

As to duty on spirits from the West Indies. Same year, c. 73. § 70.

As to several excise duties. Same year, c. 77. § 20.

As to the duty on printed papers. Same year, c. 78. § 21.

As to insurances abroad against fire. Same year, c. 82. § 12.

As to the British fishery. Same year, c. 106. § 28.

As to the militia (reduced into one act). Same year, c. 107. § 134.

As to post-horse duty farmed out. 27 G. 3. c. 26. § 17.

As to the duty on glass. Same year, c. 28. § 14.

As to licences for dealing by retail in spirituous liquors. 27 G. 3. c. 30. § 9. vol. 36.

As to allowances to dealers in foreign wines for stock in hand for which duties had been paid; and for amending several excise laws. Same year, c. 31. § 32.

As to counterfeiting gold and silver lace. 28 G. 3. c. 7. § 6. vol. 36.

Under the act relating to wool. Same year, c. 38. § 91.

As to the shire-house in Essex. 29 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 36.

As to the lottery, &c. Same year, c. 33.

As to annuities. Same year, c. 37 & 41.

See *Temple Street*. Same year, c. 38.

See *Horses and Carriages*. Same year, c. 49. § 21.

See *Newspapers*. Same year, c. 50. § 16.

See *Stamps on Probates of Wills*. Same year, c. 51. § 11.

See *Duties on Tobacco and Snuff*. Same year, c. 68. § 172.

See *Faversham, Kent*. Same year, c. 69.

See *Andover Canal, Hampshire, and*
Crom-

Cromford Bridge. Same year, c. 72 & 74.

As to the springs, &c. at Bath. Same year, c. 73.

As to the harbour of Southwold, in Suffolk. Same year, c. 77.

N. B.—Costs double or treble, allowed defendants fined for acting under almost every statute relating to officers of justice, excise, customs, stamp duties, or other taxes; also acts relating to turnpikes or other highways, churches, bridges, enclosed commons, canals, and rivers made navigable, in case such defendants prevail in the suit, which several acts are now become too numerous to be more particularly specified; therefore must refer the reader to the respective acts themselves, many of which are not printed at length in this collection.

Cottages.

Act 31 *Eliz.* c. 7. repealed. 15 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 31.

Cottingham, Yorkshire.

See *Inclosures.* 31 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 37.

Cotton, Thomas.

1,632l. 6s. 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. ordered by parliament to be issued to Thomas Cotton, by direction of the treasury, to pay bills of exchange. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 24. v. 37.

Cottons.

Only 3d. per yard square to be paid on stuff wholly made of cotton spun in Great Britain, and printed, &c. All persons may wear the same. 14 G. 3. c. 72. § 1, 2. vol. 30.

To be marked with three blue stripes, wove in each piece on the selvage, and stamped by the commissioners of excise. Same act, § 3.

Selling without the mark (except muslins, neckcloths, and fustians) unless for exportation, to forfeit the goods, and 50l. per piece. Same act, § 4.

Not to extend to cotton velvets, velverets, or other fustians. Commissioners of the excise to provide stamps; and death to counterfeit the same. Same act, § 8.

Importing such stuffs, to forfeit the same, with 10l. per piece. Selling counterfeits, death. Unstamped stuffs may be searched for and seized, and the

onus probandi to lay on the owner. A moiety of the penalties to the king, the other to the informer. Same act.

See *Manufactures.* 15 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 31.—22 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 34.

See *Ireland.* 18 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 32.

Act 14 G. 3. c. 71. for preventing the exportation of tools used in cotton manufactures amended, but not to extend to wool-cards sent to America. 21 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 33.

Cotton-wool of the growth or produce of British America, may be exported from Great Britain, duty free. 19 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 32.

Cotton and cotton-wool imported in foreign ships in the king's warehouse, to pay 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per pound duty; and also 5 per cent. impost by 19 G. 3. and no drawback on exportation. 20 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 33.

The act as to wool-cards, repealed. 26 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 35.

See *Licenses.* 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 40. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 35.

County Rates.

Justices of peace at quarter sessions impowered out of the county rates to repair shire-halls and other buildings wherein the assizes are held. 9 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 28.

The expences incurred by the king's printer and clerk of the peace, in regard to the registering freeholds, to be paid out of the county rates. 28 G. 3. c. 36. § 29. vol. 36.

Counties Palatine.

See *Lancaster Dutchy, Chester and Durham.*

Courts of Conscience.

Debtors committed to prison by those courts in London, Westminster, and Southwark, for a debt of 20s. or under, not to be confined more than 20 days; and not for more than 40s. for above 40 days. 25 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 35.

Prisoners to be discharged without paying gaolers fees, and process not to issue against the body and goods of the same party. Same act, § 6.

Commissioners under the acts for establishing courts of conscience, to be possessed

possessed of real estates of 20l. per ann. value, or personal of 500l. within the district he acts for. Same act, § 7.

The same extended to all courts instituted for recovery of small debts. 26 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 35.

Process not to issue against body and goods at the same time. Same act, § 7.

Courts, Criminal.

See *Wales (New South)*. 27 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 36.

Court Houses.

See *Westminster*. 18 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 32.

Courts, Inferior.

See *Error*. 19 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 32.

Courts Martial.

The lords of the admiralty may order a court martial at the charge of Sir Hugh Palliser against Admiral Keppel, to be holden on shore. 19 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 32.

So much of 22 G. 2. c. 33. as relates to members of courts martial going on shore during a trial, repealed; and the trial not to be delayed by the absence of any member, if a sufficient number remain; and none to be absent but on extraordinary occasions. Same year, c. 37.

The 12th & 13th articles in 22 G. 2. altered, and the court may inflict death, or such other punishment as the offender may deserve. Same act, § 3.

Proceedings, entries, and copies, in courts martial, not subject to stamp duty. 25 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 35.

Land officers and marines may sit in conjunction in courts martial according to seniority. Same act, § 80.—28 G. 3. c. 3. § 45. vol. 36.

Officers in the king's service and in the East India Company's service, may sit in conjunction in courts martial. 29 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 36.

Courts of Stepney and Hackney.

For diminishing the fees, &c. there, and altering the mode of proceeding in

the court of record. 21 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 33.

Courts, Supreme.

See *India (East) Company*. 21 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 33.

The method of proceeding in those courts in India. 24 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 35.

Covent Garden Parish

May purchase ground for a work-house and an additional burying ground. 15 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 31.

See *Paving*. 23 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 34.

See *Churches*. 28 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 36.

Covent Garden Theatre.

For securing a fund for charitable uses of indigent players thereof, under certain trustees, and for incorporating the subscribers. 16 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 31.

Coventry.

See *Canals, navigable*. 8 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 28.—15 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 31.—23 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 20 & 30. vol. 35.

For providing a maintenance for the vicar of the parish of Trinity there. 19 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 32.

For establishing certain payments to the vicar of St. Michael, in lieu of tithes, and for repealing a private act 4 P. & M. No. 5, relating to the tithes of the same parish. 19 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 32.

See *Parliament*. 21 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 33.

See *Paving*. 30 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 37.

Cowes, in the Isle of Wight.

See *Horses*. 32 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

See *Sheep*. Same act.

Cox's Museum

To be disposed of by way of lottery. 13 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 30.

Crape.

See *Silk*. 31 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 37.

Creditors.

See *Prisoners*. 26 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 35.

Cressage, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 37.

Cricklade.

Cricklade.

See *Parliament*. 22 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 34.—28 G. 3. c. 36. § 41. vol. 36.

Cromarty, Scotland.

See *Harbours*. 25 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 35.

Cromford Bridge, Derbyshire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 29 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 36.—30 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 37.

Crowland Manor, Lincolnshire.

See *Bedford Level*. 15 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 31.—19 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 32.

Crown Lands.

See *Fitzgerald (Gerald)*. 11 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 29.

Commissioners appointed to enquire into the state and condition of the crown lands, and to report the same to parliament. 26 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 35.

The receivers of revenues of crown lands to obtain their *quietus* before 1st August 1787, and deliver their accounts to the commissioners, or process to issue at that time. Same act, § 21.

No enquiry is to be made as to lands, &c. occupied by the royal family, or adjoining thereto. Same act, § 25.

Crumlin Bridge, Monmouthshire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 102. vol. 37.

Cumberland, Duke of.

Not liable to pay land-tax. 27 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 36.

1,546l. 7s. 10d. for annuity to the late Duke of Cumberland. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Cund, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 37.

Cunningham.

See *Journal of House of Commons*. 18 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 32.—25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

Currants.

See *Customs*. 17 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 31.

No currants to be imported in less package than five hundred weight (except for the use of the ship's company). 23 G. 3. c. 11. § 3. vol. 34.

Carriers.

See *Slaughtering Horses*. 26 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 35.

Customs.

Unentered goods found concealed in packages sent to the king's warehouses, or brought on-board by special sufferance, and not specified, forfeited. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 1. vol. 26.

Goods paying at *valorem* under-rated, may be carried to the king's warehouse, and the collector to pay the proprietor the value sworn to and 10 per cent. and the goods to be sold, and a moiety of the surplus to go to the officers concerned, and the other to the sinking fund. Same act, § 2.

Officers seizing and not prosecuting, instead of a moiety to have only a third of the value. Same act, § 39.

See *America*. Same year, c. 45.

Fraudulent relanding cards shipped for exportation, to forfeit 50l. Same year, c. 46. § 16.

Acts 5 G. 1. c. 11. & 8 G. 1. c. 18. as to running goods, continued (except as to ships performing quarantine). 7 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 27.—14 G. 3. c. 86. § 24. vol. 30.

Foreign silk and thread-lace, and needlework, seized, &c. to be sold for exportation only. 7 G. 3. c. 47. § 9. vol. 27.

Wrought silks and velvets, and other works made thereof, and cambricks and French lawns; seized in Great Britain, to be deposited in the next custom-house until condemned, unless moved by order of the commissioners, who are to cause the same to be marked, and then may be brought to the king's warehouse, at London or Edinburgh, to be sold for exportation. 8 G. 3. c. 25. § 10. vol. 28.

Straw hats, &c. not exceeding one dozen, nor platting for the same exceeding one pound; nor Spanish juice above twenty pounds, nor snuff ten pounds, nor nanquin cloth, muslin, callico or dimity exceeding one piece, and china ware above twelve pieces; to be moved by land from the outports, &c. to London, or within 20 miles thereof, without a certificate of the duty paid; nor if imported or seized in London, to be

be sent into the country, unless bought at public sale. 9 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 28.—10 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 28.—12 G. 3. c. 60. § 11. vol. 29.

Officers of customs at Senegambia to take the same fees as taken in Barbadoes, and the commanding officer to assist officers on duty, and not to exact greater fees, on penalty of 50*l*. 9 G. 3. c. 41. § 6. vol. 28.

Act 19 G. 2. c. 34. as to armed persons in disguise running goods, continued until 29th Sept. 1788. 26 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 35.

A capias requiring bail may issue in the first process for smuggling. 14 G. 3. c. 86. § 5. vol. 30.

Act 12 G. 1. c. 28. § 28. as to informations extended to suing for penalties for importing, wearing, or using prohibited goods, where the king is intitled to any part. Same act, § 14.

Bonds taken relating to the customs, and not prosecuted in five years (except for duty or money due to the crown, or for good behaviour of officers) to be void, and the commissioners to order them to be cancelled. 16 G. 3. c. 48. § 2. vol. 31.

See *Newfoundland*. Same year, c. 47.

Act 12 Car. 2. c. 4. as to the rate of 2*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*. on feather beds imported, repealed; and all feather beds and feathers dressed or not, new or old imported, to pay 6*l*. per hundred of 112 pounds. Same act, § 3.

The whole of customs drawn back on teas, exported to Ireland. See *Tear*. 17 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 31.

Goods unshipped at sea from homeward bound East India ships at any distance from the coast (unless through apparent necessity) forfeited, and the vessel into which they are taken, and treble value for assisting; and putting on board East India ships; wine, brandy, &c. at sea after clearance (except stores for the voyage) the like forfeiture. Same year, c. 41.

Bonds for exportation of prohibited goods, or goods intitled to a drawback, not to be discharged without a certificate within certain times; commanders of ships to the Baltic to give a particular of their lading to the British consul in ten days. Same act, § 4.

The eleventh rule of the book of rates, repealed, as to currants and raisins, and an abatement to the importer, for currants eight per cent. for raisins *solis* one per cent. Smyrna raisins six per cent. Lapari, Faro, Belvidera, Great Lexia, ten per cent. and for Denia raisins twenty per cent. in lieu of all former allowances; and no abatement for damage on other goods by the same rule, unless proved. Same year, c. 43.

Ships, &c. taken as prizes, not exempt from custom duties; but military or ships stores not to pay duties. 18 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 32.

Act 17 G. 3. c. 41. as to certificates, and proof for discharge of bonds for exportation of goods prohibited, &c. repealed; and the part relating to the Baltick, extended to Denmark, Norway, and Archangel. Same year, c. 40.

An additional duty of 5 per cent. on the amount of all former duties on goods exported, imported, or carried coastways, after the usual allowances, and to be wholly drawn back on exportation (except as to prize goods warehoused by 18 G. 3. c. 15. & 19 G. 3. c. 5. and other goods warehoused until taken out for home consumption; and this additional duty not to be drawn back where no drawback is allowed by law. 19 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 32.

Foreign brandy or other spirits imported from any part of Europe, in casks less than 60 gallons (except two gallons for each seaman) forfeited, with the ship and guns, &c. Same year, c. 69.

If tea, coffee, foreign brandy, or other spirits, or goods, liable to forfeiture, be found on board any ship in port, or within two leagues, of not more than 200 tons burthen; such ship, guns, &c. forfeited. Same act, § 2.

Act 8 G. 1. c. 18. extended to boats with six oars, but not to commanders of king's ships, nor to tow boats at Bristol. Same act, § 3.

Ships, &c. forfeited, may be seized by officers of the customs or excise, and if not fit for the king's service, to be broken up and sold; and no writ of delivery out of the exchequer for any ship ordered to be burnt or used for the king's

king's service, or broken up, unless the officer seizing delays proceeding three terms, and then not without good security for double value. Same act, § 6.

Penalty of 300l. on master of a ship coming from abroad (not an East India ship) having more than one hundred pounds of tea, or 100 gallons of spirits (above two gallons for each seamen) in casks under 60 gallons. Same act, § 7.

Officers of the customs or excise may arrest the master and persons assisting in running goods, and justices of peace may commit them, &c. two or more travelling together, armed or disguised, with horses or carriages laden with more than six pounds of tea or five gallons of spirits, without permit, may be arrested, and committed; as also any one obstructing the officer, or attempting a rescue, or damaging the casks, &c. the officer to enter into recognizance to prosecute, and the charges to be paid by the receiver general of the customs. Same act, § 8.

Persons so committed may be tried at the quarter sessions, and if convicted, to be committed for not more than three nor less than one year, or to serve the king by sea or land, and then not to be discharged in less than five years. Same act, § 12.

Smugglers not then prosecuted, and before 29th Sept. 1779, entered as a foldier or sailor for three years, indemnified; but if guilty after, or deserting, indemnity void; and officer permitting him to avoid service, to forfeit 500l. half to the king and the other to the informer; and justices to examine complaints, and certify the same to the commissioners of customs or excise. Same act, § 35.

Officers of customs and excise allowed to use lights on board ships in haven, &c. at the port of Kingston upon Hull. 19 G. 3. c. 48. § 4. vol. 32.

Freemen of the Turkey company may import to Great Britain or Ireland, goods usually brought from Turkey, Egypt, or the Grand Seignior's dominions in the Levant, in British, Irish, or foreign ships, to pay alien duty; and no entry but by freemen of the company. 20 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 33.

Goods usually brought from the Me-

diterranean may be imported in ships of Great Britain or Ireland, navigated according to law, or by foreigners in amity, on the same duty as from the place of growth (except drugs by nonfreemen) but foreign ships to pay alien duty. Same act, § 3. Continued by 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

See *Wines*. 18 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 33.

See *Lime for Manure*. 19 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 32.

Prize goods subject to duty of customs. 21 G. 3. c. 15. § 4. vol. 33.

See *Drawbacks*. Same year, c. 16.

Where ships or goods seized for non-payment of customs, and liable to be burnt or destroyed, or if the produce be insufficient to answer expences, or if the claimant obtain a verdict, all charges to be paid out of the king's share applicable to incidental payments. Same year, c. 62. § 2.

A second additional 5l. per cent. granted on duties of customs and excise. 22 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 34.

Officers of customs and excise may, on granting certificates for moving tobacco and snuff, administer oaths. 23 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 34.

On exportation of rice, the whole custom duty to be drawn back. Same year, c. 56.

See *Prizes*. Same year, c. 57.

See *Tobacco*. Same year, c. 11.

All exemptions from duty on importation of goods granted formerly by parliament, exchequer, or privy council of Scotland declared to be determined by the union of the two kingdoms. 24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 7. vol. 34.

Bonds given for the high duties on corn imported into Scotland after the limited time by 23 G. 3. c. 1. to be cancelled in payment of the low duties. Same year, c. 9.

The petty customs on aliens goods imported, and the duty of one per cent. on goods exported to or imported from the Mediterranean seas in unqualified ships, discontinued. Same year, c. 16.

Several regulations made for the further preventing smuggling in this kingdom. Same year, c. 47.

Vessels at anchor, or hovering within four leagues of the coast, having foreign spirits

spirits or wine on board, the ship, &c. to be forfeited; but on suit, evidence may be given of the small quantity, and on such proof, the vessel spared and the goods only forfeited. Same act, § 1, &c.

Vessels described in the act forfeited; but not those from America, the East or West Indies, Africa, or the Mediterranean, or in the service of the navy, victualling, ordnance, customs, excise, or post-office, or licenced by the admiralty, which licence is described, and to be brought to the port of exportation, and security to be given. Same act, § 10.

Persons obstructing officers of the navy, customs, or excise, in their duty, may be committed for three years by a justice, and liable to the penalties of 19 G. 3. c. 74. and if the offence be under c. 69. of that year, may be committed until the next quarter sessions and tried at the assizes in England, and by court of judicary or admiralty in Scotland, and the party may be bailed in England, but not in Scotland, unless he engages to stand trial. Same act, § 17.

Officers and seamen wounded in the service of customs and excise, to be provided for by the treasury, and rewarded for taking offenders. Same act, § 21.

Commanders of ships with a broad pendant may shoot into suspected vessels not bringing to, and if prosecuted, be admitted to bail; but carrying such pendant not being in the service of the navy, customs, or excise, penalty 500l. and the penalties by 19 G. 3. c. 69. extended to boats above twenty-eight feet long and above three feet and an half to one broad. Same act, § 23.

Ships in ballast to be reported, and the master may be examined on oath, and for refusing, penalty 100l. Same act, § 24.

Goods reported and the contents unknown, may be opened by the officer, and if any prohibited goods found, to be forfeited. Same act, § 28.

Officers of the customs to have the same power to seize tea and spirits removing without permit as officers of excise. Same act, § 29.

See *Excise*.

Ships or goods forfeited by this act, or by 19 G. 3. c. 69. may be seized by

officers of customs or excise, and prosecuted according to 3 G. 3. c. 22. and if condemned, and the vessel fit for the king's service, may be sold to the commissioners of admiralty or navy. Same act, § 34.

The regulations by 23 G. 3. c. 70. touching actions against officers of excise, extended to officers of the customs. Same act, § 35.

No prosecutions for offences as to customs and excise, committed before 24th June 1784, and the king's share of all fines for former convictions discharged, and out-laws may apply to the court to have the process reversed. Same act, § 40.

This act not to extend to offences subject to corporal punishment, nor to seizure of goods or boats, or to prosecutions for forfeiture thereof, nor to discharge judgments, executions, informations for fines or verdicts (as to the informer's share) but the same to be carried on as before, nor to extend to custom-house duties or bond debts to the crown, or on debentures, nor to officers in the East India Company's service. Same act, § 43.

See *Exchequer Court for Claims*. Same year, c. 47. § 36.

See *Hats*. Same year, c. 51.

See *Plate*. Same year, c. 53.

See *Excise*. 25 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 35.

For better securing the duties on tobacco, several regulations made both as to importation and manufactory thereof. Same year, c. 81.

See *Tobacco and Excise*.

Bounties to Newfoundland fishing-vessels to be paid out of the custom duties. 26 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 35.

See *Manifests*. Same year, c. 40.

See *Forfeitures*. Same year, c. 59. § 63.

See *Costs*. Same year, c. 40. § 31.

See *Informations*. Same year, c. 77.

The duties and drawbacks of the customs (except package due to the city of London, or any other corporation) to cease from 10th May 1787, and then those contained in the schedules to this act, A. B. C. D. & E. (except as therein provided) to be levied, and the drawbacks therein specified to be allowed. 27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

To be under the commissioners of customs

customs in England and Scotland, and levied and allowed as the old duties and drawbacks, and the penalties, bounties, and premiums, &c. and all acts relative to the customs not altered, to continue, and the duties to be consolidated and applied to the public revenue. Same act, § 25.

Goods whereon the duty is payable by weight being damaged, such damage to be allowed for on proof, and the goods to be laden and unladen, and the officers to attend and have the same fees as before. Same act, § 33.

Officers may open bales of goods reported for exportation; but this not to extend to vessels coming from Asia, Africa, or America. Same year, c. 32. § 10. vol. 36.

Several laws relating to the customs, amended. Same act.

See *India (East) Company*. Schedule B. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 15, 24. vol. 36.

The commissioners of the customs may restore goods seized, on condition, if they are satisfied no fraud was intended; but if the conditions are not performed, the goods to be condemned and the party to have no recompense. Same year, c. 32. § 15.

Commissioners may permit bonds given for registering ships, to be executed where they think proper. Same year, c. 19. § 6.

Acts 5 G. 1. c. 11. against the clandestine running of unaccustomed goods. Continued until 29th Sept. 1795. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

Goods (except linens) of the growth or manufacture of the European dominions of the United Provinces, may be imported on duties in table C. annexed to 27 G. 3. c. 13. and all other goods (except linens) which may be otherwise legally imported, on the lowest duties on such goods from foreign European countries; and the exporters of goods, for which the lowest duties are paid, to be allowed the usual drawbacks. Same year, c. 27.

No writ to be sued out against any person acting under any act relating to the customs or excise, until after a month's notice given thereof, for which notice 20s. is to be paid to the plaintiff's

attorney; and tender of amends may be made by the defendant within such month, and also pleaded in bar. Same year, c. 37. § 23.

No evidence to be given, but of what is contained in such notice, and the amends made may be paid into court any time before issue joined. Same act, § 27.

See *West Indies*. 29 G. 3. c. 56. § 4. vol. 36.

The treasury authorised to appoint two commissioners of the customs in England, and one in Scotland, to enquire upon oath into the annual amount of the emoluments of officers of the customs, and others employed in that revenue. Same year, c. 64.

When the enquiry is completed, to report to the treasury the result thereof. Same act, § 1.

Treasury to issue 1,500l. to pay clerks, &c. and the act to continue until Sept. 1, 1790. Same act, § 3.

1000l. issued for expences of enquiring into the emoluments of the officers of the customs, 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 24. vol. 37.

The commissioners of the customs authorised to defray the expences of seizures, &c. of vessels, &c. out of the king's share of seizures in general, and the officer to receive his full share of the nett produce. Same year, c. 43.

On tanned goat-skins imported, an additional duty of 15s. per dozen. 31 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 37.

A drawback of the said duty on exportation. Same act, § 3.

Tanned goat-skins imported since 1st of June 1791, but not entered, liable to the additional duty. Same act, § 4.

Officers of the customs to cause printed, painted, or stained paper, imported, to be marked and the commissioners of the customs to provide frames and stamps to mark every piece of paper imported, and 100l. penalty for counterfeiting frames, stamps, &c. and 50l. penalty for cutting out frame-marks, or affixing frame-marks that have been used. 32 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 37.

Commissioners of the customs, or justices, may authorize an officer of the customs or excise, with the assistance of

a peace officer, to search suspected places in the day-time; and any paper found unstamped to be forfeited, and 50l. penalty for obstructing officers. Same act, § 4.

Foreign printed, &c. paper without the frame-mark, &c. may be seized, and the possessor to forfeit 50l. and this act to commence the 1st of August 1792. Same act, § 6.

Cutlers (Company of) in Hallamshire.

For regulating the company of cutlers within the liberty of Hallamshire, in the county of York, and within six miles of the said liberty, and their journeymen and apprentices. 31 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 37.

Cyder and Perry.

The duties by 3 G. 3. c. 12. and the regulations by 4 G. 3. c. 3. repealed, and in lieu thereof, the following duties to be paid on cyder and perry :

	l.	s.	d.
On importation, per ton	3	0	0
If made in Great Britain for sale, by retail, to be paid by the retailer, per hoghead	0	6	0
If consigned to a factor, to be paid by him, per hoghead	0	16	8

These duties to be drawn back on exportation or distillation, or if only fit for vinegar. 6 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 27.

Continued with the malt act. 8 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 28.

Cyder and perry in custody of a factor which hath been charged with the duty, to be discharged of 4s. per hoghead, part of the 16s. 8d. 23 G. 3. c. 4. § 22. vol. 34.

Cyder, sweets, British made wines, mead, spirituous or other liquors found in possession of any dealer in foreign wine, to be deemed foreign wine, and if kept separate from any wine, to be deemed French red wine. 26 G. 3. c. 59. § 29. vol. 35. See *Malt Act*. 29 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 36.

D.

Dalby (Rev. Tho. Weekes).

1891. 13s. 8d. granted to him by parliament, as a compensation for de-

taining the ship Hope, belonging to Charles Weekes, on account of the victualling office in the years 1743 and 1744. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

Dalkeith, Scotland.

See *Scotland*. 22 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 34.

Damages (Double).

See *Coin*. 14 G. 3. c. 70. § 8. vol. 30.

Dartmouth.

See *Voorberg (Crew of Ship)*. 26 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 35.

Davis's Straights.

See *Fish and Fisheries*. 20 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 33.

Deacons.

See *Bishops*. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 35. vol. 34.

Deaf, Kent.

See *Debt and Debtors*. 26 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 35.

See *Paving*. 31 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 37.

Deals and Battens.

See *Battens and Deals*. 26 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 35.

Death.

See *Felony*.

Debentures.

See *India (East) Company*. 23 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 34.

Debentures on exportation of goods intitled to bounties or drawbacks, to be in the names of the real owners; but companies trading with a joint stock may employ agents. 26 G. 3. c. 40. § 18. vol. 35.

Debt and Debtors.

Small debts to be recovered in a summary way in the hundreds of Blackheath, Bromley, Beckenham, Rokeley, alias Ruxley, Little and Lessness, in Kent. 5 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 27.—10 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 28.

The like in the hundreds of Chippenham, Calne, and Damerham North, and the lordship or liberty of Cornham, in Wilts. 5 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 26.

For recovery of small debts in Derby. 6 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 27.

For recovery of small debts in the city of Bath, and the liberties thereof. Same year, c. 16.

Landlords to be satisfied two years rent before the goods of insolvent debtors, which are distrainable, are assigned to the creditors, 9 G. 3. c. 26. § 16. vol. 28.

Estates tail which such debtors have power to bar, to be deemed estates in fee, and delivered up to creditors. Same act, § 42. 12 G. 3. c. 23. § 45. vol. 29.

Debtors to the crown, or who owe above 1,000l. to any one person, to be excluded the benefit of this act, unless consented to by the crown; and if such creditor oppose the discharge, to allow the prisoner 3s. 6d. per week, and on failure of payment the prisoner to be discharged. Same act, § 42.

For recovery of small debts in the borough of King's Lynn, in Norfolk, and liberties thereof. 10 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 28.

The like in the parishes of Poulton, Kirkham, Lytham, and Bispham, and the townships of Prusall and Stalmine, in the county palatine of Lancaster. Same year, c. 21.

The like in Kidderminster, Worcester-shire. 12 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 29.

The like in the city of Exeter. 13 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 30.

Assignees of insolvent debtors may compound with lords of manors, and be admitted to his copyhold and customary estates; but this only to affect the debtors own right. 14 G. 3. c. 77. § 15. vol. 30.

All mortgages, statutes, &c. to take place of debts of an inferior nature. Same act, § 17.

And the debtors power of leasing lands to vest in the assignees. Same act, § 18.

Small debts in the hundred of Elloe, in Lincolnshire, may be recovered in a summary way. 15 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 31.

The future estates or money in the funds belonging to insolvent debtors (notwithstanding their discharge) liable to creditors, and they may sue out execu-

tion, but not against the person. 16 G. 3. c. 38. § 41. vol. 31.

See *Bankrupts*. Same act, § 68.

See *Toucbet (Thomas)* Same act, § 70.

For the recovery of small debts in the parishes of Hallifax, Bradford, Keighley, Bingley, Guisley, Calverley, Batley, Birstal, Mirfield, Hartishead cum Clifton, Almonbury, Kirkheaton, Kirkburton, and Huddersfield, and the lordship or liberty of West Tong, in the West Riding of Yorkshire, and for extending the jurisdiction of the court-baron of the honour of Pontefract, and manors of Wakefield and Bingley. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

So much of the last act as relates to small debts, repealed, and the jurisdiction of the court baron of Keighley extended. 20 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 33.

For the recovery of small debts in the parish of Old Swinford, in the counties of Worcester and Stafford. 17 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 31.

The like in the parishes of Surfleet, Golborton, Quadring, Dorington, Bicker, Swineshead, Wigtoft, Sutterton, Alkarkirk, Fosdike, Kirton, Frampton, Wiber-ton, and Brothertoft, in the hundred of Kirton, in Holland, in Lincolnshire. 17 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 31. Repealed 18 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 32.

The like in the soke of Bolinbroke and wapentake of Candlestoe in Lud-fey, in Lincolnshire. 18 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 32.

The like in the Isle of Ely, in the county of Cambridge. Same year, c. 36.

All estates tail of insolvent debtors in freehold or copyhold premises, to be delivered up to creditors on his discharge. 18 G. 3. c. 52. § 60. vol. 32. — 21 G. 3. c. 63. § 51. vol. 33.

The like in the soke of Horncastle and wapentakes of Wragge and Gar-tree (except the parish of Great Sturton) and in the wapentakes Louth, Eske, Ludborough, and Calverworth, and the parishes of Wrangle, Leake, Leverton, Bennington, Fishtoft, Butterwick, and Freiston, in the hundred of Sherbeck, in Lincolnshire. 19 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 32.

Commissioners of the Tower Ham-lets

lets may purchase ground and build a court-house, and grant annuities; may take cognizance of debts for rent under 40s. if the complainant hath been in possession twelve months; but no recovery of rent in the said court to be given in evidence in support of a title, nor to extend to prevent a distress or action for rent. If the defendant does not appear, judgment may be given in his absence, but he must have a day to shew cause. No victualler to act as a commissioner, nor this act to extend to the liberty of the Tower within. 19 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 32.

For recovery of small debts at Beverley in Yorkshire. 21 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 33.

The like in Rochester, Kent. 22 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 34.

The like in Broseley, Brenthall, Maidley, Linley, Willey, Little Wenlock, Dawley, and Poshall, in the county of Salop. Same year, c. 37.

The like at Shrewsbury. 23 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 34.

The like in the town and hundred of Faversham in Kent. 25 G. 3. c. 7. v. 35.

The like in Deal, and several parishes in Kent. 26 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 35.

The like at Sandwich, Ramsgate, &c. in Kent. Same year, c. 22.

See *Courts of Conscience*. Same year, c. 38.

See *Prisoners*. Same year, c. 44.

See *Scotland*. 30 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 37.

For the more easy and speedy recovery of small debts in the hundreds of Cirencester, Crowthorne, and Minty, Brightwells, Barrow, Rapsgate, Bradley, Bisley, and Longtree, commonly called the Seven Hundreds of Cirencester, in Gloucestershire, 32 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 37.

Debts (Public).

See *Accounts (Public)*. 20 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 33.

See *National Debt*. 26 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 35.

All acts relating to public debts not altered by this act, to continue in force, 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 6. vol. 36.

Debtors to the Crown.

Commissioners of the treasury may compound with Earl Powis, as to a debt

due from Charles Mafon, and may relieve the said Earl as to his estates in the counties of Montgomery and Salop. 14 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 30.

See *Fitzmaurice (Ulysses)*. Same year, c. 40.

Commissioners of the treasury may compound with the representatives of Hugh Barlow, Herbert Lloyd, and William Skyrme, for a debt to the crown from them and William Williams, deceased. 15 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 31.

The like as to a debt from William Harry to the crown, 17 G. 3. c. 49. v. 31.

The like as to a debt from William Brown and his sureties, on tobacco-bonds, &c. Same year, c. 31.

The like as to a debt from James Geldart and his sureties, and for vesting his estate in Francis and Thomas Geldart. 19 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 32.

The like as to a debt from Francis Dixon, Esq. deceased, and his sureties, and for vesting his estate in trustees, 24 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 34.

See *Exchequer Court*, as to selling estates under extents, 25 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 35.

See *Prisoners*. 26 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 35.

The estate of Edward Henwill vested in trustees to be sold to discharge a debt of 2,517l. 9s. 9d. due to the crown, 28 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 36.

Declarations.

The value of nonenumerated goods to be ascertained by the declaration of the importer or exporter, which are to bind them respectively as if on oath, and if undervalued, may be taken for the crown on paying the price set, and then to be sold, and a moiety of the clear produce to go to the officer, 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 17. vol. 36.

See *Customs*.

Declaratory Act.

See *India (East) Company*. 28 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 36.

See *Stamps*, and *Scotland*. 26 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 35.

Dee River.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 88. vol. 37.

Deer and Deer-stealers.

To prevent deer stealing, hunting deer in forests, &c. where deer are usually kept, without the consent of the owner, or not duly authorized; for hunting, &c. to forfeit 20*l.* For killing, wounding, &c. for each deer 30*l.* And if the offender be the keeper of the park, &c. to pay double; and offending after conviction, to be transported for 7 years. 16 G. 3. c. 30. § 1. vol. 31.

If convicted on any former act, to be deemed a second offence. Same act, § 2.

Justices may order suspected houses to be searched for skins, &c. Same act, § 4.

Setting nets, &c. for deer, to forfeit 20*l.* and not less than 5*l.* and for the second offence 20*l.* and not less than 10*l.* Same act, § 7.

Pulling down pales, &c. of a park, &c. where deer are kept, same penalty as for killing deer. Same act, § 8.

Fire arms, &c. carried in parks, &c. with an intent to destroy, &c. may be seized; and beating the keeper, &c. or rescuing prisoner, transportation for seven years. Same act, § 9.

Penalties, a moiety to the king, the other to the informer, to be levied by distress; and the offender, on nonpayment, to be committed for one year, or until payment; with other regulations as to justices proceeding. Same act.

Acts 13 R. 2. c. 13. as to using heys, nets, &c.—19 H. 7. c. 11. as to deer. 7 Jac. 1. c. 13. as to deer (except as to repealing 3 Jac. 1. c. 13.)—13 Car. 2. c. 10, 3 & 4 W. & M. c. 10.—5 G. 1. c. 15, and 10 much of 10 G. 2. c. 32. as relates to the killing deer, &c. in parks, &c. repealed; but this act not to extend to Scotland. Same act, § 27.

Deerhurst, Gloucestershire.

See *Canals, navigable.* 32 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 37,

Demerary.

See *Sugars.* 21 G. 3. c. 62, § 19. vol. 33,

Deputations.

See *Game,* 24 G. 3. sess. 2. c. 43. vol. 34,

See *Officers.* 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 12. vol. 35.

See *Felony.* Same year, c. 82. § 6.

Derby.

See *Bridges.* 28 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 36.

See *Paving.* 32 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.

Deretend, Warwickshire.

For cleansing, lighting, and watching and levelling the surfaces of the streets, &c. within the Hamlets of Deretend and Bordesley, in Warwickshire, and for removing nuisances, &c. and regulating carts, &c. 31 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 37.

Derwentwater Estate.

See *Greenwich Hospital.* 16 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 31.

See *Forfeited Estates.* 28 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 36.

Devizes, Wiltshire.

See *Paving.* 21 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 33.

Devonshire.

For relief of the poor in that county. 9 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 28. This act repealed. 13 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 30.

For taking down the shire-hall and building another. Same year, c. 16.

See *Gaols.* 27 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 36.

Diamonds.

All goods imported (except diamonds, pearls, precious stones, and bullion, and fresh fish) to be entered at the custom house. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 12. vol. 36.

Dice and Cards.

See *Cards and Dice.*

Diet of Crews.

See *Corn and Grain.* 30 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Diglis, near Worcester.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 30 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 37.

Directors.

See *India (East) Company.* 13 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 30.

Disguised

Disguised Persons.

See *Customs*. Continued until 29th Sept. 1788. 26 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 35.

Dispensations.

See *Stamps*. 19 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 32.—
23 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.

Disseuters.

See *Nonconformists*. 19 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 32.

See *Stamps*. 25 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 35.

Distillers.

The extraction of low wines and spirits from wheat and flour, prohibited for a time. 11 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 29.

Corn distillers to provide fastenings to the heads of low wine stills, and the officers locks and keys; distillers to give four hours notice of opening stills, and twelve hours if between twelve at night and six in the morning; using unentered pipes, &c. penalty 100l. working before the still fastened 50l. opening the still after locked 200l. and obstructing the officers 100l. 12 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 29.

Persons using stills of ten gallons or upwards with the head on, deemed common distillers according to 33 G. 2. c. 9. Same act, § 9.

See *Low Wines*. 13 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 30.—
24 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 34.

Act 12 G. 3. c. 46. extended to all distillers; the wash still to contain 400 gallons, and low wine still 100 gallons; to make openings in the breast of the still for the gauger, not more than five inches nor less than one inch and an half diameter, to draw samples with a phial, which officers may take, paying 1s. 6d. per gallon for wash, and 4d. for spent wash. 14 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 30.—
23 G. 3. c. 70. § 22. vol. 34.

All persons making wash for distillation, and having in possession stills of the cubick contents of two gallons, or having wash in their custody, to be deemed common distillers. 19 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 32.—21 G. 3. c. 55. § 35. vol. 33.

Officers of excise discovering private stills or materials for distillation, may

seize the same, and if not claimed in ten days to be forfeited, and the person in whose custody found, also to forfeit 200l. 19 G. 3. c. 50. § 2.

None to make entry of stills for low wines or spirits, unless he rents 10l. per ann. and pays parish rates. Same act, § 3.

Distillers to make entries weekly of all wash used for low wines and spirits, and to pay the duty in a week after, or to pay double. Same act, § 4.

Distillers to have the words—“*Distiller, Rectifier, or Compounder of Spirituous Liquors*” (as the case may be) over their outward door, or to forfeit 100l. and persons buying British made spirits (except sold under direction of the commissioners of excise) where such words are not put over doors, to forfeit 50l. Same act, § 7.

Either buyer or seller informing, discharged of his own penalty. Same act, § 8.

Distillers of spirits for exportation to produce to the officer a quantity of spirits in proportion to the wash in their custody, or to be charged for all wash missing, and six gallons per ton allowed for waste. 21 G. 3. c. 55. § 32. vol. 33.

Persons found assisting in private distillation of British made spirituous liquors to forfeit 30l. and may be carried before a justice, and on nonpayment of the penalty, committed for six months, and a second offence double penalty. 23 G. 3. c. 70. § 16. vol. 34.

Distillers to demolish their trunks or close vessels for receiving wash, &c. and to take away all pipes fastened to the end of their still worms, and discharge-cocks to be fixed in the body of the still, and the key to be made with an open eye or hole at the top, capable of receiving a lever, to turn the same, and such key to be of one piece solid to the bottom, and so rivetted into the cock, of which it is part, so as to prevent the same being taken out of the cock, and the mouths of such cocks to be left free. Same act, § 17.

When stills cease to work, the head to be taken off. Same act, § 19.

Distillers to provide ladders to enable officers to get to the top of their stills,
and

and to assist therein, on penalty of 200l. Same act, § 21.

No still to have more than one fixed charging pipe, and one discharging cock. Same act, § 23.

No corn distiller to use any melasses, coarse sugar, honey, or composition, or extract of sugar, in preparing wash for distillation. Same act, § 24.

No entry of any still-house to be withdrawn whilst any wash or other materials for distillation remain therein. Same act, § 25.

See *Excise*. Same act, § 26.

Officers may take samples of wash not above twelve gallons, at 1s. 6d. per gallon. 24 G. 3. c. 46. § 18. vol. 34.— 26 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 35.

The provisions by 12 G. 3. c. 46. & 14 G. 3. c. 73. respecting locks and keys, &c. to stills extended to distillers of low wines. 24 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 34.

The duties on low wines and spirits for home consumption, discontinued for two years, from 1st Nov. 1784, and instead thereof, these duties granted, viz.

s. d.

For fermented wort or wash, from malt, corn, grain or tilts, or in mixture thereof, per gallon

o 5

From cyder, perry, or other British material

o 4

From melasses or sugar

o 7½

From foreign refused wine or other foreign materials

o 10

Such wash, &c. not to be removed until gauged, and officers to keep account of the same, subject to duty. 24 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 34.

Distillers to have allowances for every gallon of wort, &c. from malt, &c. of twenty gallons of spirits of strength of one to ten over hydrometer proof.

If from cyder and perry, or other British materials, fifteen gallons of spirits of the same strength.

If from melasses, &c. twenty-two gallons of spirits of the same strength.

If from foreign refused wine, &c. twenty gallons of spirits of the same strength. Same act, § 2.

And if a greater quantity of spirits be found, the increase to be seized. Same act, § 4.

Distillers not to keep low wines more than 24 hours after running from the wash still. Same act, § 8.

Not to sell spirits (except spirits of wine) of greater strength than one to ten over hydrometer proof, otherwise to be forfeited. Same act, § 14.

Accounts of the stocks of distillers to be taken by officers every thirty days. Same act, § 18.

Standing casks of raw spirits to be entered and gauged, and moveable casks to have their contents marked thereon; and officers may take samples of spirits, paying seven shillings per gallon for British spirits, and thirteen shillings for foreign spirits. Same act, § 26.

Distillers not intitled to any allowance for increase of wash in the still. Same act, § 30.

No distiller to withdraw his entry whilst any duty depending or utensils standing, and officers may enter still-houses by night as well as by day, and 200l. penalty for obstructing them; but distillers may change their entries from home consumption to exportation. Same act, § 31.

Persons permitting private stills to be used in their houses, incur the same penalties as for using the same, and spirits seized and condemned, to be valued and then destroyed, and the seizing officer to be paid his share of such value. Same act, § 32.

See *Maidstone Geneva*. Same act, § 34. 26 G. 3. c. 73. § 47. vol. 35.

An allowance of 22l. for every 252 gallons of spirits drawn from malt, corn, and grain to be made to distillers in England, and a proportion of that sum in Scotland. 25 G. 3. c. 73. § 2. vol. 35.

Six days notice to be given of application for such allowance, and when the allowance is ascertained, never to be again examined. Same act, § 3.

Distillers to make entries of still-houses before worked in, and not to be used otherwise than as specified in such entry, which is not to be withdrawn while the duties are depending or the utensils standing; but the names may be changed. 26 G. 3. c. 73. § 3. vol. 35.

Washbacks to be so constructed that the officer

officer may conveniently take a gauge ; and notice is to be given before the wash backs are fresh lined. Same act, § 5.

The provisions contained in 12 G. 3. c. 46. and in 14 G. 3. c. 73. relative to fastenings of stills, &c. extended to all distillers ; and no stills to be used without proper discharge-cocks and locks to be altered and repaired at the request of the officer. Same act, § 8.

The clause in 23 G. 3. c. 70. relating to rivetted cocks, repealed, and no key to be riveted so as to prevent examination, nor distillers to have pipes of communication with the worms, nor a cap to prevent the cocks being examined. Same act, § 11.

No person deemed a rectifier or compounder of spirits having stills of less capacity than one hundred and twenty gallons. Same act, § 15.

Wort from the backs not to be removed before it is gauged, and regulations relating to still pipes. Same act, § 16.

For fraudulently moving or concealing wort, to forfeit it and ten shillings per gallon, and for not charging wash stills, or not working them off in due time according to this act, penalty 200l. and the like for keeping low wines more than twelve hours after they have run off from the wash still. Same act, § 21.

No allowance to be made for any fluid mixed with wash ; and distillers to have credit for every one hundred gallons of wort made from grain, twenty gallons of spirits of the strength of one to ten over hydrometer proof. If from other British materials fifteen gallons, if from melasses or sugar twenty-two gallons ; if from other foreign materials twenty gallons. Same act, § 24.

Increase of stock above a due quantity to be forfeited ; and officers to take stock of distillers every three months or when ordered so to do, and spirits produced from the stills at work whilst the stock is taking, to be afterwards added and different sorts of spirits to be kept separate. Same act, § 27.

See *Permits from Scotland*. Same act, § 40.

Vinegar makers not to carry on distilleries on the same premises. Same act, § 55.

Regulations as to the quantity of wort with which stills are to be charged during the time of working. Same act, § 61.

No entries of wash stills to be withdrawn which has begun working in less than three months, but afterwards such entry may be withdrawn. Same act, § 62.

Commissioners of excise may grant relief where the duties exceed the quantity of wash. Same act, § 64.

No stills that have discontinued working to recommence without new notice. Same act, § 65.

On making entries in England of spirits to be exported to Scotland, to pay the same duty on licences for stills as the Scots do, and the licence likewise to be taken out ten days before used. 28 G. 3. c. 46. § 37. vol. 36.

On withdrawing entries in England for making spirits for home consumption, to be allowed for stills used with British materials two-pence and four-tenths of a penny per gallon, if from melasses or sugar 4d. per gallon, and if from foreign refused wine four-pence and eight-tenths of a penny per gallon. Same act, § 41.

Permits and duplicates to be sent with spirits between Scotland and England. Same act, § 62.

Distillers of spirits for exportation, to produce to the officer between 15th November and 15th May yearly, from nine gallons of wash two gallons of spirits, and between 15th May and 15th Nov. from six gallons of wash one gallon of spirits, or to pay 1s. 6d. per gallon for all wanting. Same act, § 77.

The duty by 27 G. 3. c. 13. schedule F. continued until 5th July 1719. Same act, § 78.

The duties granted by this to be paid into the exchequer, and carried to the consolidated fund. Same act, § 85.

Act 28 G. 3. c. 46. § 62, 63, 64, and 65. relating to the Scots distillery, repealed ; but the rest of that act continued until 5th July 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 36.

See *Spirits*. Same year, c. 55.

See

See *Spirituous Liquors*. Same year, c. 63. § 5.

For making allowances to distillers of low wines and spirits, from malt, corn, or grain, in Scotland, in respect of duties imposed by the 24 G. 3. c. 46.—36 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 37.

See *Scotland*.

Distriets.

See *Corn and Grain*. 29 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 36.

Dividends.

See *India (East) Company*. 23 G. 3. c. 36 & 83.—24 G. 3. sel. 2. c. 2. v. 34.

See *Annuities*. 26 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 35.

Dixon (Francis).

See *Debts to the Crown*. 24 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 34.

Dobson (John).

See *Treasury*. 11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.

Dockyards.

See *Felony*. 12 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 29.

Doddington, Cambridgeshire.

See *Inclosures*. 31 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 37.—32 G. 3. c. 108. vol. 37.

See *Fens*. 12 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 29.

Dogs.

Stealing dogs from the owner or person entrusted therewith, or selling, buying, receiving, or detaining dogs, knowing the same to be stolen, convicted on the oath of one witness before two justices, to pay 30l. and not less than 20l. for the first offence, with charges, and on non-payment may be committed for 12 months, and not less than six; for the second offence to pay 50l. and not less than 30l. with charges, one moiety to the informer and the other to the poor, and on nonpayment may be committed for 18 months, and not less than 12; and to be publicly whipped in three days; search may be made for dogs, and skins stolen, and the person in whose custody found, liable to the same penalties; appeal to the quarter sessions, where costs may be given, and no *Certiorari*. 10 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 28.

Dominica.

See *Tobacco*. 18 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 32.

Acts 6 G. 3. c. 49.—14 G. 3. c. 41

& 21 G. 3. c. 29. so far as relates to importation and exportation of goods to and from Port Roseau, in the island of Dominica, and other ports mentioned, repealed; and the articles enumerated of the growth or produce of any American colony belonging to foreign European states may be imported into the said ports in one decked foreign European ships not above seventy tons. 27 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 36.

The goods enumerated are wool, cotton, indigo, cochineal, drugs, coëoa, logwood, fustick, wood for dyers, hides, skins, tallow, beaver, furs, tortoiseshells, hard wood, mill timber, mahogany, and wood for cabinet ware; horses, asses, mules, and other cattle from foreign colonies; coin, bullion, diamonds, and precious stones. Same act, § 2.

If any articles not enumerated be so imported into any of the said ports, to be forfeited with the vessel. Same act, § 3.

Rum, negroes, and other goods (except masts, yards, and bowsprits, pitch, tar, turpentine, tobacco, and American iron) may be exported from the said ports to foreign American colonies in ships not above 70 tons burthen. Same act, § 4.

No goods the produce of Europe or the East Indies to be exported from Dominica to any British colony. Same act, § 7.

600l. granted for the chief justice of the said island to 1st Jan. 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

600l. for the same purpose. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

600l. for the same purpose. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

600l. more for the same purpose. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Act 27 G. 3. c. 27. for allowing the importation and exportation of certain goods, &c. in the port of Roseau, in the island of Dominica, made perpetual. Same year, c. 37.

Donations, charitable.

See *Poor*. 26 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 35.

Donnington Wood, Salop.

See *Canals, navigable*. 28 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 36.

Dorchester (Lord).

See *Orders of Council*. 30 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Douglas (in the Isle of Man).

See *Sugar*. 26 G. 3. c. 36. § 2. vol. 35.

Douglas River, Lancashire.

See *Rivers*. 23 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 34.

See *Canals, navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 37.

Dover and Rye, in Kent and Sussex.

See *Harbours*. 26 G. 3. c. 11. v. 35.

See *Pilots*. 32 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

Dover Street, London.

See *Ely House*. 12 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 29.
—15 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 31.

Draining.

For more effectually draining and preserving certain low lands in the parish of Great Carlton, Lincolnshire. 32 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 37.

Drapery.

Acts 11 G. 1. c. 24.—7 G. 2. c. 25. and 14 G. 2. c. 35. relating to the width and length of cloth made in the west riding of Yorkshire, repealed, and searchers and measurers appointed; and maker to pay for measuring and sealing, viz.

	s.	d.
For whole cloth 35 yards long	0	6
If more than 30 yards	0	4
And less	0	3

And not to take cloths from the mill till measured and stamped, and other regulations. 5 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 26.

Merchants may have cloths wet, and remeasured by inspector, and if of less quantity than the seal denotes, the searcher to forfeit, viz.

	s.	d.
For every inch in breadth or half yard in length deficient	5	0
And for every other inch in breadth or half yard in length deficient	10	0

One moiety, deducting costs, to the informer, and the other to the treasurer

of the west riding. 6 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 27.

False seals found, inspector to put new ones, and the seller to forfeit double the deficiency, or take his cloth back, and pay expences. Same act, § 5.

Inspector for false stamping, to forfeit, viz.

l. s. d.

For the first inch in breadth or

half yard in length deficient 1 0 0

And if two inches in breadth, or one yard in length deficient, to lose his office. If inspector suspect fraud in the maker, may wet and measure cloth. Same act, § 6.

Power given to the sessions, by the last act, repealed; overstretching cloths to forfeit, viz.

s. d.

For the first half yard in length or inch in breadth

5 0

And every other quarter of a yard in length and inch in breadth

10 0

Same act, § 15.

To extend to all cloths made in the west riding of Yorkshire, except narrow cloths, described by 11 G. 2. c. 28. and blankets and striped duffled blankets. Same act, § 23.

Drawbacks and Discounts

On china wares exported to the British colonies by 7 G. 3. c. 46. repealed. 10 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 28.

Drawbacks on muslins and white calicoes imported by the East India Company. 16 G. 3. c. 51. continued. 19 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 32.

See *Wines*. 18 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 32.

A drawback of all duties by 18 G. 3. c. 27. on foreign wine imported, allowed on exportation thereof to America or the East Indies. 19 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 32.

All discounts and abatements on foreign goods imported to cease, and the full duties to be paid in ready money (except for East India goods) which are to be paid as after mentioned; but not to extend to the allowance of twelve pounds per cent. for leakage on wine imported according to the eighth rule in the book of rates, nor to the allowance for damaged goods, nor to the usual allowance

allowance on bonds for tobacco duties, by 12 *Q. Ann.* c. 8. and the impost of 5 per cent. by 19 *G. 3.* c. 25. to be computed on the gross duties. 21 *G. 3.* c. 16. vol. 33.

Drawbacks allowed on brandy, arrack, tobacco, and snuff, exported, 22 *G. 3.* c. 28. § 8. vol. 34.

See *Rice.* 23 *G. 3.* c. 56. vol. 34.

See *Snuff.* 25 *G. 3.* c. 69. vol. 35.

See *Plate.* Same year, c. 64.

No additional drawback on exportation of hops to Ireland. 26 *G. 3.* c. 5. vol. 35.

On exportation of French wine to America a drawback of 19l. 13s. per ton allowed, and to every other place 11l. 5s. for other foreign wines to America 14l. 7s. per ton; to the East Indies 9l. 17s. and to any other place 5l. 13s. Same year, c. 59. § 48.

See *Coals.* Same year, c. 104.

Drawbacks of customs not to be allowed (except on goods properly entered and exported within three years) and the drawback claimed in two years after shipped, 27 *G. 3.* c. 13. § 3. vol. 36.

Exported goods for which the lowest duties have been paid, to be allowed drawbacks. 28 *G. 3.* c. 27. § 2. vol. 36.

See *Customs.* Same act,

For allowing the like drawback on tea exported to Guernsey, Jersey, and Gibraltar, and other places on the continent of Europe, and to Africa; as is now allowed on teas exported to Ireland or America, 29 *G. 3.* c. 59. vol. 36.

For granting further time for allowing the drawback upon the exportation of coffee, imported by the East India Company in the ship *Lord Camden* in 1786. Same year, c. 60.

See *Yucatan, South America.* 30 *G. 3.* c. 26. vol. 37.

See *Sugar.* 32 *G. 3.* c. 43. vol. 37.

Droits, Ancient.

See *Margate, in Kent.* 27 *G. 3.* c. 45. vol. 36.

Drugs.

Duty on *succus liquoritæ* reduced to

30s. per hundred weight. 7 *G. 3.* c. 47. § 3. vol. 27.

Druggists, grocers, &c. selling coffee and tea, or making or selling chocolate, to put words over the door to signify that they are dealers therein. 19 *G. 3.* c. 69. § 18. vol. 32.

Drugs the product of Russia imported in British ships, deemed as imported from the place of growth. 21 *G. 3.* c. 62. vol. 33.

Drugs the product of Hungary or Germany may be imported from the Austrian Netherlands or Germany, on single duty. 22 *G. 3.* c. 78. vol. 34.

Drury Lane Theatre.

For securing a charitable fund for the use of the players, &c. under the management of certain directors therein named, 16 *G. 3.* c. 13. vol. 31.

Dudley, Worcester-shire.

See *Canals, navigable.* 25 *G. 3.* c. 87. vol. 35.

See *Paving.* 31 *G. 3.* c. 79. vol. 37.

Dumbarton, Scotland.

See *Bridges.* 26 *G. 3.* c. 21. vol. 35.

Dumfries, Scotland.

The duty on ale and beer there, by 3 *G. 1.* c. 6.—2 *G. 3.* c. 55. and 10 *G. 3.* c. 7. continued, and applied for paving the streets there. 27 *G. 3.* c. 57. vol. 36.

Dundonald (Earl of).

The sole use and property of the method of extracting tar, pitch, essential oils, volatile alkali, mineral acids, salts, and cinders from pit-coal throughout the king's dominions vested in Archibald Earl of Dundonald, and his executors, &c. for twenty years, from 1st June 1785, but not to hinder the making tar or pitch, not of his invention; and this privilege not to be transferred to more than five persons. 25 *G. 3.* c. 42. vol. 35.

Lord Dundonald's right under the said act not to be prejudiced; but he is to give an account and description of his works, &c. to the officer of excise who may visit and examine, but not open

open them, unless refused to examine the liquor and matter coming therefrom; and the officer must have an order from the commissioners of excise in Scotland, unless there be an information of their being illegally wrought, and if found to be so, the works, &c. to be forfeited. 26 G. 3. c. 64. § 41. vol. 35.

Dunston, Lincolnshire,

See *Inclosures*, 29 G. 3. c. 70. v. 36.

Duplicates,

For making out duplicates of exchequer bills, lottery tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, lost, burnt, or destroyed, 29 G. 3. c. 61, vol. 36.

Durham (City of),

See *Paving*, 30 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 37.

Durham (County Palatine).

Treasury to pay rewards for taking highwaymen in that county. 14 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 30.

Duchy of Lancaster.

See *Lancaster Duchy*, 27 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 36.

Dunbury, Lancashire,

See *Canals, navigable*, 32 G. 3. c. 101. vol. 37.

Dyes and Dyers.

No person shall dye any cloths, baize, or other woollen goods, for mather blacks not being first dyed throughout with woad and indigo, on penalties, viz.

	l.	s.	d.
On Boeking baize, 70 yards	5	0	0
For Colchester or short baize, 35 yards	2	10	0
For all other woollen goods, per yard	9	9	6
For dying cloth woaded black, not woaded throughout, per yard	0	2	0

23 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 34.

Act 5 *Elix.* c. 4. repealed, as to the journeymen and servants of dyers, in Middlesex, Essex, Surry, and Kent. 17 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 31.

See *Berkenbout*, 19 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.

Woollen goods truly mathered shall be marked with a red and blue rose, and truly woaded black with a blue rose. Forging or using such marks improperly, penalty 4l. per piece, 23 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 34.

Using logwood in dying blue, penalty 20l. per piece. Same act, § 4.

Penalties above 5l. may be recovered in superior courts and under that sum, before two justices, and the prosecution to be in forty days, with appeal to quarter sessions. Same act, § 13.

In places above ten miles from London, the quarter sessions to appoint searchers in the same manner as the dyers company in London, and 13 G. 3. c. 14. repealed. Same act, § 10.

Dyers in London, or within ten miles thereof, subject to the examination of the dyers company, who are to appoint searchers, who may enter dyers houses to examine and take samples of cloths, baize, &c. to be dyed black or blue; a penalty of 10l. for opposing them; and in case the dyers company neglect to appoint such searchers, the quarter sessions may. Same act.

See *Bancroft (Doctor)*, 25 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 35.

See *Turkey Red*, 26 G. 3. c. 61, vol. 35.

E.

Ealing, Middlesex,

See *Bridges*, 22 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 34. N. B. The former bridge was built at Smith's Hall. See 30 G. 2. c. 63.

Earthenware.

The importation of painted earthenware (except galley-tyles) permitted, and may be sold in Great Britain; the former rate of ten pence per pound to cease, and instead thereof to pay 10l. 10s. per cent. *ad valorem*, upon the oath of the importer. 15 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 31.

East Florida.

Colonel Nesbitt Balfour and John Spranger,

Spranger, appointed commissioners to enquire upon oath into the losses of all persons who suffered in consequence of the cession of East Florida to the king of Spain. 26 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 35;

Governors of the Bahama islands or of the British colonies in America, to examine into losses of persons resident there, and to report the same to the commissioners. Same act, § 7.

No claim to be made in Great Britain after 1st Jan. 1787, nor abroad after 1st March following; and the commissioners to give an account to the treasury, and to the secretary of state, and 1000l. to be issued for expences, and the act to continue two years only. Same act, § 11. Continued one year more. 28 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 36.

900l. granted to the commissioners enquiring into losses occasioned by cession of East Florida to Spain. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

231,533l. 8s. 7½d. for sufferers by losses occasioned by the cession of East Florida to Spain. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

92,590l. 17s. 6d. for the like purpose. Same act.

5,100l. to commissioners for enquiring into losses in East Florida. Same act.

East Grinstead, Sussex.

See *Churches*. 30 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 37.

East India Company,

See *India (East) Company,*

East Stonehouse,

For building a chapel at East Stonehouse in Devonshire. 27 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 36.

Eaton Constantine, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 37.

Ebony

For manufactures, may be imported from Africa, duty free. 27 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 36.

Ecclesiastical Courts.

See *Holidays*. 21 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 33.
Suits in ecclesiastical courts for de-

famatory words, to be commenced in six months. 27 G. 3. c. 44. § 1. vol. 36.

Suits for fornication or incontinence, or for striking or brawling in church, or church-yard, to be commenced in eight months after the offence; but not for fornication at any time after the parties are married. Same act, § 2.

See *Suitors*. Same act.

Ecclesiastical Persons

May grant leases for one, two, or three lives, or for 21 years, of tithes, tolls, or other incorporeal hereditaments, as they now may of lands, &c. by 32 H. 8. c. 28. but not by colleges for longer terms than their statutes allow, and they and their successors may bring actions for rent in arrear on leases for lives. 5 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 26.

Incumbents of livings under the jurisdiction of a bishop, or other ecclesiastical ordinary, where there is no house of habitation, or it is so ruinous or mean that one year's neat income will not build or repair it, after an estimate on oath laid before the ordinary and patron, may borrow not more than two years income, and mortgage the living for 25 years, or until repaid with interest and costs, and to bind the succeeding incumbents. 17 G. 3. c. 53. § 1. v. 31.

The mortgagee to execute a counter part, and to be registered by the register of the diocese for 5s. to pay 1s. for search, and a copy to be evidence. Same act, § 2.

On failure of payment of principal and interest, forty days after due, the mortgagee may distrain. Same act, § 3.

Money borrowed to be paid to a person nominated by the ordinary, who is to give security, and contract and pay for the work, and the surplus to be laid out in lasting improvements by order of the ordinary, patron, and incumbent. Same act, § 4.

The ordinary to enquire into the condition of the buildings, when the incumbent entered; the incumbent to pay interest and 5 per cent. per ann. of the principal, and if not resident twenty weeks in the year, to pay 10 per cent. per ann. of the principal; and on paying 5 per cent. only to produce a certificate of

of two ministers of adjoining parishes of his residence, and when the buildings are completed, to be insured against fire; on death or avoidance, the annual payments to be in proportion between the late and present incumbent. Same act, § 5, 6, 7.

If the living is worth 100*l.* per ann. or more, and no house, &c. nor incumbent residing 20 weeks per ann. nor one year's income laid out, the ordinary with the consent of the patron, may procure a plan, &c. and proceed to mortgage, &c. Same act, § 8.

All money received for dilapidation to go in improvements, and where buildings are necessary, the ordinary, patron, and incumbent, may purchase a house within one mile of the church, and land not above two acres for each 100*l.* per ann. and the money may be raised by the sale of glebe or tithes by joint consent. Same act, § 9, 10, 11.

Governors of Queen Ann's bounty may lend 100*l.* to each living under 50*l.* per ann. (to promote this act) interest free; and if above 50*l.* per ann. may lend two years value on interest at 4 per cent. and the universities of Oxford or Cambridge, being patrons, may advance money for the purposes of the act, interest free; and if the patron is a minor, idiot, lunatic, or feme covert, the guardian, committee, or husband, may act, and it shall be binding. Same act, § 12, 13, 14.

Writings not subject to stamp duty. If a corporation are patron, all acts by them to be under their common seal; where the rector or vicar nominates to a chapel or perpetual cure, his patron to consent. Disputes as to residence to be settled by the ordinary; and the person laying out the money, &c. may be allowed 5 per cent. Same act, § 15 to 19.

If the crown be patron, and the living above 20*l.* per ann. in the king's books, the first lord of the treasury is to consent; under 20*l.* per ann. the lord chancellor, and in the duchy of Lancaster, the chancellor thereof. Same act, § 20.

If an archbishop, bishop, or ecclesiastical corporation, sole or aggregate, be

lord of the manor, may grant the waste in perpetuity to build on, leaving sufficient for the commoners, with the consent of the lessees. Same act, § 21.

Incumbents of mortgaged livings to pay, besides interest, if resident, 5 per cent. if nonresident 10*l.* per cent. 21 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 33.

Edinburgh, Scotland.

For extending the city, giving power to the magistrates, and building a theatre there. 7 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 27.

See *Paving*. 11 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 29.

For preventing slaughtering cattle in the said city, and for removing nuisances, &c. 22 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 4.

For regulating the statute work on the highways in the shire of Edinburgh. 24 G. 3. sess. 1. c. 18. vol. 34.

For opening communications between the streets of the city. 25 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 35.

See *Commissary Court at Edinburgh*. 26 G. 3. c. 47. § 2. vol. 35.

For widening the streets and opening a communication from Queen Street to Broughton-lane, enlarging the burying-ground, and extending the royalty of the city over part of the lands of Broughton. Same year, c. 113.

The two last acts about the streets, amended. 27 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

Commissioners appointed for building a bridewell and correction-house on the Calton-hill, near Edinburgh, and separate apartments to be provided for male and female prisoners. 31 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 37.

Edinburghshire.

See *Scotland*. 32 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 37.

Edington Hamlet, Somersetshire.

See *Inclosures*. 30 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 37.

Egham, Surrey.

See *Bridges*. 31 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 37.

Egremont (Earl of).

See *Rivets, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 37.

Egyptians.

Act 5 *El.* c. 20. relating to the Egyptians, repealed. 23 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 34.
Elections.

Elections.

See *Parliament*. 10 G. 3. c. 16.—11 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 31.—20 G. 3. c. 17.—21 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 33.—24 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 84.—26 G. 3. c. 100. vol. 35.

Oaths of returning officers to be omitted, and the acts 18 G. 2. c. 18. and 20 G. 3. c. 17. repealed. 28 G. 3. c. 36. § 30. This act suspended by 29 G. 3. c. 13. And repeated. Same year, c. 18.

Trials on controverted elections, and returns of members of parliament, regulated. 28 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 36.

Ellenfoot, Cumberland.

See *Harbours*. 31 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 37.

Ellefmere, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.

Elliot (Sir George Augustus).

An annuity of 1,500l. per ann. settled on Sir George Augustus Elliot, Knight of the Bath, in consideration of his eminent services to his king and country. 23 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 34.

N. B. He hath since been created Lord Heathfield.

Ely House,

In Holbourne, vested in the crown, to be sold, and the purchase money applied to building an house for the bishop in Dover-street. 12 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 29. And afterwards sold. 15 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 31.

Ely (Isle of).

See *Bedford Level*. 13 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 30.

See *Fens*. Same year, c. 60.

See *Debits and Debtors*. 18 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 32.

See *Woollen Manufactures*. 25 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 35.

See *Inclosures*. 32 G. 3. c. 108. vol. 37.

Embleton.

See *Greenwich Hospital*. 18 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 32.

Enfield Chace, Middlesex,

Divided and allotted, and two hundred and fifty acres belonging to the crown directed to be sold. 17 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 31.

Engines (Steam or Fire).

See *Fire Engines*. 12 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 29.

See *Watt (James)*. 15 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 31.

England (New).

See *Massachusetts Bay*. 14 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 30.

Epsom, Surrey.

See *Salt*. 22 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34.

Errors.

On writs of error or superedeas, on judgments in inferior courts for less than 10l. the plaintiff in error to give sufficient security for debt and costs. 19 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 32.

See *Arrests*. Same act.

See *Ireland*. 23 G. 3. c. 28. § 2. vol. 34.

Erewash Canal.

See *Canals, navigable*. 29 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 36.—30 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 37.

Escapes.

See *Prisoners*. 20 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 33.

Escheats.

See *Montague (Frederick) Esq.* 12 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 29.

Escrick, Yorkshire.

See *Churches*. 21 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 33.

Essequibo (South America).

See *Sugar*. Same year, c. 62. vol. 33.

Essex.

For raising money to rebuild the county gaol. 13 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 30.

For building a shire-house for the county of Essex. 29 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 36.

Justices by assessments on landlords and tenants in equal moieties, may raise 1,400l. Same act, § 11.

See

See *Corn and Grain*. Same year, c. 58. § 4.

Estates.

Mortgages of estates in the West Indies, at 5 per cent. by direction of the court of chancery there. 13 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 30.

Act 12 Q. Ann. c. 16. explained. 14 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 30.

See *Auctions*. 19 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 32.

Europa (Ship).

See *India (East) Company*. 20 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 33.

Europe.

See *Corn, &c.* 12 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 29.

Evidence.

See *Blessington (Earl of)*. 13 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 30.

See *Felony (Stamps)*. 26 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 35.

See *Witnesses*. 27 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 36.

Exchequer

Bills and loans. The treasury empowered to issue exchequer bills on loans in manner directed by the malt act, and the bills and interest to be paid out of the next supplies, or the sinking fund. 5 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 26.

The like on the credit of the sinking fund. 5 G. 3. c. 40.—6 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 27.—7 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 27.—9 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 28.—10 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 29.—12 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 30.—14 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 31.—16 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 31.—17 G. 3. c. 38, 51. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 38, 57, 64. vol. 32.—19 G. 3. c. 63, 64, 73. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 43, 53, 57. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 41, 42. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 34, 36, 82. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 12, 72, 84. vol. 34.—24 G. 3. c. 33, 52. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 11, 12, 33. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 32, 33, 97. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 23, 24, 25. vol. 36.—28 G. 3. c. 18, 19. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 34, 35, 61. vol. 36.

Treasury to pay at the rate of 4l. 10s. per cent. on exchequer bills issued in

purfuance of the malt act, and the same every year for the future. 27 G. 3. c. 4, &c. vol. 36.

The barons of the exchequer may grant certificates for exchequer bills, lottery tickets, annuity orders, &c. burnt, lost, destroyed, &c. 9 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 28. And the like by many subsequent acts.

Funds for circulating exchequer bills. 31 G. 2. c. 31. § 5. vol. 22.—33 G. 2. c. 18.—1 G. 3. c. 19.—3 G. 3. c. 17, 18. vol. 25.—4 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 41.—7 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 27.—8 G. 3. c. 30.—9 G. 3. c. 1.—10 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 77.—14 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 42.—16 G. 3. c. 49. 17 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 38 & 54.—19 G. 3. c. 64 & 71. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 43, 53, 62.—21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.

Exchequer bills charged on the consolidated three per cent. bank annuities. 22 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 34.

The like on the same terms as the land-tax. 23 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 34.

The like on the same terms as the malt-tax charged on the sinking fund. 24 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 33.—26 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 35.

The like and to pay 4l. 10s. per cent. per ann. for the future. 27 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 36.

The Savoy to be under the survey of the exchequer. 12 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 29.

Tellers of the exchequer required to cut or deface all counterfeit or diminished gold money tendered to them. 13 G. 3. c. 71. § 2. vol. 30.

Martinmas and Candlemas terms in the exchequer in Scotland, altered; Martinmas term to begin 24th Nov. and end 20th Dec. Candlemas term to begin 15th Jan. and end 3d February. 19 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 32.

Sales by order of the court of exchequer to be exempt from auction duties. Same year, c. 56. § 12.

No writ of delivery to be granted out of the exchequer for any ships seized by officers of excise or customs, which by any former act are directed to be burnt or destroyed, or used in the king's service, and liable to be broken up, unless the

the seizing officer shall delay proceeding to trial or condemnation three terms, and in that case security to be given by the claimer for double the value. Same year, c. 69. § 6.

The balances in the hands of the late treasurer of the navy and paymasters general of the army, to be paid into the exchequer for the use of the public, and they indemnified for so doing; the treasurer of the navy to pay 73,706l. 15s. 4½d. and the paymaster general 377,788l. 5s. 7d.—21 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 34.

After 1st Jan. 1783, no money to be issued from the exchequer to the paymasters general. 22 G. 3. c. 81. § 3. vol. 34.

The offices of the two chamberlains in the receipt of the exchequer, tally cutter and usher, after the death of the present possessors, and of those intitled after them to be abolished; and after the death of the present chamberlains an indented cheque receipt to be used instead of a tally. 23 G. 3. c. 82. § 1. vol. 34.

After the death, &c. of the present usher, and his successor, necessaries now provided by him to be supplied by the presiding officer in each office; and after the determination of the tellers interest, the second clerk's place to be abolished. Same act, § 3.

After the death of the present auditors, clerk of the pells, any of the four tellers or chamberlains, their salaries, fees, &c. to cease, and in lieu thereof, the auditor to have 4,000l. per ann. his chief clerk 1,000l. the clerk of the pells 3,000l. and his 1st clerk 8,000l. and more as receiver of fees 200l. each of the four tellers 2,700l. their first clerks each 1,000l. and they are all empowered to employ such clerks and give such salaries as they shall think fit, subject to the directions of the treasury, and not to receive fees after. Same act, § 5.

Houses now appropriated to the auditor, four tellers, and usher, after their deaths, to be vested in the king; and no offices in the receipt of the exchequer to be granted hereafter, contrary to this act. Same act, § 10.

Claims made of ships or goods seized and returned into the exchequer, to be in the real names of the owners on oath by such owners before a baron of the exchequer, or by the agent or solicitor as to the property; and for a false oath liable to punishment of perjury. 24 G. 3. c. 47. § 36. vol. 34.

Claimants residing in Great Britain to be bounden with two sureties in 100l. penalty to answer costs; if not so resident, such security to be given by the attorney or solicitor entering such claim. Same act, § 37.

This act may be pleaded in discharge of any offence pardoned thereby, and the court of exchequer may order the proceedings to be stayed; and any person imprisoned by reason thereof, to be discharged. Same act, § 48.

All actions by persons taking the benefit of pardon by this act against officers, &c. to be released, and the proceedings stayed. Same act, § 49.

See *Forfeited Estates in Scotland*. 24 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 35.

The court of exchequer on application of the attorney general, may order the estate of any debtor to the king to be sold, and the surplus (if any) after payment of the crown's debt and costs, to go to the persons intitled thereto, and the court may make an order for production of the title deeds. 25 G. 3. c. 35. § 2. vol. 35.

12,000l. per ann. to be paid quarterly out of the salt duties into the exchequer, to satisfy annuities of this year for navy, victualling, and transport bills, and ordnance debentures. Same year, c. 63. § 24.

The barons of exchequer in Scotland to pay out of the produce of the forfeited estates 2,500l. to the treasurer of the society for propagating christian knowledge. 26 G. 3. c. 27. § 1. vol. 35.

And the barons to take from the said society an obligation for continuing to pay the salaries of teachers during their lives. Same act, § 2.

The officers of the exchequer restrained from issuing the produce of the sinking fund, until the sums payable by this act to the bank, on account of the

commissioners for the national debt, be set apart and issued. Same year, c. 31. § 6.

The funds in the hands of the lords of session of Scotland being 22,700*l.* and 1,135*l.* to be paid to the receiver general there, to be remitted to the exchequer in England. Same year, c. 46.

Out of revenues appointed by acts 7 and 10 Q. *Ann.* for supporting the court of session in Scotland, to be paid to the judges there annually, viz.

	<i>£.</i>
To the lord president of the court of session - - -	2,000
To each of the other lords of session - - - - -	1,000
To the lord chief baron of the exchequer - - - - -	2,000
To each of the other barons of exchequer - - - - -	1,000
To the lord justice clerk - -	600
To each of the other lords commissioners of justiciary - -	300

Besides fees, salaries, and charges of keeping courts, and expences of circuits, and such sums as the king shall add by privy seal to any puisne baron from the bar of England. Same act, § 2.

The penalties by the act for discontinuing for a time the duties in Scotland on low wines, spirits, worts, wash, and other liquors, and granting other duties in lieu thereof, may be recovered in the exchequer courts of England or Scotland. Same year, c. 64, § 46.

Fees payable at the exchequer on issuing pensions out of the civil list revenue, transferred from the treasury and pension-office, by 22 G. 3. c. 82. to be paid by the treasury to the exchequer officers, who are also to have fees for pensions granted since that act. Same year, c. 99.

On the death, surrender, forfeiture, or removal of the auditor, or any of the four tellers the fees to be applied according to 23 G. 3. c. 82. Same act, § 3.

Duties by this act paid into the exchequer, carried to the consolidated fund. 27 G. 3. c. 30. § 8. vol. 36.

The treasury to issue exchequer orders for relief of American loyalists, at 3*l.* 10*s.*

per cent. from 5th July 1788, chargeable on the supplies for the year, and collaterally on the consolidated fund, to be paid by installments of 6*l.* 5*s.* per cent. 5th April and 10th October yearly, from 5th April 1789. 28 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 36.

For raising 3,500,000*l.* by loans or exchequer bills in the same manner as directed by the malt act for 1789, and charged on the consolidated fund. 29 G. c. 34. vol. 36.

For raising 2,000,000*l.* more by the same means for the like purpose, and charged on the same fund. Same year, c. 35.

3,500,000*l.* granted to discharge exchequer bills issued by 28 G. 3. And 2,000,000*l.* more for the like purpose. Same year, c. 61.

3,500,000*l.* raised by exchequer bills before 5th of Jan. 1791, in the manner prescribed by the last malt act for the service of the year 1790, not to be received in payment of taxes, nor exchanged before the 6th of April 1791; and the principal interest and charges to be paid out of the next supplies; and if not sufficient granted before the 5th of July 1791, to be charged on the consolidated fund, to be replaced out of the first supplies, and the bank of England may advance the money. 30 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 37.

200,000*l.* more raised by the like means at the same time. Same year, c. 16.

See the *King, &c.* Same year, c. 24.

See *Consolidated Fund*. Same year, c. 32.

3,500,000*l.* granted to discharge exchequer bills by 29 G. 3. c. 34. Same year, c. 32. § 19.

2,000,000*l.* more for the same purpose. Same act, § 20.

The treasury empowered to raise 3,675,000*l.* by loans or exchequer bills on the credit of the consolidated fund. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

3,500,000*l.* granted to pay off exchequer bills for the year 1790. Same act.

2,000,000*l.* more for the same year. Same act.

1,000,000*l.* more for the same year. Same act,

3,500,000*l.*

3,500,000*l.* to be raised by loans or exchequer bills for the service of the year 1791. Same year, c. 48.

1,833,000*l.* to be raised by loans or exchequer bills for defraying the public expences occasioned by the augmentation of forces in the year 1790. Same year, c. 49.

2,000,000*l.* to be raised by loans or exchequer bills for the service of the year 1791. Same year, c. 50.

The treasury empowered to raise 3,500,000*l.* by loans or exchequer bills for the service of the year 1792. 32 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 37.

2,000,000*l.* more for the same year. Same year, c. 16.

2,300,000*l.* more on the credit of the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 35.

3,500,000*l.* granted to pay off exchequer bills for the year 1791. Same act.

2,000,000*l.* more for the same purpose. Same act.

100,000*l.* to discharge exchequer bills made out for the expences of augmentation of the forces in 1790. Same act.

Duplicates of exchequer bills lost or burnt may be made out on affidavits before the barons of the exchequer, of such loss prior to the 1st of October 1792. Same act.

Excise.

All powers by 18 G. 2. c. 26. to be executed against persons offending against the excise laws. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 24. vol. 26.

Commissioners of excise may appoint persons (in the absence of the collector) to administer oaths to exporters, and to grant certificates of duty paid. Same act, § 37.

Six months allowed by 15 G. 2. c. 26. for payment of excise duties on warehoused rum, enlarged to twelve months. 6 G. 3. c. 47. § 4. vol. 27.

See *Silks, &c.* 7 G. 3. c. 47. § 9. vol. 27.

Excise office to be built on the site of Gresham College. 8 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 28.—10 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 28.

Excise officers may seize all horses, cattle, and carriages, used in removing foreign spirits, for which duties have not been paid, same as custom-officers

may now do, and proceed by excise laws or by action, &c. 9 G. 3. c. 6. § 1. v. 28.

Traders using false scales or weights in weighing stock to defraud the revenue, to forfeit 100*l.* but not to be punished twice for the same offence: a moiety of the penalty to the king, and the other to the informer. 10 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 28.

See *Salt.* 13 G. 3. c. 72. § 2. vol. 30. Act 19 G. 2. c. 34. against smuggling in disguise. Continued until 29th Sept. 1788. 18 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 32.—26 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 35.

A duty of 5 per cent. on the amount of all inland duties under the commissioners of excise, from 5th April 1779 (except malt, beer, soap, tallow-candles, and hides) and 15 per cent. addition on malt above the duty, by 33 G. 2. to be paid weekly. 19 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 32.—21 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 33.

All druggists, grocers, chandlers, coffee or chocolate-house-keepers, and dealers in coffee, tea, cocoa-nuts, and makers of chocolate, to put over their doors these words, "*Dealer in Coffee, Tea, or Chocolate,*" on penalty of 200*l.* and all importers and dealers in foreign brandy, arrack, rum, spirits, or strong waters, to put on some conspicuous part of their houses these words, "*Importer of, or Dealer in Foreign Spirituous Liquors,*" on penalty of 50*l.* 19 G. 3. c. 69. § 69. § 18. vol. 32.

Any dealer buying where the words are not put up, penalty 100*l.* but not for buying goods warehoused according to 10 G. 1. c. 10. or at the East India Company's sales, or sold for insurers, or for salvage, or prize teas, or spirituous liquors on board ships or quays, by the first purchaser, or of rum warehoused according to 15 & 16 G. 2. c. 25. or arrack in the East India Company's warehouses, &c. Same act, § 19, 20.

Putting up the words, not having entered the place at the excise office, penalty 50*l.* and persons not dealers buying where the words are not, except as before, penalty 10*l.* and any smuggler selling goods, and informing against the buyer in twenty days, and before information is laid against himself, indemnified. Same act, § 21.

For more effectual securing the revenue of excise, and the inland duties under the excise, and preventing frauds therein. 21 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 13.

See *Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, &c.* Same act, § 1, 18, 19, 20, 27, 29.

See *Spirits and Spirituous Liquors.* Same act, § 29.

See *Distillers.* Same act, § 31.

This act not to take or lessen any of the powers before given to officers of excise, or for the inland duties by any law in force relating thereto. Same act, § 43.

All powers, &c. given by former acts relating to the excise on beer and other liquors, to be applied in executing this act. Same act, § 44.

For assaulting any officer in executing this act, penalty 50l. and all penalties and forfeitures under this act may be recovered by action or information, in any court of record at Westminster, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland; one moiety to go to the king, and the other to the informer suing for the same. Same act, § 45.

All judgments of commissioners of excise or justices of peace in condemnation of exciseable goods, to be as final as a judgment in the exchequer, but to be subject to appeal in all cases wherein any appeal is by any act of parliament allowed. Same act, § 47.

Persons sued for any act done relating to the duties of excise, may plead the general issue, and, if they recover, have treble costs. Same act, § 49.

Additional duties of 5 per cent. granted on the produce of the former duties on goods under the customs and excise imported, exported, or carried coastwise, except the 5 per cent. by 19 G. 3. c. 25. which is to be charged on the former duties and drawbacks, as the imposts in 1779. 22 G. 3. c. 66. § 1. vol. 34.

The like duty on all exciseable goods (except beer, malt, soap, tallow-candles, and hides, dressed in Great Britain) but not to effect the 5 per cent. by 19, 20, and 21 of G. 3. Same act, § 2.

Which duties are to be paid into the exchequer weekly, and kept separate. Same act, § 4.

See *Beer and Ale.* Same year, c. 68.

See *Coaches.* Same act.

See *Soap.* Same act, § 13.—27 G. 3. c. 13, and 31. § 19.

See *Tea.* 22 G. 3. c. 68. § 21. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

Persons counterfeiting permits for removal of any exciseable goods, or knowingly publishing or using the same, to forfeit 200l. and such permit invalid. 22 G. 3. c. 68. § 24. vol. 34.

All prosecutions under 21 G. 3. c. 31. may be determined by any three commissioners, and this act not to abridge the power of excise-officers, and 50l. penalty for assaulting or opposing them. Same act, § 28.

The above penalty of 200l. enlarged to 500l. and upon action for the same a *capias* to issue, and the defendant to give bail for his appearance, and also for the penalty. 23 G. 3. c. 70. § 10. vol. 34.

For making moulds for paper for such fraudulent permits, to suffer death as felons. Same act, § 9.

Officers delivering out permits improperly, may be transported for seven years. Same act, § 11.

Officers of excise not to be fined for executing their office, until after a month's notice, in which time they may tender amends, and no evidence to be given but what is contained in such notice, and the defendant may pay money into court; and if verdict for him, to have costs. Same act, § 30.

Claimants of goods seized, to prove payment of the duties. Same act, § 35.

The treasury impowered to agree with Arthur Forbes for a compensation for an exemption of excise duties upon his lands at Ferintosh, to be paid by the commissioners of excise in Scotland. 24 G. 3. sess. 2. c. 46. § 53. vol. 34.

For directing officers of excise to examine and certify the exportation of exciseable commodities, and for better securing the duty on candles. 25 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 35.

Receiver-general of customs, in case of a surplus of duties by this act, to pay the same to commissioners of excise. Same act, § 3.

The 5 per cent. duty (except the surplus) and the 7l. 10s. per cent. to be paid into the exchequer for paying 138,979l. 5s. 10½d. per quarter, and the deficiencies to be made good out of the sinking fund. Same act, § 4.

The receipts of the commissioners of excise to be a sufficient discharge to the receiver-general of the customs. Same act, § 5.

The surplus duties above 138,979l. 5s. 10½d. to be paid by the commissioners of excise into the exchequer, and applied to make good the subsidy and duty on houses, windows, and lights in the next succeeding quarter. Same act, § 6.

The excise duties on cocoa-nuts and coffee; one moiety to go to the *Aggregate Fund*, and the other moiety to the *General Fund*. Same act, § 7.

Acts 21 G. 3. c. 55. § 21.—22 G. 3. c. 68. § 22. and 23 G. 3. c. 70, § 28. from 1st Aug. 1785. repealed. Same act, § 8.

All powers in 10 G. 1. c. 10. and other acts in force on passing the tea-act of last session, for raising the duty thereby granted, to be applied in executing this act; but not to subject any person to forfeitures for offences committed before this act. Same act, § 9.

The powers in regard to the inland duties of excise upon candles, leather, soap, hops, paper, paste-board, mill-board, and scale-board; paper printed, painted, or stained, to serve for hangings and other uses; starch, gold or silver-wire, and bricks and tiles to be surveyed by officers of customs under former acts, repealed; and such commodities for which duties are paid, may be exported on notice to the excise before packing the same, and which are not to be opened again on penalty of 20l. Same act, § 11.

If goods are not packed according to notice, a fresh one must be given, and the exporter to give security for shipping the same, and to have a certificate from the officer, who may examine the goods; and if landed after giving security, the drawback to be forfeited. Same act, § 13.

Acts 10 Q. An. c. 19. and 12 Q. An. c. 2. c. 9. as to customs and excise, in-

land duties on soap and paper made in Great Britain, or imported, and on chequered or striped linens imported, and on silks, calicoes, linens, and stuffs, printed, painted, or stained, repealed; and the officers of excise to execute the powers thereby granted, and the same goods may be exported. Same act, § 16.

The directions by act 25 G. 3. c. 72. relative to silks, calicoes, &c. printed, painted, stained, or dyed, and designed for exportation, not having seals or stamps denoting payment of duties, and such frame marks denoting the measure at both ends, the exporter to give security to the excise-officer that such goods shall not be reloaded in Great Britain, and the officer to give a certificate to intitle the exporter to a drawback, but not to authorize the exportation of any other goods or in any other manner, nor to give any new drawback. Same act, § 19.

None to make candles within the limits of the excise-office, but occupiers of premises of 10l. per. ann. besides parish rates, nor in other parts of the kingdom, unless he pay to church and poor. Same act, § 25.

Act 8 Q. An. c. 9. relating to candle-makers, repealed, and all candles made to be entered weekly on oath, and particularly specified in the entry to be made at the excise-office, and to pay the duties in a week after; and before they make candles to give notice to the excise, on penalty of 50l. and not making them, the notice to be void. Same act, § 26.

For assisting in making candles privately the first offence, penalty 20l. or two months imprisonment; for the second offence, 40l. or four months imprisonment. Same act, § 31.

All the powers, penalties, &c. in act 12 Car. 2. c. 24. or other laws relating to excise duties, &c. applied in executing this act; and one moiety of penalties to his Majesty, and the other to the informer. Same act, § 32.

For using any art to deceive officers in taking the weight of stock of exciseable goods, to forfeit 100l. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 8. vol. 35.

Masters of ships discovered to have had on board a larger quantity of tea, brandy,

brandy, or spirituous liquors, than allowed by 19 G. 3. c. 6. § 7. to enter into recognizance with one sufficient security for 300l. to enter appearance to information, and refusing so to do, to be imprisoned. Same act, § 9.

Persons having possession of British spirits, soap, or candles, for which the duty is not paid, to forfeit the same and treble the value, to be estimated at the price of the best articles of the sort. Same act, § 10.

Proof to be admitted of officers being authorized to act without producing their particular appointments. Same act, § 12.

Actions for penalties to be *filed* in the name of the attorney-general, or of some officer of the customs or excise, or else to be void; and the attorney-general may enter a *noli prosequi* in any action for fines. Same act, § 13.

For obstructing officers of excise in gauging rum, spirits, strong waters, or other liquors, or in taking samples thereof, to forfeit 200l. Same act, § 15.

Warrants may be granted by the commissioners of excise, or one or more justices of peace, to search warehouses, &c. visited by proprietors without officers knowledge, and for obstructing officers, penalty 200l. Same act, § 16.

If any unfair increase or decrease be found in the stock of rum, or spirits, &c. in any warehouse, the proprietor to forfeit 500l. Same act, § 17.

Persons assaulting officers of customs or excise, or attempting to receive prohibited goods, to be bound with two sureties to appear to informations; and for refusing, to be imprisoned. Same act, § 18.

Allowances to wine-merchants may be paid out of any excise duties, if those on foreign wines should be insufficient. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 7. vol. 36.

Within thirty days after report of any vessel bringing French calicoes, muslins, linens, stuffs, tustians, velvets, velverets, dinnities, or figured stuffs (except of one colour only) French ale, beer, or mum, entry to be made with the collector of the excise, and the duties to be paid before landed on penalty of forfeiture; and for assisting or receiving the goods, treble value. Same act, § 8.

Commissioners of excise to provide frames to denote the measure of French calicoes, and such like stuffs; to be marked with the frames, and a stamp to denote the payment of the duty. Same act, § 10.

For counterfeiting the frames, or having marked calicoes in custody, to forfeit 100l. and counterfeiting stamps or selling calicoes with counterfeit stamps, to suffer death. Same act, § 12.

On oaths of credible persons, the houses of persons suspected to have unstamped calicoes, may be searched; and if any found (except on board ship for exportation) forfeited, and also 100l. Same act, § 15.

Officers of excise may administer the necessary oaths, on exportation of goods intitled to drawbacks or bounties. Same act, § 25.

See *French Goods*. Same year, c. 31. § 15.

All goods subject to excise, and materials in custody of manufacturers, &c. made liable to arrears of duties and penalties, &c. under this act, to be recovered by the laws of excise. 28 G. 3. c. 37. § 21. vol. 36.

Commissioners of excise to return to persons having paid for licences to retail spirituous liquors since passing act 27 G. 3. c. 30. not having ale licences 5th July 1788, the money paid for the time elapsed since such licences expired, as were refused to be renewed by the justices. Same act, § 30.

See *Ale, Beer, Cyder, Perry, Mum, Metbeglin, Mead, Sweets, Verjuice, and Vinegar*. 27 G. 3. c. 13 & 31. vol. 36.

See *Auctions*. 17 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 31. — 19 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 32.

See *Bricks and Tyles*. 27 G. 3. c. 13. sched. F. vol. 36.

See *Candles*. 23 G. 3. c. 74.—24 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 74.—26 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 36.

See *Coaches*. 7 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 27.—10 G. 3. c. 28, 29, 44. vol. 28.—12 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 29.—16 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 31.—20 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 47, 49. vol. 35.—28 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 36.

See

See *Glass*. 13 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 30.—
17 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 31.—22 G. 3. c. 39.
vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 69.—26 G. 3. c.
77. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 13. Table C &
F.—28 G. 3. c. 33 & 37. vol. 36.

See *Gold and Silver Thread, and Wire*.
27 G. 3. c. 13. sched. F. vol. 36.

See *Hides and Skins*. 14 G. 3. c. 86.
vol. 30.—27 G. 3. c. 13. sched. F. vol.
36.

See *Hodgson, and others*. 13 G. 3. c. 77.
vol. 30.

See *Hops*. 14 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 30.—
26 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 35.

See *Licences*. 24 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 34.
—26 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c.
30.—28 G. 3. c. 28.—29 G. 3. c. 26,
63, & 68. vol. 36.

See *Linen Cloths, Silks, and Cotton,*
and printed Goods. 27 G. 3. c. 13. sched.
F. & c. 38.—28 G. 3. c. 24.—29 G. 3.
c. 19. vol. 36.

See *Malt*. 10 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 28.—
19 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 35.
vol. 33.—23 G. 3. c. 64.—24 G. 3. c.
40. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 24 & 72.—26
G. 3. c. 6. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 4.—
28 G. 3. c. 1.—29 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 36.

See *Paper and Paste Board*. 24 G. 3.
c. 18. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.
—27 G. 3. c. 13. sched. F. and c. 31.
§ 29. vol. 36.

See *Servants*. 17 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 31.
—21 G. 3. c. 31.—22 G. 3. c. 66.—25
G. 3. c. 43. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 77.
vol. 35.

See *Spirituous Liquors*. 6 G. 3. c. 46.
vol. 27.—26 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.—27
G. 3. c. 31.—28 G. 3. c. 4.—29 G. 3.
c. 55. vol. 36.

See *Starch*. 5 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 26.—
11 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 7.
vol. 30.—20 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 33.—24 G.
3. c. 48. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 31. vol.
35.—27 G. 3. c. 31. § 23.—29 G. 3. c.
58. § 15. vol. 36.

See *Soap*. 5 G. 3. c. 43.—28 G. 3. c.
37. vol. 36.

See *Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, and Cocoa*
Nuts. 12 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 29.—21 G. 3.
c. 55. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 21.—24 G.
3. c. 38. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 74.—26
G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 13.
sched. F. & 29 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 36.

See *Wine*. 9 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 28.—

24 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 59.
vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 13. sched. F. and
c. 31. vol. 36.

The powers of 12 Car. 2. c. 24. or
of any other act relating to excise, to ex-
tend to this act. 30 G. 3. c. 38. § 20.
vol. 37.

See *Licences*. Same act.

Additional Duties of Excise, viz.

Wort made in England from malt, &c. for extracting spirits for home consumption, per gallon	s. d. o 1
Cyder or wash from other British materials, except as mentioned above, per gallon	o 1
Wort from molasses or sugar, per gallon	o 1½
Wash from foreign wine, &c. per gallon	o 2
For every 96 gallons of wash produced by George Bishop, from not more than 112 pounds weight of corn	2 8½
Spirits not exceeding one to ten over hydrometer proof, made in Scotland and imported into England, per gallon.	o 5½
31 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.	

Act 27 G. 3. c. 13. imposing duties
of excise on wash brewed in England
for extracting spirits for home con-
sumption, continued until 5th of July
1793. Same act, § 8.

On goat-skins tanned with shomack, in Great Britain, per dozen	s. d. 4 o
On sheep-skins tanned for roans, per dozen	2 3
Same year, c. 27.	

From the 5th of July 1792, if any
person against whom a body warrant is
issued shall remove out of the jurisdic-
tion where granted, it may be in-
dorsed by the commissioners of excise,
or any justice of the peace of the place
where the offender shall be; and no
action to be brought against any person
who indorses such warrants. 32 G. 3.
c. 10. vol. 37.

Acts 5 G. 3. c. 43.—17 G. 3. c. 52.
and 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 48. from the 5th
of

of July 1792, with relation to the makers of hard soap, so far as the same extend to finding wooden covers to coppers, &c. to extend to all soap makers. Same year, c. 21.

For amending the laws of excise relating to the manufactory of flint-glass. Same year, c. 40.

Makers of flint-glass allowed three hours after the time specified in the notice for beginning to fill pots with materials. Same act.

One-fourth of the metal specified in the notice to be put in pots, within six hours after beginning to charge, on penalty of 50l. Same act, § 2.

One hour's notice of unstopping pots to be given to the excise-officer, on penalty of 50l. and if not begun to be unstopped pursuant to notice, fresh notice must be given, but the penalty not to extend to unstopping pots which crack or break, nor to unstopping them within thirty-six hours from the time of beginning to charge them. Same act, § 3.

On giving six hours notice, forty pounds weight of metal which has paid the duty, may be put into a new pot in the presence of an officer, for the purpose of glazing it, and on the like notice ten pounds weight of unstained metal may be used for the purpose of cleaning any stained glass-pot. Same act, § 7.

Powers of 12 Car. 2. c. 24. to extend to this act, and this act to commence the 5th of July 1792. Same act, § 10.

Executions.

Goods sold under executions, exempted from auction duty. 19 G. 3. c. 56. § 12. vol. 32.

Exemplifications.

See *Stamps*. 19 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 32.—23 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.

Exeter.

Two acts for erecting hospitals and workhouses, and employing the poor, explained. 14 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 30.

For rendering that act more effectual. 25 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 35.

For taking down the chapel in the castle of Exeter. 27 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 36.

Exportation.

See *Ireland*. 5 G. 3. c. 1 & 10. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 46.—7 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 27.—12 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 29.

See *Sugar*. 5 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 26.—21 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 33.

See *Cordage*. 6 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 27.—26 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 35.

See *Spirits*. 6 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 27.—27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

See *Iron*. 9 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 28.

See *Corn*. 18 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 32.

See *Tools*. 25 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 34.

See *Glass*. 26 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.

See *Importation and Exportation*. 28 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 36.

See *Hides*. 28 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 36.

Extent.

See *Exchequer Court*. 25 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 35.

Eye River, Leicestershire.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 37.

F.

Factors.

See *Cyder and Perry*. 23 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 34.

Farmers.

Power to let tolls of turnpikes to farm. 13 G. 3. c. 84. § 31. vol. 30.

Farmers for using horses for riding only to church or market, or other place of public worship, exempt from the duty on horses, if the owner be the occupier of less than 150l. per ann. 25 G. 3. c. 47. § 37. vol. 35.

The said clause repealed, and occupiers of farms less than 70l. per ann. not chargeable, with duty for horses used in husbandry, and only rode occasionally. 26 G. 3. c. 79. § 3. vol. 35.

Mode of letting duty on post-horses to farm. 27 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 36.

See *Post Horses*. 30 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 37.

Faversham, Kent.

See *Gunpowder*. 23 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 61 & 94. vol. 35.

See *Debt and Debtors*. 25 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 35.

See *Paving*. 29 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 36.

Fazeley.

See *Canals, navigable*. 23 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 34.

Feathers and Feather Beds.

See *Customs*. 16 G. 3. c. 48. § 3. vol. 31.

Feefarm and other Rents.

See *Lancaster, Duchy*. 19 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 32.—27 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 36.

So much of the acts 22 *Cba.* 2. & 22 & 23. of the same king, and the letters patent therein mentioned, so far as relate to fee farm, and other rents within the survey of the exchequer, and thereby vested in trustees and not by them yet fold, or the money appropriated, repealed, and the rents vested in the king and his heirs, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 87. § 10. vol. 35.

Commissioners may sell fee farm and other dry, fixed, and unimproveable rents at the following rates, viz. If 10s. per ann. or upwards, at twenty-four years purchase; from 5s. to 10s. per ann. at twenty-two years purchase; and from 1s. to 5s. per ann. at twenty years purchase. Same act, § 12.

Purchases to be certified to the bank, who is to receive the money and give receipts; which being inrolled with the auditor of the land-revenue, to be deemed sufficient to give possession of the rents. Same act, § 14.

See *Stamps*. Same act, § 18.

See *Treasury*. Same act, § 20.

The commissioners may compound with purchasers for arrears, but not for less than is due from the present owner, and if the purchase money be above 10l. liable to stamp duty as other deeds; and the purchase money to be paid in 14 days after the contract. Same act, § 15.

Fees.

Of custom-houses and naval officers in America. 12 G. 3. c. 56. § 6. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 86. § 12. vol. 30.

See *Justices of Peace*. 24 G. 3. c. 1. § 2.

c. 42. § 12. vol. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 37. § 35. vol. 36.

See *Exchequer*. 26 G. 3. c. 99. § 3. vol. 35.

761l. 1s. granted for salaries and expences of the commissioners for enquiring into fees, &c. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

Felony.

For damaging banks, floodgates, or works of rivers made navigable by act of parliament, transportation for seven years. 4 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 26.

Forging letters of attorney to transfer stock, receive dividends, or personating the owner, felony without benefit of clergy. Same year, c. 25.

See *Fib.* 5 G. 3. c. 14. § 1. vol. 26.

Lopping, topping, cutting down, breaking, throwing down, barking, burning, spoiling, or carrying away in the night, any oak, beech, ash, elm, fir, chestnut, or asp, or other timber tree, or digging up any roots, shrubs, or plants, of 5s. value, in inclosed ground, transportation for seven years; and aiders and receivers liable to the same penalty. 6 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 27.

Forging tickets, or certificates of a lottery, felony, and to suffer death. Same year, c. 39. § 21. vol. 27.—8 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 28.

When an offender is convicted of a crime subject to death, and pardoned on condition of transportation, the judge on certificate thereof from the secretary of state, may order the same, and such offender may be transported for the term ordered; and if found at large within the time, felony without benefit of clergy, and the prosecutor intitled to 20l. reward and a certificate. 8 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 28.

Forging seamens tickets, &c. to obtain wages, prize money, &c. capital felony. 9 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 28.

Standing mute on arraignment for felony or piracy, to be convicted, and to have the same judgment and execution as if found guilty by verdict or confession, and to extend to America. 12 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 29.

Setting fire to the king's ships, built or building, dock-yards, magazines, mate-

materials, navy, or victualling stores, &c. or aiding therein, capital felony, and offending out of the realm, may be tried in any shire within the same. Same year, c. 24.

Forging the seal of the plate-glass company or destroying their works, felony, and to be transported for seven years. 13 G. 3. c. 38. § 28. vol. 30.

Forging stamp or seal of the commissioners of excise provided by this act, or counterfeiting the impression thereof on any goods chargeable by 10 Q. Ann. c. 19.—12 Q. Ann. c. 9.—3 G. 1. c. 9. or 6 G. 1. c. 14. to defraud the king, capital felony. Same year, c. 56.

Counterfeiting or altering the marks on gold or silver plate, transportation for seven years. Same year, c. 59. § 2.

Making, using, &c. any frame or mould for making paper, with the words "*Bank of England*," visible in the substance, a capital felony. Engraving any plate of copper, &c. any promissory note, inland bill, or bill of exchange, containing the words *Bank of England* or *Bank Post Bill*, or any sum in white letters or figures, on black ground, penalty six months imprisonment. Same year, c. 79.

See *Bills of Exchange*.

Maliciously destroying turnpike-gates, felony, and transportation for seven years. Same year, c. 84.

Counterfeiting stamps or seals on printed cottons, &c. or selling the same, capital felony. 14 G. 3. c. 72. § 8. vol. 30.

See forgery. 18 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 32.—26 G. 3. c. 31. § 21. vol. 35.

On trials for felony the court may order the treasurer of the county to pay the prosecutor his expences, and for loss of time, and also to persons appearing on recognizance or subpoena, and the quarter sessions to allow the like with the approbation of the judge of assize. 18 G. 3. c. 19. § 7. vol. 32.

The court may fine a felon liable to be burnt in the hand, or order him to be whipped; but not to abridge the power of imprisonment. 19 G. 3. c. 74. § 3. vol. 32.

Stealing, or removing with intent to steal, copper and brass, &c. utensils or

fixtures to any dwelling-house, or iron-rails, or fencing (having no title thereto) felony, and transportation for seven years, or to be kept to hard labour for three years and whipped three times, and for affixing or buying such goods, subject to the same punishment. 21 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 33.

Buyers or receivers of pewter-pots or other pewter, to be transported for seven years. Same year, c. 69.

For entering any house with intent to destroy goods or tools for manufactures, &c. capital felony. 22 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 34.

Counterfeiting stamps on bills of exchange or notes, directed by this act, the like felony. 23 G. 3. c. 49. § 20. vol. 34.

Making moulds for excise permits or paper for that purpose, without authority, the like felony. Same year, c. 70.

For counterfeiting the superscription of any letter to evade the postage, felony, and to be transported for seven years. 24 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 34.

For shooting at ships belonging to the navy, customs, or excise, or in port, or within four leagues of the coast, or shooting or wounding any officer of the navy, customs, or excise, on duty, a capital felony; and if charged before a justice or judge of the king's bench in England, or lord of justiciary in Scotland, by information on oath, to be returned to the secretary of state, and laid before the king in council, who may order the offender to surrender and be committed; which order is to be published in the Gazette, and transmitted to the sheriff, and proclaimed in the two next market-towns, and the offender not surrendering, the court of king's bench or judges of assize in England and Wales, or the lords of justiciary or court of admiralty in Scotland, to award execution as if the offender had been convicted. Same year, c. 47. § 11.

For harbouring the offender after the time for surrendering, if prosecuted in a year, subject to felony, and liable to transportation for seven years, or may be proceeded against by the ordinary course of law. Same act, § 13.

See *Transportation*. Same year, c. 56. § 12.

§ 12. Continued until 1st June 1793.

29 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 36.

Counterfeiting stamps, or selling paper with false marks, capital felony.

25 G. 3. c. 80 & 92. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 13. § 46. vol. 36.

The same as to stamps in Scotland.

Same year, c. 48. § 9. vol. 35.

The same as to stamps on perfumery.

Same year, c. 49. § 24.

For slaughtering horses without licence from quarter-sessions, felony, and subject to fine and imprisonment, and whipping, and to transportation for seven years, and for destroying hides of horses, deemed a misdemeanor, but not to extend to dealers killing aged or distempered horses, or buying dead horses. Same year, c. 71.

Forging stamps denoting the duty on printed paper paid, capital felony, and for selling paper without such stamps, penalty 100l. Same year, c. 78. § 113.

Upon trial for felony under stamp act, officers or witnesses need not produce their depositions. Same year, c. 82. § 6. vol. 35.

Counterfeiting or selling stamps on calicoes, capital felony. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 13. vol. 36.

The same of stamps on goods seized. Same year, c. 32. § 14.

For representing another person as special bail, capital felony. Same year, c. 43. § 4.

See *Lotteries*. 30 G. 3. c. 30. § 24. vol. 35.

Felons, transported.

See the *King*, &c. 30 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 37.

Female Servants.

See *Servants*. 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 5. vol. 35.

Fenchurch Street.

See *London*. 23 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 34.

Fencible Men.

See *Militia (Scotland)*. 19 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 32.

For draining lands in the parish of Ramsey, in Huntingdonshire, and in Doddington, March, Benwick, Wimblington, and Chatteris, in the Isle of Ely, and for amending roads, &c. 12 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 29. This act repealed, and other lands included. 15 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 31.

Act 22 G. 2. c. 19. as to draining lands in Whittlesey, in the Isle of Ely, amended, &c. 12 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 29.

For draining lands at Market Weighton, in Yorkshire. 12 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 29.

For draining King's Delph and Eight-Roads, and Farcett Fen in Farcett and Standground, in Huntingdonshire. 13 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 30.

The like of grounds in Yaxley, in Huntingdonshire. 13 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 30.

The like in the parishes of Tid Saint Giles and Newton, in the Isle of Ely, and Tid Saint Mary, in Lincolnshire. 13 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 30.

Act 30 G. 2. c. 36. for draining lands in the hamlets of March and Wimblington, in the parish of Apwell, in Cambridgeshire, as to the sixth district, amended, &c. 14 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 30.

Acts 16 & 17 Car. 2. c. 11 & 22. for draining Deeping Fen, in Lincolnshire, amended, &c. 14 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 30.

For draining lands in Winestead, Patrington, South Frodingham, Hollym, Rimiwell, Owthorne alias Seathorne, Whithernsea, Ingham Hill, and Walkerfields, in Holderness, in the east riding of Yorkshire. 14 G. 3. c. 107. vol. 30.

The like in Ramsey, Bury, Wistow, Warboys, Somersham, Colne, and Piddle with Fenton, in Huntingdonshire, and Chatteris and Doddington, in the Isle of Ely. 15 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 31.

The like in Wisbich 'St. Peter and St. Mary, and the hamlets of Murrow and Guyhirn, in the Isle of Ely. 15 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 31.

The like of grounds called The Parts and Aldershots, in the parishes of Glatton and Holme, in Huntingdonshire. 16 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 31.

Act 22 G. 2. c. 11. amended in regard to several fens in the Isle of Ely. 17 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 31.

For draining the low lands in the parishes of Altcar, Sefton, Halfall, and Walton on the Hill, in Lancashire. 19 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 32.

For draining lands in the level of Hatfield Chace and parts adjacent, in the counties of York, Lincoln, and Nottingham. 23 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 36.

The powers of 30 G. 2. c. 32. for draining marshes and fen lands in Wiggshall, Saint Mary Magdalen, in Norfolk, enlarged. 24 G. 3. c. 9. fef. 1. vol. 34.

For draining lands in the parish of Timberland and Blankney, in Lincolnshire. 25 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 36.

The like in the parishes of St. John in Beverley and Skidby, in the east riding, Yorkshire. 25 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 35.

The like in the manor of North Kyme, Lincolnshire. 28 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 36.

Act 31 G. 2. c. 18. for draining fen lands in the Isle of Ely, and county of Cambridge, between Cam, *alias* Grant, Ouse, and Mildenhall rivers, &c. amended, and for empowering the Bedford Level company to sell certain invested lands, and for laying rates on vessels navigating the said rivers, towards supporting the banks thereof. 29 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 36.

For draining the fens, &c. in the parish of Nocton and Potterhanworth, in the county of Lincoln, and in the parish of Branston, in the county of the city of Lincoln. Taxes 1s. per acre, and 6d. per acre more may be assessed by consent. Same year, c. 32.

Act 14 G. 3. c. 24. for the effectual draining and preservation of Waterbeach Level, in the county of Cambridge, altered and amended, and an agreement made between the lord of the manor of Waterbeach cum Denny, and the commoners within the said manor, established. 30 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 37.

Ferries.

George Earl of Mount Edgcumbe,

Reginald Pole Carew, Esq. authorised and enabled to establish a common ferry across the river Tamer, between Plymouth Dock, in the parish of Stoke Damarel, in Devonshire, and Torpoint, in the parish of Anthony Saint Jacob, *alias* Anthony in the East, in Cornwall. 30 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

Ferro or Faro Isles.

No drawback for goods exported thither; and that place to be included in the oath on debentures for goods exported. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 31. vol. 26.

Fifehire, in Scotland.

For repairing the highways and bridges in that county. 14 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 30.

See *Scotland*. 32 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 37.

Findhorn, Scotland.

See *Harbours*. 18 G. 3. c. 70. v. 32.

Finsbury Square.

See *Paving*. 31 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 37.

Fines.

See *Glass (Cast Plate)*. 13 G. 3. c. 38. § 7 & 31. vol. 30.

See *Criminal Convicts*. 19 G. 3. c. 74. § 3. vol. 32.

Fires and Fire Engines.

Fire engines and ladders to be kept in every parish, and to mark where fire-cocks lie, &c. 14 G. 3. c. 78. § 75. vol. 30.

Rewards for bringing engines to fires, to be paid, by order of an alderman or justice, &c. by the parish out of the poor's rates; for the first engine 30s. for the second 20s. and for the third 10s. and to the turn-cock 10s.; but for fires in chimnies, to be paid by occupiers, the church-warden or overseer to be reimbursed. Same act, § 78.

United parishes deemed as one. Same act, § 79.

If the vestry of any parish conceive it necessary in respect of its largeness to have more than one great engine or hand-engine, they may provide two or more under the same regulation. Same act, § 80.

Charges

Charges of providing and maintaining engines, and also the rewards, to be paid out of the poors rates. Same act, § 81.

See *Watermen*. Same act, § 82.

See *Insurance*. Same act, § 83.

Servants carelessly firing houses, to forfeit 100l. or to be imprisoned for 18 months. Same act, § 84.

Constables and beadies are on notice to repair to fires, and may seize misdoers; but no action to be brought against any person in whose house, &c. it shall happen *when the fire begins accidentally*; and this clause extended to every part of England. Same act, § 85.

See *Hartley, David*. Same year, c. 85.
17 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 31.

See *Bristol*. 16 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 31.

For vesting in James Watt and his executors and assigns, the sole use and property of certain steam engines called fire-engines, described in the act, through all the king's dominions, for a limited time. 15 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 31.

Fish and Fisheries.

2,500l. granted to John Blake for carrying on his fish scheme. 4 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 26.

For stealing or destroying fish in ponds, or receiving stolen fish, felony, and subject to transportation for seven years. 5 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 26.

The like from rivers, to forfeit 5l. to the owner. Same act, § 2.

See *Guernsey and Jersey*. 9 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 28.

Fishery in the river Tweed regulated. 11 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 29.—15 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 31.

For encouraging the white herring fishery, a bounty of 30s. per ton to be paid out of the customs to all busses or vessels decked, and having twelve bushels of salt on board, for every last of fish of 20 ton, and to have six men; if fewer hands, to forfeit the bounty; and to have the free use of any harbour, on penalty of 100l. for obstructing them. 11 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 29.

Fins or blubber, or whales, &c. caught in Greenland seas or Davis's Streights, in British ships, &c. may be imported,

duty free, for 15 years. 11 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 29.

Bounties by former acts to cease, and ships of 200 tons to have 40 lines of 120 fathom each, 40 harpoon irons, 4 boats, 7 men to each, in all 28, and provisions for six months, and larger ships in proportion, and one apprentice to every fifty tons.

l. s. d.

Bounty from Dec. 25, 1767,

to 1776, per ton - 2 0 0

To Dec. 25, 1781, per do. - 1 10 0

To Dec. 25, 1786, per do. - 1 0 0

Same act, § 5.

Fins of whales caught in the gulph or river St. Lawrence or coasts of America, may for the said 15 years be imported on the old subsidy, according to 25 Car. 2. c. 7. Same act, § 17.

Harpooners, linemen, and boat-steerers, not to be impressed if employed in the coal trade, and common seamen privileged from Feb. 1, until the season for sailing be passed. 11 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 29.

White herrings caught and cured on the coast of the Isle of Man, to pay per barrel of 32 gallons, 3s. 4d.

Red herrings, the like, 1s. 8d. To be paid as the duty on fish brought from Scotland. 12 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 29.

Herrings may be exported from the Isle of Man to British America, and to have sufficient quantity of salt to cure herrings on bond, but to make no other use of it. Same act, § 5.

Codfish, ling, and hake, caught and cured in Chaleur Bay, Gulf of St. Lawrence, or the coast of Labrador, may be imported, subject to 10 & 11 W. 3. c. 25. on oath first made that it was caught there, &c. and to have part of the tail cut off; and if removed from shore before, forfeited with double the value. 13 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 30.

Masters of ships from Newfoundland, North Seas, Iceland, Gulph of St. Lawrence, or the coast of Labrador, to destroy all foul salt left, in the presence of an officer, on penalty of 20l. Same act, § 2.

Ships qualified according to 10 & 11 W. 3. c. 25. from Jan. 1, 1776, for 11 years, to have bounties, viz. If after January 1, each year, they proceed to the

the banks of Newfoundland, and having caught not less than 10,000 fish, land the same on the southern or eastern side of the island of Newfoundland, between Cape Ray and Cape de Grat, before July 15, each year, and make one more trip at least, and return with another cargo, caught there, to the same port :

	l.	s.	d.
The first 25 ships to have each	40	0	0
The next 100 ships each -	20	0	0
The next 100 each - -	10	0	0

To be paid out of the customs on certificate from the governor of Newfoundland, and on the oath of the master, &c. and any part of Newfoundland may be used for curing and drying fish by British subjects from Europe. 15 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 31.

For 11 years the following bounty to five British ships, having each caught one whale in the Gulph of St. Lawrence, coast of Labrador, Newfoundland, south of the Greenland seas, or in Davis's Straights, and return to England the same year, viz.

	l.	s.	d.
For the greatest quantity of oil - - -	500	0	0
For the next - - -	400	0	0
For the next - - -	300	0	0
For the next - - -	200	0	0
For the next - - -	100	0	0

To be paid on oath, &c. out of the customs. Same act, § 3.

Provisions and necessaries for the fishery, may be exported from Great Britain, Ireland, and the Isle of Man, being the produce of those countries ; and the act 25 Car. 2. c. 7. as to train-oil, blubber, and whale fins, extended to all British and Irish ships, and undressed seal-skins may be imported, duty free, in qualified ships. Same act, § 5 to 11.

No fishermen to be carried as passengers to America, on penalty of 200l. and no passenger to be employed at Newfoundland as a fisherman, or any hired there, without agreement in writing, specifying his wages and the time hired for, and allowing thereof 40s. for his passage home. Same act, § 12, 13.

Fishermen to be paid only half their wages in liquor or goods, and the other half in money, or bills of exchange on Great Britain or Ireland, on penalty of 10l. and on dispute to produce the contract ; all fish and oil subject to wages ; deserters to be whipped and sent home, and disputes to be settled by the court of session, or vice admiralty at Newfoundland. Same act, § 14, 15, 16, 17.

Act 6 An. c. 37. which exempts seamen in America from being impressed, repealed ; act 11 G. 3. c. 38. extended to Ireland, as to bounties on certificates ; and bounties may be insured, with other regulations as to the Newfoundland fishery. Same act, § 19, 20, &c.

Bounties allowed to the first five ships fishing for whales south of latitude 44 degrees north, for eleven years, viz.

	l.	s.	d.
For the greatest quantity of oil	500	0	0
Second ditto - - -	400	0	0
Third ditto - - -	300	0	0
Fourth ditto - - -	200	0	0
Fifth ditto - - -	100	0	0

To be the produce of one whale at least, and for every 50 tons, to take an apprentice between 14 and 18 years of age. 16 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.

The fisheries of the rivers Severn and Vernie regulated ; and 1 Eliz. c. 17. and 30 Car. 2. c. 9. as to nets, repealed. 18 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 32.

Act 11 G. 3. c. 31. continued for seven years, except as to the time of busses being at rendezvous and fishing, and instead thereof, each bus to proceed to Yarmouth, Whitehaven, Leith, Inverness, Brasley Sound, Campbell Town, Oban, Kirkwall, Stranrawer or Stornaway, or to be at the rendezvous between the first of August and the first of October in each year, and to continue fishing three months. 19 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 32.

Duties on salt used in curing pilchards for home consumption to cease, and instead thereof, to pay at the salt-office 5s. 2½d. per cask of 50 gallons, and the curer not to sell less than 25 gallons at a time, on forfeiture thereof with the cask, and 40s. for every 25 gallons, and retailers not to buy less than 25 gallons at

at a time, and refusing to discover the curer, penalty of forfeiture and 40s. 19 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 32.

Proprietors of salt, delivered duty free, for curing pilchards for exportation, to take an oath not to use it for other purposes, and at the end of the season to account for the salt used, and express the quantity of fish entered for home consumption. Same act, § 2, 5.

If the duty on salt is lessened, the rate on pilchards to be abated in proportion. Same act, § 6.

The Greenland seas and Davis's Streights, declared to extend to 59 degrees 30 minutes north, and the bounties by 15 G. 3. c. 31. not to extend to whales taken south of the said seas and streights; which bounties are allowed to ships cleared out since January 1, 1779, or during the present hostilities, after the first of January in each year, and returning to England by the 31st of December in the next year, and the bounties by 16 G. 3. c. 47. to be paid on the same conditions. 20 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 33. —26 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 35.

See *Herrings*.

An additional bounty of 20s. per ton granted for ships employed in the Greenland whale fishery for five years. 22 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 34.

The bounty of seven shillings on exportation of every fifty gallons of pilchards, encreased to nine shillings for five years, and continued for five years more. 25 G. 3. c. 58. § 1. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 35.

The bounties to be paid for fish lost or spoiled, if proved on oath, and also if such ship was lost in the port of exportation, then such spoiled fish are to be destroyed. 25 G. 3. c. 58. § 3. vol. 35.

Collectors of duty on salt to grant licence to owners of vessels three feet and a half long, and one foot broad, on giving security, to employ the same in the pilchard fishery only. Same act, § 4.

The bounty of thirty shillings per ton extended to all decked ships (except under 20 tons) employed in the herring fishery. Same year, c. 65. § 1.

All decked vessels clearing outwards,

between 1st June and 1st October, for the white herring fishery, and thereto continue for three months, or returning with a full cargo, to be intitled to the bounty of 30s. per ton. Same act, § 3.

Cod, ling, and hake, may be cured and salted, but the tail to be cut off at the port of landing, so that no bounty may be paid on exportation thereof. Same act, § 4.

Fresh herrings, cod, ling, and hake, may be purchased at sea from British subjects; but the particulars to be sworn to on landing. Same act, § 5.

Vessels bound to the North Seas or Iceland, may take salt for curing fish, duty free, but if not used to be returned, and an account taken on oath of such salt. Same act, § 7.

No bounty paid for fish brought from the North Seas. Same act, § 9.

For ten years from 1st Jan. 1787, bounties to be paid for vessels fitted out for the Newfoundland fishery from Great Britain, Ireland, Guernsey, Jersey, or the Isle of Man, viz. the first hundred ships arriving before 15th July, with a cargo of ten thousand fish, by tale, which after landing between Cape Ray and Cape de Grat, shall make another trip and return with a second cargo, if navigated by twelve men, to have 40l. each; and if by a less number and not under seven, to have 25l. each; and if navigated by twelve men upon shares, to have 50l. each, and under twelve, and not less than seven, to have 35l. each. 26 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 35.

The second hundred vessels navigated by twelve men, to have 25l. each, and by a less number, not under seven, 18l. each, and by twelve men upon shares 35l. each, and under twelve and not less than seven 21l. each, on certificates from the governor of Newfoundland, and on oath that they made two trips and the fish caught by the crew, whose number is to be inserted; and the collectors of the customs to pay the bounties. Same act, § 2.

Employers may advance to green men during service 5l. 10s. though more than half their wages, and may reserve 40s. for their passage home; and sea-

men absenting from duty to forfeit five days pay. Same act, § 5.

See *Newfoundland*. Same act, § 7.

See *Seal Skins*. Same act, § 8.

See *Salt*. Same act, § 10.

Nets to be used for catching cod, not to be less than four inches in the mesh. Same act, § 11.

Seamen deserting and entering into foreign service, to be committed for three months and sent home; but if not from his Majesty's European dominions, to be imprisoned twelve months. Same act, § 12.

For five years from 25th Dec. 1786, ships going on the whale fishery, to be surveyed by officer of customs, and if fit for the voyage, and oath made that she intends to proceed, and security given, the ship may be licenced. 26 G. 3. c. 41. § 1. vol. 35.

Ships of 200 tons burthen to have fishing lines, forty harpoon irons, four boats with seven men, including the harpooner, a steersman, and a line-manager to each boat, in all twenty-eight men, besides master and surgeon, and six months provision; and larger ships to have an increase in proportion, and to have one apprentice and one green man; and then to have a bounty of 30s. per ton. Same act, § 2.

Ships to sail before 10th April yearly, and continue fishing until 10th August, unless laden with thirty tons of oil or blubber in proportion of three to two tons, and 1000 lbs. of whale fins if a ship of 300 tons. Same act, § 4.

Ships prevented sailing until 25th April may receive the bounty, and ships of 150 tons may have the bounty, but not intitled to a larger bounty than for 400 ton; but no bounty allowed where no logbook has been kept, which is to be produced to the collector of customs, and to any ship of war met at sea, and also to the British consul at any foreign port. Same act, § 5.

Ships from Ireland may have the bounty, and may be insured; and whale fins may be imported in British ships, duty free. Same act, § 12.

Officers and seamen in the Greenland trade, inserted in a list, not to be impress- ed; but when unemployed, may sail in

the colliery trade, and be protected for the season. Same act, § 17.

That the Greenland seas and Davis's Streights extend to latitude 59 degrees and 30 minutes north. Same act, § 18.

The commissioners of customs to lay before parliament annually, the number of ships employed in the whale fishery in Davis's Streights and the Greenland seas. Same act, § 19.

For encouragement of the southern whale fishery, premiums granted for ten years to twenty ships fitted out for the southern whale fishery from Great Britain, Ireland, Guernsey, Jersey, or Isle of Man, for fifteen ships sailing between 1st May and 1st Sept. to the southward of seven degrees latitude, and there fish until the 1st July next year, and to be paid to each of the three ships first arriving with twenty tons of oil or head-matter 500l. the next three ships 400l. the next three 300l. the next three 200l. and the next three ships 100l. and to five other ships returning in eighteen and not more than twenty-eight months, to the first ship arriving with twenty tons of oil or head-matter 700l. to the second 600l. to the third 500l. to the fourth 400l. and to the fifth ship 300l. Same year, c. 50. § 2.

The master and three fourths of the mariners to be British subjects, or foreign protestants intending to settle in Great Britain, and to have an apprentice for every fifty tons; and a log-book regularly kept and delivered to the collector of customs on oath. Same act, § 5.

For taking any part of the cargo of other vessels to increase the premium, to forfeit 500l. a moiety to the informer if information in a month after report, and the owners to pay the money due to masters, to the customs, or be accountable for the same. Same act, § 10.

The produce of whales or other creatures caught to the northward of the seventh degree of north latitude, by the crew of any of the fifteen ships whereto premiums are given, or to the northward of thirty-six degrees of south latitude, by the crew of any of the five ships to whom other premiums are given deemed part of the quantity entitled to premiums.

premiums, and to be paid out of the customs. Same act, § 11.

The ships may sail to the east of the Cape of Good Hope, to the west of Cape Horn, or through the Streights of Magellan, but not northward of thirty degrees of south latitude, nor make more than fifteen degrees of east longitude from the Cape of Good Hope; nor pass to the northward of the equinoctial line, nor make more than fifty degrees of west longitude from Cape Horn; and must take a licence from the East India Company. Same act, § 15.

Ships sailing within the limits of the South Sea Company, by 9 Q. Ann. c. 21. must have a licence from them. Same act, § 19.

No ship intitled to more than one premium the same season; and if water be mixed with the oil or head-matter, to be forfeited and also the premium, and the owner to prove the purity in case of dispute; and the quantity imported ascertained by officers certificate to commissioners of customs in England and Scotland respectively; and the produce of fish, &c. may be imported in British ships, duty free. Same act, § 20.

Foreigners settled in Great Britain and carrying on the fishery five years, may be naturalized on taking the oath of allegiance; but no foreign ship intitled to premium. Same act, § 24.

For more effectual encouragement of the British fishery, an annual duty of twenty shillings per ton, granted for seven years, to owners of ships of fifteen tons and upwards, employed in the white herring fishery, which must be decked British ships, and have on board twelve bushels of salt in barrels for every last of fish; and also two hundred and fifty square yards of netting per ton, bunt measure, with customary equipment; to clear out between the 1st June and the 1st October, and continue three months, unless laden before; and if they return without the proper number of men, or without a full cargo, not to have the premium; which is to be paid by receiver-general of customs. 26 G. 3. c. 81. § 1. vol. 35.

To be paid for every barrel of herrings twice packed and cured, landed

from a buss, entitled to the twenty shillings bounty, a bounty of four shillings; but if they exceed two barrels and a half per ton, only one shilling; to be computed whilst in a state of sea steeks; and four barrels deemed equal to three of herrings twice packed. Same act, § 7.

To boats not entitled to twenty shillings per ton, a bounty of one shilling per barrel to be paid, and casks of herrings to be branded, and the bounty to be paid as the twenty shillings per ton; and vessels employed in the deep sea fishery to have premiums for the greatest quantity of herrings; eighty guineas, the next sixty, the next forty, and the next twenty; and the duty on fish for home consumption to cease the 1st June 1787. Same act, § 15.

Such dried fish as by 5 G. 1. c. 18. would have been entitled to five shillings per hundred, on exportation to have only three shillings; casks not branded with the curers names, to be forfeited; and staves of barrels to be half an inch thick. Same act, § 16.

Seamen having served seven years in the fisheries, intitled to the privilege by 22 G. 2. c. 44. of exercising trade. Same act, § 19.

Fish cured with British salt may be exported from any port of the kingdom to another for home consumption, and the duties by 29 G. 2. c. 23. on importation of fish cured with salt made in Scotland, extended to salt made in any part of Great Britain; and fish may be carried from England to Scotland, and the contrary, on debenture, and entry made of the quantity and where cured, &c. and salt may be taken, duty free, and delivered on the proprietor's bond. Same act, § 20.

A bounty of one shilling per barrel to be paid to the inhabitants of the Isle of Man, and on exportation, to have the bounties by 5 G. 1. c. 18. and the duties now on herrings from the said Isle, to be paid as the bounty of one shilling payable there. Same act, § 34.

If officers suspect that fresh fish have been imported to London contrary to 1 G. 1. c. 18. and 19 G. 2. c. 33. and this act, two justices may summon the

party and determine the complaint. Same act, § 43.

For extending the provisions of the last act, part of the clause of the last act which restricts the bounty of twenty shillings per ton to decked vessels, repealed, and the bounty extended to all vessels built in Great Britain. 27 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 36.

Not to be deemed a full cargo of herrings under four barrels once packed, or three twice packed for every ton: decked ships, not under fifteen tons, to have bounty if they take in one year 6 barrels per ton, though not fitted out with a due quantity of salt. Same act, § 4.

An account of herrings taken by ships not qualified to be made, and fifty of them intitled to 20s. per ton bounty, to be divided amongst those who have taken the greatest quantity. Same act, § 5.

Additional premiums granted to 3 of the 20 ships by the last act, cleared out between 1st of January and 1st of November annually doubling Cape Horn, or passing through the Straights of Magellan, and fishing four months to the westward of Cape Horn. 28 G. 3. c. 20. § 1. vol. 36.

Premiums to ships returning by the 1st day of December in the second year, with not less than 30 tons of oil, &c. caught in the said voyage, to be paid 800l. for the greatest quantity, and for the next greatest quantity 700l. and for the next greatest quantity 600l. Same act, § 2.

Such ships may sail on the fishery to the eastward or westward of Cape Horn, or through the Straights of Magellan, but must have a licence from the East India and South Sea companies, who are not obliged to grant such licence till a bond given that no goods in their jurisdiction (except stores and tackle for the voyage) shall be taken on board, and if any thing done contrary to this, not entitled to any future licence. Same act, § 4.

The governor of St. Helena may search licensed ships, and if goods found, to be forfeited. Same act, § 6.

Ships fitted out for doubling the

Cape, &c. may have arms, &c. on licence from the Admiralty, and to give 1000l. bond not to use such arms, but merely for defence in case of involuntary hostilities. Same act, § 7.

No ship entitled to more than one additional premium, though she should make two voyages within the time limited, nor to any, if she be not visited before clearing out, nor unless she be registered. Same act, § 9.

Oil and other produce of fish by such ships may be imported duty free. Same act, § 13.

Foreigners having carried on the whale fishery 3 years, and coming to reside with their families in this kingdom before January 1, 1790, may carry on the trade by licence in foreign ships, not more than 40, built before 1st of January, 1788. Same act, § 14.

Such foreign licensed ships carrying on the trade for five years, may be registered as British-built ships, but the owner is to take the oath of allegiance, and 6 of those ships first coming to reside in Great Britain to be allowed to import oil, &c. on the terms mentioned, on giving bond to settle with their crews in Great Britain, and the duties to be under the customs in England and Scotland. Same act, § 15.

For granting false certificates, penalty 500l. to be divided between the king and the prosecuting officer in any court of record at Westminster, or the exchequer in Scotland. Same act, § 20.

The king enabled to make such regulations as may be necessary to prevent inconveniences arising from the competition of his Majesty's subjects and those of the Most Christian King in carrying on the fisheries on the coasts of Newfoundland. Same year, c. 35.

The king, by the advice of the privy council, may give such orders to the governors of Newfoundland as deemed proper to fulfil the purposes of the treaty of Versailles and the declaration of the French king, dated 3d of September, 1783. Same act, § 1.

For incorporating twenty persons named, and their successors, by the style of the Northumberland Fishery Society, and to enable them to subscribe a capi-

a capital joint stock, for more effectual supporting, conducting, and increasing such fishery, and may purchase lands to the value of 500*l.* per annum, and raise a capital of 50,000*l.* at 25*l.* per share. 29 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 36.

For further encouraging and regulating the Newfoundland, Greenland, and southern whale fishery. Same year, c. 53.

No fish, unless caught by British subjects, to be landed or dried at Newfoundland (except as to the right ceded to the French.) Same act, § 1.

Ships entitled to bounties by 26 G. 3. c. 41. sailing by April 10, yearly, to have the same bounty, though they leave the Greenland Sea or Davis's Straights before Aug. 10, and are not laden upon the conditions specified. Same act, § 2.

The three ships entitled to bounties by 28 G. 3. c. 20. on doubling Cape Horn, or passing the Straights of Magellan, to have the same bounty, though they do not return in 16 months, or by December 10, in the second year. Same act, § 3.

Masters permitting any apprentice employed in the fisheries to quit the service before the end of his term, to forfeit 50*l.* unless discharged before a magistrate, or turned over to another master in the fishery. Same act, § 5.

No premium unless the name of the ship be inserted in the indenture of the apprenticeship. Same act, § 7.

Act 26 G. 3. c. 41. for the encouragement of the Greenland fishery, and so much of 29 G. 3. c. 53. as relates to fishing in the Greenland Seas and Davis's Straights continued till the 25th of December 1792. 31 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 37.

Harpooners and mariners in the Greenland fishery not to be impressed. Same act.

Act 26 G. 3. c. 41. for the encouragement of the Greenland Fishery, and so much of 29 G. 3. c. 53. as relates to fishing in the Greenland Seas and Davis's Straights, continued to the 25th of December, 1798, except where altered by this act, 32 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 37.

The following bounties to be paid instead of those specified in the above acts, viz.

l. s. d.

Every ship going to and returning from the said fishery between the 25th of December, 1792, and the 25th of December, 1795, per ton,

1 5 0

The like between the 25th of December, 1795, and the 25th of December, 1798, per ton

1 0 0

Same act, § 2.

Every ship having on board one apprentice, from twelve to twenty years old, for every fifty tons burthen entitled to the bounty. Same act, § 3.

Any produce of creatures caught in the ocean by British subjects usually residing in Great Britain, &c. may be imported duty free under certain regulations. Same act, § 4.

Harpooners, &c. belonging to the Greenland fishery not to be impressed, and may sail in the colliery trade; and seamen entered for Greenland ships not to be impressed. Same act, § 5.

No whale-boat liable to seizure on account of her construction, if employed in the fishery only. Same act, § 6.

Apprentices, whose times expire during a voyage, to be considered as such to the end of it; and no person deemed a legal apprentice if bound after passing this act, except a subject of his Majesty. Same act, § 7.

For regulating and improving the salmon fisheries in the river Nith, in the county of Dumfries. Same year, c. 94.

Fish Market.

See *Marine Society*, 30 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 37.

Fitzgerald (Gerald).

For divesting out of the crown, and vesting in Gerald Fitzgerald, of Rathrone in the county of Meath, and his heirs, the reversion in fee of several lands in Ireland. 11 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 29.

Fitzmaurice (Ulysses.)

His estate divested out of the crown
R 2 10

to be sold for payment of his debts. 14 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 30.

Fitzwilliams (Countess of).

See *Richmond (Surry.)* 12 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 29.

Flasks.

See *Glass.* 25 G. 3. c. 69. § 1. vol. 35.
Act 17 G. 3. c. 39. or the last act not to extend to charge with duty any flasks in which wine or oil hath been imported. 27 G. 3. c. 32. § 9. vol. 36.

Flax and Cotton.

See *Hemp.* 4 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 26.—
6 G. 3. c. 43. § 8. vol. 27.—10 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 28.

See *Linens.* 7 G. 3. c. 58. §. 5. vol. 27.

See *Manufactures.* 15 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 31. 23 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 34. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

An additional bounty of 5s. per hogshhead granted for two years, besides the present bounty on flax seed imported into Ireland. 15 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 31.

The like bounty of 5s. per hogshhead granted on flax seed, the growth of the United Provinces, or the Austrian Netherlands, imported into Ireland, for 2 years. 16 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 31.

Both these acts continued till the 25th of March, 1793. 18 G. 3. c. 45. § 6. vol. 32. 29 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 36.

During the present hostilities flax and flax-seed may be imported into Great Britain and Ireland in vessels belonging to any state in amity, &c. and may be navigated by foreign seamen. 21 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 33.

Flint Glass.

See *Excise.* 32 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 37.

Florida.

See *Rice.* 11 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 29.

See *East Florida.*

Flux for Glass.

See *Salt.* 22 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34.

Forbes, Arthur.

See *Excise.* 24 G. 3. sct. 2. c. 46. § 53. vol. 34.

Forces.

1,000,000l. granted by parliament

for the augmentation of forces by sea and land, as exigencies may require. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 22. vol. 37.

Foreigners.

See *Ships.* 13 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 30.—
19 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 32.

See *Bishops.* 24 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 34.
Privileges granted to foreigners who have carried on the southern whale fishery for three years. 28 G. 3. c. 20. § 14. vol. 36.

See *Fish and Fisheries.*

Foreign Coin

Imported, deficient in weight, to be forfeited. 14 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 30.—18 G. 3. c. 45. § 5. vol. 32.

Foreign Spirits.

See *Spirits.*

Foreign Wines.

See *Wines.* 23 G. 3. c. 76. § 4. vol. 34.—24 G. 3. sct. 2. c. 47. § 47. vol. 34.

Forefallers.

Acts 3 and 4 Ed. 6. c. 21. 5 and 6 of the same. c. 14.—2 and 3 P. & M. c. 3.—5 El. c. 12.—15 Car. 2. c. 8. and 5 Q. Ann. c. 34. § 2. all repealed, and any proceedings thereon void. 12 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 29.

Forests.

See *Fee-Farm and other Rents.* 26 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 35.

For reviving the powers granted by private acts. 10 G. 3. No. 94, and 14 G. 3. No. 54, for dividing and inclosing such of the open parts of the district called the Forest of Knareborough, in Yorkshire, as lie within the eleven constaberies thereof, and making the said acts more effectual. 29 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 36.

Act 26 G. 3. c. 87. for appointing commissioners to enquire into the state of the woods, forests, and land-revenues belonging to the crown, and to sell fee farm and other unimproveable rents, continued and amended. 30 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 37.

Sir Charles Middleton, Bart. John Call, and John Fordyce, Esquires, appointed commissioners on oath, and on sale

sale of rents where no composition with the owners not to bar the king's right to rents in arrear prior to such sale. Same act, § 3.

And where the consideration-money paid for rents by owners of lands, out of which they issue, are not above 10l. the conveyance to be on the same stamp as the receipt for the consideration-money; and the powers of the act 26 G. 3. c. 87. not hereby altered to continue in force. Same act, § 5.

The treasury may order 2,000l. to be issued to the commissioners; and the king may appoint commissioners to supply the place of those who may decline to act, or shall die; and the commissioners are not disqualified to sit in parliament; and this act to continue to the end of the next session. Same act.

Forfar (County of) Scotland.

For repairing the roads in the county of Forfar in Scotland, and for regulating the statute labour there. Same year, c. 20.

Forfeited Estates.

The king enabled to exchange the lands of Fernan and Lix, in Perthshire, Scotland, for lands of Earl Breadalbane in Pitkelloney, in the said county. 6 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 27.

See *Frazer (General Simon)* 14 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 30.

Act 25 G. 2. c. 41. as to granting leases of forfeited estates in Scotland, above 20l. per annum value, altered. Same year, c. 65.

See *York Buildings Company.* 17 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 31.

The king may grant to the heirs of former proprietors, on the terms mentioned in this act, the forfeited estates in Scotland which were put under trustees by 25 G. 2. c. 41. and that act repealed. 24 G. 3. sess. 2. c. 57. vol. 34.

The board of trustees discontinued from Martinmas 1784; but out of the money paid into the exchequer (being 97,452l. 2s. 7d. an annual allowance of 580l. to be made to their officers and servants for life, subject to distribution by the barons of the exchequer, who are also to pay thereout 15,000l. for build-

ing a repository for records in Scotland, and 50,000l. towards the Forth and Clyde navigation, with interest from Martinmas 1784. Same act, § 22.

The surplus to be paid into the exchequer, at the disposal of parliament; and the dividends of 50,000l. therein mentioned, to go towards repairing the roads in the Highlands. Same act, § 32.

The barons of the exchequer in Scotland authorized, out of the unappropriated money arising from the forfeited and annexed estates there, to pay 2500l. to the society for promoting christian knowledge. 26 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 35.

Several estates in Northumberland, Cumberland, and Durham, settled on the late Charles Ratcliffe, deceased, with remainders in tail, charged with a rent-charge of 2500l. per annum, to be paid to Anthony James Earl of Newburgh, so long as there shall be heirs male of his body, quarterly, from 25th March 1787. 28 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 36.

1000l. out of the produce of the forfeited estates in Scotland, to be paid, by order of the barons of the exchequer there, towards rebuilding the court and gaol at Inverness. Same year, c. 69.

3000l. appropriated out of the unexhausted balance or surplus arising from the forfeited estates in North Britain, to be applied by the Highland Society of Scotland at Edinburgh to public uses in that part of the kingdom. 29 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 36.

1000l. more to be applied towards building a bridge over the river Pees, at Cockburnspath. Same year, c. 42.

Forfeitures.

See *Turnips.* 13 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 30.

See *Sugar.* 23 G. 3. c. 76. § 6. vol. 34.

See *Cables.* 25 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 35. Goods unintentionally forfeited may be restored by commissioners of customs and excise; but no damages allowed. 26 G. 3. c. 59. § 63. vol. 35.

Goods found with counterfeit stamps of seizure thereon forfeited, and also 500l. 27 G. 3. c. 32. § 10. vol. 36.

Reels for ounce thread less than a yard

yard forfeited, and also 5l. and for selling such thread to be forfeited with 10l. per lb. weight; but not to extend to thread of 40 lb. in hank, manufactured before the 1st of June 1788. 28 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 36.

For counterfeiting other persons marks, to forfeit the thread with 10l. and justices may determine offences, commit offenders not paying penalty which may be mitigated; but subject to appeal to sessions; and witnesses not attending, to forfeit 5l. and the *onus probandi* to lie on the owner. Same act, § 3, &c.

Forgeries.

Forging the acceptance of bills of exchange or receipts for money, &c. with intent to defraud any corporation, &c. capital felony and death. 18 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 32.

Forging certificates under the act relating to the national debt, the like. 26 G. 3. c. 31. § 21. vol. 35.

Counterfeiting treasury orders for payment of losses to American sufferers, a capital felony and death. 30 G. 3. c. 34. § 11. vol. 37.

See *Annuities*. Same year, c. 45. § 23.

See *Lotteries*. Same year, c. 30.

Fornication.

See *Ecclesiastical Courts*. 27 G. 3. c. 44. § 2. vol. 36.

Forth and Clyde Rivers.

See *Navigable Canals, Scotland*. 13 G. 3. c. 104. vol. 30.

See *Navigation*. 30 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 37.

Fort James, in Africa.

See *African Company*. 23 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 34.

Fort William at Bengal.

See *India (East) Company*. 21 G. 3. c. 65. § 36. vol. 33.

Fortifications.

Certain messuages, lands, &c. vested in trustees for the better securing the king's docks, ships, and stores at Plymouth and Sheerness, and defending the

passage of the river Thames at Gravesend and Tilbury fort. 20 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 33.

The like of other messuages, lands, &c. for securing the king's docks, ships, and stores at Chatham. Same year, c. 49.

For making compensation to the proprietors of messuages, lands, &c. purchased in pursuance of the two last acts. 21 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 33.

John Bowater, Esq. enabled to grant leases in possession or reversion of a dock-yard at Woolwich (part of his settled estate) to the commissioners of the navy in behalf of the crown. 21 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 33.

20,671l. 12s. 6d. granted by parliament as a compensation for lands at Chatham. 13,452l. 17s. for the like at Sheerness. 148l. 18s. for the like at Tilbury fort. Same year, c. 57.

Act 20 G. 3. c. 38. explained and amended, and other lands appointed, and further power given to the commissioners. Same year, c. 61.

The like compensation made for lands purchased under the other acts. 22 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 34.

16,364l. 10s. 5d. more granted to pay for lands at Plymouth. Same year, c. 67.

Lands vested in trustees for securing the docks, ships, and stores at Portsmouth, Plymouth, and Chatham. Same year, c. 80.—23 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 34.

4789l. 14s. 3d. for payment of lands purchased in Kent, under an act made last session, for securing docks, &c. at Portsmouth and Chatham. 23 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 34.

For vesting lands, &c. in trustees, for securing docks, &c. at Portsmouth, and more safe carrying on the king's gunpowder works, near Faversham; and 3632l. 11s. 5d. more granted for purchase of said lands. Same year, c. 87.

12,896l. 11s. 7d. more, for the like at Portsmouth. 24 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 34.

17,388l. 12s. 1d. more, for lands at Plymouth. Same act.

Lands, &c. vested in trustees for better securing the docks at Portsmouth and Plymouth, and lands in Hampshire, Devon,

Devon, and Cornwall, revested in former proprietors. Same act.

Foundling Hospital.

	l.	s.	d.
Granted to this hospital by parliament, by 5 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 26.	38,000	0	0
More, by 6 G. 3. c. 41. § 25. vol. 27.	32,725	0	0
More, by 7 G. 3. c. 54. § 27. Same vol.	28,000	0	0
More, to apprentice children. Same act	1,500	0	0
More, to the hospital. 9 G. 3. c. 35.	19,967	10	0
More, towards apprenticing children. — Same act	5,600	0	0
More, for the same purpose	3,231	16	0
More, for maintaining children from 31st December 1770 to same day in 1771	2,970	0	0
The like for children admitted before 25th March 1760. 11 G. 3. c. 48	27,030	0	0

Frames.

See *Stockings*. 28 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.

Frazer (General Simon.)

The king may grant him the lands of the late Simon Lord Lovat on payment of 20,983l. os. 1d. and interest at 3 per cent. at any term after Whitfunday 1784, on twelve months notice; and the General may pay it, with the interest then due at any term after Whitfunday 1774. And from the date of such grant the act 25 G. 2. c. 41. repealed. 14 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 30.

Frauds.

See *Mauvsaures*. 15 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 31. — 17 G. 3. c. 11.

See *Excise*. 21 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 33.

Freeholds Registered.

See *Parliament*.

For better securing the rights of persons qualified to vote at county elections. 28 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 36.

This act suspended till fifth of April 1790, and all persons indemnified who have omitted to do any thing required by the same. But not to prevent the passing, during the present session, any act to repeal or amend either of these acts. 29 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

Act 28 G. 3. c. 36. repealed; and persons who have omitted to perform any thing required thereby indemnified. Same year c. 18.

French Carriages.

A duty of 15 per cent. laid on carriages according to the value on importation from the French king's European dominions. 28 G. 3. c. 33. § 10. vol. 36.

French Goods.

See *Customs*. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 22. vol. 36.

French Prizes.

See *Grants by Parliament*. 15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

French Wines.

See *Wines*. 27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

Frith of Forth.

See *Scotland*. 32 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 37.

Fulbourne, Cambridgeshire.

For taking down the church of All Saints, and repairing St. Vigor's. 15 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 31.

Funds.

210,000l. granted out of the sinking fund. 5 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 26.

2,150,000l. out of the same fund. 6 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 27.

1,800,000l. raised by exchequer bills, charged on the same fund. 7 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 27.

1,500,000l. on annuities and a lottery, charged on same fund. Same year, c. 24.

2,010,121l. 10s. 3½d. out of the same fund for the year 1767. Same year, c. 54.

1,800,000l. the like, for the year 1768. 8 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 28.

2,250,000l.

2,250,000*l.* charged on the same fund. Same year, c. 30.

1,300,000*l.* raised by annuities, and 600,000*l.* by a lottery charged on the same fund and the duties on wine by 3 G. 3. c. 12. and on cyder and perry by 6 G. 3. c. 40. carried to the same fund. Same year, c. 31.

1,800,000*l.* by loans charged on the same fund. 9 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 28.

1,664,822*l.* 4*s.* 5½*d.* granted out of the same fund. Same year, c. 34.

1,700,000*l.* out of the same fund for the year 1770. 10 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 28.

1,650,000*l.* the like, for the year 1771. 11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.

Upon payment of 2,296*l.* 4*s.* 10*d.* by the executors of Lady Ann Jekyll to the sinking fund, the treasury may give a full discharge. 12 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 29.

1,856,723*l.* 1*s.* 2*d.* granted out of the sinking fund. Same year, c. 70.

2,349,806*l.* 12*s.* 7½*d.* out of the same fund for the year 1773. 13 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.

For redeeming 1,000,000*l.* capital 3 per cent. annuities, and for a lottery. 14 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 30.

See *Quebec*. Same year, c. 83.

2,080,696*l.* 12*s.* 8½*d.* out of the sinking fund, for the year 1774. Same year, c. 85.

The administrator, with the will annexed of Sir Joseph Jekyll, may sell 10,000*l.* South-Sea stock standing in his name, part of a legacy given to the sinking fund, and may receive the dividends thereon, and on 10,000*l.* East-India stock, for the purposes mentioned. Same year, c. 89.

For redeeming 1,000,000*l.* capital 3 per cent. annuities, and for a lottery. 15 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 31.

1,915,552*l.* 16*s.* 11½*d.* granted out of the sinking fund for the year 1775. Same year, c. 42.

600,000*l.* by a lottery, charged on the sinking fund. 16 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 31.

1,000,000*l.* by loans, charged on the same fund. Same year, c. 45.

1,837,428*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.* out of the same fund, for the year 1776. Same year, c. 49.

5,000,000*l.* by annuities, and 500,000*l.* by a lottery, charged on the sinking fund. 17 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 31.

1,939,636*l.* 5*s.* 9½*d.* granted out of the sinking fund for the service of the current year. Same year, c. 47.

2,296*l.* 1*s.* 8½*d.* out of the sinking fund for the year 1778, and for carrying to the aggregate fund the money arising by two-sevenths of the excise. 18 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 32.

2,071,854*l.* 13*s.* 8½*d.* out of the same fund. 19 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.

1,849,542*l.* 1*s.* 11½*d.* charged on the same fund. 20 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 33.

1,742,912*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* charged on the same fund. 21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.

2,284,715*l.* 10*s.* 8*d.* granted out of the same fund for the service of the year 1782. 22 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.

2,200*l.* the like for the year 1783. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

800,000*l.* the like for the year 1784. 24 G. 3. *sess.* 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

2,297,460*l.* more for the year 1785. 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

2,600,000*l.* the like for the year 1786. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

250,000*l.* to be set apart quarterly out of the surplus of the sinking fund; and, in case of a deficiency, such surplus to be carried on as a charge in the subsequent quarters. Same year, c. 31.

The money set apart to be paid into the bank, and applied in reducing the national debt; and an account thereof to be laid before parliament annually. Same act, § 17.

From 5th July 1787, the said quarterly sum of 250,000*l.* to be set apart out of the consolidated fund. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 59. vol. 36.

800,000*l.* and 100,000*l.* payable to the king by act 1 G. 3. c. 1. and 17 G. 3. c. 21. and all other annuities charged on the aggregate fund, to be paid out of the consolidated fund; and all powers relating to such annuities continued. Same act, § 63.

All money due from repealed duties, and all deficiencies not carried to the sinking fund before 10th May 1787, made part of the consolidated fund. Same act, § 71.

2,400,000*l.*

2,400,000*l.* granted out of the consolidated fund for the service of the year 1787. Same year, c. 83.

2,545,000*l.* on the credit of the same fund for the year 1788. 28 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 36.

589,162*l.* 15*s.* 2½*d.* remaining in the exchequer 5th April 1788, being the surplus of the consolidated fund, applied as mentioned in this act. Same act.

187,000*l.* raised by annuities of 7*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.* per cent. for 18 years three quarters, from 5th April 1789, payable at the bank half yearly out of the consolidated fund; which annuities are to be consolidated with those granted by 28 and 19 G. 3. 29 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 36.

771,562*l.* 10*s.* raised by a lottery, tickets at 15*l.* 8*s.* 7½*d.* each, and 500,000*l.* the amount of prizes, to be paid 3d June 1790, out of the supplies granted this session. Same year, c. 33.

For raising 3,500,000*l.* by loans or exchequer bills, same as by malt act for the year 1789, and charged on the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 34.

2,000,000*l.* more raised by the same means, for the like purpose, charged on the same fund. Same year, c. 35.

The treasury may issue exchequer orders for the relief of the American loyalists, at 3*l.* 10*s.* per ann. interest, from July 1788, chargeable on the supplies of the year 1789 to 1796; and in case of deficiency, on the consolidated fund; the principal to be paid by instalments of 6*l.* 5*s.* per cent. half yearly, from April 1789. 28 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 36.

Furs.

See *Manufactures*. 15 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 31.

G.

Gainsborough, Lincolnshire.

See *Paving*. 9 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 28.

See *Bridges*. 27 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 36.

Gale Moss, Lancashire.

See *Cánals Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 101. vol. 37.

Game.

Taking, killing, or destroying, a hare, pheasant, partridge, moor game, heath game, or grouse, between an hour after sun-set and the like time before sun-rising, or using dog, gun, snare, net, or engine, for that purpose, in the night, for the first offence imprisonment, not more than six nor less than three months, and in three days to be whipped. 10 G. 3. c. 19. § 1. vol. 28.

The like offence on Sunday to forfeit not more than 30*l.* nor less than 20*l.* to be levied by distress with costs, one moiety to the informer, and the other to the poor; and, for want of distress, to be committed for not more than six, nor less than three, months, with appeal to the quarter sessions, who may give costs, and to be final, and not removed by *Certiorari*. Same act, § 2.

Killing black game between the 10th of December and the 20th of August, red game between the 10th of December and the 12th of August, and bustards between the 1st of March and the 1st of September, for the first offence to forfeit not more than 20*l.* nor less than 10*l.* and for every other offence not less than 20*l.* nor more than 30*l.* Not to extend to Scotland. 2 G. 3. c. 19. as to black game; and grouse called red game, repealed. 13 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 30.

Act 10 G. 3. c. 19. as to killing game in the night, altered to between 7 at night and 6 in the morning, from the 12th of February to the 12th of October, and between 9 at night and 4 in the morning the rest of the year; for the first offence to forfeit not less than 10*l.* nor more than 20*l.*; for the second offence not less than 20*l.* nor more than 30*l.*; and for any other offence to be committed till the next general quarter sessions, or bound over as well as the informer; and if convicted to pay 50*l.* and committed till payment, but not for less than six months, nor more than twelve; and to be whipped at the end of imprisonment. 13 G. 3. c. 80. § 1. vol. 30.

Killing game on Sunday or Christmas-day,
S

mas-day, the same penalty; but not to be proceeded against without information, on oath, within a month. Same act, § 6.

Persons qualified to kill game to give in their names to the clerk of the peace to be registered, and to take out certificates annually on a stamp of two guineas; and gamekeepers to take deputations on stamps of half a guinea each. 24 G. 3. c. 3. s. 2. c. 43. vol. 34.

Persons in pursuit of game refusing to produce their certificates, or to tell their names and places of abode, to forfeit 50l.; and certificates are not to authorise the killing game prohibited by law; nor under deputations, out of the manor they are granted for. Same act, § 15.

The above act repealed, but the same duties continued on certificates and deputations; and no person to kill game without such certificate, &c. on penalty of 20l.; but this not to extend to the royal family. 25 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 35.

Clerks of the peace to transmit annual lists of certificates, to be inserted in newspapers; and in counties where there are no clerks of the peace, the business to be done by those of the county adjoining. Same act, § 18.

Justices of peace may summon parties, and determine offences against this act, in a summary way; and the penalties to be levied by distress, or the offenders may be committed for six months; but subject to appeal to the quarter sessions. Same act, § 22.

Witnesses summoned, and not appearing, to forfeit 10l. Same act, § 23.

The justices may mitigate penalties; but costs are to be allowed to officers and informers; and no conviction to be removed by *certiorari*; and no person imprisoned for non-payment of fine or penalty more than three months. Same act, § 25.

The duties to be paid into the stamp-office, and by them into the exchequer; and a separate account to be kept thereof, and applied to the annuities on the last year's lottery act. Same act, § 27.

The time of imprisonment by the last act, § 22. reduced from six to three months only; but the laws to continue

in force, except what is repealed. 26 G. 3. c. 82. § 7. vol. 35.

l. s. d.

An additional duty on certificates to kill game, &c. 1 1 0
For a gamekeeper - 0 10 6

Duties to be under commissioners of stamps. 31 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 37.

Gaols and Gaolers.

See *London*. 7 G. 3. c. 37.

For rebuilding a common gaol in Essex. 10 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 28.—13 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 30.

Clergymen appointed by the quarter sessions to officiate in county gaols at a salary of not more than 50l. per ann. to be paid by the county treasurer. 13 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 30.

Quarter sessions may order gaols to be whitewashed once a year, and ventilators to be put up, and appoint sick rooms and bathing tubs; the rules to be hung up publicly, and to appoint an apothecary and surgeon; the expence to be paid out of the county rates; and may punish gaolers. 14 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 30.

For taking down and rebuilding the common gaol for Hertfordshire. 15 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 31.

The like for Westmoreland. 17 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 31.

The like for Warwickshire. Same year, c. 58.

For building a gaol for criminals, a prison for debtors, and an house of correction, for Cornwall. 18 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 32.

The like for Pembrokehire. 19 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 32.

The like for Gloucestershire. 21 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 33.

See *Prisoners*. 20 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 33.—24 G. 3. s. 1. c. 12. § 3. vol. 34.

See *Riots*. 21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.

For building a gaol and house of correction for Shropshire, and the expence to be raised by rates of the county and town and liberties of Ludlow, and not to exceed 1s. 4d. in the pound; to be paid in three years. 23 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 35.

For building a gaol at Kingston upon Hull. 23 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 34.

The

The quarter sessions, on presentment of the grand jury, may order gaols to be repaired, enlarged, or rebuilt; and if the estimate exceeds half a year's assessment, may mortgage the county rates for that purpose. 24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 54. vol. 34.

For building a new gaol and penitentiary house, and houses of correction, for the county of Gloucester, with very particular directions for regulating the same. 25 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 35.

For removing and rebuilding the gaol at New Sarum. 25 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 35.

The like for the county of Salop. 26 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 35.

See *Courts of Conscience*, and *Debts and Debtors*. Same year, c. 45.

The gaol for Devonshire declared to be a public common gaol, and Dennys Rolle and John Rolle, Esqrs. and their heirs, discharged from being keepers thereof; and the same to be improved and enlarged, or a new one built. 27 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 36.

For building a gaol for debtors, and a house of correction, for the several towns in Staffordshire. Same year, c. 60.

For vesting the old gaol of Suffex in Lady Irwin, on payment of 620l. and declaring the new gaol, lately built, to be the county gaol. Same year, c. 58.

For building a new court-house and gaol at Inverness in Scotland, and appropriating 1000l. out of the surplus from the forfeited estates in Scotland toward the same. 28 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 36.

For rebuilding the gaol of the castle at Chester, the prothonotary's office, the exchequer record rooms, and other offices, &c. adjoining to the said gaol. Same year, c. 82.

At Michaelmas sessions yearly, every gaoler to deliver a certificate, in the form prescribed by the act, to be read in open court, and entered on record, and then to be taken into consideration by the court, and may give directions, and make orders relative thereto. 29 G. 3. chap. 67.

Gaoler neglecting to deliver certifi-

cate, to forfeit, if a county gaoler, 50l. and other gaolers, 20l.; to be recovered by any person who shall sue for the same by action, in any court of record at Westminster-hall, or court of great session in Wales, or the county-palatine of Chester, if the offence arise there; and no essoin, &c. and but one imparlance allowed. Same act, § 3.

For building a gaol and sessions house for the county of Surrey. 31 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 37.

Gaolers to separate persons under sentence of transportation from other prisoners, except felons, and to report to the grand jury the insufficiency of gaols not affording the means of separation according to 24 G. 3. c. 54.— Same year, c. 46. § 10.

Justices may provide materials, set prisoners to work, and may order assistance out of the county rates to prisoners who cannot work. Same act, § 12.

Justices in session to settle a table of fees for gaolers, and may grant salaries where emoluments are diminished; and no regulation of fees affecting the sheriff to take place during his continuance in office, unless consented to by him. Same act, § 15.

Persons aggrieved by this act may appeal to the quarter sessions, and no proceedings quashed for want of form. Same act, § 18.

See *Houses of Correction*. Same act.

For building a new gaol and penitentiary house, and house of correction, within the city of Bristol; and for regulating, maintaining, and supporting the same, and for disposing of the present common gaol in Bristol. 32 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 37.

For building a new gaol and house of correction for the town, county, and borough of Carmarthen. Same year, c. 104.

Gartree, Lincolnshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 19 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 32.

Gateshead, Durham.

See *Bridges*. 28 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 36.

Gazette.

One month's notice to be given in the London Gazette of the time and place of letting any post-horse duties to farm. 27 G. 3. c. 26. § 3. vol. 36.

General Issue

May be pleaded by defendants acting under any of the acts after mentioned, and the whole matter given in evidence, viz.

As to the duties on cyder and perry. 4 G. 3. c. 7. § 9. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 14. § 22. vol. 27.

As to buildings within the bills of mortality. 4 G. 3. c. 14. § 11. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 37. § 11. vol. 27.—12 G. 3. c. 73. § 45. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 78. § 100. vol. 30.

As to the duties on British colonies, if sued here or in America. 4 G. 3. c. 15. § 47. vol. 26.—5 G. 3. c. 12. § 63. vol. 26.—7 G. 3. c. 46. § 10. vol. 27.

As to the importation of provisions from America. 4 G. 3. c. 28. § 6. vol. 26.

As to English cambrics. Same year, c. 37. § 30.

For paving Westminster, &c. and Sunday tolls.—4 G. 3. c. 39. § 28. vol. 26.—5 G. 3. c. 13.—Same year, c. 50. § 30.—11 G. 3. c. 26. § 76. vol. 29.—22 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 34.—30 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 37.

Under the acts for recovering small debts. 4 G. 3. c. 40, 41. vol. 26.—5 G. 3. c. 8.—Same year, c. 9.—6 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 27.—23 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 31.—17 G. 3. c. 15.—Same year, c. 19. c. 62.—18 G. 3. c. 34, 36. vol. 32.—19 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 32.—Same year, c. 68.—21 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 33.

As to annuities and lotteries. 5 G. 3. c. 23. § 55. vol. 26.—Same year, c. 42. § 7.—6 G. 3. c. 21. § 7. vol. 27.—Same year, c. 39. § 41.—7 G. 3. c. 24, 25, & 26.—8 G. 3. c. 29, 31. vol. 28.—10 G. 3. c. 36. § 7. & c. 46.—11 G. 3. c. 47. § 26. vol. 29.—12 G. 3. c. 63. § 26.—14 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 31.—16 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 31.—17 G. 3. c. 46.—18 G.

3. c. 22. vol. 32.—19 G. 3. c. 18. & 21.—20 G. 3. c. 16.—21 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 33.

As to the postage of letters. 5 G. 3. c. 25. § 27. vol. 26.—7 G. 3. c. 50. § 8. vol. 27.

As to exporting calicoes to Africa, 5 G. 3. c. 30. § 13. vol. 26.

As to the additional duty on coals. 5 G. 3. c. 12. § 12. vol. 26.

Under the general turnpike acts. 5 G. 3. c. 38. § 17. vol. 26. 7 G. 3. c. 40. § 50. vol. 27.—13 G. 3. c. 84. § 85. vol. 30.

As to the revenue of the Isle of Man, 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 47. vol. 26.

As to the additional stamp duties. Same year, c. 46. § 44.

As to the judges additional salary. Same year, c. 47. § 12.

As to woollen cloth made in Yorkshire. Same year, c. 51. § 30.

Under the mutiny acts. 6 G. 3. c. 8, 18, & 23, &c. vol. 27.

As to the manufacture of leather gloves. 6 G. 3. c. 10. § 10. vol. 27.

As to paving the streets in Southwark, &c. 6 G. 3. c. 24. § 91. vol. 27.

—11 G. 3. c. 17. § 9. vol. 29.

As to paving, &c. in London. 6 G. 3. c. 26. § 91. c. 27. § 10. vol. 27.

—8 G. 3. c. 21. § 97. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 29. § 118. vol. 29.

As to the importation of foreign wrought silk. 6 G. 3. c. 28. § 14. vol. 27.—7 G. 3. c. 47. § 10.—9 G. 3. c. 38. § 13. vol. 28.

As to frame-work knitting. 6 G. 3. c. 29. § 11. vol. 27.

As to the lighthouse in the river Humber. 6 G. 3. c. 31. § 17. vol. 27.

—12 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 29.

As to the streets of Bristol. 6 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 27.

As to the duty on windows and houses. Same year, c. 38.—18 G. 3. c. 26. § 45. vol. 32.—19 G. 3. c. 59. § 21. vol. 32.

As to the bounty on British cordage. 6 G. 3. c. 45. § 10. vol. 27.

As to the additional duty on spirits imported. Same year, c. 47. § 5.

As to the duty on East India goods exported to America. Same year, c. 52. § 32.

As to the prohibition of the exportation of corn. 7 G. 3. c. 3. § 25. vol. 27.—9 G. 3. c. 1. § 24. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 1. § 24. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 3. § 26. vol. 30.

As to the embargo on ships laden with corn. 7 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 27.

As to continuing the duties on the importation of tallow. 7 G. 3. c. 12. § 3. vol. 27.

As to the admeasurement of coals. Same year, c. 23. § 25.

Under the general acts as to public highways. 7 G. 3. c. 42. § 55. vol. 27. 13 G. 3. c. 78. § 81. vol. 30.

As to Black Fryar's bridge, &c.—7 G. 3. c. 37. § 25. vol. 27.

As to smuggling cambrics and French lawns. Same year, c. 43. § 23.

As to hackney coaches, &c. Same year, c. 44. § 22.

As to the river Lea. Same year, c. 51. § 116.—19 G. 3. c. 58. § 45. vol. 32.

As to the pier of St. Ives, Cornwall. 7 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 27.

As to draining lands, &c. Same year, c. 53.—12 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 19, 20, 39, 40, 45, 46, 49, & 60. vol. 30.—14 G. 3. c. 16. & 23. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 12. 65. & 68. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 32.—19 G. 3. c. 33. & 34. vol. 32.

As to the drawback on exporting teas to Ireland. 7 G. 3. c. 56. § 10. vol. 27.

As to the duty on foul salt. 8 G. 3. c. 25. § 11. vol. 28.

As to passages in Saint Leonard, Shoreditch. Same year, c. 33. § 86.

As to building fire-halls. 9 G. 3. c. 20. § 5. vol. 28.

As to the Magdalen hospital. Same year, c. 31.

Under the general militia act, *amended*. Same year, c. 42. § 50.

As to the distemper amongst horned cattle. 9 G. 3. c. 4. § 2.—10 G. 3. c. 24. § 4. & c. 45. § 38. vol. 28.

As to the duty on straw hats, &c. 10 G. 3. c. 43. § 7. vol. 28.

As to false weights, &c. Same year, c. 44. § 9.

As to raw hides from Ireland. 9 G. 3. c. 39. § 9. vol. 28.

As to coalheavers, &c. 10 G. 3. c. 53. § 15. vol. 28.

As to the tolls of London bridge. 11 G. 3. c. 26. § 7. vol. 29.

As to fisheries in the river Tweed. Same year, c. 27. § 13.

As to hackney coaches. 11 G. 3. c. 24. § 4. & c. 28. § 5. vol. 29.

As to gunpowder, &c. Same year, c. 61. § 27.

As to the prohibition of the exportation of live cattle. Same year, c. 37. § 12.

As to the navigation of the river Thames from London to Cricklade, &c. 11 G. 3. c. 45. § 52. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 91. § 23. vol. 30.

As to the bounty on the importation of white oak staves, &c. from America. 11 G. 3. c. 50. § 10. vol. 29.

As to the harbour of Great Yarmouth. 12 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 29.

As to the lighting, &c. of Islington. Same year, c. 17.

As to the revenue of excise on tea, &c. Same year, c. 46. § 21.

As to timber for the navy. Same year, c. 54. § 5.

Under the act respecting frauds in trade between Great Britain and Ireland. Same year, c. 55. § 6.

As to the drawback on tea exported to Ireland. Same year, c. 60. § 13.

As to gunpowder. Same year, c. 61. § 27.

Under the act for establishing the marine society. Same year, c. 67. § 20.

As to the poor of St. Sepulchre's parish. Same year, c. 68.

As to paving Tottenham-Court road. Same year, c. 69.

As to the plate-glass manufactory. 13 G. 3. c. 38. § 32. vol. 30.

As to the earl of Thanet's canal at Skipton. Same year, c. 47.

As to moor game, &c. Same year, c. 55. § 12.

As to the regulation of the lying-in hospital. Same year, c. 82. § 17.

As to Richmond bridge, in Surry. Same year, c. 83.

As to the prohibition of the trade with Boston in America. 14 G. 3. c. 19. § 11. vol. 30.

As to madhouses. Same year, c. 49. § 33.

As to quays, &c. at Hull, in York-shire. Same year, c. 56.

As to the exporting of utensils used in the cotton, &c. manufactures. Same year, c. 71. § 7.—21 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 33.

As to distillers, &c. 14 G. 3. c. 73. § 17. vol. 30.

As to the workhouse in St. Saviour's parish, Southwark. Same year, c. 75.

As to the driving of cattle within the bills of mortality. Same year, c. 87. § 13.

As to regulating the government of Quebec. Same year, c. 88. § 7.

As to restraining the trade of North America. 15 G. 3. c. 10. § 18. & c. 18. § 12. vol. 31.—16 G. 3. c. 5. § 41. vol. 31.

As to waggons used for coals. 15 G. 3. c. 27. § 7. vol. 31.

As to fisheries. 15 G. 3. c. 31. § 37. & c. 46. § 7.—16 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 31.

As to promissory notes under 20s. 15 G. 3. c. 51. § 12. vol. 31.

As to pilots at Boston in Lincolnshire. 16 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 31.

As to deer stealing. Same year, c. 30. § 24.

As to preventing fires at Bristol. Same year, c. 33.

As to actions brought by insolvent debtors. 16 G. 3. c. 38. § 36. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 52. § 40. vol. 32.

As to the punishment of criminals by hard labour. 16 G. 3. c. 43. § 21. vol. 31.

As to commissions of reprisal. 17 G. 3. c. 8. § 22. vol. 31.

As to the manufactures of worsted. Same year, c. 11. § 24.

As to tolls for navigating the river Thames. Same year, c. 18. § 42.

As to the duties on servants and glass, &c. Same year, c. 39. § 43.—21 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 33.

As to smuggling by East-India ships. 17 G. 3. c. 41. § 6. vol. 31.

As to the duty on auctions, &c. Same year, c. 50. § 28.

As to the duty on soap, &c. Same year, c. 52. § 18.

As to frauds in manufactures. Same year, c. 56. § 25.

As to paving the footpaths in White-

chapel road. 18 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 32.

As to the surplus of the orphan's fund. Same year, c. 48, 71, 72, & 73.

As to recruiting soldiers, &c. Same year, c. 53. § 29.

As to building a sessions house in Middlesex. Same year, c. 67.

As to the duty on starch. 19 G. 3. c. 40. § 23. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 52. § 16. vol. 33.

The like on post-horses. 19 G. 3. c. 51. § 40. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 51. § 58. vol. 33.

The like on parchment. 19 G. 3. c. 66. § 14. vol. 32.

As to smuggling. 19 G. 3. c. 69. § 14. vol. 32.—21 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 33.

As to providing a place for confining convicts liable to transportation. 19 G. 3. c. 74. § 71. vol. 32.

As to the bridge at Newcastle. Same year, c. 78.

As to the duty on legacies. 20 G. 3. c. 28. § 10. vol. 33.

The like on salt. Same year, c. 34. § 9.—22 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34.

The like on malt. 20 G. 3. c. 35. § 26.

As to lighting Goswell-street, &c. Same year, c. 48.

As to making compensation to the proprietors of lands, &c. in Kent and Essex, bought for dockyards, &c. 21 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 33.

As to the duty on paper-makers, &c. Same year, c. 24.

As to omitting qualifications and filing affidavits of attorneys clerks, Same year, c. 25.

As to Colchester river, and paving there. Same year, c. 30.

As to the bridge at Henley. Same year, c. 33.

As to the bridge at Old Shoreham. Same year, c. 35.

As to paving, &c. at the Devizes. Same year, c. 36.

As to profaning Sunday, &c. Same year, c. 49.

As to the duty on cocoa nuts, &c. Same year, c. 55.

As to the duty on almanacks. Same year, c. 56.

As to stamp duties on inland bills of exchange. 22 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 34.

As to the poor of Wapping. Same year, c. 35.

As to duties on Epfom salt. Same year, c. 40. § 2.

As to the bridge at Ealing. Same year, c. 42.

As to the carriage way from Spital-fields to Bishopsgate-street. Same year, c. 43.

As to licenced lottery-office keepers. Same year, c. 47. § 26.—27 G. 3. c. 1. § 11. & c. 41. vol. 36.

As to insurance duty. Same year, c. 48.

As to the workhouse in St. Luke's parish. Same year, c. 56.

As to Lancaster bridge. Same year, c. 57.

As to seducing workmen. Same year, c. 60.

As to new duties of excise on beer, ale, coaches, and soap, and appeals as to servants. Same year, c. 68.

For preventing the king's enemies having ships from Great Britain. Same year, c. 71.

As to paving St. George, Hanover-square. Same year, c. 84.

As to improving Portman-square. Same year, c. 85.

As to paving St. John, Wapping. Same year, c. 86.

The like as to St. Ann, Middlesex, &c. Same year, c. 87.

As to preventing frauds in the dying trade. 23 G. 3. c. 15. § 15. vol. 34.

For preventing prisoners gaining settlements. Same year, c. 23. § 9.

As to the duty on bills and notes in Scotland. Same year, c. 45.

For paving Fenchurch-street, &c. Same year, c. 46.

As to an act relating to distillers and their licences. Same year, c. 70.—27 G. 3. c. 30. § 9. vol. 36.

As to smuggling wine and refined sugar. Same year, c. 76.

As to encouraging the growth of coffee. Same year, c. 79.

As to paving St. Martin in the Fields. Same year, c. 90.

As to removal of prisoners and transportation of offenders. 24 G. 3. c. 1. c. 13. § 13. vol. 34.

As to frauds in woollen manufactures in Suffolk. Same year, c. 2. c. 3. § 24.

As to the hat manufactory. Same year, c. 21. § 5. c. 51. § 26.

As to duty on bricks and tiles. Same year, c. 24. § 25.—25 G. 3. c. 66. § 6. vol. 35.

As to additional duty on hackney coaches. 24 G. 3. c. c. 27. vol. 34.

As to additional duty on licences to retail beer. Same year, c. 30. § 9.

As to duty on horses, &c. Same year, c. 31. § 23.

As to postage of letters. Same year, c. 37.

As to duty on tea. Same year, c. 38.

As to navy annuities. Same year, c. 39. § 19.

As to additional duties on printed linens. Same year, c. 40. § 38.—27 G. 3. c. 38. § 2. vol. 36.

As to duty on licences to deal in exciseable commodities. Same year, c. 41. § 13.

As to pawnbrokers. Same year, c. 42. § 13.—25 G. 3. c. 48. § 14. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 37. § 27. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 57. § 26.

As to the game act. 24 G. 3. c. 43. § 24. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 50. § 28. vol. 35.

As to the duty on starch and soap. 24 G. 3. c. 48. § 17. vol. 34.

As to plate duty. Same year, c. 53. § 19.

As to county gaols. Same year, c. 54. § 24.—31 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 37.

As to transporting felons. 24 G. 3. c. 56. § 15.

As to the new gaol for the county of Gloucester. 25 G. 3. c. 10. § 58. vol. 35.

As to the new market-house at Uxbridge. Same year, c. 16.

As to hospitals, &c. at Exeter. Same year, c. 21.

As to paving St. Mary Magdalene, Bermondsey. Same year, c. 23.

As to improving the port of Sunderland. Same year, c. 26.

As to the poor in Tunstead and Happing in Norfolk. Same year, c. 27.

As to duties on shops. Same year, c. 30.

c. 30. § 42.—26 G. 3. c. 9. § 6. vol. 25.

As to annuities to pay navy bills, &c. Same year, c. 32. § 21.

As to paving Ramsgate. Same year, c. 34.

As to preventing frauds in the worsted works in Bedfordshire, &c. Same year, c. 40. § 34.

As to the poor of Richmond, Surry. Same year, c. 41.

As to the duty on servants and horses. Same year, c. 43. § 45.—26 G. 3. c. 77. § 20.

As to transferring duties from the commissioners of excise to the commissioners of taxes. Same year, c. 47. § 41.

As to duties on coachmakers and coaches. Same year, c. 49. § 40.

As to the duty on post-horses, &c. Same year, c. 51. § 67.—27 G. 3. c. 26. § 17. vol. 36.

As to the duty on coals. Same year, c. 54.—26 G. 3. c. 14. & 108.

As to the duty on gloves. Same year, c. 55. § 26.

As to frauds in making cordage. Same year, c. 56. § 13.

As to the pilchard fishery. Same year, c. 58. § 5.

As to lotteries. Same year, c. 59. & 65.

As to allowances for waste in salt. Same year, c. 63. § 26.

As to British fisheries. Same year, c. 66. § 15.

As to exporting tools. Same year, c. 67. § 9.

As to printed linens, &c. Same year, c. 72. § 38.

As to the duty on tea. Same year, c. 74. § 34.

As to the additional duty on hawkers and pedlars. Same year, c. 78. § 22.

As to duty on medicines. Same year, c. 79. § 27.

As to the duty on attorneys. Same year, c. 80. § 36.

As to duty on tobacco. Same year, c. 81. § 58.

As to the qualification act. Same year, c. 82.

As to exportation of hops to Ireland. 26 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 35.

As to the new gaol for Salop. Same year, c. 24.

As to the Newfoundland fishery. Same year, c. 26. § 23.

As to Sundays tolls over Blackfriars-bridge. Same year, c. 37.

As to the Greenland fishery. Same year, c. 41.

As to stamps in Scotland. Same year, c. 48. § 21.

As to stamp-duty on perfumery. Same year, c. 49. § 35.

As to the southern whale fishery. Same year, c. 50. § 31. 28 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 36.

As to the duty on starch. 26 G. 3. c. 51. § 28.—27 G. 3. c. 31. § 23.

As to trials for offences in the East Indies. 26 G. 3. c. 57. § 37. vol. 35.

As to excise duty on wine, &c. Same year, c. 59. § 56.

As to the duty on low wines, &c. in Scotland. Same year, c. 64. § 47. & c. 73. § 70.—28 G. 3. c. 46. § 81. vol. 36.

As to slaughtering horses, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 71. § 18. vol. 35.

As to hackney coaches. Same year, c. 72. § 4.

As to duty on paper printed. Same year, c. 78. § 21.

As to the British fishery. Same year, c. 81. & 106.

As to stamps. Same year, c. 82. § 12.

As to gunpowder mills at Faversham. Same year, c. 94.

As to the militia. Same year, c. 107. § 134.

As to supplying North Shields with water. Same year, c. 110.

As to poor rates in Southwark, Surry. Same year, c. 114.

As to post-horses. 27 G. 3. c. 26. § 17. vol. 36.

As to duty on glass imported. Same year, c. 28. § 14.

As to dealers in spirituous liquors. Same year, c. 30. § 9.

As to duty on wines. Same year, c. 31. § 32.

As to lottery. Same year, c. 41.

As to draining Hatfield Chase, Yorkshire. Same year, c. 53. § 18.

As

As to the town-hall of Grantham, Lincolnshire. Same year, c. 61. § 25.

As to gold and silver lace. 28 G. 3. c. 7. § 6. vol. 36.

As to paving Southwark, Surry. Same year, c. 68.

As to wool. Same year, c. 38. § 91.

As to Warwick bridge. Same year, c. 9.

As to the shire-house for Essex. 29 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 36.

As to hawkers and pedlars. Same year, c. 26. § 32.

As to horses and carriages. Same year, c. 49. § 21.

As to duty on newspapers. Same year, c. 50. § 16.

As to duty on probates of wills. Same year, c. 51. § 11.

As to duty on tobacco and snuff. Same year, c. 68. § 172.

As to Andover canal. Same year, c. 72.

As to Cromford canal, Derbyshire. 29 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 36.

As to the harbour of Southwold in Suffolk. Same year, c. 77.

As to dividing, inclosing, and draining the common fields at Haddestey, &c. in the West Riding of Yorkshire. Same year, 78.

As to indemnifying persons not having qualified for offices. 30 G. 3. c. 12. § 8. vol. 37.

As to rebuilding the church of Saint Thomas in Bristol. Same year, c. 20.

As to supplying the city of Norwich with water. Same year, c. 21. § 8.

As to employing the poor in the hundreds of Colneis and Carlford in Suffolk. Same year, c. 22.

As to paving Honiton in Devonshire. Same year, c. 25.

As to lotteries. Same year, c. 30. § 25.

As to annuities with benefit of survivorship. Same year, c. 45. § 24.

As to Sir William Hamilton making quays, &c. in Milfordhaven in Pembrokehire. Same year, c. 55.

As to an additional duty on certificates for killing game. 31 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 37.

As to building a new gaol and session-house for the county of Surrey. Same year, c. 22.

As to duty on bills, notes, &c. and receipts. Same year, c. 25.

As to regulating the importation and exportation of corn. Same year, c. 30.

As to the encouragement of the pilchard fishery, &c. Same year, c. 45.

As to protecting oyster fisheries. Same year, c. 51.

As to the Sierra Leone Company. Same year, c. 55.

As to preventing abuses and frauds in the woollen manufacture in Norfolk. Same year, c. 56.

As to making a canal from Birmingham to the river Severn near Worcester. Same year, c. 59.

As to building Selby bridge in Yorkshire. Same year, c. 60.

As to paving the Upper Ground street in Christchurch, Surrey. Same year, c. 61.

As to paving, &c. Maidstone in Kent. Same year, c. 62.

As to paving the city of Chichester. Same year, c. 63.

As to paving Deal in Kent. Same year, c. 64.

As to the Leicester navigation. Same year, c. 65.

As to making the river Rother navigable. Same year, c. 66.

As to the canal from Manchester to Bolton and Bury. Same year, c. 68.

As to the Leominster canal. Same year, c. 69.

As to lighting, &c. Stourbridge in Worcesterhire. Same year, c. 70.

As to rebuilding the parish church of All Saints in Southampton. Same year, c. 71.

As to better employment of the poor in the hundreds of Loes and Wilford in Suffolk. Same year, c. 72.

As to repairing the church of Saffron Walden in Essex. Same year, c. 73.

As to building a church at Wakefield in Yorkshire. Same year, c. 74.

As to improving the navigation of the river Ouse in Sussex. Same year, c. 76.

As to making navigable the rivers Wreak and Eye in Leicestershire. Same year, c. 77.

As to better employment of the poor in Ellesmere, Middle, &c. in the county of Salop. Same year, c. 78.

As to paving Dudley in Worcester-shire. Same year, c. 79.

As to paving the city of Lincoln. Same year, c. 80.

As to repairing, &c. the harbour of Swansea in Glamorgan-shire. Same year, c. 83.

As to building a bridge across the river Thames from Staines to Egham, in Middlesex and Surrey. Same year, c. 84.

As to the Neath canal. Same year, c. 85.

As to the canal from Hereford to Gloucester. Same year, c. 89.

As to paving, &c. Finsbury-square, in the parish of Saint Luke, in Middlesex. Same year, c. 90.

N. B. By almost every act, so far as it relates to officers of justice, of customs and excise, and those acting under them, and the duties thereby granted, and also the acts relating to highways, turnpikes, and paving, &c. the defendant sued for any thing done under such respective acts is authorised to plead the general issue, and may give the special matter in evidence. But such acts being very numerous, the reader is referred to the particular acts themselves; and some may be omitted in this Index.

Geneva

Imported in casks under sixty gallons, forfeited. 5 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 26.

See *Maidstone Geneva*. 24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 46. § 34. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 73. § 47. vol. 35. 28 G. 3. c. 46. § 63. vol. 36.

An additional duty of ninepence per gallon laid on foreign Geneva imported, and a drawback of eightpence on exporting the same. 27 G. 3. c. 32. § 24. vol. 36.

George (St.) Middlesex.

See *Paving*. 16 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31. —17 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.

See *Poor*. 16 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

George (St.) Hanover-square.

See *Workhouses*. 27 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 36.

George's (St.) in the Fields, Southwark.

The right of common of an acre of

land, called Hangman's Acre, extinguished. 12 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 29.

Georgia (in America.)

See *Rice*. 14 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 30.

See *America*. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 68. vol. 37.

Germany.

See *Drugs*. 22 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

See *Wine*. Same act, § 2.

See *Silk*. Same act.

Gibraltar.

The treasurer of the navy to pay the garrison and naval department at Gibraltar the like bounty for destroying the Spanish ships as is allowed to officers and seamen on board ships of war for taking and destroying the enemies ships, &c. 23 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 34.

Ordnance, &c. fished up from the ruins of the Spanish battering ships at Gibraltar, within three years to come, to be divided amongst the garrison and naval department present at Gibraltar on the 13th September 1782, as hath been ordered, unless the king shall make some variation. 25 G. 3. c. 29. § 11. vol. 35.

Unclaimed bounty on prize-money belonging to the soldiers to go to Chelsea Hospital, and that to the seamen to Greenwich Hospital, notwithstanding the act of 20 G. 2. c. 24. which is repealed as to that. Same act, c. 10. vol. 36.

See *Tea*. 29 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 36.

Gildart (James.)

The treasury may compound a debt from him to the crown, and his estates vested in Francis and James Gildart. 19 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 32.

Giles (St.) and St. George, Bloomsbury.

For employing the poor, and making and collecting rates. 14 G. 3. c. 62. & 108. vol. 30.

Gippen River, Suffolk.

See *Rivers Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 57. § 2. vol. 37.

Glas (George.)

The king may grant to George Glas
an

an exclusive privilege to trade to Port Regeala in South Barbara, that place being discovered by him. 5 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 26.

Glasgow, Scotland.

For building an exchange, a bridge, and for other improvements in that city. 8 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 28.

See *Harbours*. 12 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 29.

See *Canals Navigable*. 13 G. 3. c. 104. vol. 30.—27 G. 3. c. 55. & 56. vol. 36.

See *Bridges*. 14 G. 3. c. 103. vol. 30.

See *Rope and Soap Manufactory*. 24 G. 3. fef. 1. c. 7. vol. 34.

Glass.

Lord Mountstewart and twenty-two others incorporated by the name of Governor and Company of British Cast-plate Manufacturers. 13 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 30.

Duty on glass imported by 19 G. 2. c. 12. to cease; in lieu thereof all plate, enamel, stained and paste glass, and window glass flashed, or spread, or otherwise manufactured, and all white glass and cakes imported, to pay 1s. 4d. per pound weight; green glass bottles and flasks, full or empty, per dozen (quarts) 4s. and if run forfeited, and the master of the ship to forfeit 100l. 17 G. 3. c. 39. § 23. vol. 31.

Materials or metal for making glass in Great Britain to pay, viz.

For plate or flint, and enamel, stained or paste glass or phials, per hundred weight	s. d. 18 8
Spread window glass, called broad glass, per hundred	7 0
All other window glass (not spread) called crown glass, per ditto	14 0
Glass called German sheet glass, per ditto	14 0
Common bottles (not phials) and vessels for chymists, and garden glasses, and other utensils of common bottle metal, per hundred	3 6

to be paid by the maker; and such en-

tries made as by the former act. Same act, § 26.

An allowance made to glass makers for waste, one fourth of the metal, and of pile ends and bottles, one fifth part; and home-made glass may be exported, being packed in the presence of an excise officer; and to have a drawback. Same act, § 31.

No glass-maker to act as a justice in matters relative to glass duties. Same act, § 38.

Glass allowed to be exported from Ireland. 20 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 33.

See *Salt*. 22 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34.

The duty by 17 G. 3. c. 39. on flasks wherein Florence wine or oil are imported repealed, and the duty to cease. 25 G. 3. c. 69. § 1. vol. 35.

From 1st August 1786, glass may be exported on the conditions specified in this act. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 3. vol. 35.

Glass makers may take rock salt, or salt rock, or brine or sea water, but only for making of flux for glass, at their own works, and not elsewhere, on paying duty, and obtaining a licence, and subject to 22 G. 3. c. 39. and not to extend to seizures made before this act took place. Same year, c. 90.

From 10th May 1787, to the same day in 1800, plate glass and glass ware manufactured in the French king's European dominions, may be imported directly from thence in British ships on the accustomed duties of 12 per cent. besides excise. 27 G. 3. c. 13. table C. vol. 36.

The excise duty on material for plate, or flint glass, enamel, stained, or paste, and phial glass, per hundred weight, 1l. 1s. 5½d.; broad glass, 8s. 0½d.; crown and German sheet glass, 16s. 1½d.; common bottle glass, 4s. 0½d. Same act, table F.

The duty on glass imported to be under the excise, and the following inland duties to be paid over and above all other duties on importation.

	l.	s.	d.
French plate glass, per foot	0	1	5½
French flint glass, &c. per hundred weight	1	9	0
Broad glass, per hundred weight	0	8	1

Crown or German sheet-	l.	s.	d.
glafs	-	-	0 19 10
Bottles	-	-	0 4 0½
And for all other plate or other glafs not enume- rated, per hundred weight	1	8	0

To be paid by the importer, and carried to the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 28.

Drawbacks to be allowed on home-made glafs exported. Same act, § 4.

Other duties in lieu of the present of 1l. 1s. 5½d. per hundred weight laid on cast home-made plate glafs, and several alterations made in the mode of charging the duties. Same act, § 5.

All cast plate glafs not squared, to be broken into small pieces, and not to be removed until the duty is paid. Same act, § 10.

The duties on foreign green glafs bottles imported to cease, and in lieu thereof to be paid an additional custom duty of 4s. 0½d. per hundred weight of 112lb. on glafs made in the French king's European dominions, and imported. 28 G. 3. c. 33. § 9. vol. 36.

No cast plate glafs of the superficial contents of 1485 square inches and upwards, and at least 25 parts of an inch thick, liable to be broken in pieces, according to the last act. Same year, c. 37. § 31.

See *Excise*. 32 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 37.

Gloucester, City of.

See *Canals Navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 89. vol. 37.

Gloucestershire.

See *Gaols*. 21 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 33.—
25 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 35.

Gloves and Mittens.

Foreign leather gloves and mittens imported, to be forfeited, with 200l. and to be sold for exportation only: a moiety of the penalty to the king, and the other to the officer seizing; and the wearer not liable to the penalty. 6 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 27.

A stamp-duty of one shilling per annum laid on licences to deal in gloves; and also the purchaser to pay for gloves and mittens sold by retail, from four

pence to ten pence value per pair, one penny; and from ten pence to sixteen pence value per pair, two pence; and above sixteen pence, three pence per pair. 25 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 35.

Dealers in gloves to put up words on their shop doors, signifying such dealing; and selling less than twelve dozen pair at a time to the same person to be deemed a retailer; but one licenced dealer may sell to another, and the commissioners to supply the stamps, which are not to be used twice; and the glovers in their bills are to charge the stamps separate. Same act, § 7.

Act 6 G. 3. c. 19. extended to all foreign leather cut into form of gloves or mits called shapes or franks. Same act, § 25.

Goats Hair.

See *Hats*. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 23, vol. 34.

Goat Skins.

See *Customs*. 31 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 37.

See *Excise*. Same act.

Act 15 G. 3. c. 35. permitting the free importation of raw goat skins made perpetual. Same year, c. 43.

Godley in Surry.

The innkeepers, &c. in this hundred indemnified for selling ale, &c. without licences. 14 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 30.

Gold and Silver.

Receivers of stolen jewels, gold or silver plate, or watches, may be tried before the conviction of the principal, and transported for 14 years. 10 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 28.

Guardians of the standard of wrought plate in Sheffield and Birmingham, four to be chosen yearly for each town, and on death or removal, to appoint others in their room. 13 G. 3. c. 52. § 1, 2, 3. vol. 30.

No plate to be sold without the initials of the worker's name, and other marks, &c. The mark for Birmingham an anchor, and for Sheffield a crown; and an assayer to be chosen for each town. Same act, § 4, 5.

Base metal in any piece of plate to be

be broken and forfeited; but if on cutting found good, recompense to be made to the owner (and many other regulations). Same act, § 10.

Plate-workers to enter their names with the nearest company, on penalty of 100l.; counterfeiting or transposing the marks, transportation for 14 years; putting letters on plated metal 100l. penalty. Same act, § 13, 14, 15.

Assayers to take only 1s. per pound troy, except parcel under a pound, nor to discover patterns on penalty of 200l. Same act, § 16, 17, 18.

Marks to be locked up by the wardens; the king's assayer to try the diet yearly, and the master of the mint to have 3l. 3s. and the assay master 10l. 10s. for the same. Same act, § 22.

Act 31 G. 2. c. 32. § 14. as to forging, counterfeiting, and transposing stamps on plate, repealed; and forging or counterfeiting the stamps used by the goldsmith's company of London, or the wardens or assayers of York, Exeter, Bristol, Chester, Norwich, or Newcastle upon Tyne, or transposing the same from one piece to another, and exposing such to sale, transportation for 14 years. 13 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 30.

Silver coin imported, not standard, forfeited. If more than the amount of 5l. of silver coin is found by the officers of the customs on board any ship in port, or upon any person coming from the water side, on search pursuant to 14 Car. 2. c. 11. if standard to be restored, if not, to be forfeited and melted down; one moiety to the king, the other to the prosecutor. 14 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 30.—16 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 31.—Continued till May 1, 1783, by 18 G. 3. c. 45. § 5. vol. 32.

No tender good in silver coin for more than 25l. only by weight at 5s. 2d. per ounce. 14 G. 3. c. 42. § 2. vol. 30.

Duty on silver plate by 29 G. 2. c. 14. to cease, except as to arrears. 17 G. 3. c. 39. § 42. vol. 31.

See *Plate*. 24 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 34. No gilt base metal to be drawn or flatted for making gold or silver lace on penalty of 5l. an ounce, and the metal forfeited. 28 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 36.

No silver lace to be made or sold of greater proportion than three penny weights of fine silver to a pound of avoirdupoise base metal to be mixed with gold or silver, on the like penalty and forfeiture. Same act, § 3.

Acts 12 G. 2. c. 26. and 24 G. 3. c. 53. relating to gold and silver wares, and the provisos therein in regard to the making silver wares, to cease; and none of the following silver wares, viz. chains, necklace beads, lockets, philligree work, shirt buckles, or broaches, stamped medals or spouts to china or other tea-pots, or any of them, of any weight whatever, to be marked by the goldsmith's company, or with the mark of the king's head, mentioned in the last act. 30 G. 3. c. 31. § 3. vol. 37.

And the said acts not to extend to the following silver wares, viz. tippings, swages or mounts not weighing five penny weights of silver, except necks and collars and tops for calipers and cruets, or glasses belonging to stands or frames; buttons for apparel, solid sleeve buttons and studs nor having bif- filed edges foldered on wrought seals, blank seals, bottle tickets, shoe clasps, patch boxes, salt spoons, salt shovels, salt ladles, tea spoons, tea strainers, caddy ladles, buckles (shirt buckles or broaches before mentioned excepted), and pieces to garnish cabinets or knife-cases, or tea-chests or bridles, stands or frames. Same act, § 5.

Goodman's Fields.

See *Paving*. 11 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 29.

Goods.

See *Bonds*. 17 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 31. —18 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 32.

See *India (East) Company*. 17 G. 3. c. 41. § 1. vol. 31.

See *Auctions*. 19 G. 3. c. 56. § 16. vol. 32.

See *Drawbacks*. 21 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 33.

See *Manufactures*. 22 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 34.

See *Pawnbrokers*. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 42. vol. 34.

See *Customs*. Same year, c. 47.

All goods permitted to be entered duty

duty free to continue so to be, unless charged by the schedules A. B. C. D. and E. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 8. vol. 36.

Goods prohibited not to be imported or exported contrary to former acts, unless permitted by this act. Same act, § 10.

All goods imported to be entered at the custom-house (except diamonds, jewels, precious stones, and bullion, and fresh fish taken and imported by British ships; and also except turbot and lobsters). Same act, § 12.

Goods whose duties are not fixed by the schedule A. to be subject to the duties and drawbacks in the table D. (except otherwise exempted by law, or imported by the East India Company). Same act, § 17.

The value of non-enumerated goods to be ascertained by the oath of the importer, and the like on the declaration of the exporter. Same act, § 18.

Goods undervalued, either on importation or exportation, to be sold for the use of the crown, and the officers to be rewarded out of the surplus. Same act, § 20.

All goods whereon the duties have been reduced by the last act, and imported without entry, to be subject to the reduced duties only. Same year, c. 32.

Goswell-street.

See *Paving*. 18 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 33.

Government.

See *Quebec*. 14 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 30.

Governor General.

See *India (East) Company*. 26 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 35.

See *East Florida*. Same year, c. 75. § 7.

Grantham, Lincolnshire.

For taking down and rebuilding the town-hall of Grantham. 27 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

Grants by the King and Parliament.

See *Levant Company*. 9 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 29, &c.

See *India (East) Company*. 11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 30.
See *Cattle*. 11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.—15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

See *Bridges*. 11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.—16 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 31.

See *Montagu (Frederick)*. 12 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 29.

See *Gunpowder*. 12 G. 3. c. 70.—26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

See *Longitude*. 13 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.

See *Hodgson and Others*. Same act.
See *Frazer (General Simon)*. 14 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 30.

See *Coin*. Same year, c. 70. § 5.—15 G. 3. c. 42.—16 G. 3. c. 46. & 49. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 32.—26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

See *Annuities*. 14 G. 3. c. 76.

See *Hartley (David)*. Same year, c. 85. vol. 30.

See *Ireland*. 15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.
See *Barbadoes*. Same act.

1500l. granted to Mr. — Richard-son out of the money raised by sale of French prizes for his discovering Mr. Manning's effects. 15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 32.

See *The King, &c.* 17 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.—22 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 34.—24 G. 3. 1st. 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

See *Criminal Convicts*. 17 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 32. 19 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.—24 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.—28 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 36.

See *Journals of House of Commons*. 18 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 32.

See *Fortifications*. 21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 12. 67. & 80. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 71. & 87. vol. 34.—24 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 34.

See *Riots*. 21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.—23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

See *Roads (in Scotland)*. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

See *Murray (General)*. 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

331,649l. 18s. 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. granted by parliament to make good the deficiencies of grants for 1788. 29 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 36.

231,517l. 12s. 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. issued to make good the deficiency of grants for the year 1789. 30 G. 3. c. 31. § 25. vol. 37.

207,728l. 3s. 1d. for deficiency of grants for the year 1790. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

436,990l. 18s. 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. for the year 1791. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Gravel Lane (Old).

See *Orphans Fund*. 18 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 32.

Gravesend, Kent.

See *Paving*. 13 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 30.

Gray's Inn Lane.

No toll-gate to be therein, or between the same and the road from Islington to Paddington. 20 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 33.

Greenland.

See *Fish and Fisheries*. 11 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 29.—20 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 35.—31 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 37.

Greenock, Scotland.

See *Ha. bours, Water, Paving, &c.* 13 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 30.—29 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 36.

See *Corn and Grain*. Same year, c. 58.

Greenwich Hospital.

See *Prizes*. 5 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 26.—12 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 29.

All manors, lands, stocks, &c. now in trustees for the use of the hospital, vested in the corporation of commissioners and governors, and their successors, for ever. 16 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 31.

Act 22 G. 2. c. 52. and so much of 8 G. 2. c. 29. (see *Derwentwater*) as directs the commissioners accounts to be laid before parliament, and so much of 33 G. 2. as relates to recovering penalties given to the hospital, repealed. Same act, § 2 & 9.

The lands, &c. to be held as of the manor of East Greenwich; and, on the king's death, fines to be paid by customary tenants as on the death of a private person, and to be recovered in the same manner. Same act, § 4.

Commissioners may exchange lands, &c. in parishes of Alnwick, Embleton, and Warkworth, with the duke of Northumberland, for lands, &c. in the common fields of Corbridge, and grant leases, &c. 18 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 32.

To compel a more speedy payment of prize and bounty money. 21 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 33.

Naval officers, seamen, mariners, and soldiers, relieved in respect to prize and bounty money not claimed in the time limited, and the time enlarged to four years after the same shall become due to the hospital. 22 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 34.

See *Gibraltar*. 25 G. 3. c. 29. § 10. vol. 35.

See *Slaves*. Wages of run men to go to the hospital. 29 G. 3. c. 66. § 22. vol. 36.

Grenada, and Grenadines.

Goods the produce or manufacture of these islands, on board neutral ships bound to neutral ports, not liable to be condemned as prizes; the master having a certificate of the cargo from five persons named in the act, and if taken by the king's ships or privateers, on producing the certificate to be discharged. 20 G. 3. c. 29. § 1. vol. 33.

Goods on board droghers going from one bay to another there, if the whole cargo is taken in at Grenada or Grenadines, not subject to condemnation. Same act, § 3 & 4.

No sentence of vice-admiralty, before the 1st of June 1780, affected; nor to extend to captures before the commander of the man of war or privateer knew of this act. Same act, § 5 & 6.

See *Ships*. 23 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 34. See *Jamaica*. 30 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 37.

Act 27 G. 3. c. 27. for allowing the importation and exportation of certain goods, &c. in the port of St. George in the island of Grenada, made perpetual. 32 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 37.

Gresley (Sir Nigel.)

See *Canals navigable.* 15 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 31.

Grocery.

See *Raisins, Great.* 14 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 30.

Grofe, Major.

See *Land Forces.* 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 18. vol. 37.

Guernsey and Jersey.

Coals exported from Newcastle and Swansea, to Guernsey, Jersey, and Alderney, exempt from the additional duty laid by 5 G. 3. c. 35. 6 G. 3. c. 40. § 9. vol. 27.

Act 4 G. 3. c. 13. repealed, so far as relates to Guernsey and Jersey with respect to the leakage of wine. 8 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 28.

Guernsey and Jersey allowed to export goods, &c. for the fishery to Newfoundland and America, and to import from thence (except rum). 9 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 28.

See *Tea.* 29 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 36.

Guilsby, Yorkshire.

See *Debts and Debtors.* 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

Gum Senega or Arabic,

On importation, to pay sixpence per hundred weight above all other duties, and on exportation 1l. 10s. per hundred; and the exportation from Africa confined to Great Britain. 5 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 26.

The duty of 1l. 10s. on exportation to cease, and only 5s. per hundred to be paid; and may be exported to Ireland by licence, pursuant to 6 G. 3. c. 46. free of the said duty. 14 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 30.

Gunpowder.

The laws relating to the keeping and carriage of gunpowder reduced to one (but altered as after); and acts 5 G. 1. c. 26.; 11 G. 1. c. 23.; 5 G. 2. c. 20. § 3, 5.; 15 G. 2. c. 32.; and 22 G. 2. c. 38. repealed. 11 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 29.

No new mill for gunpowder without licence from the quarter sessions, and no pestle mill to be used, nor more than 40 pounds of powder to be made at a time under a single pair of stones; except at Battle, Crowhurst, Seddlescombe, and Brede, in Sussex; not more than 40 pounds to be dried at a time, nor more than necessary to be kept in drying houses, and sufficient magazines of brick or stone appointed by the quarter sessions at a distance from the mills, on penalty of 25l. per month. 12 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 29.

See *King's Bench.* Same act, § 14.

No dealer to keep more than 200 pounds at a time, but 300 pounds may be kept for the use of mines; not more than 25 barrels to be conveyed by land, nor above 200 by water; not to extend to carriages of less than 100 weight. Same act, § 11, 12, 18.

Smoking, or using charcoal, &c. on board vessels laden with gunpowder, to forfeit 5l.; and for delaying loading, &c. 10l. Same act, § 20, 21.

Justices may search for and seize powder made contrary to the act. Same act, § 23.

No ship (except in the king's service) to have more than 25 pounds of gunpowder above Blackwall, on penalty of 2s. per pound for all above; and Trinity House may seize unlawful quantities, and prosecute in 14 days. Same act, § 24, 25.

Not to extend to mills on the king's lands, or his storehouses, or the magazines at Barking, Creeksmouth, and Erith Level, or those at Liverpool and Bristol, nor to powder carrying by the order of ordnance, expressing the quantity and time, or with forces on their march, or militia, &c. and any quantity may be carried in close-decked vessels below Blackwall. Same act, § 29, 30.

Act 11 G. 3. c. 35. and all other acts relating to the keeping or carrying gunpowder, repealed. Same act, § 31.

1500l. granted to Edmund Hill for discontinuing his pestles in making gunpowder on Hounslow Heath. 12 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 29.

Thomas Hooker and others permitted

ted to continue to work a pestle mill, formerly used in making Battle gunpowder at Old Ford Farm, near Tunbridge in Kent; but not to extend to any other mills. 13 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 3b.

For more safe and convenient carrying on the king's gunpowder mills and works near Faversham in Kent. 23 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 34.

Several parcels of land purchased and vested in trustees, upon a reasonable compensation, to erect the said works upon. Same act.

1377l. 6s. 9d. granted by parliament for damages done on blowing up the gunpowder mills at Faversham. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

Act 4 G. 2. c. 29. for allowing premiums on exporting gunpowder, continued till 29th September 1792. Same year, c. 53.

Compensation to be made to the proprietors of lands purchased for the gunpowder mills at Faversham; and for the docks, &c. at Portsmouth and Plymouth. Same year, c. 94.

From 1st of September 1791, so much of 4 G. 3. c. 29. as grants an allowance of 4s. 6d. a barrel of British gunpowder exported, repealed. 31 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 37.

See *Saltpetre*. Same act.

H.

Habeas Corpus.

No action for less than 10l. to be removed into any superior court by *Habeas Corpus*, unless the defendant become bound to pay debt and costs if judgment against him. 19 G. 3. c. 70. § 6. vol. 32.

Hackney Coaches and Chairs.

Hackney coaches let to hire by way of job, by the day, or for less time, contrary to 9 Anne, c. 23. liable to penalty, although no hiring proved. 7 G. 3. c. 44. § 11. vol. 27.

Hackney coaches plying for hire, liable to go at all seasonable times, anywhere

within 10 miles from London or Westminster, and to do the like work on a Sunday as on other days. Same act, § 12 and 18.

The commissioners of hackney coaches may commit offenders to Bridewell, &c. and justices may also determine offences and inflict punishment as by 9 Q. Anne. 10 G. 3. c. 44. § 7. vol. 28.

The king's share of penalties to be sent to the receiver of these duties in ten days, on penalty of 10l. Same act, § 8.

Two hundred hackney coaches added, making in the whole 1000 licenced, at five shillings a week. 11 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 29.

The expence of the hackney-coach office to be hereafter defrayed by the treasury. Same act, § 2.

All the squares, buildings, and streets, in the parish of St. Mary le Bone, St. George, Hanover-square; St. George the Martyr, Queen-square; and St. George, Bloomsbury; and all the burying grounds within five miles of London or Westminster, belonging to any parish there, to be under the jurisdiction of the commissioners of hackney-coaches. Same year, c. 28.

Cheque-strings ordered for hackney-coaches, on penalty of five shillings. Same act, § 2.

Only ten hackney coaches to stand between Freeman's Court and the east end of Cornhill; and five from Bucklersbury to King-street; and to stand twenty feet asunder, and eight in other places; and room to be left for waggon, on penalty of 20s.; and hackney-coaches to be registered at Guildhall, London. Same year, c. 29.

Act 7 G. 3. c. 44. to extend to all hackney-coaches licenced and plying within the bills of mortality and the suburbs of London and Westminster. 12 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 29.

An additional duty of five shillings a week to be paid monthly; and several acts relating thereto explained and amended. 24 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 34.

Hackney coachmen liable to the same penalties as before, and their licences may be revoked on non-payment of arrears. Same act, § 2.

Owners of such coaches not appearing before the commissioners on the third summons, their licences may be revoked, and others licenced in their stead. Same act, § 3.

Drivers of mourning coaches or hearfes, as directed by 1 G. 1. c. 57. within five miles of Temple Bar, without any number fixed thereon, may be fined 5l. Same act, § 7.

The fares of hackney coaches altered, and, from 1st August 1786, to be,

For one mile and 2 furlongs distance	s. d.
- - - - -	1 0
For 6 furlongs further, more	0 6
For 4 furlongs beyond the second distance, more	0 6
For waiting any time, not more than three quarters of an hour	1 0
Not more than an hour	1 6
One hour and twenty minutes	2 0
For every twenty minutes more	0 6
For a day's hire of twelve hours	14 6
For any time waiting beyond twelve hours, to be paid at the rate aforesaid.	
26 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 35.	

For licencing and regulating hackney coaches and chairs, and other carriages, in the city of Bristol. 28 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 36.

Hackney coachmen to go ten miles from London if time to return before sun-set, or the fare undertakes to return in the coach; and, at any hour of the night, to go upon all lighted turnpike roads within two miles and an half of the stones end; and persons hiring coaches after sun-set to go beyond the stones end, to pay sixpence for every half mile that such coachman shall have to return to the pavements, unless the fare shall return. 32 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 37.

No hackney coach to ply for hire in New or Old Bond-street, on penalty of not more than forty shillings, nor less than ten shillings. Same year, c. 62.

Hackney, Middlesex.

See *Courts Inferior*. 21 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 33.

See *Churches*. 30 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 31.

Haddesley, Yorkshire.

See *Inclosures*. 29 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 36.

Hadnal, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.

Hair Powder.

See *Starch*. 20 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 33.

See *Perfumery*. 26 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 35.

Halifax, in Nova Scotia.

See *Newfoundland*. 16 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 31.

Halifax, Yorkshire.

See *Debits and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

Repealed. 20 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 33.

Haling or Towing.

See *Rivers Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 37.

Hallamshire, Yorkshire.

See *Cutlers, Company of*. 31 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 37.

Hamilton, (Sir William) Knight of the Bath,

To provide quays, docks, and piers, and to establish a market in the manor of Hubberton and Pill in Milford Haven, in the county of Pembroke. 30 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 37.

Hammer Bridge, in the Parish of Cuckfield, Sussex.

See *Rivers Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 37.

Hammet (Sir Benjamin).

See *Taunton*. 28 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 36.

Hampstead, Middlesex.

See *Paving*. 15 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 31.

Hampton Court.

The treasury may treat for the sale or leasing houses and ground, besides premises, in Privy Garden and Scotland Yard; premises on Hampton Court Green, and adjoining thereto in Middlesex, viz. a mansion-house, late in

in occupation of Whitshed Keene, Esq. formerly surveyor-general of his majesty's works; the messuage, &c. late of William Rice, clerk to the board of works; and several parcels of meadow, lying between the said houses and the river Thames; also a messuage late belonging to the king's master-gardener there, and in tenure of William Pedley, one of his foremen; the messuage in occupation of — Anderson, and another of George Shaw, the king's ferjeant farrier. 27 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 36.

The purchase-money to be applied to answer expences of sale, and making compensation to persons having interest in the said houses, &c. in right of their offices, and the surplus, according to 26 G. 3. c. 87. to be paid into the bank. Same act, § 3.

Hanaper Office.

After the king's demise, 2,000l. per annum to be paid out of the alienation office for charges of this office; and the overplus of the new wine licence duty, over and above 7,002l. 14s. 3d. per annum (directed to be paid to the king and his successors) to be carried to the consolidated fund. 27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

Hangman's Acre, Surrey.

See *George's (St.) Fields, Surrey.* 12 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 29.

Hanley, Staffordshire.

See *Churches.* 27 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 36.

Hanover-square, Saint George.

See *Poor.* 29 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 36.

Hans Town, Chelsea.

See *Streets.* 30 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 37.

Harbours.

For erecting a pier at the port of St. Ives, in Cornwall. 7 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 27.

For repairing the harbour and quay of Wells, in Norfolk. 9 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 28.

For continuing several acts for repairing the harbour of Watchett, in Somersetshire. 10 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 28.

For continuing the acts 13 W. 3. c. 9.; 10 Ann. c. 24. and 11 Geo. 2. c. 8. relating to the harbour of Minehead. 10 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 28.

For deepening the harbour of Port Glasgow, Scotland. 12 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 29.

The like of the harbour of Ayre, Scotland. Same year, c. 22.

The like of the harbour of Greenock: 13 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 30.—29 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 36.

The like of the harbour of Aberdeen, and erecting new piers and quays. 13 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 30.

For making quays and wharfs, a basin or dock, &c. at Kingston upon Hull. 14 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 30.

For recovering and improving the haven of Hedon, in the east riding of Yorkshire. Same year, c. 106.

For continuing the acts 5 & 25 G. 2. and 3 G. 3. for enlarging the pier and harbour of Scarborough. 18 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 32.

For continuing the acts relating to the harbours of Dover and Rye. Same year, c. 32.

See *Scotland.* Same year, c. 70.

For repairing the harbour, &c. of Aberystwith, in Cardiganshire. 20 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 33.

For continuing the duties on coals by 23 G. 2. c. 39. for repairing the harbour, &c. of Whitby, in Yorkshire. 21 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 32.

The powers of acts 8 Ann. c. 12. and 11 G. 2. c. 32. relating to the harbour of Liverpool, enlarged; and for making two additional docks and piers in or near the said port. 25 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 35.

For better preserving and maintaining the piers and harbour of Cromarty, in North Britain. Same year, c. 39.

Acts 11 & 12 W. 3. c. 5.; 2 Ann. c. 7.; 4 G. 1. c. 13.; and 30 & 31 G. 2. c. 8. for repairing Dover harbour, continued for 21 years more. 26 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 35.

Act 27 G. 2. c. 35. for a duty on ships for repairing the harbour of Alloa, in the county of Clackmannan in Ireland, continued. Same year, c. 13.

For rebuilding the pier of Margate, in

in the Isle of Thanet in Kent, &c. 27 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 36.

For enlarging and improving the harbour of Leith, in Scotland. 28 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 36.

Acts 2 G. 3. c. 87. for enlarging the term and powers of several acts relating to the harbour of Whitehaven, in Cumberland, and to the roads, &c. there, continued for 21 years (except so much of 23 G. 2. c. 40. as relates to the road from Calder bridge to Egremont) which is repealed by 2 G. 3. c. 87. and except the exemption from stamp duty. Same year, c. 61.

The powers by 33 G. 2. c. 35. for erecting piers and other works for the security and improvement of the harbour of New Shoreham, in Sussex, and the old duties to cease and new duties to take place. 29 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 36.

The term and powers by 8 & 9 W. 3. c. 29.; 1 G. 1. c. 49.; 5 G. 1. c. 10.; 7 G. 1. c. 16.; and 26 G. 2. c. 16. for rebuilding, repairing, and amending the piers of Bridlington, *alias* Burlington, in the county of York, further continued for 25 years, and the north pier extended sixty feet. Same year, c. 23.

For altering and enlarging the powers by act 13 G. 3. c. 28. for deepening, &c. the harbour of Greenock, in Scotland, and supplying the town with water, and paving and lighting, &c. the same; the former rates to cease, and others to be levied in lieu thereof, and to continue until the trustees have raised 2000l. and then to cease. Same year, c. 43.

For making more effectual the acts 20 G. 2. c. 14. and 30 G. 2. c. 58. and to continue the same for 30 years more; and ships belonging to Southwold to be exempt from duties for repairing Dover harbour. Same year, c. 77.

For repairing, enlarging, and preserving the harbour of Mary Port, in Cumberland. 31 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 37.

The like of the harbour of Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan. Same year, c. 83.

For the maintainance and improvement of the harbour of Ramsgate, in Kent, and for cleansing, amending, and preserving, the haven of Sandwich,

in the same county. 32 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 37.

For further enlarging and improving the harbour of Whitehaven, in Cumberland. Same year, c. 75.

For amending act 16 G. 3. c. 23. relating to the harbour of Boston, Lincolnshire, and for regulating the mooring of ships there. Same year, c. 79.

For repairing or rebuilding the pier adjoining to the harbour of Broadstairs, in the Isle of Thanet in Kent, and for better preserving the harbour, and for removing and preventing obstructions, nuisances, and annoyances, and regulating the mooring of ships and vessels in the said harbour. Same year, c. 86.

For making a harbour in the Cove of Beer, in Devonshire. Same year, c. 92.

Harrison (John).

See *Longitude*. 13 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.

Harry (William).

See *Debts to the Crown*. 17 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 31.

Hartley, David.

2500l. granted by parliament to enable Mr. Hartley to defray the charges of his discoveries for securing buildings from fire. 14 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 30.

The sole property of a method of securing buildings from fire throughout the king's dominions vested in him for 31 years. 17 G. 3. c. 6. § 1. vol. 31.

Not to take more than 6d. per square foot for plates, unless made of copper, or other metal than iron, or more than 10 ounces avoirdupoise per foot. Same act, § 2.

Hastings, Warren.

That the proceedings now depending in the house of commons, upon articles of charge of high crimes and misdemeanors which have been exhibited against Warren Hastings, Esq. late governor-general of Fort William, in Bengal, may not be discontinued by any prorogation or dissolution of parliament. 26 G. 3. c. 96. vol. 36.

20,312l. 6s. 4d. granted for expences of governor Hastings's trial not before made

made good by parliament. 29 G. 3. c. 96. vol. 36.

14, 153l. 3s. 9d. for the expences of his trial. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

6, 347l. 11s. 6d. for the same purpose. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Hatfield Chase, Yorkshire.

See *Fens*. 23 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 34.—
27 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 36.

Hats and Hatters.

A duty on hats of bast or straw, chip, cane, or horse-hair, imported. 7 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 27.

This act repealed, and the old subsidy to be paid according to the following rates, viz.

Under 22 inches diameter, 1. s. d.
per dozen - - - 0 12 6

Above that size, per dozen 1 5 0

Platting per pound avoirdupois - - - 0 6 8

To be imported to London only, and not less than 75 hats, or 224 pounds weight of platting. 10 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 28.

Acts 8 *Eliz.* c. 11. and 1 *Jac.* 1. c. 17. repealed; and every master hatter to employ one journeyman for each apprentice, or disabled to take two apprentices. 17 G. 3. c. 55. § 1, 2. vol. 31.

Journeymen combining, as mentioned in 22 G. 2. c. 27. (see *Manufactures*) and convicted, must, before any appeal allowed, give a recognizance, &c. Same act, § 3.

Attending combination, or soliciting others so to do, or contributing thereto, penalty 3 months imprisonment. Same act, § 4.

Act 5 *Eliz.* c. 4. as to master-hatters, repealed; but no hatmaker to act as a justice under this act, and not to repeal 22 G. 2. c. 27. Same act, § 5, 6, 7.

For encouragement of the hat manufactory, no British hare skins, hare wool, or coney wool, being stained or dyed, to be exported; and goats hair may be imported duty free. 24 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.

All retailers of hats of felt or wool, stuff or beaver, or of leather or japan,

to take annual licences, and to pay, within the bills of mortality, 40s.; and in all other parts of the kingdom 5s. per annum; also for every felt or beaver hat of not more than 4s. value, fold by any licenced person, to be 1. s. d. charged with a stamp-duty of 0 0 3
Such hat, of the price of 4s. to

7s. duty - - - 0 0 6
From 7s. to 11s. duty - - 0 1 0
And above 12s. price or value, duty - - - 0 2 0

To be under the commissioners of stamps. Same year, c. 51. § 1.

Paper tickets to be affixed to the lining of hat crowns; and for selling them without licence, penalty 50l. Same act, § 2.

Licenced retailers to have the words "dealer in hats by retail" fixed on the front of their houses, on penalty of 40s. for each hat sold; and unlicenced persons putting up the words, penalty 50l. All persons selling less than one dozen of hats at a time, deemed a retailer liable to licence. Same act, § 5.

Selling hats liable to duty without stamp, to forfeit 10l.; but one licenced dealer may sell to another. Same act, § 9.

Fraudulently tearing off stamps already used in any hat, &c. penalty 20l. or buying tickets already used, same penalty; and buyer or seller informing against the other, indemnified. Same act, § 11.

In bills for hats the dealer to make a separate charge for stamps. Same act, § 14.

The following additional duties of customs to be paid on importation, viz.

For hats or caps (except night 1. s. d.
caps) made of felt, or wholly
of wool, each - - - 0 0 6

If made of beaver, wool, or
hair, or other fur or wool,
or mixed therewith - - 0 2 0

Besides being subject to two additional imposts of 5 per cent. each by 19 and 22 G. 3.; and duties to be drawn back on exportation; and two dozen hats in one package may be imported without stamp ticket. Same act, c. 22.

Duties to be paid to receiver-general
of

of stamps, and by him paid into the exchequer, and kept apart, to be applied in payment of the annuities and lottery of this session. Same act, § 25.

Havens.

For repairing the haven and piers of Great Yarmouth, in Norfolk. 12 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 29.

See *Harbours*.

Hovering at the Bower, Essex.

See *Poor*. 26 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 35.

Hawkers and Pedlars.

An additional duty of 4l. per annum laid on hawkers and pedlars; and those travelling with a horse, or other beast of burthen, to pay a further duty of eight pounds per annum for each horse, &c. besides all former duties. 25 G. 3. c. 78. § 1. vol. 35.

Selling goods in any house not his own without licence, penalty 50l.; and travelling without licence, or with a forged one, or refusing to shew it, or lending such licence for hire to another, or exposing goods to sale in any city or market town, or within two miles thereof (except on fair or market days); and also constables refusing to assist, to forfeit 10l. for each offence. Same act, § 2.

No hawker, &c. to vend goods in any county where the quarter-sessions have made an order to the contrary, under the same penalty as trading without licence. Same act, § 11.

For forging licences, or hawkers trading without, to forfeit 100l.; and for lending it, or trading with a lent one, 40l. Same act, § 12.

Hawkers, &c. licenced before 23d June 1785, may set up business in any place where they reside, though not brought up thereto, and may employ those who have not been apprentices; and no wholesale trader in English lace, woollen, linen, silk, cotton, or mixed, or other kind of British goods, to be deemed a hawker. Same act, § 13.

This act not to extend to sellers of printed papers (licenced by authority) or fish, fruits, or victuals, or the real makers of British goods selling the

same, or to their children, apprentices, agents, or servants; or exposing the same to sale in any city or town, nor to travelling tinkers, coopers, glaziers, plumbers, or harness menders. Same act, § 15.

Penalties, &c. to be recovered, applied, and offenders convicted, as by former acts; and the justices may receive the king's share, to be paid to the cashier of this duty, and by him into the exchequer, towards the fund for navy annuities; and the powers by 9 & 10 W. 3. c. 27. to be in force where not altered. Same act, § 29.

Act 25 G. 3. c. 78. repealed, so far as relates to the duties not re-enacted by this act. 29 G. 3. c. 26. § 1.

Act 9 and 10 W. 3. c. 27. revived so far as it is not altered and explained by this act. Same act, § 2.

From first August 1789, all hawkers, &c. travelling either on foot, or with one or more horses, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or selling goods at houses of others, to pay a duty of four pounds per annum for a licence; and for each horse, &c. bearing burthens, or drawing, the like sum of four pounds per annum. Same act, § 3.

Hawkers selling goods by auction, penalty 50l. Same act, § 4.

On taking licence, to pay the duty down, and also to produce a certificate of a good character from the minister and two householders of his parish, and to mark on his pack, "*Licensed Hawker*;" but for selling smuggled goods, to forfeit the licence. Same act, § 5.

For trading without a licence, or refusing to produce it to a justice, mayor, &c. or peace officer, or officer of customs or excise, to forfeit 10l.; and the hawker may be carried before a justice, and the penalty distrained for; and, on non-payment, the party may be committed till payment, but not for more than three months. Same act, § 9.

Witnesses refusing to attend justices on hearing, to forfeit 10l.; and defendants sued may plead the general issue, and have treble costs. Same act, § 30 and 32.

Duties to be paid to the cashier of the hawkers duty, to be applied to payment of annuities for navy, victualling, and transport bills, for the present year. Same act, § 31.

Hay.

The exportation of hay prohibited for a limited time, but may be exported to Ireland on security, or carried coastwise on the same terms. 25 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 2.—28 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 36.

Haydon Square.

See *Paving*. 11 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 29.

Head Money.

The treasurer of the navy to pay to officers of the navy, and seamen, on board men of war, 5l. per head for every man on board any ship taken by such man of war. 17 G. 3. c. 7. § 10. vol. 31.

Hedon, Yorkshire.

See *Harbours*. 14 G. 3. c. 106. vol. 30.

Helena (St.) Island of.

See *Corn, &c.* 16 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 32.—28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

Hemingborough, Yorkshire.

See *Bridges*. 31 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 37.

Hemp and Flax.

Drawback on exportation of foreign rough hemp to cease. 6 G. 3. c. 45. § 8. vol. 27.

8000l. to be paid yearly by the king's sign manual, out of the duties on linen imported by 7 G. 3. c. 58. (see *Linens*) or eight fifteenth parts thereof, for encouraging the raising of hemp and flax in England; and 7000l. or seven fifteenth parts of the said duties to the commissioners of the fisheries in Scotland, pursuant to 13 G. 1. c. 30. for raising hemp and flax there. 10 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 33.

Bounties granted on importation of hemp the produce of Ireland, viz.

	l. s. d.
For the first seven years, per ton	8 0 0
The second seven years	6 0 0
The third seven years	4 0 0

19 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 32.

No reward to the officer for examining such hemp; and if the hemp be exported, the premium to be repaid. Same act, § 6.

In case of dispute whether the hemp be Irish or not, the proof to lay on the owner; and in case of fraud, a penalty on the master of 100l. besides forfeiting the ship and furniture. Same act, § 9.

Importation of flax and seed permitted into Great Britain or Ireland in foreign ships in amity. 21 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 33.

Act 10 G. 3. c. 40. (above) repealed, and the management put under the board of trade, and 15,000l. yearly to be paid out of arrears in the exchequer of the duties on linens, and to be paid to the grower or person preparing them for market, viz.

For hemp per stone of fourteen pounds	s. d.
	0 3
For flax, the like	0 4

to be raised in England in the year 1782, and for five years after. Same year, c. 58. vol. 33.

The grower to exhibit his claim to a justice, attested by two parish officers, and transmitted to the quarter-sessions; on receiving the bounty, to give bond in treble the sum, with condition to prove a title thereto. Same act, § 4.

Justices yearly, at Michaelmas sessions, for the said five years, to publish the bounties and conditions, and the names and places of abode of the claimants, and make up the accounts yearly at Midsummer sessions, and transmit the same to the board of trade, and the receivers of the land tax; to pay each county by the order of the treasury. Same act, § 6.

Grower or feller of hemp or flax to give the buyer an account of the quantity, place where grown, and what year; and the feller to take a receipt, containing the same particulars; and justices to send the state of the claims to the board

board of trade, who are to give an account annually to parliament. Same act, § 9.

Board of trade may make further rules, and the clerk of the peace to have a reasonable allowance for his trouble. Acts 7 G. 3. c. 58. and 10 G. 3. c. 40. to continue, except where altered; and this act to continue five years, from 1st August 1782. Same act, § 12.

Act 7 G. 3. c. 58. (see *Linens*) continued for seven years more, and the fund for bounties put under the treasury. 26 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 35.

Act 4 G. 3. c. 26. for a bounty on hemp and rough flax from America, revived and continued till 24th June 1806. Same year, c. 53. § 12.

From the tenth of May 1787, instead of the sum of 15,000l. only 6335l. 15s. to be annually set apart at the exchequer to encourage raising hemp and flax, according to acts 10, 21, and 26 of the present king. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 65. vol. 36.

Henley, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 37.

Henley upon Thames.

For uniting the schools of King James I. and Lady Eliz. Periam. 18 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 32.

See *Bridges*. 21 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 33.

See *Paving High-street and Market-place*. Same act.

Henwill, Edward.

See *Debtors to the Crown*. 28 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 36.

Hereford Cathedral.

See *Churches*. 32 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 37.

Hereford, City of.

See *Paving*. 14 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 30.

See *Canals Navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 89. vol. 37.

Herrings.

Bounties of 3 per cent. per annum, by 23 G. 2. c. 24. and 50s. per ton, by 30 G. 2. c. 30. continued for four years (see *Fish and Fisheries*). 5 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 26.

The bounty reduced to 30s. per ton, to be paid out of the customs for seven years. 11 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 29.

Continued for seven years more (except the fourth section of the last act, which is repealed). 19 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 32.

See *Fish and Fisheries*. 12 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 29;—26 G. 3. c. 36. § 5. vol. 35.

Hertford Town.

See *Gaols*. 15 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 31.

See *Paving*. 28 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 36.

Hesse (Landgrave of.)

36,093l. 15s. granted to the landgrave of Hesse for his subsidy. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

Hexham, Northumberland.

See *Bridges*. 18 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 32.

See *Inclosures*. 32 G. 3. c. 110. vol. 37.

Hides and Skins.

See *Ireland*. 9 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 28. —21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33;—27 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 36.

See *Skins*. 14 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 30. —27 G. 3. c. 13. sched. F.

Highbgate, Middlesex.

See *Paving*. 15 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 31.

Highland Society, Scotland.

3000l. appropriated balance arising from the forfeited estates in North Britain, to be paid by the barons of exchequer to the highland society of Scotland. 29 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 36.

Highways.

All acts relating thereto reduced to one. 7 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 27;—8 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 28.

Both repealed, and on the 22d of September, yearly, ten persons to be returned by the constable to the justices to be surveyors; and refusing to serve, penalty 5l.; and if not in the list, 50s.; but not to serve again in three years. 13 G. 3. c. 78. § 1. vol. 30.

If no list, justices may appoint surveyors, with a salary of not more than one eighth of a 6d. assessment, together

ther with an inhabitant as assistant, which surveyor is to give security, or two thirds of the parishioners may elect a surveyor with a salary, which the justices are to allow. Same act, to § 5.

No tree or bush to stand within 15 feet of the centre of any highway, on forfeiture of 10s.; and hedges to be cut low by the occupier, on penalty of 2s. per 24 feet, and to make ditches, &c. on forfeiture of 10s. Same act, to § 8.

No stone, timber, straw, dung, &c. to be laid in the highway, or within 15 feet of the centre, or other obstruction or nuisance; and surveyor may make new ditches, &c. where necessary.— Same act, to § 16.

Cartways to be 20 feet wide, and horseways eight; and justices may order highways to be widened or turned, and land to be purchased. Direction-posts to be set up, on penalty of 20s. on the surveyor; materials may be taken where they can be found, and paid for by the surveyor; and pits made by him to be secured. Same act, to § 31.

Each person keeping a team with 3 horses, and occupying 50l. per ann. to do six days duty, with a carriage, two horses, and two men; and the like for every other 50l. per ann. If under 50l. per ann. to send a cart and one man; other persons to pay 1d. per pound of their rent for each of the six days, and keeping drawing-horses, to send them, or pay 1s. for each day deficient; and labourers, &c. under 60, renting 4l. per ann. to work six days, or pay 2s. Three men in lieu of a team, or to pay 4s. 6d. per day for a team, and 2s. for a cart; and labourers to pay 4d. per day; and if duty and compositions are insufficient, surveyor may make an assessment of not more than 6d. per pound per ann.; and surveyor's accounts to be settled with the parish, and allowed by a justice. Same act, to § 48.

Damaging banks, &c. in highways, forfeiture not more than 5l. nor less than 10s. or imprisonment for one month, and not less than seven days. Same act, § 52.

Waggons with wheels nine inches broad, may be drawn by eight horses,

carts by five; wheels of six inches, waggons by seven horses, carts by four; wheels of less breadth, waggons by five horses, carts by three; penalty 5l. and not less than 10s. and forfeiture of all the horses, &c. above the number; drawing one stone, &c. or the king's ammunition, &c. excepted; wheels sixteen inches broad may be drawn by any number of horses; owners names to be on all carriages let to hire; and drivers punishable by justices. Same act, § 60.

No alehouse on bridges where tolls are taken; and all incroachments on highways to be taken down by the surveyor, and the offender to forfeit 40s. Same act, § 63.

Surveyor and inhabitants good witnesses. Same act, § 68, 76.

Not to extend to the parishes of St. Mary, Whitechapel, and St. John, Wapping; nor to abridge the powers of the commissioners of sewers. Same act, § 86, 87.

Weighing engines directed to be erected at turnpikes; waggons with four wheels sixteen inches broad, may carry,

	T. H.
In summer - - -	8 0
In winter - - -	7 0
With nine inch wheels, rolling sixteen inches, in summer	6 10
In winter - - -	6 0
With nine inch wheels, in summer - - -	6 0
In winter - - -	5 10
With six inch wheels, in summer	4 5
In winter - - -	3 15
Rolling 11 inches, in summer	5 10
In winter - - -	5 0
Less than six inch wheels, in summer - - -	3 10
In winter - - -	3 0
Carts with nine inch wheels, in summer - - -	3 0
In winter - - -	2 15
Six inch ditto, in summer - - -	2 12
In winter - - -	2 7
Less than six inches, in summer	1 10
In winter - - -	1 7

From the 1st of May to the 31st of October to be deemed summer, and winter

winter the rest of the year; forfeit three for over-weight 20s. per hundred weight, and the driver for refusing to be weighed 40s. 13 G. 3. c. 84. § 1. vol. 30.

Every turnpike having a weighing engine in one year to be continued five years beyond the present term. Same act, § 5.

Not to extend to carriages used in husbandry, and no composition with carriages having less than six inch wheels. Same act, § 9.—This act extended (except the parts repealed) to all turnpikes in England, and to all acts after made. 21 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 33.

No side toll-gate to be erected without an order made at a public meeting, on notice, and signed by nine trustees; nor any toll paid for passing less than 100 yards on the road, except over a bridge. Same act, § 34.

Act 12, relating to weighing carriages above 20 miles from London, repealed. 14 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 30.

Act 28 G. 2. c. 17. for repairing turnpike roads, continued. Same year, c. 36.

Act 13 G. 3. c. 84. § 34. repealed, so far as affects toll-gates set up by virtue of any act before that year. Same year, c. 57.

Act 13 G. 3. c. 84. § 1. as to taking additional tolls of 20s. per hundred, for over-weight, and as to waggons, &c. permitted to be drawn by an unlimited number of horses, repealed, and to take for over-weight,

	s. d.
For the 1st and 2d hundred, per hundred	0 3
To the 5th, per hundred	0 6
To the 10th, per hundred	2 6
To the 15th, per hundred	5 0
For all above, 20s. per hundred. Same year, c. 82. § 1, 2.	

No carriages employed in husbandry to be weighed, and tolls for over-weight may be lowered within ten miles of London. Same act, § 3, 4.

Waggons on rollers of 16 inches to be toll free for five years, and after to pay half toll. Same act, § 5.

Act 13 G. 3. c. 84. § 79. relating to flat tires, repealed; and all wheels six

inches broad, and the felloes or tire not deviating above one inch from flat, deemed flat. 16 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 31.

Act 13 G. 3. c. 84. § 23. relating to double tolls on narrow wheels, suspended till September 29, 1778; and all lessees of tolls released at the end of the current year, if required. 16 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 31. See *Turnpikes*. See *Scotland*.

Highwaymen.

See *Durham*. 14 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 30.

Highworth (Wilts).

See *Poor*. 29 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 36.

Hill (Edmund).

See *Gunpowder*. 12 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 29.

Hodgson and Others.

4363l. granted to Mess. Hodgson, Gordon, and Debonaire, to repay what they had overpaid for excise duties. 13 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.

See Excise.

Hogarth (William).

The property of his engravings secured to his widow. 7 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 27.

Holborn.

The parishioners of St. Andrew, Holborn, London, enabled to purchase a workhouse. 10 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 28.

For building a workhouse for the liberty of Saffron-Hill, Hatton-Garden, and Ely Rents, in the parish of St. Andrew, Holborn, in the county of Middlesex. Same year, c. 80.

Holdernefs, Yorkshire.

See *Fens*. 14 G. 3. c. 107. vol. 30.

Holidays and Fast Days.

See *Game*. 13 G. 3. c. 80. § 6. vol. 30.

Houses opened for public amusement or debate on Sundays, to which persons pay for admittance, deemed disorderly houses, and the keeper to forfeit 200l. each Sunday, and the president 100l. and doorkeeper, &c. 50l. to the prosecutor. 21 G. 3. c. 49. § 1. vol. 33. Persons

Persons acting as master or mistress, deemed the owner, and joint owners each liable to the whole penalty; and if refreshments are sold for more than on other days, and houses opened by subscription for debate, liable. Same act, § 2.

Advertising the same, 50l. penalty, to be recovered by action in six months. Same act, § 3, to 6.

Not to affect the ecclesiastical courts; but offenders may also be punished there; nor to affect the toleration act of 1 W. & M. c. 18. (See *Nonconformists*). Same act, § 7, 8.

Holy Island, Durham.

See *Inclosures*. 31 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 37.

Honduras Bay.

See *Corn and Grain*. 29 G. 3. c. 58. § 16. vol. 36.

Honiton, Devonshire.

See *Paving*. 30 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 37.

Hooker, Thomas.

See *Gunpowder*. 13 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 30.

Hops.

Officers to weigh bags, and mark the weight thereon, before the hops are put in, and also the planter's name, and date of the year. 14 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 30.

Complaints for penalties on offences against the hop act to be made to justices in six months after sale of the hops. Same act, § 5.

The exportation of hops to Ireland regulated, but no drawbacks allowed. 26 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 35.

Hordley, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.

Hornbeam.

See *Timber*. 23 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 30.

Horncastle, Lincolnshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 19 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 32.

See *Canals Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 107. vol. 37.

Horses.

A duty of ten shillings per ann. laid on horses kept for riding or drawing in carriages liable to excise duty; and for running horses to pay 2l. 2s. upon entering to run for a plate. 24 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 34.

Horse-dealers within the bills of mortality, or in Southwark, to pay 10l. for a licence; and out of those limits, to pay 5l.; to be renewed annually, and under the commissioners of stamps. Same act, § 2.

All horses used for riding or drawing coaches chargeable with duty (except those belonging to farmers renting under 150l. per ann. and proved to be used only for riding to church and market). 25 G. 3. c. 47. § 38. vol. 35.

The last clause repealed, and the value of the farm reduced to 70l. per ann. and the horses may be used in husbandry and rode occasionally. 26 G. 3. c. 79. § 3. vol. 35.

The duty paid on horses to be repaid by the commissioners of excise, the tax being transferred to the commissioners of taxes. Same year, c. 77.

See *Slaughtering Horses*. Same year, c. 71.

Where two horses are kept for riding or drawing any carriage liable to former duty, to pay an additional annual duty besides the former.

	s. d.
For one of them	- 5 0
If 3, 4, or 5 horses, for each beyond one	- 7 6
If 6 or more, for each beyond one	10 0
29 G. 3. c. 49. § 1. vol. 36.	

This act not to extend to horses exempt from duty by 24 G. 3. c. 31. or by any subsequent act; and duty for horses let out by the year, to be paid for by the hirers. Same act, § 3.

No licence to be granted to an horse-dealer, unless he declares where the business is to be carried on; and if granted to persons other than those seeking their living thereby, to be void. Same act, § 5.

If licenced horse-dealers keep horses for riding or drawing, and do not give a list thereof to assessors, they may

charge the duty for the number fo kept. Same act, § 6.

See *Post Horfes*. 30 G. 3. c. 23. vol.

37. See *Assessment*. 31 G. 3. c. 5. vol.

37. After the 5th of July 1792, horfes, not exceeding fix in one vefſel, and any number of cattle (ſheep and lambs excepted) may be conveyed between Cowes and Southampton and Portſmouth with ſuffurance; and officers of the cuſtoms in the Iſle of Wight may grant ſufferances. 32 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

Horton, Yorkſhire.

See *Water*. 30 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 37.

Hospitals.

For eſtabliſhing the preſident, vice-preſident, treaſurer, and governors of the Magdalen hoſpital, for the reception of penitent prostitutes, and well governing ſuch hoſpital, and for extinguishing the right of common of lands in St. George's Fields, in Surrey. 9 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 28.

Tenants to hoſpitals to be aſſeſſed to pavements in London. 11 G. 3. c. 29. § 52. vol. 29.

Hoſpitals for lying-in women to have a licence from the quarter ſeſſions on a 5s. ſtamp, and an inſcription over the door. 13 G. 3. c. 82. § 1. vol. 30.

Baſtard children born there, not to be chargeable to the pariſh where the hoſpital ſtands, and the charges of removing the mother or child (within 20 miles of the hoſpital) to be paid by the pariſh whereto removed; and the pariſh where the woman is ſettled may take up the father of a baſtard child, and proceed as before this act. Same act, § 5, to 9.

Maſter of the hoſpital to have women examined by a juſtice before admission, unleſs affidavit is produced whether ſhe is married or ſingle, as the caſe may be; and four days notice to be given to the pariſh before any woman, delivered of a baſtard child, is diſcharged; and if not able to go out, ſhe may be kept, but not more than fix weeks. Same act, to § 15.

Maſter of the hoſpital, &c. not complying with the rules, to forfeit 50l. and overſeers, &c. 10l. on action, in fix calendar months. Same act, § 16.

See *Exeter*. 14 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 30.

—25 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 35.

See *Bath*. 19 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 32.

See *London*. 22 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 34.

The boundaries between Bridewell Hoſpital and the pariſh of St. Ann, Blackfriars, London, aſcertained. 23 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 34.

See *Foundling Hoſpital*. 4 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 27.—7 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 27.—8 G. 3. c. 34. and 52. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.

Servants belonging to the hoſpitals of Chriſt, St. Bartholomew, Bridewell, Bethlem, Saint Thomas, in London and Southwark, or Guy's or the Foundling Hoſpitals, exempt from the duty on ſervants. 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 10. vol. 35.

177,468l. 8s. 8d. granted for Chelſea Hoſpital. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

See *Slaves*. Wages of run men to go to Greenwich Hoſpital. Same year, c. 66. § 22.

For appointing commiſſioners to ſell a certain unfinished building at Taunton in the county of Somerſet, intended for a public hoſpital or infirmary, and of a piece of ground belonging thereto, in caſe a ſufficient ſum of money ſhall not be raiſed by ſubſcription within a limited time, for finiſhing the ſaid building, and paying the money due on account thereof. 32 G. 3. c. 98. vol. 37.

Houſes and Windows.

From October 10, 1766, the duties by 20 G. 2. c. 3.; 31 G. 2. c. 22.; and 2 G. 3. c. 8. to ceaſe, and in lieu thereof, on every dwellinghouſe inhabited in England, 3s. per ann.; in Scotland, 1s.

	s.	d.
In Great Britain for 7 windows,		
each	-	0 2
8 ditto	-	0 6
9 ditto	-	0 8
10 ditto	-	0 10
11 ditto	-	1 0
12 ditto	-	1 2
13 ditto		

13 ditto	-	-	s. d.
14 to 19 ditto	-	-	1 4
20 ditto	-	-	1 6
21 ditto	-	-	1 7
23 ditto	-	-	1 8
24 ditto	-	-	1 10
And 25 or more, each	-	-	1 11
			2 0

And houses in Scotland under five windows exempt; to be paid quarterly; and the assessments to be yearly from the fifth of April. 6 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 27.

All powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties, forfeitures, &c. in force, and not altered in acts 20 G. 2. c. 3.; 31 G. 2. c. 22.; 2 G. 3. c. 8.; 20 G. 2. c. 42.; and 21 G. 2. c. 10. for levying the said duties, enforced throughout Great Britain. Same act, § 7.

The powers and directions of 26 G. 2. c. 17. not altered by the last act, to be enforced in Scotland, and all proceedings and commissions under the same good. 7 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 27.

Householders not giving an account of their lodgers to the assessors of the land-tax, to forfeit 5l. 10 G. 3. c. 6. § 53. vol. 28.

From July 5, 1778, a duty on all inhabited houses, except farm-houses, according to their value per ann.

	s. d.
Of 5l. and under 50l. per ann.	
per pound	0 6
All above	1 0

Besides the duty by 6 G. 3. c. 38. to be paid quarterly in England, and half yearly in Scotland, and assessed as the window tax. 18 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 32.

The last above duty altered, viz.

	s. d.
Houses from 5l. to 20l. per ann.	
per pound per ann.	0 6
To 40l. per ann.	0 9
Upwards of 40l. per ann.	1 0
19 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 32.	

Shops and warehouses attached to or communicating with dwellinghouses (except belonging to wharfs) to be charged therewith, but not if separate, and only used for lodging goods, or for

manufactories, and coachhouses; and other offices, yards, and gardens, not above an acre, to be valued with the dwellinghouse. Same act, to § 10.

Where only a person resides to take care of a house, not to be deemed inhabited; but halls and offices paying parish rates, chargeable. Same act, § 11. 13.

Clause 18 G. 3. c. 26. § 20, whereby the commissioners might enlarge, alter, abate, or diminish assessments, repealed. Same act, § 7.

Farm-houses used only for husbandry, under 10l. per ann. not charged, nor any house for the reception of poor, or if not occupied by the owner, or rented by a tenant. Same act, § 12.

Commissioners to be sworn to act uprightly, and those of the city of London to have 2000l. qualification, on penalty of 200l. Same act, § 14, 15.

An additional duty of 3s. per ann. laid on dwelling-houses as rated by 6 G. 3. c. 38. at 3s. per ann.; and houses to be charged according to the number of windows, from 6s. for seven windows by gradation, to 20l. for 180 windows; and the occupiers of three or more houses to pay only for two of them. 24 G. 3. 1st. 2. c. 38, § 10. vol. 34.

	l. s. d.
For every house rated for 7 windows	0 6 0
For 8 windows	0 8 0
For 9 windows	0 10 0
For 10 windows	0 13 0
For 11 windows	0 15 6
For 12 windows	0 18 0
For 13 windows	1 1 0
For 14 windows	1 5 0
For 15 windows	1 10 0
For 16 windows	1 15 0
For 17 windows	2 0 0
For 18 windows	2 5 0
For 19 windows	2 10 0
For 20 windows	2 15 0
For 21 windows	3 0 0
For 22 windows	3 5 0
For 23 windows	3 10 0
For 24 windows	3 15 0
For 25 to 29 windows	4 0 0
For 30 to 34 windows	4 10 0
For 35 to 39 windows	5 0 0

For

For 40 to 44 windows
 For 45 to 49 windows
 For 50 to 54 windows
 For 55 to 59 windows
 For 60 to 64 windows
 For 65 to 69 windows
 For 70 to 74 windows
 For 75 to 79 windows
 For 80 to 84 windows
 For 85 to 89 windows
 For 90 to 94 windows
 For 95 to 99 windows
 For 100 to 109 windows
 For 110 to 119 windows
 For 120 to 129 windows
 For 130 to 139 windows
 For 140 to 149 windows
 For 150 to 159 windows
 For 160 to 169 windows
 For 170 to 179 windows
 And for 180 windows, and
 upwards

1.	s.	d.	tax, to whom an appeal lies, subject to
5	10	0	the opinion of one of the judges of the
6	0	0	courts at Westminster, in England; and
6	10	0	in Scotland, to one of the judges of
7	0	0	the court of session or barons of exche-
7	10	0	quer. Same act, § 44.
8	0	0	See <i>Servants</i> , 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 27.
8	10	0	vol. 45.
9	0	0	Two commissioners of duties on
9	10	0	houses, &c. may administer all oaths re-
10	0	0	quired, although they have not taken
10	10	0	the oaths to government themselves.
11	0	0	26 G. 3. c. 79. § 6. vol. 35.
12	0	0	See <i>Insurances</i> (on houses abroad)
13	0	0	See <i>Assessment</i> . 31 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 37.
14	0	0	Same year, c. 82. § 9.
15	0	0	From the 5th of April, 1792, no
16	0	0	house containing less than seven win-
17	0	0	dows to be charged with the duties
18	0	0	of three shillings, and one shilling im-
19	0	0	posed by act 6 G. 3. c. 38. but not to
20	0	0	extend to inns of court or colleges, 32
			G. 3. c. 2. vol. 37.

Occupiers of three or more houses, to pay for only two containing the greatest number of windows, whereof notice is to be given to the collector, and a proportionable deduction made; and if two such houses are not paid for, penalty 50*l*. Same act, § 11.

These rates to be paid in addition to those charged by 6 G. 3. c. 38. and 19 G. 3. c. 59. And assessments to be made from 10th October, 1784, to 5th April, 1785, which are subject to appeal; and to be paid in England quarterly, in Scotland half-yearly, and to be charged on the occupiers of houses. But the poor exempted from church and poor's rates, not liable. Same act, § 14.

Those duties to be assessed and collected in the same manner, and under the same penalties as those granted by 20 G. 2. c. 5. and 42. 21. G. 2. c. 10. 26 G. 2. c. 17. 31 G. 2. c. 22. 2 G. 3. c. 26. 18 G. 3. c. 26. and 19 G. 3. c. 59. and to be paid into the Exchequer by the receiver-general of the customs; and if any surplus, after the repealed duties discharged, to be paid to the receiver-general of excise, and carried to the sinking fund. Same act, § 19.

This additional tax to be under the commissioners of the former window-

Houses of Correction.

These houses to be examined by the Justices, who are to report their condition to the sessions; and separate apartments are to be provided for the prisoners. 22 G. 3. cap. 64 § 1. vol. 34.

And proper buildings and materials to be provided to set offenders committed to hard labour to work, and the rules in the schedule to the act to be observed, and the expences defrayed out of the county rates. Same act, § 5.

Justices may present the want of houses of correction to the quarter sessions, and appoint chaplains with salaries. Same act, § 5.

Governors may employ prisoners, and also punish them if refractory; but are not to sell wine, ale, &c. Same act, § 8.

See *Gaols*. 24 G. 3. § 2. c. 54. vol. 34.

Justices may rebuild or repair houses of correction, and mortgage the rates for the same, to be paid in fourteen years, and may dispose of the old materials. Same year, c. 55.

The justices of the county of Middlesex enabled to raise money to erect a house of correction for that county. Same act.

Justices who are authorised to convict in a summary way, may commit offenders to the house of correction. Same act, § 12.

Justices in session may appoint a governor and other officers for houses of correction and penitentiary houses, with salaries. 31 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 37.

Justices in session to make rules for the said houses, to be confirmed by justices of assize, but not to deprive convicts of any allowance made by law. Same act, § 2.

Governors to have the same powers as gaolers, and answerable for escapes. Same act, § 3.

Two visiting justices to be appointed, and abuses to be rectified by justices in session. Same act, § 5.

Bye-laws may be made, agreeable to 32 G. c. 28. and prisoners to be classed and separated as directed by 24 G. 3. c. 54. Same act, § 6.

Offenders sentenced to transportation may be imprisoned and kept to hard labour until transported. Same act, § 6.

Governors of the said houses, and keepers of common gaols, to make returns of prisoners in custody every assizes; and visiting justices to examine and sign such returns. Same act, § 8.

Visiting justices to report any extraordinary diligence or merit in offenders, to the justices of oyer and terminer. Same act, § 14.

Household (King's.)

Master of the household. See *Land Tax*. 25 G. 3. c. 4. § 7. vol. 35.

Lord steward of. See *Bounties*. Same act, c. 61.

For the qualification of the master of the household, first clerk of the household, and the clerk of the kitchen, &c. to act as commissioners.

See *Land Tax*. 27 G. 3. c. 5. § 99. vol. 36.

Hovering AAs.

The limits of two leagues from the coast, by 19 G. 3. c. 69. § 2. (to prevent smuggling) enlarged to four leagues. 24 G. 3. § 2. c. 47. vol. 34.

Hoxton.

See *Inclosures*. 17 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 31.

Hubberston and Pill, Pembroke-shire.

See *Hamilton (Sir William) Knight of the Bath*. 30 G. 3 c. 55. vol. 37.

Huddersfield, York-shire.

See *Canals Navigable*. 14 G. 3. c.

13. vol. 30.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

Hudson's Bay.

200 quarters of wheat meal or flour, and 260 quarters of oats, meal, groats, barley, peas, beans, malt and biscuit, may be exported thither yearly for the company's servants, and the same bounty allowed as to other places. 14 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 30.

See *Auctions*. 19 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 32.

Hull, York-shire.

See *Gaols*. 23 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 34.

Humber (River.)

Lighthouses to be removed near the Spurnhead, at the mouth of the river Humber. 6 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 27.—12 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 29.

Hungary.

See *Drugs*. 22 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

See *Wines*. Same act.

See *Silk*. Same act, § 2.

Huntingdon and Huntingdonshire.

See *Fens*. 12 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 29—

13 G. 3. c. 39. and 46.—15 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 31.

A corporation established for the relief of clergymens widows and children in that county. 15 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 31.

See *Paving*. 25 G. 3. cap. 9. vol. 35.
See *Woollen Manufactures*. Same year, c. 40

Hydrometer.

Until the 5th of April, 1788, all spirits to be deemed of the degree of strength denoted by Clarke's Hydrometer, when tried

tried by an excise officer. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 17. vol. 36.

See *Distillers*. 28 G. 3. c. 46. § 71. and 74. vol. 36.

The first act continued to the end of the next session. 29 G. 3. c. 55, vol. 36.

Further continued to the end of the next session of parliament. 31 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 37.

Further continued to the end of the next session of parliament. 32 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

I.

Jamaica.

The ports of Kingston, Savannah la Mar, Montego Bay, and Santa Lucia, in Jamaica (and other British ports in the West-Indies) opened for the free importation, in one-decked vessels, of live cattle, and all goods the growth or produce of any foreign colony in America (except sugar, coffee, pimento, ginger, melasses and tobacco); but no foreign manufactures to be imported thither, on forfeiture of the goods and vessel. 6 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 27.—13 G. 3. c. 73.—14 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 30.—21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.—27 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 36.

And after the first of September, 1766, no copper ore, cotton wool, ginger, fustick, or other dying woods, hemp, indigo, melasses, beaver skins, or furs, sugar, cocoa, coffee, pimento, hides, skins, pot or pearl ashes, raw silk, or whale fins, to be imported into any of the said ports, on forfeiture of ship and cargo. 6 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 27.

But wool, or other enumerated goods of foreign growth, may be imported from Jamaica or Dominica to Great Britain directly, as allowed by acts 12, 22, and 23 *Cha.* 2. Same act, § 7.

See *Negroes*. 13 G. 3. c. 73. § 4. v. 30.

Act 6 G. 3. c. 49. so far as relates to Jamaica and Dominica, continued to the first of November, 1787. 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

From the first of September, 1787, so much of 6 G. 3. c. 49.—14 G. 3. c. 41. and 21 G. 3. c. 29, as relates to the importation and exportation of goods mentioned to or from any of

the said ports, repealed; but goods the growth of any colony in America belonging to any foreign European state, may be imported thither in one-decked foreign European vessels, not above 70 tons burthen. And if any of the articles enumerated in this act are imported into any of the said ports, to be forfeited, with the vessel, &c. 27 G. 3. c. 27. § 3. vol. 36.

Rum, negroes, and goods legally imported (except malts, yards, or bowsprits, pitch, tar, turpentine, and tobacco, and also iron from the British colonies) may be exported from the said ports in such one-decked vessels as aforesaid; but the legality of the importation of such goods to be proved before exportation. Same act, § 4.

All wool, cotton-wool, indigo, cochineal, drugs of all sorts, cocoa, logwood, fustic, wood for dyers, hydes, skins and tallow, beaver, and all sorts of furs, tortoise-shell, mahogany, and all other cabinet wood of the growth or produce of the colonies in America belonging to foreign European states, may be imported into the said islands, subject to the excise laws of king Charles 2. Same act, § 6.

If goods the growth or produce of Europe, or the East Indies, be exported from Jamaica, &c. to any British colony in America or the West Indies, to be forfeited, with ships, &c. Same act, § 7.

No duty or fee to be taken at Jamaica for entry of foreign vessels, on penalty, by 5 G. 3. c. 45; which is to be recovered and divided as by former laws, and this act to continue till the first of Sept. 1792. Same act, § 8.

3,000*l.* granted to John Reeder, for his losses by dismantling an iron foundry at Jamaica, 1782, by order of Sir Archibald Campbell, governor of the island. 29 G. 3. c. 61.

Act 27 G. 3. c. 27. relating to the importation of enumerated goods to the several ports in Jamaica, Grenada, Dominica, and the Bahama islands, amended; and ships importing and exporting such goods may be of any tonnage, so as they have only one deck. 30 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 37.

See

merated or described, / or otherwise charged with duty on exportation. Same act, table E.

See *Coals*. Same year, c. 32. § 21.

Act 19 G. 3. c. 23. relating to the importation and exportation of goods clandestinely in defiance of the laws of customs, revived and continued till the fifth of July, 1795. 28 G. 3. cap. 23. vol. 36.

For reducing the duties on goods, &c. the growth, produce, or manufacture of any European dominions, of the states-general of the United Provinces into this kingdom, and to pay only the same as goods by Table C. in act 27 G. 3. c. 13. and for all other goods (except linens) to pay the lowest duty charged on foreigners, and to have the usual drawbacks, and to be paid as before. Same year, c. 27.

See *Wine*. Same year, c. 33.

See *Glass*. Same act, § 9.

From July 1788, till the tenth of May, 1800, French carriages may be imported on duty of 15l. per cent: according to value. Same act, § 10.

Act 27 G. 3. c. 13, not to extend to charge white woollen cloth, dyed or dressed here, with any duty on exportation. Same act, § 11.

See *West Indies*. 30 G. 3. cap. 28. vol. 37.

Imprisonment.

See *Game*. 25 G. 3. cap. 50. vol. 35.

See *Slaves*. 29 G. 3. c. 66. § 15. v. 36.

For hiring stocking frames and selling them, subject to imprisonment for three months, and not more than twelve. 28 G. 3. c. 35. § 2 vol. 36.

Inclosures.

See *Common Fields*.

For dividing and inclosing the open fields, meadows, stinted common pastures, and other lands and grounds in the parish of Tetney, in Lincolnshire, and for draining the same. 14 G. 3. c. 33. v. 30.

For inclosing Hoxton-Square, in the county of Middlesex. 17 G. 3. chap. 60. vol. 31.

For dividing and inclosing the marsh

called Malldraeth, and Corfddaugau in the county of Anglesey, and for embanking the said marsh, and for making cuts, &c. for draining the same. 28 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 36.—30 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 37.

The like of the open common fen and ings in the parish of Dunston, in Lincolnshire, and also the low lands in the said parish, and in the parish of Metheringham; and the commissioners may borrow 7000l. and raise a further tax of 1s. per acre. 29 G. 3. chap. 70. vol. 36.

The powers given by 10 G. 3. (private act, No. 94.) for dividing and enclosing such of the open parts of the forest of Knareborough as lie within the eleven constaberies thereof, and by the 14 G. 3. No. 54. for amending the said act, revived and made more effectual. Same year, chap. 76.

Copyhold exchanged for freehold, to be freehold, and so the contrary. Same act, § 4.

Two hundred acres allotted for Harrowgate Spa. Same act, § 9.

For dividing, inclosing, and draining the open fields, ings, pastures, commons, and waste grounds in the townships of West Haddesley, Chapel Haddesley, East Haddesley, and Temple Hint, in the parish of Birkin in the West Riding of Yorkshire. Same year, c. 78.

For draining, dividing, and inclosing moors, commons, or waste lands, called Edington, otherwise Burtle Moor, East-Heath, West Heath, and Clyde Batch, within the hamlet of Edington, and parish of Moorlinch in Somersetshire. 30 G. 3. chap. 58. vol. 37.

For dividing and inclosing open fields, lands, and grounds in Cottingham, in Yorkshire. 31 G. 3. chap. 20. vol. 37.

For embanking and draining fen lands and low grounds in the parishes of Chatteris and Doddington, and the hamlet of Wimblington in the Isle of Ely, and county of Cambridge, and for dividing and inclosing the commons and waste lands in the said hamlet. Same year, c. 81.

For draining and dividing a moor, or tract of waste land, called King's Sedge Moor, in the county of Somerset. Same year, c. 91.

For

For dividing, allotting, and inclosing a large open tract of land within the manor of Holy Island, in the county of Durham, and for extinguishing the right of common upon the ancient infield lands, within the said island. Same year, c. 92.

For dividing and inclosing the open common fields, meadow ground, half year's land, common fens, and waste lands in the parish of Anwick, in the county of Lincoln, and for embanking and draining the said common, fens, and certain inclosed low lands called the Praie Grounds, in the township of North Kyme, in the said county. Same year, c. 93.

For inclosing, dividing, and allotting a certain common or waste ground called Bolton Moor, in the township of Great Bolton, in the county of Lancaster. 32 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 37.

For dividing, allotting, and inclosing the commons and waste grounds within the town or hamlet of March, in the manor and parish of Doddington, in the Isle of Ely, in the county of Cambridge, and for altering and amending Act 30 G. 2. c. 36. for draining and preserving certain fen lands, low grounds, and commons in the townships of March and Wimblington, and parish of Upwell in the Isle of Ely, and county of Cambridge. Same year, c. 108.

For dividing, inclosing, draining, and improving the open fields, meadows, pastures, commons, and waste grounds, in the townships of Hesse, Anlaby, and Tranby in the county of the town of Kingston upon Hull, and for making a compensation in lieu of tythe for certain ancient inclosed lands in the said townships, and also in the township of Woolferton, otherwise Wolfreton, in the said county. Same year, c. 109.

For dividing and inclosing certain parts of the commons, moors, or tracts of waste land, called Hexhamshire, and Allendale Common, and also certain town-fields, within the regality or manor of Hexham, in Northumberland, and for stinting the depasturing of other parts of the said commons, moors, or waste land. Same year, c. 110.

Indemnity.

See *Marshal of the King's Bench Prison*. 12 G. 3. c. 23 & 58. vol. 29.

All persons indemnified for advising the carrying the king's order of council into execution, for allowing the exportation of corn, &c. 16 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 31.

See *America*, 20 G. 3. c. 46. § 10. v. 33.

Persons who acted in suppression of the late riots, &c. in London, &c. and for the preservation of the public peace, indemnified. Same year, c. 63.

See *India (East) Company*. 22 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 34.

See *Oaths and Stamps*. 27 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 36.

See *Qualifications*. 30 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 37.

Persons prosecuted meant to be indemnified, may plead the general issue. Same act, § 8.

India (East) Company

May export printed calicoes and other Indian goods to Africa. 5 Geo. 3. c. 30. vol. 26. 20 Geo. 3. c. 19. vol. 33. See *Silks*, 5 G. 3. c. 35.

No dividend after June 24, 1776, but by vote by ballot at a general court, on seven days notice; nor to increase the same beyond 10l. per cent. per ann. after May 8, 1767, till the next session of parliament; nor to ballot on any question to take place in less than eight hours after; and no ballot to begin later than twelve at noon, nor close before six in the afternoon. 7 Geo. 3. c. 49. vol. 27. 8 Geo. 3. c. 11. vol. 28.

The company to pay 400,000l. per ann. into the exchequer for two years for the territorial revenues. 7 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 27.

This payment after five years to be at the disposal of parliament, and the dividends may be increased to 12l. 10s. per cent. per ann. 9 Geo. 3. c. 24. to § 5. vol. 28.

The company to export British goods to the value of 380,837l. per ann. to give bond and specify goods on oath, and if more is exported in one year, the
Y 2 surplus

surplus to be put to the next year's account. Same act, § 7.

If they have cash at home to pay their simple contract debts, and equal to the public debt due to them; to lend the surplus to the public at 2l. per cent. per ann. and to give a state of their affairs and cash annually to the treasury on oath. Same act, § 8.

To forfeit to the company 100l. per cent. for illicit trade besides the duties, and the company's servants exporting warlike stores to be sold in India, or assisting therein, may be prosecuted in the King's Bench, and fined and imprisoned. 10 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 28.

A dividend the same as the last, and the chairman declaring the same, deemed notice, and no ballot in less than 24 hours after the question put and adjourned. Same act, § 3.

The company's servants guilty of crimes in India, may be tried in the King's Bench, and the facts alleged in Middlesex, and the defendant to give notice of the substance of his defence, and not to give other matter in evidence. Same act, § 4. 7.

28,365l. 15s. 8d. granted to the company by parliament, for charges incurred antecedent to the surrender of the island of Manilla. 11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.

Instead of the rate of indemnity by 7 G. 3. c. 57. the company are to pay annually to the crown, from 1768, 718,966l. 1s. od. 2-5ths, and before 5th of July, 1772, to pay into the exchequer 117,314l. 1s. 3d. 2-7ths. 12 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 29.

Buyers of Bohea tea at public sales to deposit 4l. per chest, according to 18 Geo. 2, c. 26. Same year, c. 44. § 2.

The treasury may grant licence to the company to export tea to America, provided they have ten millions of pounds in their warehouses at the time. Same act § 3.

The company not to build more ships (except those building) till the tonnage is reduced to 45,000 tons, builders measure, on penalty of 5000l. nor to hire ships built since March 18, 1772, on the like penalty; but may build

ships in India or British America. 12 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 29.

After Dec. 7, 1772, for six months, the company not to grant commissions with extraordinary powers to transact their affairs in India, unless allowed by act of parliament. 13. G. 3. c. 9. vol. 30.

Instead of 24 directors as now elected annually, to be six for one year, six for two years, six for three years, and six for four years, and so annually, on the second Wednesday in April, six to be elected, to continue each four years. Same year, c. 63. § 1.

None in the company's service abroad to be directors till resident in England two years. Same act, § 2.

All collusive transfers in trust to make votes absolute, and securities to transfer void, and the person transferring to forfeit 1000l. and after October 1, 1773, no vote unless possessed of 1000l. stock 12 months before the election; 3000l. to have two votes, 6000l. to have three votes, and 10,000l. to have four votes; to vote on oath, and liable to perjury. Same act, § 3, to 6.

A governor-general and four counsellors instituted for the civil and military government of Bengal, Bahar, and Orissa; and if they differ in opinion, the majority to decide; if equal, the governor, or (if no governor) the eldest counsellor to have the casting-vote; and they to controul the presidencies of Madras, Bombay, and Bencoolen, as to war and peace (except on imminent necessity) who are to obey their orders, and they to be subordinate to the court of directors, who are to transmit copies of their advices relating to civil or military affairs to the secretary of state. Same act, § 7, 8.

The king by charter may appoint a supreme court of judicature at Fort William, in Bengal, to consist of a chief justice, and three other judges, with jurisdiction over the provinces of Bengal, Bahar, and Orissa; to determine complaints against the King's subjects for crimes, &c. and actions against any employed by the company; but not to try indictments against the governor

vernor or council for offences not treason or felony. Same act, to § 15.

May determine suits on contracts against the inhabitants for above 500 current rupees, where such inhabitant hath agreed the same should be determined in the said court; and such suits may be brought in the first instance, or by appeal from other courts. Same act, § 16.

The governor, council, chief, and other judges not to be arrested, and all persons may appeal to the King in council, on security given. Same act, § 17, 18.

The charter of G. 2. establishing the mayor's court of Calcutta (if a new charter granted pursuant to this act) to cease, and the records to be transferred to the new court. Same act, § 19, 20.

The governor to have 25000l. per annum salary, each of the council 10,000l. chief justice 8000l. and each judge 6000l. to be paid out of the revenues of the said provinces, and not to have perquisites or presents, or to trade (except on the company's account.) Same act, § 21, 23.

No civil or military officer under the crown or company to accept of any gratuity, &c. from any prince or native, on forfeiture of double value, and liable on conviction to be sent to England, unless they give security to quit the country in twelve months; but counsellors at law, physicians, and chaplains, may take fees in their profession; and the company may recover the value of such presents, &c. as received to their use (waiving the penalty.) Same act, § 24, 25, 26.

No collector of the revenues or other officer of justice, &c. to trade in salt, beetle-nut, tobacco, or rice, (except on account of the company) on forfeiture thereof with-treble the value, but may sell stock in hand, declared on oath, for nine months, and trade in Fort William and town of Calcutta. Same act, § 27, 28, 29.

Interest of money limited to 12 per cent. per ann. on penalty of treble value, one moiety to the company, the

other to the prosecutor; and the informer compounding liable to fine and imprisonment. Same act, § 30, 31.

Persons dismissed or resigning the company's service, not to trade, but only to dispose of their stock in hand, and the company's servants convicted of breaches of trust may be fined and imprisoned, and sent to England. Same act, § 32, 33.

Offences to be tried in the supreme court by a jury of British subjects, resident at Calcutta; and the company may compound or discharge the sentences of the said court, or restore servants dismissed, by the consent of three-fourths of the directors and proprietors at a court by ballot, on 14 days notice. Same act, § 34, 35.

The governor and council may make regulations as to civil government (not repugnant to the laws of the realm) but not to be in force till registered in the supreme court, and subject to appeal to the King in council; and copies to be fixed up in the India house, and sent to the secretary of state, and if not disapproved by the King in two years, good, and the governor and council may act as justices of the peace, and hold quarter sessions. Same act, § 36, 37, 38.

The governor-general, president, governor, or council of any settlement, or the chief or other judges, may be tried in the King's Bench, for offences committed in India, and upon indictment there, upon mandamus, the supreme court may examine witnesses on oath, according to their religion, taken in writing, and returned to be good evidence, and the parties to have copies of depositions; and in case of proceeding in parliament, the lord chancellor or speaker of the commons, to send their warrant to India to examine witnesses, &c. in like manner, to be good evidence, and no proceedings to be discontinued by prorogation of parliament. On suits by the company in law or equity, such mandamus may be granted to examine witnesses, but not in capital cases (except in parliament.) Same act, § 39 to 45.

Privileges of the company not varied, to remain. Same act, § 46.

For payment of the company's debts due to the public, the treasury to issue exchequer bills for 1,400,000*l.* which the bank is to advance, and on payment into the exchequer, the company indemnified against damages incurred under 7 *Geo.* 3. c. 57. and 9. *Geo.* 3. c. 24. and thereout to be paid first all due from the company for customs, then 117,314*l.* 1*s.* 3*d.* 2-7*ths* and 84,842*l.* 8*s.* 7*d.* 2-5*ths* for deficiency of duty on tea, and then 600,000*l.* to the bank, and the remainder towards discharging 369,398*l.* 18*s.* 2*d.* due from the company pursuant to 9 *G.* 3. c. 24. 13 *G.* 3. c. 64. vol. 30.

Till the said 1,400,000*l.* is repaid, and the company's bond debt reduced to 1,500,000*l.* no dividend to exceed 6*l.* per cent. and after repayment, till the bonds are reduced as above, not to exceed 7*l.* per cent. and the surplus of their clear revenue to go in discharge of the said debt. Same act, to § 14.

Statements of their accounts to be delivered half-yearly to the treasury; and the company not to accept of bills for more than 300,000*l.* without the consent of the treasury, and to export the same quantity of goods as before mentioned. Same act, § 15 to 18. 19 *G.* 3. c. 61. vol. 32.—20 *G.* 3. c. 56. § 3, 4. vol. 33.

Paper painted, &c. in India imported by the company, not to be charged with the additional duty granted by this act. 23 *G.* 3. c. 67. vol. 30.

Time allowed for the company to sell singlo and bohea tea in hand, and for drawback on exportation to Ireland or America, but to keep the English market supplied, or the treasury may licence others to import tea. 14 *G.* 3. c. 34. vol. 30.

Indian corn and maize allowed to be imported, on a duty of one penny per quarter. 15 *G.* 3. c. 1. vol. 31.

The company to export British goods to the amount of 380,837*l.* annually to their settlements in India, for three years, exclusive of military and naval stores, and to give an account thereof

to the treasury; and if more goods are exported in one year, to be allowed in the succeeding year's account. Same year, c. 44.

Further time allowed for drawbacks on muslins and calicoes, and for selling tea and coffee as before. 16 *G.* 3. c. 51. vol. 31. 19 *G.* 3. c. 4. vol. 32.

To prevent the clandestine unshipping goods, or receiving them at sea on board East India ships. 17 *G.* 3. c. 41. vol. 31.

East India prize goods carried to Ireland, to pay the same custom duty as if bought at company's sales. 19 *G.* 3. c. 5. § 4. vol. 32.

Sales by the East India Company, not subject to the auction duties; Same year, c. 56.

The territorial acquisitions in India to remain to the company till April 5, 1781, and no dividend above 8*l.* per cent. in the mean time, and the governor and council of Fort William continued, unless removed by the King on the representation of the directors; and the rights of the crown or company not affected after the expiration of this act. 19 *Geo.* 3. c. 61. vol. 32. 20 *Geo.* 3. c. 56. § 1, 2. 21 *Geo.* 3. c. 65. § 36. vol. 33.

Act 5 *G.* 3. c. 29. relating to the trade to the East Indies, continued till 25 *Mar.* 1800. 20 *G.* 3. c. 19. § 1. vol. 33.

The company indemnified for what they paid for building three ships for the public. Same year, c. 56. § 7.

Seven years allowed for exporting the coffee brought by the ship *Europa*. 20 *G.* 3. c. 59. vol. 33.

The sale of and duties to be paid on East India prize goods, condemned at London, regulated. 21 *G.* 3. c. 5. v. 33.

The allowance to the company for charges of sale and prompt payment by 2 & 3 *Q. A.* c. 9. of the duties on unrated goods sold at the company's sales, to be paid in three months after; but on failure thereof within the time limited, no discount or allowance to be made. Same year, c. 16.

The company to pay 400,000*l.* by instalments, and the proviso in 17 *G.* 3. c. 17.

c. 17. § 13, 14. vol. 18. repealed, and the exclusive right of the company to trade continued, and other persons trading in India subject to the penalties in 7 G. 1. c. 21. Same year, c. 65, § 1, 2, 3.

The company to enjoy all privileges, &c. by charter, not altered by this act. Same act, § 4.

On three years notice, after the first of March, 1791, and repayment of the capital, the exclusive trade to cease, but the corporation to continue, &c. Same act, § 5, 6.

The territorial acquisitions to remain to the company, and they to retain annually 8l. per cent. on their stock, and if any surplus, three-fourths to the public to be paid into the exchequer, and one-fourth to the company to be paid on the first of May yearly. Same act, § 9, 10, 11, 38.

The company may increase their dividends to 12l. 10s. per cent. at 1l. per cent. per ann. and to give an account to the treasury yearly of their effects and debts; and to pay the King two lacks of rupees per ann. for each regiment of 1000 men sent to India, and during the war to victual the ships of war sent there, and the treasury to pay one fourth part; but if the company cannot divide 8l. per cent. per ann. the public to pay more, and after peace the company to find victualling, and to send naval stores to India as desired by the navy board, and the treasury to pay for the same though taken or lost. Same act, § 21.

The company to repair the men of war in India, and during war to be paid by the treasury, but in peace at their own expence. Same act, § 22, 23.

No bills of exchange to be drawn in India for more than 300,000l. (exclusive of 800,000l. to commanders) in a year, and no bills issued in India to be paid here without the consent of eighteen directors. Same act, § 27.

British subjects in India to reside within ten miles of some principal settlement, and not to lend money to any foreign company; and any person send-

ing India goods to Europe (except the company) to forfeit double the value; and suits by the company against private traders not to be stopped or penalties or damages mitigated. Same act, § 31.

Regulations as to recruits and deserters; and the company's ships to be deemed British. Same act, § 33.

Copies of all letters, &c. by the company touching their revenues to be given to the treasury, and those to their civil and military affairs to the secretary of state, 14 days before the same are sent. Same act, § 34.

In case of death or resignation, &c. of governor or council of Fort William, the directors by the King's consent to appoint, &c. but the governor not to have any salary till he takes the office; and the commander in chief there, if in council, to rank as second; but not to be governor without special appointment. Same act, § 36, 37.

The said governor and council not to be subject to the supreme court; and persons acting by their order justified (except British subjects); and the said governor, &c. subject to courts in Great Britain. Same year, c. 70. § 1 to 4.

Complainants against the governor and council, to give bond to prosecute in Great Britain, and may have orders, &c. complained of, produced, and authentic copies may be given in evidence; but the prosecution to be in five years. Same act, § 5, 6.

Supreme court not to have jurisdiction as to the revenue, or land-owners or farmers, or the company's British servants, except for trespasses or in civil suits, submitted to their decision. Same act, § 8, 9, 10.

The names of all the natives in the company's service in any judicial office to be entered in a book, and on death or removal, the like entry of successor. Same act, § 11, 12.

British subjects to enter in the provincial office the names of their native agents, &c. to be transmitted to Calcutta, for a fee of one sicca rupee; and employing agents not registered, penalties by the company's servants 500l. and

and by others 100l. and no native intitled to his salary till registered, and British subjects trading with native partners, not registered, to forfeit his share of the profits, which may be sued for by any other British subject. Same act, § 13 to 16.

Supreme court to determine actions at Calcutta between Mahometans and Gentoos, preserving the authority of fathers and masters of families, and may form process, &c. with the King's approbation. Same act, § 17, 18, 19.

The governor and council to determine pleas and appeals, and to be final, except on appeal to his Majesty; in civil suits of 5000l. value, the governor and council may make regulations for the provincial courts. Same act, § 21, 22, 23.

Judicial officers in the country courts not amenable to the supreme court, and no information against them without notice, nor liable to arrest till default of appearance; and certain natives imprisoned, discharged on security, and may appeal to the King. Same act, § 24 to 27.

The governor and council indemnified in resisting the supreme court. Same act, § 28.

So much of acts 20 G. 3. c. 9. and 21 G. 3. c. 5. as relates to East India prize-goods, extended to tea and china, and condemned as prize goods. 22 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.

The company indemnified from damages, interest, and loss for non-payment of certain sums due to the public, and further time allowed, and the company allowed to continue the dividend of 8l. per cent. for the present year. Same year, c. 51.

See *Rumbold (Sir Thomas) and Peter Perring*. Same year, c. 54.

Further time allowed for payment of 396,466l. 2s. 6d. due for customs, and 100,000l. due first of Dec. 1781, and 42,105l. 10s. due 21st of March, 1783, and what should become due to the public 1st of October, 1783, and to enable the company to borrow 500,000l. and to make a dividend of 4 per cent. at Midsummer, 1783. 23 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 34.

Further time allowed for payment of 644,743l. 17s. 2d. and 100,000l. and other sums due to the public; and 300,000l. advanced to the company at 4l. 15s. per ann. interest to be raised by loans, or exchequer bills; and the company enabled to make a dividend of 4 per cent. at Christmas, 1783, and the future payment of drawback debentures on East India goods regulated. Same year, c. 83.

This act continued till the 1st of May, 1784, and the company may make a dividend of 4 per cent. at Midsummer, 1784. 24 G. 3. Sess. 1. c. 2. v. 34.

For better regulating and managing the company's affairs and possessions in India, and establishing a court of judicature, for trial of persons accused of offences committed in India. Same year, c. 25.

The King empowered to appoint six privy counsellors to be commissioners of affairs in India, three of whom to be a board, the secretary of state, or chancellor of the exchequer, or the senior member to preside, and the government and revenues of the British territorial possessions in India, to be subject to their controul. Same year, § 6.

The company's servants in two months after their return to Great Britain, to deliver in upon oath before the barons of the exchequer, duplicates of an inventory of their estates, one to be delivered to the King's remembrancer, and kept as a public record, and the other to the chairman of the directors, for the inspection of the proprietors. Same act, § 55.

So much of this act as relates to inventories, repealed. 26 G. 3. c. 57. § 31. vol. 35.

The method of proceeding against British subjects, guilty of misdemeanors in the East Indies directed. 24 G. 3. c. 25. § 64.

Prosecutions on this act to be within three years after the return of the party accused, and the act to commence immediately in Great Britain, and 1st of January, 1785, in India. Same act, § 82.

Further

Further time allowed for payment of 923,519l. 5s. 2d. and of 100,000l. due to the public, and for acceptance (by consent of the treasury) of bills for 1,690,000l. drawn by different prefidencies on the company, and for regulating future dividends of 8 per cent. to be made by the company. Same year, c. 34.

The company immediately to put up to sale five millions pounds weight of tea, and before the 31st of Dec. 1784, 2,500lb. pounds more, and afterwards to make four sales every year, to supply the demand, to be sold by a penny advance, at the following rates, viz.

	s.	d.
Bohea tea, at per pound	1	7
Congo tea —	2	5
Songong and Singlo	3	3
Hyson —	4	11½

And for the future, tea to be put up at prime cost, including freight and charges of importation, interest and insurance, and the company to keep a stock equal to one year's consumption. Same year, c. 38. vol. 34.

See *Tea*. Same act, § 1, 2, 3. 25 G. 3. c. 74.

920l. 9s. granted by parliament to George White, clerk of the House of Commons, for expences attending committees, and inquiring into the causes of the Carnatic war, &c. Same year, c. 44.

1,779l. 13s. to Mr. Evatt, for attending select committees for four sessions, in regard to the state of administration of justice in the provinces of Bengal, Bahar, and Orissa, and 116l. 1s. 6d. to Mr. White, jun. for the like attending select committees, on reports of the directors of the company. Same act.

The last act for managing the company's affairs explained and amended, and many regulations made in regard to the appointment, and services of the officers and servants in India. 26 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 35.

The king's approbation of the appointments of the governor-general of

Fort William in Bengal, by the directors, not necessary. Same year, c. 25.

The trial of persons accused of offences committed in the East Indies regulated. Same year, c. 57.

From 1st of Jan. 1787, offences against the laws for securing the East India trade, and causes of seizure to be tried in India, and those whose licences are expired to be subject to the same penalties as unlicensed persons. Same act, § 32.

The governors of Bengal, Fort St. George, and Bombay, to have power to seize unlicensed persons and ships; and persons not having notice to remove, may continue in India till 1st of Jan. 1787; and governors, &c. may grant licences for two years from that time. Same act, § 35.

Bonds executed in India may be given in evidence in Great Britain. Same act, § 38.

No goods the produce of any country beyond the Cape of Good Hope to be brought to London, Westminster, &c. without certificate of the duties being paid, and proof of the place of production to lie on the claimer; but this not to extend to goods brought in open trade, or belonging to private persons, or used as domestic furniture. Same year, c. 40. § 24.

The company enabled to raise 36,226l. 16s. by sale of annuities, and by adding 800,000l. to their capital stock. Same year, c. 62.

Goods imported from places within the company's charter, and not specified in the schedule (A) to this act, to be subject to the duties in table (B); to be paid by the company to the receiver general of the customs. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 24. vol. 36.

The company may continue their warehouses already built, or build new ones, though above 35 squares each, and not be subject to the penalties in the building act of 14 G. 3. c. 78. Same year, c. 48.

The board of controul established by 24 G. 3. c. 25. empowered to direct all expences of 8045 men sent to India, in addition

addition to the forces already there, to be defrayed out of the revenues of the company's territories. 28 G. 3. c. 8. § 1. vol. 36.

But not to increase salaries beyond those already fixed by orders from home, sent to the East Indies, nor to direct gratuities, unless proposed by the directors in their dispatches sent to India. Same act, § 3.

The directors to lay before each house of parliament, an annual account of the produce of the revenue of each presidency and settlement, and the amount of the bond and other debts, and with the interest due for the same. Same act, § 5.

The company may borrow 1,200,000l. on bonds, besides what they owe on bonds already issued. Same year, c. 29.

The company with approbation of the treasury, may raise 1,000,000l. for further encreasing their capital, to be subscribed at the rate of 170l. per cent. and to make the same dividend thereon as the present. 29 Geo. 3. c. 65. vol. 36.

Preference to be given to the present proprietors who shall subscribe by 1st of September, 1789; and if the subscription do exceed the sum-proposed, deductions to be made from each subscription; and if short of such sum, the deficiency may be disposed of to others, and the directors may contract with one or more persons for the whole. Same act, § 3, 4.

Receipts to be transferrable; but if the subscribers fail in payment, their stock may be sold to others, and their deposit forfeited. Same act, § 6.

See *Tin*. 30 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 37.

Commissioners for the affairs of India may order the expences of transporting an additional number of the king's forces, not exceeding 2,682 men sent to India, out of the revenues of the company. 31 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 37.

The East India Company may sell or mortgage the annuity fund of 36,226l. 16s. mentioned in act 26 G. 3. c. 62. Same year, c. 11.

Order of the council of Fort Wil-

liam, in Bengal, of November, 1790, investing the governor-general of the presidency of Fort William, with full power to carry on the war against Tippoo Sultan, or to make peace with him, confirmed. Same year, c. 40.

Earl Cornwallis, while he continues governor-general, and resides in India, may in his own name conclude treaties with any of the powers there, and issue orders to the governors and councils of Fort St. George and Bombay, and to the servants of the United Company, without previously communicating them to the said governors and councils. Same act, § 2.

The powers given by this act to Earl Cornwallis, to continue until three months after the end of the war, or his leaving India, and to devolve upon his successor; and the said powers may be revoked by the court of directors, with the approbation of the commissioners, for the affairs of India. Same act, § 4.

Indico.

See *Plantations*. Act 10 G. 3. c. 37. continued. 12 G. 3. c. 56. § 6. v. 29.

Infirmaries.

See *London*. 18 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 32.

Informations and Informers.

Informations limited. See *Actions*.

See *Turnips*. 13 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 30.

See *Medicines*. 25 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 35.

Informers against officers for not seizing stills in Scotland, to have 1s. 6d. per gallon of the contents as a reward. 26 G. 3. c. 71. § 7. vol. 35.

Informations and actions on the servants act for penalties, to be in the name of the attorney-general, or of some officer of the customs or excise, or to be void, and the attorney-general may enter a *noli prosequi* for fines, and as well in regard to the officers share as the king's. Same year, c. 77.

See *Quo Warranto*. 32 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 37.

Inhabitants.

See *Tea*. 17 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 31.

See *Parliament*. 26 G. 3. c. 106. v. 35. Inha-

Inhabitants may be witnesses to prove any offence, though the place may be benefitted by the conviction, unless the penalty exceeds 20l. 27 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 36.

See *Sandwich Paving Act*. Same year, c. 67. § 62. and other acts for the like purpose.

Innkeepers

Not to keep more than one inn, and for letting post horses for each licence, and to put up the words "*Licensed to Lett Post Horses*," and to have their names on a conspicuous part of the carriage, and also those that let carriages by the day are to do the like. 25 G. 3. c. 51. § 9. vol. 35.

Innkeepers bound to go only to the next market town to pay the duty on post horses. 27 G. 3. c. 26. § 14. vol. 36.

Inns of Court

May be assessed to pavements in London. 11 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 30.

Insolvent Debtors.

So much of the act 1 G. 3. c. 17. as relates to creditors compelling prisoners charged in execution to deliver up their estates, and to be thereupon discharged, repealed. 2 G. 3. c. 2. § 1. vol. 25.

But not to extend to pardon, indemnify, or discharge any persons guilty of offences against 1 G. 3. c. 17. before 19th of Nov. 1761; but offenders subject to penalties. Same act, § 2.

Insolvent Debtors relieved by 5 G. 3. c. 41. 9 G. 3. c. 26. 12 G. 3. c. 23. 14 G. 3. c. 77. 16 G. 3. c. 38. 18 G. 3. c. 52. 21 G. 3. c. 63. & 26 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 35. None of these acts to extend to Scotland, or to debts due to the crown, or to persons discharged by former acts within ten years, except they enter the king's service by sea or land.

Attornies receiving money for their clients, or servants, &c. embezzling their master's money, or persons obtaining goods, &c. by false pretences, or fraudulently removing goods within

six years, liable to rent; or any person having sold or assigned any part of his estate or effects after being in custody, to defraud his creditors, to lose the benefit of this act. 21 G. 3. c. 63. § 36. vol. 33.

No person surrendered in discharge of bail, in pursuance of 20 G. 3. c. 64. or of 21 G. 3. c. 1. to be deemed in actual custody. Same act, § 65.

The relief granted to debtors not exceeding 100l. by 32 G. 2. c. 28. extended to all for not above 200l. and creditors for less than 200l. may compel their debtors to deliver up effects, &c. on the same terms as by 9 & 10 W. 3. c. 15. for debts only. 26 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 35.

Debtors neglecting to take the benefit of the said act within the limited time, and having been in prison a year, and it shall appear to the court that such neglect arose from ignorance or mistake, may have the benefit thereof. Act to continue five years. Same act, § 5.

Inspectors.

See *Slaughtering Horses*. 26 G. 3. c. 71. § 6. vol. 35.

See *Corn and Grain*. 29 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 36.

Insurances.

The stamp duties by 12 Q. A. st. 2. c. 29. § 21. and 30 G. 2. c. 19. § 1. declared to extend to policies of insurance. 5 G. 3. c. 35. § 10. v. 26.

See 7 G. 3. c. 44. and 8 G. 3. c. 25.

Policy of insurance not to secure the property of more than one person in a ship or cargo to a greater amount than 100l. unless the same have a 5s. stamp thereon. 5 G. 3. c. 46. § 3. vol. 26.

Persons interested in houses burnt or damaged by fire, where there are grounds of suspicion that the same hath been done wilfully or by fraud, may apply to the directors, who may cause the insurance-money to be laid out in repairs; and unless the claimer in sixty days after adjustment give security to lay out the same, or have settled all disputes amongst the parties concerning

ing the same. 12 G. 3. c. 73. § 34. v. 29. 14 G. 3. c. 78. § 83. v. 30.

Insurances on lives or other event, where the insurer hath no interest, void; and persons names interested to be inserted in the policy, and not more than the value of such interest to be recovered; but this not to prevent the insurance of ships *bona fide*. 14 G. 3. c. 48. v. 30.

Watermen employed by insurance-offices, not to be impressed. Same year, c. 78. § 82.

Goods sold by insurers, not subject to auction-duty. 19 G. 3. c. 56. § 12. v. 32.

An annual duty of 1s. 6d. per cent. laid on all insurances from fire. 22 G. 3. c. 48. v. 34.

No insurance to be made on ships or goods, without inserting the names of the persons interested, or their agents, or otherwise to be void. 25 G. 3. c. 44. v. 35.

Owners of ships in whale fisheries may insure the bounty; and in case of loss of ships, may recover. 26 G. 3. c. 41. § 13. v. 35.

The duty of 1s. 6d. per cent. by 22 G. 3. c. 48. to cease the 5th of July, 1786, on insurances of foreign property from fire. Same year, c. 82. § 9.

When insurance made on lottery tickets, such ticket is to be deposited for the remaining time of drawing, with the receiver-general of the stamps or his deputy, and may be assigned with the insurance without stamps. 27 G. 3. c. 1. § 5. v. 36.

Persons not duly licenced making insurance, liable to the same penalties as for keeping an unlicenced lottery office. Same act, § 7.

Persons insuring the conveyance of sheep, wool, &c. to foreign parts, liable to the same penalties as exporters, and the policy void. 28 G. 3. c. 38. § 45. v. 36.

No insurance to be made of slave-ships, save against perils of the sea, piracy, insurrection, or capture by the king's enemies, barratry of the master

and crew, and destruction by fire. Same year, c. 54.

Act 25 G. 3. c. 44. for regulating insurances of goods, &c. repealed, and no policy to be made on any ship or goods, without inserting the names of the persons interested, or of the consignor or consignee, or of the person residing in Great Britain, who shall receive or give the order for such policy; which if contrary, void. 28 G. 3. c. 56. v. 36.

Interest of Money.

See *Mortgages of Lands in Ireland, or the Colonies*. 13 G. 3. c. 14. 14 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 30.

See *Pawnbrokers*. 24 G. 3. c. 42. § 2. v. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 37. v. 36.

Inventions.

See *Irving, Charles*. 12 G. 3. c. 70. v. 29.

See *Hartley, David (Fire.)* 14 G. 3. c. 85. v. 30. 17 G. 3. c. 6. v. 31.

See *Liardet, John*. 16 G. 3. c. 29. v. 31.

See *Bancroft, (Dr.) Colours*. 25 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 35.

See *Turkey, Red*. 26 G. 3. c. 61. v. 35.

Inventories.

See *Stamps*. 23 G. 3. c. 58. v. 34.

Inverness, Scotland.

For building a new court-house and gaol in and for the town of Inverness, and for appropriating 1000l. out of the surplus from the forfeited estates in North Britain towards the same. 28 G. 3. c. 69. v. 36.

John (St.) Island, America.

1,900l. granted for the civil government thereof to the 1st of Jan. 1790—29 G. 3. c. 61. v. 36.

1,840l. for the same purpose to the 1st of Jan. 1791. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 23. v. 37.

1,840l. for the same purpose to the 1st of January, 1792. 31 G. 3. c. 41. v. 37.

2,020l. for the same purpose to the 1st

1st of January, 1793. 32 G. 3. c. 35.
v. 37.

Journals.

6,400l. granted by parliament to Mr. Moore, for his trouble in compiling a general index to the Journals of the House of Commons, in which he was employed 13 years; 3,000l. more to Mr. Foster for his trouble, and 3,000l. more to the Rev. Mr. Flexman for the like, and 500l. more to Mr. Cunningham. 18 G. 3. c. 54. v. 32.

3,000l. more granted to be paid to Mr. Cunningham, for compiling an index to the Journals of the House of Commons, from the year 1547 to 1660. 25 G. 3. c. 60. v. 35.

Journeyman.

See *Dyers*. 17 G. 3. c. 33. v. 31.

See *Manufactures*. Same year, c. 56.

Ipſwich, Suffolk.

See *Rivers Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 57. v. 37.

Ireland.

Salted beef, pork, bacon, and butter, may be imported from, for one year, on payment of the following salt duties, viz.

	s.	d.
For beef or pork, per barrel	3	4
For dried beef tongues, &c.		
per hundred weight	1	3
For salt butter, per hundred weight	0	4

And no drawback on exportation. 5 G. 3. c. 1. v. 26.

This act continued by 14 G. 3. c. 9. and extended to potatoes and pulle, which may be imported duty free. 15 G. 3. c. 7. v. 31.

The last act made perpetual. 16 G. 3. c. 8. v. 31.

The importation of all cattle from Ireland, duty free for seven years, continued. 5 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 26.—12 G. 3. c. 56. v. 29.—16 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 31.

Rates of postage of letters in Great Britain and Ireland altered, viz.

	s.	d.
For one stage single letter	0	1
double	0	2
treble	0	3
per ounce	0	4

For two stages twice as much. 5 G. 3. c. 25. § 5.

A drawback of 1s. per pound on raw filk, and the whole additional 6d. per pound on thrown filk exported to Ireland, but not to be re-exported, on forfeiture of the ship, &c. 5 G. 3. c. 29. v. 26.

Spirits of any kind (except two gallons to each seaman for the ship's use) entered for exportation from Ireland to any port not in that kingdom, in vessels under one hundred tons, the ship, &c. forfeited. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 30. v. 26.

Gum senega, and gum arabic may be exported to Ireland, not more than 30 tons in one year. 6 G. 3. c. 46. § 5, 6. vol. 27.

Non-enumerated goods from America may be landed in Ireland. 7 G. 3. c. 2. v. 27.

Army augmented to 15,235 men upon the establishment in Ireland. 8 G. 3. c. 13. v. 28.

The free importation of raw hides from Ireland allowed. 9 G. 3. c. 39. § 1. v. 28. Continued by 21 G. 3. c. 29. v. 33.—27 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 36.

No part of the old subsidy drawn back on sugars from the colonies exported to Ireland. 12 G. 3. c. 6. § 6. vol. 29.

Goods prohibited to be imported from Ireland, not to be exported from thence to Great Britain, or if entered for foreign ports, not to be landed in Great Britain, on forfeiture of the drawback, and treble the value with the ship, &c. 12 G. 3. c. 55. § 1, 2. vol. 29.

Rum, &c. of the colonies, not to be imported to Ireland in ships under 70 tons, nor foreign spirits in ships under 100 tons (except two gallons for each seaman) on forfeiture with the ship, &c. and may be seized and condemned in Ireland. Same act, § 5.

For

For offences against lottery act committed in Ireland, the penalties may be sued for there. 12 G. 3. c. 63. § 21. vol. 29.

Rape and other feeds producing oil, may be imported from Ireland at 1s. per last, and rape-cakes for manure, duty free. 15 G. 3. c. 34. v. 31. 27 G. 3. c. 13. v. 36.

2, 1451. granted by parliament to Mr. Mackenzie, for engraving the charts of Ireland. 15 G. 3. c. 42. v. 31.

Clothing and accoutrements for the forces abroad in Irish pay, may be exported from Ireland directly, and an additional bounty of 5s. per hogsheaf for flax-seed imported into Ireland. Same year, c. 45.

The like on flax-seed, the growth of the United Provinces, or the Austrian Netherlands, imported to Ireland. 16 G. 3. c. 41. 18 G. 3. c. 43. v. 32.

The time enlarged for drawbacks on exporting tea and coffee to Ireland. 16 G. 3. c. 51. § 2. vol. 31.—19 G. 3. c. 4. § 2. v. 32.

All goods the manufacture or produce of Ireland (except wool and woollen and cotton goods, hats, glass, hops, gunpowder, and coals) may be exported to the colonies in America or Africa in ships which may lawfully trade there, as well as British goods, which have been exported to Ireland (except woollen manufactures and glass) and likewise all foreign certificate goods, but not foreign linens, bar iron, or iron wares, until certain duties are laid on iron by the Irish parliament; but if a bounty be granted there on the exportation of iron, this liberty to cease. 18 G. 3. c. 55. to § 5. v. 32.

No cotton manufactures to be exported from Ireland to America without certificate, on forfeiture of the goods; and the liberty of exporting Irish manufactures not to take place till the duties are laid thereon equal to those in Great Britain. Same act, § 6, 7.

The bounties by 15 G. 3. c. 31. and 16 G. 3. c. 47. (see *Fishery*) to be paid for ships belonging to Great Britain or Ireland, and ships built in Ireland be-

longing to the king's subjects deemed British built. Same act, § 8, 9.

Cotton yarn manufactured in Ireland may be imported into Great Britain duty free, on certificate, &c. Same year, c. 56.

See *Ships*. 18 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 32.

So much of 1 Q. A. st. 1. c. 32. and st. 2. c. 21. as disables papists from purchasing, or holding forfeited estates in Ireland, repealed. 18 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 32.

Prize goods brought into Ireland to pay the same customs as other goods imported thither; and East India prize goods to pay as if bought at the company's sales. 19 G. 3. c. 5. v. 32.

The bounties on the exportation of Irish linens to be allowed to the Irish the same as to the Americans, by 29 G. 2. c. 15. 19 G. 3. c. 27. v. 32.

Acts 12 & 15 Car. 2. and all acts prohibiting planting, &c. tobacco in Ireland, repealed, and Irish tobacco to be exported to Great Britain only, on security, on penalty of 200l. one half to the king, and the other to the prosecutor, but not in casks, &c. less than 450 pounds weight each, and liable to the same duties and drawbacks as from America. Same year, c. 35.

Premiums on the importation of Irish hemp, from June 24, 1779, viz.

	l.	s.	d.
The first 7 years, per ton	8	0	0
The second 7 years	6	0	0
The third 7 years	4	0	0

If exported again, the premium to be repaid besides the duties; and importing foreign hemp for Irish, penalty 100l. and forfeiture of the ship, &c. 19 G. 3. c. 37. v. 32.

So much of 10 & 11 W. 3. c. 10. and all acts restraining the exportation of cloth, serges, bays, kerseys, fays, druggets, cloth-serges, shalloons, or other woollen drapery goods from Ireland abroad, repealed; and so much of 19 G. 2. c. 12. as extends to the exportation of glass of any kind from Ireland, repealed. 20 G. 3. c. 6. v. 32.

Any

Any goods which may be imported from British America, or settlements in Africa to Great Britain, may be imported directly to Ireland, and exported from thence in the same manner, if the Irish parliament impose the same duties as paid in Great Britain. 20 G. 3. c. 10. v. 33.

So much of 22 & 23 Car. 2. c. 26. § 11. (see *Plantations*) as requires the word *Ireland* to be omitted in bonds for unloading plantation goods in England, repealed, and 4 G. 3. c. 15. (see *Plantations*) not to extend to goods imported from Ireland, if the clearance be from Great Britain or Ireland. Same act, § 3, 4.

If the duties or drawbacks be altered in Great Britain, this liberty to continue till four months after the Irish parliament sits; and this act is not to restrain the export to or import from America or Africa allowed to the Irish by any former act; but not to permit trading with the American colonies during the prohibition. Same act, § 5, 6, 7.

Act 19 H. 7. c. 5. and all other acts prohibiting the carrying corn to Ireland, and so much of 9 A. c. 12. as prohibits the exportation of hops thither, and 6 G. 1. c. 11. to take off the drawbacks on hops exported to Ireland, repealed. Same year, c. 18.

Goods from the Levant which may be imported to or exported from Great Britain by freemen of the Turkey company, may be so imported and exported to and from Ireland, and oaths as to admission of freemen may be administered by justices of the peace in Ireland. Same act, § 3, 4.

Act 6 G. 3. c. 5. as to the dependency of Ireland, repealed. 22 G. 3. c. 53. v. 34.

The exclusive rights of the parliament and courts of Ireland in matters of legislation and judicature, and the rights claimed by the people of Ireland, firmly established. 23 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 34.

No writ of error, or appeal from the courts of Ireland, to be received

in any court of Great Britain. Same act, § 2.

See *Post-Office*. 24 G. 3. § 1. c. 6. v. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 9. v. 36.

See *Bounties*. 26 G. 3. c. 40. § 19. v. 35.

Ships of Ireland qualified and registered there, to enjoy the same privileges as British built ships. Same year, c. 60.

See *Manufactures*. Same year, c. 89. § 2.

See *Ships*. 27 G. 3. c. 19. v. 36.

See *Rape Seed*. 30 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

See *Tea*. 32 G. 3. c. 9. v. 37.

See *Seamen*. Same year, c. 67.

Irish Linens.

See *Linens*. 31 G. 3. c. 43. v. 37.

Iron.

See *America*. 23 G. 2. c. 29. repealed. 5 G. 3. c. 45. v. 26.

So much of the duties on the importation of British American iron in foreign ships, as exceeds such duties if imported in British ships, not to be drawn back on the exportation, and pig and bar iron, masts, &c. not to be exported till offered to the commissioners of the navy, on forfeiture thereof. 9 G. 3. c. 35. § 2. v. 28.

See *Manufactures*. 15 G. 3. c. 14. v. 31.—26 G. 3. c. 89. v. 35.—28 G. 3. c. 23. v. 36.

Irving (Charles)

5,000l. granted by parliament to Charles Irving, for his discovery of a method to make sea-water fresh and wholesome. 12 G. 3. c. 70. v. 29.

Irwin (Lady Frances)

See *Gaols*. 27 G. 3. c. 58. v. 36.

Ifis (River.)

See *Canals Navigable*. 23 G. 3. c. 38. v. 34.

Islington.

See *Paving*. 12 G. 3. c. 17. v. 29.
For relief of poor, and for building a work-

a workhouse, &c. in Islington. 17 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 31.

Itching (River) Hampshire.

See *Rivers (Navigable.)* 16 & 17 Cha. 2. c. 12. v. 8.—7 G. 3. c. 87. v. 27.

Judges.

See *Wales.* 8 G. 3. c. 14. v. 28.—13 G. 3. c. 51. v. 30.

Out of the surplus stamp duties by 32 G. 2. c. 35.—2 G. 3. c. 36. & 5 G. 3. c. 35. 300l. per ann. to be paid to the chief justice of Chester, and 200l. to each second justice and other judges of Wales, to augment their salaries. 12 G. 3. c. 30. v. 29.

Welch Judges not to have power to exercise their offices by deputies (except for calling, or adjourning courts, proclaiming fines, and arraigning recoveries); but the king may by sign manual appoint others, instead of those who are sick, &c. 13 G. 3. c. 51. § 3. v. 30.

Out of surplus of the stamp duties, and the deduction of sixpence in the pound out of salaries, 400l. to be paid to the puisne judges of the King's Bench and Common Pleas, and barons of the exchequer each, and to the chief baron 500l. per ann. 19 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 32.

When the assizes are held in any city or town in England (being a county of itself) the judges lodgings to be deemed in the county at large, and also in such city or town. Same year, c. 74. § 70.

See *Servants.* 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 39. vol. 35.

See *Scotland.* 26 G. 3. c. 46. & c. 47. § 2.

An account of the judges salaries in Scotland paid, and the produce of the stamp duties under this act to be laid before the House of Commons annually. Same year, c. 48. § 12.

The judges salaries established by 12 G. 1. c. 2.—32 G. 2. c. 35.—2 G. 3. c. 36.—5 G. 3. c. 47. & 12 G. 3. c. 30. to be paid out of the consolidated fund, 27 G. 3. c. 13. c. 66. v. 36.

Judgments.

When judgment is obtained in an inferior court, and cannot be executed within the jurisdiction of such court, it may be removed into a superior court, and execution issue to the sheriff of any county. 19 G. 3. c. 70. § 4. vol. 32.

Justices of the Peace

Need not take the oaths more than once in each king's reign. 7 G. 3. c. 9. v. 27.

In cities, towns, &c. where only one justice of the quorum, two or more other qualified justices may act as of the quorum. Same year, c. 21.

See *Sessions.* 9. G. 3. c. 20. v. 28.

Justices to appoint proper ground for magazines for gunpowder, and their judgment to be final. 12 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 29.

Further time allowed to register the qualifications of justices. 13 G. 3. c. 76. v. 30.—28 G. 3. c. 22. v. 36.

Disputes about gold coin may be determined by a justice of the peace. 13 G. 3. c. 71. v. 30.

Complaints to justices on the hop act, limited to six months after the offence. 14 G. 3. c. 68. v. 30.

Warrants may be granted by justices to seize tools prohibited to be exported; and if no satisfactory account of the use thereof or security given, the offender refusing may be committed till the assizes or quarter sessions. Same year, c. 71. § 5.

When penalties are directed by any act, justices may administer oaths on levying the same, by distress or otherwise. 15. G. 3. c. 39. vol. 32.

See *Tea and Coffee.* 17. G. 3. c. 29.

See *Hats.* Same year, c. 55.

See *Manufactures.* Same year, c. 56.

Justices of peace may order costs to either party on complaint out of sessions, to be levied by distress; but where the penalty is 5l. or upwards, the costs to go out of such penalty. 18 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 32.

Justices not to take fees for business done under the pawnbrokers act.

24 G. 3. *sess.* 2 c. 42. §. 12. vol. 34.

The right of seizure of horses, boats, carriages, &c. removing customable goods, to be determined by two justices. Same year, c. 47, § 30.

See *Game*. 25 G. 3. c. 50. §. 25. vol. 34.

See *Houses of Correction*. 26 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 35.

Dealers in foreign wine not to act as justices of peace in matters respecting this act. Same year, c. 59.

Justices may commit suspected persons bringing horses to be slaughtered. Same year, c. 71. § 7.

Justices may order constables to give an account of marines to be quartered. 27 G. 3. c. 3. § 43. v. 36.

Justices may commit vagrants, &c. for small offences, either to the common gaol or to the house of correction. Same year, c. 11.

Disputes about pawning goods to be settled by justices of the peace. Same year, c. 37. § 17. repealed by 28 G. 3. c. 50.

Justices and their clerks not to have fees for acting under the pawnbrokers act. 27 G. 3. c. 37. § 25. v. 36.

See *Indemnity*. Same year, c. 40.

Enabled to act as such in certain cases out of the limits of the counties in which they actually are. 28 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 36.

Justices acting for two or more adjoining counties, and residing in one of them, may act in all matters relating to such counties, and constables to obey them; but the warrants, in the first instance, to be directed to the constables of the county they more particularly relate to. Same act, § 2.

Offenders may be conveyed to any justice acting for the same county, resident in an adjoining county. Same act, § 3.

Justices acting for counties at large, may act as such in any adjoining city or precinct, being a county of itself, and within such county; but not to act in matters arising within such city, &c. Same act, § 4.

See *Theatres*. 28 G. 3. c. 30. v. 36.

The king may cause seven public offices in or near the metropolis in Middlesex and Surrey to be established, and appoint three justices at each, who are to attend from ten in the morning until eight in the evening. 32 G. 3. c. 53. v. 37.

After the establishment of the offices, no fees to be taken except at them by a justice for Middlesex, &c. on penalty of 100l. but not to extend to fees for licensing alehouses by 26 G. 2. c. 31. or the Public-Office in Bow-street. Same act, § 1.

Accounts of fees, &c. taken at the seven offices to be delivered monthly to the receiver, and the amount paid to him, and all penalties (except to informers or parties aggrieved) recovered at the public-offices to be paid to the receiver; but if not duly accounted for, he may sue for the same in any court of record at Westminster, and the receiver for the time being may sue for money in the hands of deceased receivers, and recover from executors, &c. Same act, § 4.

Justices to have a salary of 400l. a year each; and the whole annual expence of each office not to exceed 2,000l. and a receiver to be appointed by his majesty, who is to pay all penalties and forfeitures into the receipt of the exchequer, and apply the residue of fees for the expences, &c. of the offices, and the receiver to render accounts to the treasury twice a year, and to have 5l. per cent. on all money received; and if the money to be applied in discharge of salaries and expences of the seven offices should be insufficient, the deficiency to be supplied out of *The Consolidated Fund*. Same act, § 8.

The king in council may alter the situation of the offices; and justices appointed by this act incapable of being members of parliament; and no justice, receiver, or constable to vote for members of parliament in Middlesex, Surrey, Westminster, or Southwark, under penalty of one hundred pounds. Same act, § 11.

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Justices

Justices to appoint six constables at each office, and the receiver to pay them twelve shillings a week. Same act, § 15.

Constables may apprehend any suspicious person, and convey him before a justice; and if it shall appear upon oath, that he is a person of evil fame and a reputed thief, he shall be deemed a rogue and vagabond, within the meaning of act 17 G. 2. c. 5. and persons thinking themselves aggrieved may appeal to the Quarter Sessions; but punishment not to exceed imprisonment to hard labour for six months; and this act not to deprive the mayor and aldermen of London of their jurisdiction in the City or Southwark; and this act to continue to the 1st of June, 1795. Same act, § 17.

Ives (St.) Cornwall.

For encouraging the pilchard fishery there. 16 G. 3. c. 36. v. 31.

K.

Keelmen.

The society of keelmen employed on the river Tyne, incorporated, and each to pay one penny per week out of his wages, to establish a permanent fund, for relief of the sick and hurt, aged, and widows and children of skippers and keelmen. 28 G. 3. c. 59. v. 36.

See *Skippers and Keelmen.* 32 G. 3. c. 29.

Keighley, Yorkshire.

See *Debts and Debtors.* 17 G. 3. c. 15. v. 31.

Jurisdiction of the court baron there extended. 20 G. 3. c. 65. v. 33.

Kelfo, in Scotland.

A duty granted on ale brewed and sold in the said town, for finishing a bridge over the river Tweed. Same year, c. 11. v. 33.

Kensington.

See *Poor.* 17 G. 3. c. 64. v. 31.

Kent. (County of)

See *Seivers.* 16 G. 3. c. 62. v. 31.

Certain messuages and lands, &c. vested in trustees, for the better defending the passage of the river Thames at Gravesend and Tilbury Fort, &c. in Kent. 20 G. 3. c. 38. v. 33.

The like of other messuages, lands, &c. for better securing the king's dock, ships, and stores, at Chatham, in the same county. Same year, c. 49.

For making a compensation for the lands, &c. taken by virtue of the two last acts in Kent, viz. for the lands, &c. at Gravesend, 13,452l. 17s.; those, &c. near Tilbury Fort, 148l. 18s. and for those in the parish of St. Margaret and Chatham, 20,671l. 12s. 6d. making together 34,273l. 7s. 6d. exclusive of interest, to be paid out of the supplies for 1781. 21 G. 3. c. 10. v. 33.

See *Corn and Grain.* 29 G. 3. c. 58. § 4. vol. 36.

Keppel, Admiral

See *Court Martial.* 19 G. 3. c. 6. v. 32.

Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

See *Debts and Debtors.* 12 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 29.

King, Queen, and Royal Family.

The king may grant an annuity of 100,000l. per ann. to the queen, to commence on his demise, payable quarterly out of the hereditary and other revenues carried to the aggregate fund; and in case of deficiency, to be made good, in preference to all future charges thereon. 2 G. 3. c. 1. § 1. vol. 25.

And may by letters patent under the great seal, grant his palace called Denmark-house, alias Somerset-house, alias Strond-house, and also the lodge (formerly in the tenure of John Latton) in Richmond Old Park, with Keele's Farm, in the parish of Mortlake, and all other lands, &c. purchased by her late majesty queen Caroline, and enjoyed therewith at the present king's accession, to the queen, and that the
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may enjoy the same from the king's demise for her own life, and one year more. Same act, § 3. repealed by 15 G. 3. c. 33. § 1, v. 31.

The king may appoint a guardian to his successor, if the crown descends to any of his children, under 18 years of age. 5 G. 3. c. 27. v. 26.

The king enabled to exchange the lands of Firnan and Lix for other lands of the Earl of Breadalbane, in Pitkellony, in the county of Perth, in Scotland. 6 G. 3. c. 33. v. 27.

The king may grant the inheritance in fee of the manor of Cosham, in Wiltshire (now held by letters patent under the exchequer seal in trust) to Paul Methuen, Esq. upon an adequate consideration. 10 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 28.

No descendant of king George the Second, except of princesses married to foreign families, capable of contracting matrimony without the previous consent of the king, under the great seal, and declared in council, otherwise the marriage to be void. 12 G. 3. c. 11. § 1. vol. 29.

If such person be 25 years old, and persist in such contract disapproved by the king, upon twelve months notice to the council, may solemnize such marriage without such previous consent; and it shall be good, unless both houses of parliament within such year, expressly declare their disapprobation. Same act, § 2.

Solemnizing or assisting at such marriage, without consent, subject to a premunire. Same act, § 3.

The king may grant certain houses in Fenchurch-street and Addle-street, London, escheated to the crown by the death of Lieut. General John Brown, without heirs, to Frederick Montague, Esq. and his heirs upon trust, as therein mentioned. Same year, c. 19.

The king and queen may enfranchise copyholds held of the Manor of Richmond in Surry, and the king may shut up the Lane from Richmond Green to the Thames, if he keeps in repair Palace-lane; and may sell or exchange any lands holden of the Manors of Richmond or Wimbledon. Same year, c. 35.

May grant under the great seal the reversion in fee of a fee farm-rent of 113l. per annum, out of Beu Bush and Shelly Parks (disparked) in Sussex, (formerly granted to Edward earl of Sandwich, by king Charles the second) to James Archibald Stewart, grandson of Edward Wortley, esq. deceased, and his heirs, on an adequate consideration. Same year, c. 44.

Certain hereditaments at Richmond, belonging to Catherine Viscountess Fitzwilliam, held by lease from the crown, for 2150l. vested in the king, and certain other premises there enfranchised and vested in lady Fitzwilliam's trustees. Same year, c. 59.

Buckingham-house, &c. settled on the queen in lieu of Somerset-house, and to be called the queen's royal palace; and the king to have 100,000l. for his improvements. 15 G. 3. c. 53. § 2. vol. 31.

The treasury may sell Ely-house in Holborn, and such part of Somerset-house as is unnecessary, and may purchase other ground there, and apply the surplus money towards erecting offices at Somerset-house for the commissioners of salt, stamps, taxes, navy, pay-office, victualling, public lotteries, hawkers and pedlars, hackney coaches, surveyor general of crown lands, auditors of impress, pipe-office, dutchy of Lancaster, dutchy of Cornwall, ordnance, king's barge-master's house, the king's barge-house, and such other offices as the king thinks fit; and to embark the north side of the river Thames, from the South-East corner of Kitchener's Wharf, to Strand-lane stairs; and the deficiency to be paid out of grants for naval services. Same act, § 3.

From 5th Jan. 1777, 100,000l. per annum added to the civil list, out of the aggregate fund, payable quarterly. 17 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 31.

618,340l. 9s. 6½d. granted to the king by parliament to discharge arrears on his civil list to 5th Jan. 1777. Same year, c. 47.

See Loans, same year, c. 51. 18 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 32

An annuity of 60,000l. settled on the
A 2 bishop

bishop of Osnaburgh, and his five next brothers, and the survivor of them, to commence on the king's demise, payable quarterly, tax-free, out of the hereditary duties made part of the aggregate fund; but none of them to have more than 15,000*l.* per annum, each. 18 G. 3. c. 31. §. 1. v. 32.

An annuity of 30,000*l.* to the king's five eldest daughters, and the survivor of them in the same manner; and upon the death or marriage of any one with a portion of 40,000*l.* her share to go to the others; and if a second die or marry with the like portion, her share to go to the other three; and if a third die or marry with the like portion, the other two to have 20,000*l.* per annum; and if either of them die or marry, the other to have 12,000*l.* per ann. which is to cease on her death or marriage. Same act, §. 3.

An annuity of 8000*l.* per annum to William Frederick, son of the duke of Gloucester, to commence on his father's death; and also 4000*l.* per annum to Sophia Matilda his daughter. Same act, §. 5.

So much of 15 G. 3. c. 33. as prescribes the method of issuing money for completing Somerset-house, repealed. 20 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 33.

The king empowered to discharge a debt of 295,817*l.* 18*s.* 4½*d.* contracted on the civil list revenue; and for preventing the like for the future, by regulating the mode of payment, and by suppressing the third secretary of state for the colonies; the board of trade and plantations; the lords of police in Scotland; the board of works; the great wardrobe; the jewel office; the treasurer of the chamber; the conferrer of the household; the fix clerks of the board of green cloth; the paymaster of pensions; the master of the harriers; fox-hounds and stag-hounds, and all offices depending thereon, and which were then paid out of the civil list. 22 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 34.

Any similar office hereafter established, to be deemed a new office. Same act, §. 2.

The court of Verge, with all its jurisdictions and power preserved, and

the king's buildings and gardens to be under a surveyor or comptroller appointed by the king; and estimates of buildings and repairs above 1000*l.* to be laid before the lord chamberlain, and by him referred to the treasury, who are to authorize the execution, and order, the same to be surveyed; and if under 1000*l.* vouchers to be produced to the lord chamberlain. Same act, §. 5.

Clerks and workmen in royal palaces to be paid monthly, and no new works in the king's parks or gardens of above 500*l.* to be undertaken without the king's order: furniture, plate, and moveables, to be under the management of the lord chamberlain; and work formerly under the great wardrobe to be executed by the surveyor of the buildings; and the business done by the board of trade to be executed by a committee of the privy council. Same act, §. 11.

See *Pensions*. Same act, §. 17.

The king enabled to shut up Love-lane, in the parish of Richmond, in the county of Surry. 25 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 35.

All bounties given by the king, hereafter to be paid by the lord steward of the household, lord chamberlain, master of the horse, master of the robes, and the treasury respectively; and the commissioners of the treasury may issue the sums necessary for that purpose. Same year, c. 61.

The king enabled to grant the inheritance of land and houses, &c. in North Scotland Yard, in Middlesex, in exchange for the inheritance of buildings and ground contiguous to Tinnmouth Castle in Northumberland, belonging to the duke of Northumberland. Same year, c. 98.

The commissioners of land revenue not to enquire into the royal palaces or adjoining lands. 26 G. 3. c. 87. §. 23. vol. 35.

The treasury empowered to sell certain houses and ground in Privy-garden belonging to the king. 27 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 36.

After the king's demise, the 2000*l.* per ann. paid out of the revenue of the alienation office for the support of the banaper

hanaper office, and the surplus of the new wine licence duty &c. over and above 700*l.* 1*4s.* 3*d.* per ann. directed to be paid to the king and his successors, to be carried to the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 13. § 49.

The hereditary revenue of the crown of Scotland, &c. granted to King. G. 2. to be at his present majesty's disposal. 28 G. 3. c. 33. § 13. vol. 36.

The king may, by sign manual authorize the treasury to direct loans to be received, and exchequer bills to be made out for one million of money, agreeable to the rules of the malt act, the clauses whereof to be extended hereto (except those charging the loans on the malt tax, and limiting the rate of interest). 30 G. 3. c. 24. §. 1. vol. 37.

To be charged on the first supplies of next session, or the next consolidated fund, and to be replaced out of the first supplies, and the bank may advance the money on the credit of this act. Same act, § 4. 5.

See *Annuities*. Same year, c. 44.

The king enabled to authorize his governor of such places beyond the seas to which felons or other offenders may be transported, to remit the sentences of such offenders. Same year, c. 47.

See *Strickland*. Same year, c. 51.

The king may grant an annuity of 18,000*l.* to the duke and duchess of York from the 5th of July, 1791; and an annuity of 8000*l.* to the duchess, to commence from the death of the duke, payable out of the consolidated fund. 32 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 37.

See *Privy Garden*. Same year, c. 24.

King's Bench.

Proceedings on the gun-powder act may be removed from the quarter sessions to the court of king's bench. 12 G. 3. c. 61. § 14. vol. 29.

Kinghorn, Scotland.

The duty on ale of two-pence Scots, or one sixth of a penny English, per pint Scots, granted by 22 G. 2. c. 13. continued. 14 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 30.

See *Scotland*. 32 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 37.

King's Lynn, Norfolk.

For recovering small debts there. 10 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 28.

See *Pilots*. 13 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 30.

King's Printer.

See *Register Books*. 28 G. 3. c. 36. § 29. vol. 36.

King's Sedgemoor, Somersetshire.

See *Inclosures*. 31 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 37.

Kingston, Surry.

See *Paving*. 13 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 30.

Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshires.

A play-house licenced there. 9 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 29.

See *Harbourt*. 14 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 30.

Officers of customs and excise allowed to use lights on board ships in Kingston haven, &c. 19 G. 3. c. 48. § 4. vol. 32.

See *Inclosures*. 32 G. 3. c. 109. vol. 37.

Kington, Herefordshire.

See *Canals Navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 37.

Kirkaldy, Scotland.

See *Scotland*. 31 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 37.

Kirkby, Kendal, Westmoreland.

See *Canals, navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 101. vol. 37.

Kirkcudbright, Scotland.

See *Bridges*. 20 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 33.

Kirkcraze, Yorkshires.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

Kirton Hundred, Lincolnshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 31.

Repealed. 18 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 32.

Knaresborough, Yorkshires.

See *Inclosures*. 29 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 36.

Kyme, Lincolnshire.

See *Fens*. 28 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 36.

Kynwardston, Wiltshire.

The fee simple and inheritance of the hundred of Kynwardston, in Wiltshire, and lands in Great Bedwyn, and Burbage (held of the crown) vested in Henry earl of Pembroke, and his heirs, &c. discharged of all claims of the crown, and other estates vested in lieu thereof, with the ultimate remainder in the king. 23 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 34.

L.

Labour.

See *Criminal Convicts*, 16 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 31.

This act continued until the first of June, 1793. 28 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 36.

Labrador.

See *Fish and Fisheries*. 13 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 30.

See *Corn and Grain*. 18 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 32.

Lace.

Foreign silk and thread lace or needlework, seized and condemned to be delivered out of the king's warehouse for exportation only. 7 G. 3. c. 47. § 9. vol. 27.

All persons employing lace manufacturers, or purchasing lace of them, are to pay them money only, and not with goods or by truck, on penalty of 10l. to be levied by distress; or in default of payment, the offender may be imprisoned for six months. 19 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 32.

Lace-makers may recover their money for lace sold or made for others before a justice of peace, subject to appeal to quarter sessions, on fourteen days notice. Same act, § 3.

Foreign thread lace imported after the first of August, 1779, to be marked at each end at the custom-house; and stock in hand to be so marked until the first of February, 1780; and on exportation the mark to be taken off, and if found after not marked, to be forfeited; and for counterfeiting the mark, penalty 100l. and pillory for two hours. Same year, c. 69.

See *Gold and Silver Lace*. 28 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 36.

Lambeth.

See *Water*. 25 G. 3. c. 89. vol. 35.

Lancashire.

For recovery of small debts in the parishes of Poulton, Kirkham, Lytham, and Bispham, and in the townships of Preefale and Stalmine, 19 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 28.

See *Woollen Manufactures*. 17 G. 3. c. 11. v. 31.

See *Fens*. 19 G. 3. c. 33. v. 32.

Lancaster, (Dutchy of).

See *Savoy*. 12 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 29.

So much of 22 *Cba.* 2. c. 6, and 22, and 23. *Cba.* 2. c. 24. (see *Free-farm Rents*) as relates to fee-farms and other rents unfold now in survey or receipt of the dutchy; and so much of 1 *Ann.* c. 7, as relates to manors, messuages, &c. parcel of the dutchy held by copy of court roll, or of copyhold or customary tenure, or to fines on descent or alienation repealed, 19 G. 3. c. 45. § 1. vol. 32.

The chancellor and council of the dutchy may sell such fee farm, rents, &c. but not for less than 25 years purchase, and the grants to be enrolled in twelve months after made; and owners of land, &c. to be preferred, also may enfranchise copyhold or customary lands, &c. Same act, § 2.

Grants under the dutchy seal valid, and those of premises under leases, to take place on the expiration of such leases; and tenants for life may enfranchise copyholds, and charge the premises with the purchase money. Same act, § 7.

On purchases, if the consideration is under ten pounds, the grant not liable to stamps, and to be at the expence of the grantees; enfranchised premises to be subject to entails, settlements, &c. Same act, § 10.

Purchase money to be paid to the receiver general of the dutchy, and laid out in the funds in the name of the dutchy of Lancaster; and the chancellor and council in like manner may sell woods, &c. Same act, § 14.

So much of 19 G. 3. c. 45. as restricts the

the sale of the rents to twenty-five years purchase repealed, and authority given to sell those of ten shillings per ann. value, at twenty-four years purchase, and of five shillings, and under ten shillings, at twenty-two years purchase; and those at one shilling, and under five shillings, at twenty years purchase. 27 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 36.

Owners of lands to have the preference in purchases; and the money arising by sale to pay the charges on the king's land for enclosure; and the bank to permit a transfer of the stocks standing in the name of the dutchy. Same act, § 3.

After payment of all charges, the residue to be applied as directed by the former act; and the interest of money due to the king may be distrained for. Same act, § 5.

Power given to the chancellor and council of the dutchy, to discharge incumbrances affecting the possessions of the dutchy. Same act, § 6.

Lancaster, Town of.

See *Rice*. 1 G. 3. c. 60. § 8. v. 29.

See *Corn and Grain*. 16 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 31.—28 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 36.

For building a new bridge instead of the present ancient one over the river Loyne. 22 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 34.

Acts 23 G. 2. and 12 G. 3. for improving the navigation of the river Loyne, or Lune, amended, and for building a quay or wharf near Lancaster. 29 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 36.

Light-house erected, and duties established for all ships navigating in Lancaster bay, between Walney Island and Rosfal Point. Same act.

The pier at Glasfon deemed a legal quay. Same act.

Land Forces.

Granted for the land forces in 1790, 1,874,074l 18s 5d $\frac{1}{4}$. viz. 578,562l 14s 1d for 17,448 effective men, officers, &c. in Great Britain. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 18. vol. 37.

317,549l 16s. for forces in the plantations. Same act.

8,245l 10s. 1d. difference between

British and Irish establishment. Same act.

11,435l 12s. 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for regiments in the East Indies. Same act.

64,500l. for recruiting land-forces and contingencies. Same act.

10,808l 7. 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ d. for supernumerary officers. Same act.

6,409l 8s. for general and staff-officers in Great Britain. Same act.

63,276l 5s. 8d. to the paymaster-general, secretary at war, &c. Same act.

162,797l 18s. 4d. for reduced land-officers and marines. Same act.

202l 1s. 8d. to reduced officers of horse guards. Same act.

55,092l 10s. for the like of the British American forces. Same act.

4,907l 10. allowed them. Same act.

3,392l 14s 2d. for officers late in the service of the States General. Same act.

3,411l 14s. 4d. granted for major Grose's corps. Same act.

180,939l 19s. for Chelsea Hospital. Same act.

9,990l 9s. 3d. for widows pensions. Same act.

36,093l 15s. to the landgrave of Hesse, for 1790. Same act.

356,458l 12s. 4d. extraordinaries of the army in 1789. Same act.

1,856,326l 10s. 10 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. granted for the land forces in 1791, viz.

570,499l 11s. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for 17,013 effective men, officers, &c. in Great Britain.

31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

329,544l 10s. for forces in the plantations. Same act.

8,487l 10s. 7d. difference between British and Irish establishment of seven battalions of foot. Same act.

11,435l 12s. 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for regiments serving in the East Indies. Same act.

64,500l. for recruiting land forces and contingencies. Same act.

15,551l 14s. 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for supernumerary officers. Same act.

6,409l 8s. for general and staff-officers in Great Britain. Same act.

63,276l 5s. 8d. to the paymaster-general, secretary at war, &c. Same act.

155,287l 5s. 5d. for reduced officers of

of the land-forces and marines. Same act.

10,000l. for reduced officers of the late independent companies. Same act.

212l. 14s. 7d. for reduced officers of the horse-guards. Same act.

55,092l. 10s. for reduced officers of the British American forces, and 4,907l. 10s. for allowances to them. Same act.

3,161l. 10s. 10d. for officers late in the service of the States General. Same act.

9,710l. 4s. 3d. for widows pensions. Same act.

174,167l. 4s. 3½d. for Chelsea Hospital. Same act.

36,093l. 15s. to the landgrave of Hesse for his subsidy for the year 1791. Same act.

2,754l. 5s. 8½d. for augmentation of the corps in New South Wales. Same act.

335,234l. 18s. for extraordinaries of the army in 1790. Same act.

1,814,800l. os. 4d. granted for the land forces in 1792, viz.

285,064l. 12s. 9½ for 17,013 effective men, officers, &c. in Great Britain, from the 25th of December, 1791, to the 24th of June, 1792. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

275,140l. 19s. 3d. for 15,701 effective men, officers, &c. from the 25th of June to the 24th of December, 1792. Same act.

170,193l. 9s. 6d. for forces in the plantations, &c. from the 25th of December, 1791, to the 24th of June, 1792. Same act.

149,294l. 13s. 5d. for forces in the plantations, &c. from the 25th of June to the 24th of December, 1792. Same act.

4,250l. 12s. 8d. difference between British and Irish establishments of seven battalions serving in North America and the West Indies, from the 25th of December, 1791, to the 24th of June, 1792. Same act.

2,903l. 4s. 7d. for the like purpose, from the 24th of June to the 24th of December, 1792. Same act.

8,345l. 16s. 2d. for regiments serving in the East Indies, for 1792. Same act.

98,037l. 15s. for recruiting land-forces and contingencies. Same act.

15,064l. 11s. for supernumerary officers. Same act.

6,427l. os. 6d. for general and staff-officers in Great Britain. Same act.

52,338l. 5s. 2d. to the paymaster general, secretary at war, &c. Same act.

159,797l. 10s. for reduced officers of the land-forces and marines. Same act.

202l. 10s. for reduced officers, &c. of the horse-guards. Same act.

3,161l. 10s. 10d. for officers late in the service of the States General. Same act.

55,092l. 10s. for reduced officers of the British American forces, and 4,907l. 10s. for allowances to them. Same act.

173,104l. 3s. 11d. for Chelsea Hospital. Same act.

9,381l. 13s. 10d. for widows pensions. Same act.

1,785l. for garrison-officers, &c. in 1791. Same act.

340,306l. 8s. for extraordinaries in the army for 1791. Same act.

Land Revenue.

For appointing commissioners to inquire into the state and condition of the woods, forests, and land-revenues belonging to the crown, and to sell or alienate fee farm, and other unimprovable rents. 26 Geo. 3. c. 87. vol. 35.

3,000l. granted to the said commissioners. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

4,000l. issued to the said commissioners. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Land Tax.

Of four shillings in the pound for the year 1762. 2 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 25.

The like for 1763. 3 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 25.

The like for 1764. 4 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 26.

The like for 1765. 5 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 26.

New commissioners added to the former. Same year, c. 21.

Of four shillings in the pound for 1766. 6 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 27.

Three shillings in the pound for 1767. 7 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 27.

The like for 1768. 8 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 28.

The like for 1769. 9 G. 3. c. 5 vol. 28.

For appointing additional commissioners, and preserving duplicates and other papers relating thereto. Same year, c. 14.

Three shillings in the pound for 1770. 10 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 38.

For rectifying mistakes in the names of commissioners for 1769, and adding others for 1770. Same year, c. 33.

Four shillings in the pound for 1771. 11 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 29.

Three shillings in the pound for 1772. 12 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 29.

The like for 1773. 13 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 30.

The like for 1774. 14 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 30.

For adding new commissioners. Same year, c. 17.

Three shillings in the pound for 1775. 15 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 31.

For adding new commissioners. Same year, c. 26.

Lincoln's Inn not to be assessed to the land-tax for the new fix clerks office. Same year, c. 56.

Four shillings in the pound for 1776. 16 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 31.

For rectifying mistakes in commissioners names. Same year, c. 14.

Four shillings in the pound for 1777. 17 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 31.

The like for 1778. 18 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 32.

For adding new commissioners. Same year, c. 23.

Four shillings in the pound for 1779. 19 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 32.

The like for the year 1780. 20 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 33.

Assessments to be made according to the form in the act, and a duplicate to be fixed on the church-door fourteen days before delivered to the commissioners and persons qualified to vote for knights of the shire; if their names are omitted, may appeal, and the commissioners may amend the assessment, which is to be returned to the clerk of the peace. Same year, c. 17. § 1.

Assessors neglecting to deliver assess-

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ments, or altering them after, to forfeit five pounds; and if the clerk of the peace do not receive the duplicates before the end of Michaelmas sessions, the chief constable to be fined. Same act, § 5.

Duplicates, by order of the sessions, to be returned to the clerk of the peace, and appeals to the quarter sessions on ten days notice, who may give costs, and if the appellant's name is omitted, to be inserted. Same act, § 10.

Duplicates in the hands of the clerk of the peace, may be inspected, and he to make copies on being paid, and such copies to be legal evidence. Same act, § 13.

Clerk of the peace to have two guineas per day for attending elections; and one shilling and sixpence per mile travelling charges. Same act, § 14.

Four shillings in the pound for 1781. 21 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 33.

For appointing commissioners for 1781. Same year, c. 23.

Four shillings in the pound for 1782. 22 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 34.

Persons having books or papers belonging to the commissioners of the land tax, to deliver the same as the commissioners shall direct, on a month's notice, under the penalty of 50 pounds. Same act, § 16.

For rectifying mistakes in commissioners names. Same year, c. 9.

Four shillings in the pound for 1783. 23 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 34.

The like for 1784. 24 G. 3. Sess. 1. c. 4. vol. 34.

For appointing commissioners for 1784. Same year, c. 10.

Four shillings in the pound for 1785. 25 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 35.

The master of the rolls, the masters in chancery, fix clerks, the clerks of the petty bag, examiners, registers, clerks of enrollments and affidavit offices, and those who execute their offices within the liberty of the rolls, to be assessed within the said liberty. Same act, §. 54.

All annuities, pensions, and personal estates, to be assessed to the land tax where the party resides. Same act, § 4.

For appointing commissions for 1785. Same year, c. 20.

Four.

Four shillings in the pound for 1786.
26 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 35.

For appointing commissioners for 1786. Same year, c. 121.

Four shillings in the pound for 1787.
27 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 36.

Commissioners and officers of the stamp office to be assessed to the land tax in Shire-lane ward, in the parish of St. Clement Danes, in Westminster, and a certain proportion to be paid in the district whereto the office is now moved.
26 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 5. § 72. vol. 36.

The commissioners of the victualling office to be assessed in like manner in the manor of East Smithfield, in the parish of St. Botolph, without Aldgate, in the Tower division, and a proportion paid to the district whereto the office is removed. Same act. § 73.

Commissioners, &c. of the navy office to be assessed in the wards of Broadstreet and the Tower of London, and a proportion paid to the district whereto such office is removed. Same act, § 74.

The possession of the offices of master of the king's household, clerk of the kitchen, and other officers of the household, a sufficient qualification to act as commissioners of the land tax for the palaces of Whitehall and St. James. Same act, § 99.

Neither the queen nor the prince of Wales, nor the dukes of Gloucester or Cumberland, liable to pay land tax. Same act.

For rectifying commissioners, and adding new ones. Same year, c. 47.

Four shillings in the pound for 1788.
28 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 36.

Act 18 G. 2. so far as relates to disabling persons from voting for messuages, lands, &c. which have not been assessed to the land tax, repealed. Same year, c. 36. § 33.

Four shillings in the pound for 1789.
29 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 36.

Four shillings in the pound for 1790.
30 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 37.

Debtors owing money in Scotland at six per cent, to retain a sixth part of the six per cent. from 11th of November, 1789, to 11th of November, 1790. Same act, § 140.

For appointing commissioners, who,

together with those named in two former acts, may put this act in execution. Same year, c. 13.

See *Parliament*. Same year, c. 35.

Four shillings in the pound for 1791.
31 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 37.

For appointing commissioners to put in execution the land tax act. Same year, c. 14.

Four shillings in the pound for 1792.
32 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 37.

For rectifying mistakes in the names of several of the commissioners for executing the land tax act, and for appointing others, and indemnifying those persons who acted as commissioners for executing the land tax act of last year. Same year, c. 23.

Land Waiters.

Regulations as to them relating to tobacco and snuff. 25 G. 3. c. 81. § 18. vol. 35.

Llandowry, Carmarthenshire.

See *Bridges*. 13 G. 3. c. 111. vol. 30.

Lane-End, Staffordshire.

See *Churches*. 32 G. 3. c. 88. vol. 37.

Llanfslin, in Shropshire, and Denbighshire.

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 37.

Langley Bridge, Derbyshire.

See *Canals Navigable*. 17 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 31.—29 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 36.
30 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 37.

Larceny, Petty.

See *Witnesses*. 31 G. 3. c. 35. v. 37.

Larch Trees

Deemed Timber. See *Trees*. 13 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 30.

Lastage and Ballastage

Regulated in the River Thames, by 6 G. 2. c. 29. Continued until the 24th June, 1794. 23 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 34.

Launceston, Cornwall.

See *Poor*. 24 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 34.

Lawrence (Saint) Gulph of.

See *Fish and Fisheries.* 13 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 30.

See *America.* 29 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 36.

Lawrence (Saint) Isle of Ybanet.

See *Churches.* 30 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 37.

Lazarets.

So much of act 26 G. 2. c. 6. as relates to the establishment of Lazarets explained and amended, and the lords of the treasury may purchase any tenement conveniently situate, for the purpose of this act, and may order payment of the purchase-money out of 5000l. granted by 5 G. 3. c. 40. and if insufficient, out of any taxes; and the receipts of persons authorized to receive the purchase money, to be a discharge to the king, and the price to be settled by a jury, and the verdict of jury and judgment of justices to be conclusive. 12 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 29.

Lead.

An additional duty of 1l. 1s. per ton laid on lead exported, cast or uncast. 24 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 34.

See *Coals.* 26 G. 3. c. 104. vol. 35.

Leases.

Leases by ecclesiastical persons of tithes, or other incorporeal hereditaments, for lives or years, good in law. 5 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 26.

Masters and fellows of colleges, &c. disabled from granting leases longer than their statutes allow. Same act, § 2.

Actions may be brought for rent reserved, and in arrear on leases for lives. Same act, § 3.

See *Cornwall.* 8 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 28.—16 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 31.

See *Lunatics.* 11 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 29.

See *Forfeited Estates.* 14 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 30.

See *Salford, Lancashire.* 16 G. 3. c. 55.

See *Master of the Rolls.* 17 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 31.

The treasury empowered to let leases to Sir William Hamilton, knight, of lands on the shore of Milford haven, heretofore purchased by government,

with or without fines, and at what rent the commissioners shall think proper. 30 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 37.

Leather.

See *Bark of Oak.* 12 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 29.—17 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 31.—24 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 34.—30 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 37.

See *Skins.* 9 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 28.—14 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 30.

See *Manufactures.* 15 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 31.

Duty on leather imported, or any manufacture where leather is the most valuable part. 27 G. 3. c. 13. Sched. D. vol. 36.

Leatherhead, Surry.

See *Bridges.* 22 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 34.

Lee River.

See *Bridges.* 18 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 32.

See *Rivers Navigable.* 19 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 32.

Leeds, Yorkshire.

A private act, 31 G. 2. No. 22, made more beneficial, and Charles Brandling, esq. enabled to supply a larger quantity of coals for the town and neighbourhood of Leeds; and the price of the carriage of coals from the repository at Casson's Close regulated. 19 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 32.

See *Canals Navigable to Liverpool.* 10 G. 3. c. 114. vol. 28.—23 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 34.—30 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 37.

See *Water.* 30 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 37.

See *Churches.* 32 G. 3. c. 89. vol. 37.

Leeward Islands.

See *Annuities.* 25 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35. 56, 113l. 13s. 6½ granted by parliament to make good the deficiency in the 4½ per cent. duties. Same year c. 60.

Legacies.

See *Stamps.* 20 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 33.—23 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.—29 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

Leicester.

See *Canals Navigable.* 31 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 37.

Leigh, Gloucestershire.

See *Canals Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 37.

Leighton, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 37.

Leith, Scotland.

See *Roads*. 27 G. 3. c. 51—28 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 36.

See *Scotland*. 32 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 37.

Leominster, Herefordshire.

See *Canals Navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 37.

Letchlade, Gloucestershire.

See *Canals Navigable*. 23 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 34.

Letters.

See *Post Office*. 24 G. 3. sess. 2. c. 37. vol. 34.

No letter (not passing through London) to or from Glasgow, or the intermediate places, by the way of Carlisle, to pay more postage than if through Edinburgh to Glasgow, and to or from Edinburgh, or the intermediate places in England and Scotland, north of London, not to pay more than seven-pence for a single letter. Same act, § 2.

Foreign letters, containing prohibited goods, if found, to be destroyed; if none found, the magistrate to enclose the letter, in cover, with proper attestation. Same act, § 4.

This act not to extend to the penny post. Same act, § 6.

Letters franked by members of parliament, the directions to be all of his own writing, and to have the day of the month and year thereon; and letters directed to members at their places of residence, or the lobby of the house of parliament, and to be free forty days before, and the like after sitting of parliament; and persons empowered to frank by virtue of their offices, to be under the same restrictions. Same act, § 7.

Counterfeiting the writing of any person in the superscription of any letter, to evade postage, felony, and transportation for seven years. Same act, § 9.

Levant Company.

5,000l. granted by parliament to the Levant company. 9 G. 3. c. 34.

5,000l. more to the same. 10 G. 3. c. 52. v. 28.

See *Silks*. 11 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 29.

5000l. more granted. Same year, c. 48.

5,000l. more granted. 15 G. 3. c. 42. v. 31.

5,000l. more granted. 19 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.

10,000l. more granted. 20 G. 3. c. 62. v. 33.

Goods the produce or manufacture of the Levant or Mediterranean, may be imported to Great Britain or Ireland from any place, on payment of alien duties, as if from the place of growth, if by non-freemen of the Turkey company. 21 G. 3. c. 26 v. 33.

8,000l. more granted to the Levant company. Same year, c. 57.

5000l. more granted. 22 G. 3. c. 67. v. 34.

5000l. more granted. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

4,000l. more granted. 24 G. 3. sess. 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

3,000l. more granted. 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

See *Turkey Company*. 32 G. 3. c. 65. v. 37.

Lever (Sir Ashton)

Permitted to dispose of his museum, exhibited at Leicester-house by way of lottery. 24 G. 3. sess. 2. c. 22, vol. 34.

Lever, (Robert.)

See *Bolton on the Moors*, Lancashire, 28 G. 3. c. 81. v. 36.

Lewes, Suffex.

See *Rivers Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 37.

For enlarging and extending the powers of the present prescriptive market in the town and borough of Lewes, in the county of Suffex, and removing the same to a more convenient place in the said town, or within the precinct of the castle of Lewes. 31 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 37.

Lewilham,

Lewisham, Kent.

See *Churches*. 14 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 30.

Liardet, (John.)

The sole privilege of making and vending a cement, described in the act, in Great Britain and the colonies, vested in him for 18 years. 16 G. 3. c. 29. v. 31.

Libels.

On the trial of an indictment for a libel, the jury may give a general verdict upon the whole matter put in issue, and shall not be required by the court to find the defendant guilty, merely on proof of the publication, and of the sense ascribed to it in the information, but the court shall give their opinion and direction on the matter in issue, as in other criminal cases; and the jury may find a special verdict; but defendants may move in arrest of judgment as before passing this act. 32 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 37.

Libraries.

The trustees of the British Museum may dispose of duplicates of books, medals, coins, &c. and exchange them for others. 7 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 27.

Licences.

See *Ale*. 5 G. 3. c. 46. § 22. vol. 26.

See *Gunpowder*. 11 G. 3. c. 35. § 3. vol. 29.

See *Madhouses*. 14 G. 3. c. 49. v. 30.

See *America*. 17 G. 3. c. 40. § 2. vol. 31.

See *Auctions*. Same year, c. 50. 19 G. 3. c. 56. v. 32.

An annual duty of 5s. on licences from excise, to sell coffee, tea, and chocolate. 20 G. 3. c. 35. § 13. v. 33.

See *Lotteries*. 22 G. 3. c. 47. v. 34. 27 G. 3. c. 36. v. 36.

See *Stamps*. 23 G. 3. c. 62. v. 34.— 25 G. 3. c. 79. v. 35.

See *Scotland*. Same year, c. 22.

An additional duty of 10s. 6d. on licences to retail ale, beer, and other exciseable liquors, to be under commis-

sioners of stamps. 24 G. 3. § 2. c. 30. vol. 34.

An additional duty on licences for bleaching or dying printed linens and cottons, &c. Same year, c. 40. This act repealed. 25 G. 3. c. 24. v. 35.

Excise duties to be paid for annual licences, by the following traders, viz.

Small-beer brewers, £ 1 0 0

Strong-beer brewers, not brewing more than 1000 barrels, 1 10 0

From 1000 to 2000 2 0 0

2000 to 5000 5 0 0

5000 to 7500 7 10 0

7500 to 10,000 10 0 0

10000 to 20000 20 0 0

20000 to 30000 30 0 0

30000 to 40000 40 0 0

40000 and above, 50 0 0

Dealers in brandy or spirituous liquors, not being retailers or rectifiers, 5 0 0

Makers of mead for sale, 1 0 0

Makers of other sweets, 5 0 0

Of vinegar, 10 0 0

Malsters making 50 quarters a year, 0 5 0

Under 100 quarters, 0 10 0

Under 150 0 15 0

250 1 5 0

300 1 10 0

350 1 15 0

400 2 0 0

450 2 5 0

500 2 10 0

550 2 15 0

Above 550 3 0 0

Makers of candles, (except wax) 1 0 0

Soap-makers, 2 0 0

Paper-stainers, 2 0 0

Callico-printers, 10 0 0

Starch-makers, 5 0 0

Wire-drawers, 2 0 0

Tanners within the bills of mortality, and Southwark, 5 0 0

In all other places, 2 10 0

Tawers, 1 0 0

Dressers of hides in oil, 2 0 0

Curriers, 2 0 0

Vellum makers, 1 0 0

Every glass-house to pay, 10 0 0

Strong

Strong-beer brewers, besides the other duty for quantity, *l. s. d.*
 1 10 0
 Malsters, besides the duty for quantity, *l. s. d.*
 0 5 0

None to deal in any of the above commodities, or in brandy, without licences from the excise. 24 G. 3. § 2. c. 41. v. 34.

The following dealers liable to penalties for not taking licences annually, viz. *l. s. d.*

Corn Distillers, - 200 0 0

Strong-beer brewers, vinegar makers, callico printers, and glass makers, 50 0 0

Distillers and rectifiers, makers of sweets and starch, and tanners, 30 0 0

Soap makers paper-stainers, paper makers, wire-drawers, leather-dressers, and curriers, 20 0 0

Small-beer brewers, malsters, candle makers, Tawers, and vellum or parchment makers, 10 0 0

Same act, § 7.

Partners need only to take one licence for one house.—Duties to be under the excise laws, and to be paid into exchequer. Same act, § 10.

See *Hats*. Same year, c. 51.

See *Pawnbrokers*. 25 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 35.

See *Coachmakers*. Same year, c. 49.

See *Post-horses*. Same year, c. 51.

See *Stage-coaches*. Same act, § 4, and 47.

See *India (East) Company*. 26 G. 3. c. 57. v. 35.

Dealers in foreign wines to take out annual licences from the excise without fee; but this not to affect the two universities, the vintners company, or the borough of St. Alban's. Same year, c. 59. § 8.

Duty on licences for stills and on still-makers in Scotland, to be under the commissioners of revenue there. Same year, c. 64.

In lieu of the duties payable in Scotland on low wines and spirits, &c. which were discontinued for two years;

an annual duty is laid on licenses for stills of 11. 10s. per gallon, and where melasses and sugar is used, 21. 10s. per gallon, and if other foreign materials used, 31. per gallon of contents; and no wash still under 50 gallons to be licensed without being attended with a spirit still of one-fourth of its contents, and no distiller to work without a licence. Same act, § 2.

See *Slaughtering Horses*. Same year, c. 71.

See *Sweets*. Same year, c. 74.

Additional excise duties laid on licences to dealers in spirituous liquors by retail, viz. If the house-rent be under 15l. per ann. £ 2 8 0

Under 20l. - 2 16 0

25l. - 3 4 0

30l. - 3 12 0

40l. - 4 0 0

50l. - 4 8 0

50l. and upwards, 4 16 0

27 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 36.

One-eighth part of the licence duty to be paid down, and the like every six weeks after; one licence sufficient for partners in the same house. Same act, § 3.

Licences from archbishops, bishops, chancellors, or ordinaries to stipendiary curates, exempt from stamp duties, where the amount of the stipend is inserted. 28 G. 3. c. 28. v. 36.

No stills to be erected or worked in Scotland, without a licence registered at the excise-office in Edinburgh, on penalty of 200l. Same year, c. 46.

No chemist in Scotland to use a still without a licence, nor such stills to hold above 50 gallons. Same act, § 17.

An account of the duties on licences to be kept without distinguishing the per cent. duties, and to be paid into the exchequer, and carried to the consolidated fund. Same year, c. 37. § 11.

See *Hawkers and Pedlars*. 29 G. 3. c. 26. § 3. v. 36.

See *Brandy*. Same year, c. 63. § 6.

See *Tobacco and Snuff*. Same year, c. 68. § 117.

The duties upon licences for retailing wine and sweets, and also for retailing spirituous liquors repealed, and other duties

duties granted in lieu thereof. 30 G. 3. c. 38. v. 37.

From the tenth of October, 1790, the duties by the six following acts, viz. 16 G. 2. c. 8.—24 G. 2. c. 40.—19 G. 3. c. 25.—21 G. 3. c. 17.—22 G. 3. c. 66. and 27 G. 3. c. 30. in respect to licences, to cease and determine, except as to arrears and fines. Same act, § 2.

All persons before they retail foreign wine, all British made wine or sweets, or any distilled spirituous liquors or strong waters, to take out such licence after mentioned, viz.—If within the limits of the excise in London, under the hands and seals of two or more commissioners of excise in England; but if in any other part of England, out of the said limits, to be granted under the hands and seals of the collectors and supervisors of excise of the district; and if in the limits of Edinburgh, under the hands and seals of two or more of the commissioners of excise in Scotland; or if in Scotland, and out of the limits of Edinburgh, and in Scotland, under the hand of collectors and supervisors of excise in Scotland within that jurisdiction, on paying the several sums following.

For every licence to retail foreign wine in England, if the party has not a spirits or beer licence,	l.	s.	d.
	5	4	0
If the party has a beer licence, but not one for spirits,	4	4	0
If he has also a spirits licence,	2	4	0
For every licence to retail British made wines in England or Scotland,	2	4	0
For every licence to retail foreign wines in Scotland, if the person has not a spirits or beer licence,	3	6	8
If he has a beer licence, but not one for spirits,	2	13	4
If he has also a spirits licence,	1	6	8
For every licence to retail spirits in Great Britain, if the house, &c. is rat-			

ed to the house tax, under fifteen pounds,	l.	s.	d.
If the house rated under twenty pounds,	4	14	0
If under twenty-five pounds,	5	2	0
If under thirty pounds,	5	10	0
If under forty pounds,	5	18	0
If under fifty pounds,	6	6	0
If at fifty pounds or upwards,	6	14	0
Same act, § 6.	7	2	0

Duties to be paid into the chief offices of excise in London or Edinburgh, and in other places to the collectors of excise licences, to continue in force until the tenth of October next ensuing the granting thereof, and if granted between April and October, a rateable proportion to be charged, and licences to be renewed yearly. Same act, § 7.

Penalty of fifty pounds for retailing foreign wine or sweets, or distilled spirituous liquors or strong waters without licence, or not renewing such licence. Same act, § 9.

On death or removal of licensed persons, commissioners of excise, &c. may authorise the executors or assignees to carry on the trade for the remainder of the term. Same act, § 10.

One licence sufficient where a partnership in one house, but not to authorise the sale of wine, &c. in any other house than that for which granted. Same act, § 10.

Not to prejudice the privilege of the two universities, nor the vintners company of London; but freemen by redemption to take out licences. Same act, § 12.

The patent for licensing taverns at St. Alban's confirmed; and no licence to be granted but to such as might have had licences before this act. Same act, § 13.

Penalties under this act to be recovered by the laws of excise, or by action in the courts of record at Westminster, or court of exchequer in Scotland; one moiety to the king, and the other to the informer prosecuting; and the money arising by duties (charges excepted) to be paid into the exchequer, and carried to the consolidated fund. Same act, § 16.

From

From the tenth of October, 1790, the acts, 9 *Ann.* 30 and 31 G. 2. and 26 G. 3. so far as they empower the commissioners of stamps to grant licences; and 16 and 24 G. 2. and 27 G. 3. so far as they empower the commissioners of excise to grant licences, repealed. Same act, § 18.

The third section of 26 G. 2. c. 31. and 23 and 24 sections of 29 G. 2. c. 12. repealed so far as they relate to England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed. 32 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 37.

From the 31st of July, 1792, if ale-house keepers, &c. die or remove before the expiration of their licences, new ones may be granted to executors or new tenants until the next licensing day, and certificates and recognizances required by this act, to be sent to the clerk of the peace to be recorded. Same act, § 1.

In Middlesex and Surry the justices at the general licencing meetings, to appoint eight special ones in the year, at which they may grant to licensed persons removing, &c. producing certificates a continuance of licences; but no new licences to be granted at the petty sessions to houses not licensed at the general licensing day; and the times of granting licences not altered by this act, nor persons not licensed the year preceding, obliged to produce certificates in London. Same act, § 4.

Persons entering into licensed houses without the authority of the justices, liable to penalties by 5 G. 3. c. 46. and persons obtaining the necessary certificates, indemnified until the petty sessions, and the clerk of the peace to record the continuance of licences, &c. Same act, § 6.

From the 10th of October, 1792, no person to sell wine by retail, to be drawn in his house, without having a beer licence; and justices to have the same jurisdiction over such retailers of wine as they have over sellers of beer. Same act, § 9.

This act not to extend to the vintners company of London, or any person licensed by the two universities, or any person who shall keep one of the three wine taverns in Saint Alban's; but free-

men of the vintners company by redemption, after the 10th of October, 1792, not exempted from this act. Same act, § 11.

Light-houses.

See *Spurn Point, in Humber.* 6 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 27.

See *Chester.* 16 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 31.

See *Trinity House Corporation,* 18 G.

3. c. 42. v. 32.

See *Scotland.* 26 G. 3. c. 101. § 7. v. 35.—28 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 36.

See *Lancaster.* 29 G. 3. c. 39.

For giving further power to the commissioners under 26 G. 3. c. 101. and 28 G. 3. c. 25. to erect light-houses in the northern parts of Great Britain, viz. on the island of Arran, or the island of Plada adjoining, and may purchase lands and borrow 2,000l. more. Same year, c. 52. v. 36.

And the said commissioners may, when the duties are sufficient, erect other light-houses, and elect the chief magistrate of the nearest royal burgh, and the sheriff depute of the county, to be commissioners; but none concerned in any contract to act. Same year, c. 53. § 4.

Lilford, Northamptonshire.

See *Churches.* 18 G. 3. c. 9. v. 32.

Lime.

Lime for improvement of land may be carried from one port to another without coquet or bond, by transire only. 19 G. 3. c. 62. v. 32.

Lime shipped in Whitehaven harbour, subject to the regulation of the trustees of the harbour, with consent of the lord of the manor of Saint Bees in Cumberland. 28 G. 3. c. 61. v. 36.

Limehouse, Middlesex.

See *Paving.* 22 G. 3. c. 87. v. 34.

See *Coals.* 26 G. 3. c. 83. v. 35.

Limitations of Actions.

The crown disabled to sue for lands, &c. (except liberties or franchises) where the right hath not first accrued within 60 years before the suit, &c. and the subject secured in the free enjoyment

ment against the crown, and all others claiming by grant, &c. or on suggestion of concealment, if no judgment within 60 years before the suit. 9. G. 3. c. 16. § 1. vol. 28.

Where rents, &c. in charge by or to the auditor, &c. to be deemed duly so; but not to extend to reversions or remainders in the crown, nor to grants by the crown of limited estates to be held on usual tenures. Same act, to § 5.

Fee farm, or other rents, &c. paid to the crown in 60 years, secured, and right, under grants made before January 1, 1769, not prejudiced, if prosecuted in one year, or right of the crown to land, &c. held of the manor of East Greenwich, or the district of the Savoy, if prosecuted in two years. Same act, to § 9.

No putting in charge, nor standing insuper, nor taking or answering rents, &c. of lands, &c. by grants of concealments, &c. or inquisition thereon, to be good, unless verdict or judgment for the crown in 60 years before information, &c. filed for recovery thereof. Same act, § 10.

The above time enlarged to two years, from January 1, 1771. 11 G. 3. c. 4. v. 29.

Suits in the ecclesiastical court for defamatory words, to be commenced in six months. 27 G. 3. c. 44. v. 36.

And for fornication or incontinence, or for striking or brawling in church or church-yard, within eight months; and there shall be no prosecution for fornication after the parties have intermarried. Same act, § 2.

In suing for penalties on any statute, the action is generally limited to be brought within six months next after the forfeiture: but those statutes are too numerous to be particularized here.

Lincoln.

See *Paving*. 31 G. 3. c. 80. v. 37.

See *Penalties*.

Lincolnshire.

See *Fens*. 13 G. 3. c. 60. v. 30.—29 G. 3. c. 32. v. 36.

See *Debits and Debtors* (in the Hundred of Elloe.) 15 G. 3. c. 64. v. 31.

In the parts of *Lindsey*. 18 G. 3. c. 34.—19 G. 3. c. 43. v. 32.

In the *Hundred of Kirton*. 17 G. 3. c. 62. v. 31. The last act repealed. 18 G. 3. c. 43. v. 32.

See *Woollen Manufactures*. 25 G. 3. c. 40. v. 35.

See *Inclosures*. 29 G. 3. c. 70. v. 36.

Linlithgow, and Bathgate, Scotland.

See *Bridges*. 19 G. 3. c. 12. v. 32.

Linens.

The duty now on unrated Russian linen imported, exceeding twenty-two inches and a half broad, and not above thirty-one and half inches to cease, and the old subsidy by 12 *Cha*. 2. c. 4. of 4l. for every 120 ells English, to be paid in lieu thereof. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 7. v. 26.

Explained. 6 G. 3. c. 13. v. 27.

Duty of 3d. per ell on sheeting imported of more than a yard English wide (except Flanders Holland cloth) and the like duty on drilling. 7 G. 3. c. 28. v. 27.

Duties on foreign linens, viz.

	s. d.
Packing canvas, spruce elbing, or Queensborough canvas, per ell	0 0½
Dutch barras and Hessian canvas ditto	0 0½
White holland yarn, per yard	0 1
7 G. 3. c. 58. v. 27.	
Bounties by 29 G. 2. c. 15. continued till June 24, 1786 (except as altered by this act).	
Bounty on exportation, viz.	
On checked or striped British linens, 25 inches broad, and not above 18d nor under 7d. per yard value, per yard	0 0½
On diaper, huckaback, and sheeting, &c. made in Great Britain or Ireland, per square yard	0 1½

And the same bounty on Irish linens as given to the inhabitants of America. 10 G. 3. c. 38. v. 28. 19 G. 3. c. 27. v. 32. See *Ireland*.

C c

During

During the continuance of an Irish act, 20 G. 3. a bounty of one halfpenny per yard on British and Irish buckrams and tilletings, and British and Irish linens, and British calicoes and cottons, or cotton mixed with linen, printed, painted, or stained in Great Britain, 25 inches broad, and under 5d. per yard value $0\ 0\frac{1}{2}$

Under 6d. per yard, bounty per yard $0\ 1$

Of 18d. per yard value $0\ 1\frac{1}{2}$
exported from Great Britain to Africa, America, Spain, Portugal, Gibraltar, Minorca, or the East Indies. 21 G. 3. c. 40. v. 33.

See *Hemp and Flax*. 10 G. 3. c. 40. v. 28.—21 G. 3. c. 58. v. 33.

See *Manufactures*. 22 G. 3. c. 40. v. 34.

Bounties to be paid on exportation of British and Irish buckrams and tilletings, and linens printed, stained, or dyed in Great Britain, viz. If 25 inches or more broad, and not worth more than 5d. per yard before printed, to pay per yard $0\ 0\frac{1}{2}$ d.

If not more than 8d. per yard value $0\ 0\ 1\frac{1}{2}$ d.

23 G. 3. c. 21. v. 34.

And whilst the bounty on exportation of linen, &c. from Ireland continues by any act made there, the last act is also to continue. 24 G. 3. c. 1. c. 14. v. 34.

An additional duty of three farthings per yard laid on printed linens, (except those dyed only of one colour) and 2l. per ann. for licences to bleach or dye linens. Same year, c. 40.

So much of the last act as laid duty on stuffs mixed with linen, wove in Great Britain, not printed, and duties on licences to bleach or dye the same, repealed. 25 G. 3. c. 24. v. 35.

The above duties on linens, by 24 G. 3. c. 40. repealed, and instead thereof a duty of three-halfpence per yard laid on linens printed, &c. (except those only of one colour) of the value from 16d. to 2s. 6d. per yard; and if worth more than 2s. 6d. per yard, to pay three pence per yard. Same year, c. 72.

And also to pay the imposts of 5 per cent. by 19, 21, and 22 G. 3. and to be under the commissioners of excise, in

the same manner as the former duties. Same act, § 5.

Also the same duty laid on all foreign printed linens imported, and to be under the commissioners of customs, and paid for as unrated goods. Same act, § 35.

The proprietors of any original new invented pattern for printed linens, to have the sole right of using the same for two months, and all other persons using such patterns within that time, liable to an action for damages; but the plates may be purchased of the inventor, and used, and the act to continue one year. 27 G. 3. c. 38. v. 36.

The bounties on exportation of linens, by 29 G. 2. c. 15. continued to 24th June, 1790. 28 G. 3. c. 24. v. 36. Further continued to 24th of June, 1792. 31 G. 3. c. 43. v. 37.

Act 27 G. 3. c. 38. relating to plates for printing linens, continued till first of July, 1794. 29 G. 3. c. 19. v. 36.

For entering any house in Scotland, &c. with intent to destroy linen or cotton in the loom, &c. and convicted in the justiceary or circuit court, to suffer death. Same year, c. 46.

Linwood, Lincolnshire.

See *Fens*. 27 G. 3. c. 66. v. 36.

Lisbon, Portugal.

See *Coals*. 13 G. 3. c. 70. v. 30.

Lifts.

See *Servants*. 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 26. v. 35.

See *Coaches*. Same year, c. 47. § 22.

Little Lever, Lancashire.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 68. v. 37.

Liverpool.

For licencing a playhouse there. 11 G. 3. c. 16. v. 29.

See *Rice*. 12 G. 3. c. 60. § 8. v. 29.

See *Churches*. 14 G. 3. c. 94. v. 30.—26 G. 3. c. 15. v. 35.—32 G. 3. c. 76. v. 37.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 10 G. 3. c. 114. v. 28.—23 G. 3. c. 47. v. 34.—30 G. 3. c. 65. v. 37.

See *Harbours*. 25 G. 3. c. 15. v. 35.

See

See *Paving*, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 12.
28 G. 3. c. 13. v. 36.

See *Sugar*. 26 G. 3. c. 36. v. 35.

Llanfyllin, in Wales.

For building a market-house there.
29 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 36.

Loans of Credit.

The king enabled to raise 1,000,000l.
(by loans) for the purposes mentioned
in this act. 17 G. 3. c. 51. v. 31.

1,000,000l. more for the purposes
mentioned. 18 G. 3. c. 64. v. 32.

1,000,000l. more 19 G. 3. c. 73.
v. 32.

1,000,000l. more. 20 G. 3. c. 57.
v. 33.

1,000,000l. more. 21 G. 3. c. 59.
v. 33.

1,000,000l. more. 22 G. 3. c. 76. v. 36.

Loes, Suffolk.

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 72. v. 37.

Logwood.

The duty on exportation of logwood
taken off. 7 G. 3. c. 47. v. 27.

Longitude.

Commissioners of longitude may draw
bills on the treasurer of the navy, for
not more than 2000l. as rewards for
discovering the longitude at sea. 5 G.
3. c. 11. v. 26.

A reward of 10,000l. to be paid to
John Harrison; 300l. to Professor Euler,
and 3000l. to the widow of Professor Mayer
for improving the lunar tables, and 1000l. more
to be disposed of as five commissioners shall direct.
Nautical almanacks to be published by
order of the commissioners only, and
Lowndes's professor of astronomy in
Cambridge, to be added to the commissioners.
Same year, c. 20.

Acts 12 An. c. 15.—14 G. 2. c. 39.
26 G. 2. c. 25.—2 G. 3. c. 18. and 5 G.
3. c. 20. rendered more effectual; and
for improving Mayer's lunar tables,
and encouraging discoveries, &c. commissioners
may order 5000l. reward to be paid, and
if not more than 1000l. a majority may order
the same. 10 G. 3. c. 34. v. 28.

A further reward of 8750l. to be paid

to John Harrison, for his invention of
a time-keeper for ascertaining the longitude
at sea, and discovering the principles upon
which the same was constructed. 13 G. 3. c. 77. v. 30.

Acts 12 An. c. 16.—14 G. 2. c. 39.—
26 G. 2. 25.—2 G. 3. c. 18.—3 G. 3.
c. 14.—5 G. 3. c. 11. and 20.—and 10
G. 3. c. 34. (except the clause relating
to appointing commissioners, and constructing,
publishing, &c. nautical almanacks, &c.)
repealed; and the first discoverer of longitude,
if by a time-keeper, not before known, to have
5000l. if determined to one degree; 7500l.
if to two-thirds of that distance; and if to
half a degree 10,000l. 14 G. 3. c. 66. v. 30.

If by improved solar and lunar tables,
the discoverer to have 5000l. if they shew
the exact distance of the moon from the sun
and stars, within fifteen seconds of a degree,
answering to seven minutes of longitude, and
the commissioners are to certify the same with
the name of the author, to the commissioners
of the navy, who may pay not above 5000l.
Same act, § 2.

Commissioners of longitude may administer oaths.
Same act, § 9.

See *North-West Passage*. 16 G. 3. c. 6. v. 31.

Commissioners of the navy to pay rewards, as directed by the commissioners
of longitude, for discoveries, &c. not more
than 5000l. 17 G. 3. c. 48. v. 31.

When the commissioners of longitude are
satisfied that the proposals merit trial, as
useful to navigation, though not entitled to the
great rewards, may order not more than 5000l.
to the author. 20 G. 3. c. 61.—21 G. 3. c. 52.
v. 33.

Commissioners of longitude to certify the
probability of success of any proposal for
discovering the longitude, or other improvement
in navigation to the commissioners of the navy,
who are to order rewards to such persons as
the commissioners of longitude shall certify to
have made any useful discoveries for finding
the longitude at sea, or other improvements
useful to navigation, out of the money in the
treasurer of the navy's

navy's hands; but not to exceed 5000l.
30 G. 3. c. 14. § 1. v. 37.

The additional secretary of the navy,
by 26 G. 2. c. 25. to be a commissioner
of longitude. Same act, § 3.

London.

The duty of 6d. per chaldron on
coals by 5 and 6 W. and M. c. 10. and
21 G. 2. c. 29. (see *Coals*) continued
for 46 years, to raise 156,000l. by an-
nuities at 3l. 10s. per cent. to complete
Black Friar's bridge, embank the north
side of the river Thames, redeem the
tolls of London bridge, rebuild New-
gate, and repair the royal exchange;
to pay the orphan's debt by 1803, and
to do the other works by Michaelmas,
1831. 7 G. 3. c. 37. v. 27.

See *Carls*. Same year, c. 44.

For paving, &c. the streets, &c. in
London, Sunday tolls at the following
turnpikes, viz. Mile-end, Bethnal-green,
Hackney, King'sland, Ball's Pound or
Pond, Holloway, St. John's-street,
Goswell-street, and the City Road, all
in Middlesex;

	s.	d.
To pay for a coach and 6 horses - - -	0	10
Ditto with four - - -	0	8
With 3 or 2 - - -	0	6
With 1 - - -	0	3
Horse not drawing - -	0	1

Act 6 G. 3. c. 26. repealed.—8 G. 3. c.
21. v. 28. repealed.—11 G. 3. c. 29.
§ 119.

The prescriptive tolls of London
bridge continued to March 25, 1782,
and the mayor, &c. to lay out 30,000l.
in stocks, &c. and till reimbursed to ap-
ply the dividends as the tolls directed
by 7 G. 3. c. 37. and before March 25,
1782, to purchase the remainder of the
term in the lease of the tolls of the
bridge. 11 G. 3. c. 26. § 1, 2, 3. v. 29.

Corporation may grant licences to
the owners of leases, whereof 35 years
or upwards are to come, of houses
adjoining to the late Bridewell dock,
to build, &c. but not to others. Same
act, § 4, 5.

Corporation may appoint commis-
sioners of sewers and pavements, where-

of the recorder and common serjeant to
be two, and not less than seven to act,
who may employ non-freemen, and give
other directions; and the property of
sewers and pavements vested in the city.
Same year, c. 29. to § 38.

Rates not to exceed 1s. 6d. in the
pound on inhabitants, and landlords
may compound for rents under 10l. per
ann. but not to be under half the rate,
and lessees of markets to pay rates, or
may compound, and so may the own-
ers of large warehouses or workshops,
&c. Empty houses to pay half tax, and
wharfs two thirds of the poor's rates,
and several directions to prevent nui-
sances, &c. Same act, § 50.

Churches and public buildings (ex-
cept St. Paul's) to pay 4d. per square
yard, and void spaces and dead walls
6d. per yard, run, and the pavement
surrounding St. Paul's 2240 square
yards, to pay 1s. 3d. per yard per ann.
and tenants of hospitals to pay rates.
Same act, § 54.

l. s. d.

Inner Temple to pay per ann.	2	2	0
Middle Temple - - -	6	6	0
Serjeant's Inn, Chancery-lane	10	0	0
Staple Inn - - -	14	0	0
Furnival's Inn - - -	20	0	0
Bernard's Inn - - -	6	0	0
Clifford's Inn - - -	2	2	9

Same act, § 55.

See *Sewers*. 11 G. 3. c. 29. § 71,
v. 29.

Rates for repairing sewers, &c. 4d.
per pound, to be paid by the occupier
and deducted out of the rents, &c.
Freemen not paying rates, not to
vote at elections, and the money to be
paid into the chamber of London.
Same act, § 82.

Night-carts to work only between
eleven at night and five in the morning.
Same act, § 67.

Commissioners may borrow on an-
nuities tax free and assignable, not more
than 40,000l. at 8 per cent. or if the life
be above 60, at 10 per cent, and on
death may sell other annuities in lieu
thereof, so that the whole purchase-mo-
ney doth not exceed 175,000l. at a time.
Same act, § 92.

Capital felony to forge certificates
relating

relating hereto, and this act to extend to the parts of Holborn, the Minories, and Aldergate-street (supposing them to be out of the liberties of the city) and the courts and alleys communicating therewith, and the inhabitants are to pay the rates; but not to extend to the liberty of St. Martin le Grand belonging to the dean and chapter of Westminster. Same act, § 98, 99.

Commissioners of sewers to have power to act out of the city, and may take for paving the street the same tolls as by 8 G. 3. c. 21. (which is repealed) at the same gates or at others erected by them near thereto, and may lease or compound the tolls; but none pay more than once a day. Same act, § 104.

Only ten hackney coaches to stand between Freeman's Court and the east end of Cornhill, and five from Bucklersbury to King-street, and to be 20 feet asunder, and at other places to be 8 feet asunder, and room to be left for waggons, &c. on penalty of 20s. and hackney coaches to be registered at Guildhall. Same act, § 113.

Not to revive the acts 19 Car. 2. c. 3. 22 & 23. Car. 2. c. 17. 2 W. & M. c. 8. 10 G. 2. c. 22. 17 G. 2. c. 29. 33 G. 2. c. 30, or 6. G. 3. c. 26. Same act, § 122.

See *Tolls*. 11 G. 3. c. 29. § 101.

See *Coaches*. 12 G. 3. c. 49. v. 29.

See *Buildings*. 14 G. 3. c. 78. v. 30.

Drivers of cattle in London, Westminster, or within the bills of mortality, being the cause of mischief, or misbehaving in driving, constables on view, or by the information of others, may secure them without a warrant, and take them before a justice, who may examine witnesses on oath, and convict them in a penalty not above 20s. each, nor less than 5s. and if they refuse or are not able to pay, to be committed for a month, or be publicly whipped; and persons not driving cattle, molesting them, liable to the same penalty, and if the informer do not attend, liable to the penalty of 40s. and not less than 10s. 14 G. 3. c. 87. v. 30. 21 G. 3. c. 67. § 1, 2, 3. v. 33.

See *Rivers*. 14 G. 3. c. 91.

See *Coals*. 17 G. 3. c. 13. v. 31.— 26 G. 3. c. 83. v. 35.

The corporation of London enabled to purchase the tolls for navigating the river Thames, westward from London bridge to the extent of the liberties of the city, and in lieu thereof, may take the following tolls per ton:

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
To Strand on the Green, or Brentford	0	0	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
To Isleworth or Richmond	0	0	1
To Twickenham or Teddington	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
To Kingston or Hamptonwick	0	0	2
To Ditton, Hampton-court, Moulsey, or Hampton Town	0	0	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
To Sunbury, Walton, Hawford, Shepperton, or Weybridge	0	0	3
To Chertsey or Laleham	0	0	3 $\frac{1}{2}$
And to Staines, and above	0	0	4

Nothing for vessels under three tons, or pleasure boats; and may borrow 15,000l. on the tolls, by annuities for lives of 45 years of age at 8 per cent. and of sixty years at 10 per cent. 17 G. 3. c. 18. v. 31.

See *Ships*. 19 G. 3. c. 48. § 3. v. 32.

See *Corn*, &c. 21 G. 3. c. 50. v. 33.

By this act the right of the corporation is saved. 29 G. 3. c. 58. § 4. v. 36.

To raise out of the surplus of the orphan's fund 40,000l. for paying debts incurred by building Newgate and the sessions house, &c. 18 G. 3. c. 48. v. 32.

1000l. out of the same fund for opening communications between Wapping-street and Ratcliffe highway, and between old Gravel-lane and Virginia-street, &c. Same year, c. 49.

7,500l. more for widening the avenues into Goodman's Fields. Same year, c. 50.

4000l. more for completing the paving of the borough of Southwark. Same year, c. 51.

For making sewers in the prebendal estates of Halliwell and Finsbury. Same year, c. 66.

11,000l. more for building the sessions house for the county of Middlesex. Same year, c. 67.

16,500*l.* more to open a street from Moorfields opposite Chiswell-street, eastward, to Bishopsgate-street, and westward into Barbican. Same year, c. 71.

7,500*l.* more to build a court-house at Westminster. Same year, c. 72.

5000*l.* more for paving the high street from Aldersgate bars to the turnpike at the end of Goswell-street. Same year, c. 73. 20 G. 3. c. 48. v. 33.

9000*l.* more for making a passage for carriages from Spittlefields to Bishopsgate-street. 18 G. 3. c. 78. v. 32.

The mayor and court of aldermen may make rules with penalties, but not to abridge the market hours, and any justice in the city or within the bills of mortality may put such rules in execution. 21 G. 3. c. 67. § 6. v. 33.

Offenders refusing to give their names, to be committed for a month, or till they declare their names; and an abstract of the act and rules to be fixed in public places in London and Westminster, and liberties, and prosecution to be in 14 days after the offence, but subject to appeal. Same act, to § 11.

An agreement between the lord mayor, &c. of London, as governors of Bridewell, Christ's, Saint Thomas, St. Bartholomew's, and Bethlem hospitals, with the presidents, treasurers, and acting governors of the said several hospitals made more effectual, and extended to Bartholomew and Bethlem hospitals. 22 G. 3. c. 77. v. 34.

See *Lastage and Ballastage*. 23 G. 3. c. 8. v. 34.

See *Dyers Company*. 23 G. 3. c. 15. v. 34.

See *Paving*. Same year, 46.

See *Carts*. 24 G. 3. c. 8. v. 34.

See *Newgate*. 25 G. 3. c. 18. v. 35.

The corporation enabled to pull down the Poultry and Wood-street compters, and to purchase ground, &c. in the city to rebuild the same. Same year, c. 97.

The city's right in Southwark reserved. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 29. v. 35.

See *Toll*. Same year, c. 37.

By the act for repealing all the former militia laws, the city of London, the tower Hamlets, the cinque ports, and the two ancient towns and their members, are excepted. Same year, c. 107.

Custom duties collected in London to

be paid over to the receiver general the same day. 27 G. 3. c. 13. §. 27. v. 36.

See *Corn and Grain*. 29 G. 3. c. 58. § 4. v. 36.

Lord's Day.

See *Holidays*. 21 G. 3. c. 49. v. 33.

Lords of Manors.

Right of Fishery reserved. See *Cannals, Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 65. v. 37.

Lotteries.

1,500,000*l.* raised by annuities and a lottery, and charged on the sinking fund. 6 G. 3. c. 39. v. 27.

780,000*l.* raised by a lottery. 9 G. 3. c. 33. v. 28.

Proprietors of 4 per cent annuities, by 2 G. 3. c. 9. agreeing to accept 31. per cent. per annum, to have for each one hundred pounds stock, two lottery tickets and a receipt for four pounds, in part of 14 pounds for each ticket; other persons (if not all subscribed for) to pay fourteen pounds per ticket; and there is to be 50,000 tickets. 10 G. 3. c. 46. v. 28.

650,000*l.* raised by 50,000 lottery tickets, at thirteen pounds each, charged on general aids, and to be paid at the bank without deduction. 11 G. 3. c. 47. v. 29.

The subscribers to the redeeming 1,500,000*l.* three per cent. annuities, to have four lottery tickets at 12*l.* 10*s.* each for every one hundred pounds stock, in all 60,000 tickets; and 600,000*l.* for prizes to be paid out of the supplies of this session, and the treasury to pay to the bank 473,073*l.* 10*s.* and 403,852*l.* to the South Sea company, which the subscribers are to receive in full of their stock with 31. per cent. to the fifth July, 1772. 12 G. 3. c. 6. v. 29.

Offences committed against this act punishable in this kingdom, and penalties may be sued for in the courts in Dublin. Same act, § 21.

See *Cox's Museum*. 13 G. 3. c. 41. v. 30.

The estates of John, Robert, James, and William Adam, in St. Martin in the Fields, and St. Mary-le-bone, and other effects, may be disposed of by a lottery. Same year, c. 75.

600,000*l.* raised by 60,000 tickets to be

be paid out of this year's supplies.

14 G. 3. c. 76. v. 30.

Subscribers to have fix tickets for each one hundred pounds stock; 600,000l. by a lottery of 60,000 tickets.

15 G. 3. c. 41. v. 31.

600,000l. raised by a lottery at 31. per cent. on annuities, charged on the sinking fund. 16 G. 3. c. 34. v. 31.

500,000l. raised by a lottery, and every contributor of 100l. towards 5,000,000l. annuities, on payment of ten pounds more to have a lottery ticket; in all 50,000l. prizes to be paid out of the supplies of this session. 17 G. 3. c. 46. v. 31.

6,000,000l. raised by annuities, and 480,000l. by 48,000 lottery tickets charged on a fund established this session, and collaterally on the sinking fund; each contributor of 500l. for forty pounds more to have four lottery tickets. 18 G. 3. c. 22. v. 32.

Lottery offices licenced at fifty pounds each, to go towards the expence of drawing. Same act.

7,000,000l. raised by annuities, and 490,000l. by 49,000 lottery tickets charged on a fund established this session, and collaterally on the sinking fund, each contributor of 1000l. for seventy pounds more to have seven tickets, 19 G. 3. c. 18. v. 32.

Lottery offices to be licenced at fifty pounds each, to go to the expences of drawing; and keeping an office without a licence penalty 100l. and not to sell less than a sixteenth share of a ticket on penalty of fifty pounds, and other regulations. Same year, c. 21.

12,000,000l. raised by annuities, and 480,000l. by 48,000 lottery tickets charged in the same manner as the last; contributors of 1000l. for forty pounds more, to have four tickets. 20 G. 3. c. 16. v. 33.

Office-keepers selling shares of tickets not possessed of the original, to forfeit 500l.; licences in force for one year; no chance relating to the drawing of the lottery to be sold, nor business to be transacted between eight in the evening and eight in the morning, and other regulations. Same act.

12,000,000l. raised by annuities, and 480,000l. by 48,000 lottery tickets,

charged on any supplies of this session; each contributor of 1000l. for 40l. more, to have four tickets. 21 G. 3. c. 14. v. 33.

Irish tickets may be sold in the same manner as British tickets, and licences to be taken as before; but none to be granted for offices in Oxford or Cambridge. 22 G. 3. c. 47. v. 34.

Licensed office-keepers to put up their names, give bond to the crown, and not to do business before eight of the clock in the morning, nor after eight at night, (except the Saturday next before drawing) nor to sell less than a sixteenth part of a ticket, or for less time than the whole drawing, nor to insure such tickets. Same act, § 7.

Persons selling tickets not their own property, to forfeit 50l.; tickets sold in shares deposited in an office established by the commissioners of stamps, and the agreement to be stamped and entered in a book; to remain there till three days after drawing finished, and to pay two pence to the officer for his trouble for each ticket; but for selling shares without stamps, to forfeit 50l.; and to forge or alter receipts, capital felony. Same act, § 14.

See *Lewer (Sir Ashton)*. 24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 22. v. 34.

The powers given by 8 G. 1. c. 2.— 12 G. 2. c. 28; and 22 G. 3. c. 47. continued (except where altered) and the penalties not recoverable before justices, but by action brought in six months in the courts at Westminster; half to go to the crown, and to be paid to the stamp-office; and the other half, with full costs, to the informer; and the defendant to give 500l. bail to answer it. 27 G. 3. c. 1. v. 36.

Dealers in tickets not licenced, or selling chances for less than the whole drawing, or insuring tickets, or receiving money or other things upon any contingencies, to be deemed rogues and vagabonds, within act 17 G. 2. c. 5. and may be committed by justices of peace to the house of correction until the next quarter sessions. Same act, § 3.

But the possessor of a whole undrawn ticket may insure it by written agreement for its value, for the whole time

of drawing, on depositing it with the receiver-general of stamps; and such assurances are assignable. Same act, § 5.

Persons not duly licenced, making insurances, liable to the same prosecution as for keeping an unlicenced office; but offenders are not to be prosecuted both for pecuniary penalties, and also as vagabonds; nor before justices, respecting lotteries already established, unless information before the fifth of February, 1787. Same act, § 9.

Four pounds per ticket allowed to the owners of the first 10,000 tickets drawn blank, to begin drawing the 9th of February, 1791, and prizes to be paid the second of June following. 30 G. 3. c. 30. § 19. v. 37.

Duplicates of lottery tickets lost or burnt, may be made out on affidavit before the barons of the exchequer of such loss, prior to the first of October, 1792. 32 G. 3. c. 35. v. 37.

Printers, proprietors, and editors of newspapers, indemnified for penalties incurred before the second of July, 1792, by 8 G. 1. c. 2.—12 G. 2. c. 28.—22 G. 3. c. 47. and 27 G. 3. c. 1. respecting publishing plans and proposals depending upon the lottery. Same year, c. 61.

The following sums raised by lotteries under these acts, viz.

7 G. 3. c. 24. v. 27.	£.600,000
8 G. 3. c. 31. v. 28.	600,000
9 G. 3. c. 33. v. 28.	780,000
16 G. 3. c. 34. v. 31.	600,000
17 G. 3. c. 46. v. 31.	500,000
18 G. 3. c. 22. v. 32.	480,000
19 G. 3. c. 18. v. 32.	490,000
20 G. 3. c. 16. v. 33.	480,000
21 G. 3. c. 14. v. 33.	480,000
22 G. 3. c. 8. v. 34.	405,000
23 G. 3. c. 35. v. 34.	480,000
24 G. 3. c. 10. v. 34.	460,000
25 G. 3. c. 59. v. 35. Tickets at 13l.	650,000
26 G. 3. c. 65. v. 35. Tickets at 13l. 15s.	688,750
27 G. 3. c. 41. v. 36. Tickets at 15l. 2s. 9d.	756,875
28 G. 3. c. 21. v. 36. Tickets at 15l. 12s. 9d.	750,600
29 G. 3. c. 33. v. 36. Tick-	

ets at 15l. 8s. 7½d.	771,562
30 G. 3. c. 30. Tickets at 15l. 16s. 4½.	£.790,937
31 G. 3. c. 53. Tickets at 16l. 2s. 6d.	806,250
32 G. 3. c. 28. Tickets at 16l. 5s.	812,500

Loughborough, Leicestershire.

See *Canals, Navigable.* 15 G. 3. c. 65. v. 31.—31 G. 3. c. 65. v. 37.

Lowat (Simon, late Lord).

See *Frazer (General Simon).* 14 G. 3. c. 22. v. 30.

Low Wines.

Low wines or spirits not to be made from wheat or flour, or any material mixed therewith, until 1st Jan. 1774. 13 G. 3. c. 3. § 16. v. 30.

But this not to extend to growers of wheat used in twenty days after threshed, and not kept in a place for distilling low wines, nor to distillers who are millers, as to wheat found in their mills. Same act, § 20.

See *Distillers.* 19 G. 3. c. 50. v. 32.

See *Malt.* 20 G. 3. c. 35. v. 33.

An additional excise duty laid on spirituous liquors made in Great Britain for home consumption, or imported; viz.

On low wines, and spirits of first extraction from corn, malt, or brewers wash, per gallon, - £0 0 1
Strong waters, or aqua vita, of like materials, - 0 0 3
Low wines, &c. from foreign materials, - 0 0 3
Spirits from the like materials, - 0 0 2
Low wines from cyder, 0 0 1½
Spirits from cyder, 0 0 2
Single brandy, per gallon, 0 1 0
Double brandy, 0 2 0
With an addition of five per cent. on the duty. Same act.

The duty on low wines for home consumption, discontinued for two years, and instead thereof there is laid on fermented wort made from malt, per gallon, £0 0 5
From cyder and perry, or other British materials, 0 0 4
From molasses or sugar, 0 0 7
From

From foreign refused wine, 0 0 10
To be under the excise. 24 G. 3. fef.
2. c. 46. § 38. v. 34.

These duties in Scotland suspended for two years; and in lieu thereof duties laid on licences for stills there. (See *Licences*). 26 G. 3. c. 64. v. 35.

In lieu of the duties in England suspended for two years more.

Duty laid on wort from grain, per gallon, £0 0 6

From cyder or perry, or other wash from British materials, 0 0 5

From melasses, 0 0 8

And from foreign wines, 0 1 9

Same year, c. 73.

See *Scotland*. 28 G. 3. c. 46. v. 36.

Part of section 62, and the sections 63, 64, and 65 of the last act repealed; and the duties by 27 G. 3. c. 13. on wash made in England for home consumption continued to 5th of July, 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 45. v. 36.

Loyalists.

See *America*. 27 G. 3. c. 39. v. 36.

Lucia (Saint).

See *Ships*. 23 G. 3. c. 14. v. 34.

Luke (Saint), Middlesex.

See *Paving*. 11 G. 3. c. 46. v. 29.

See *Poor*. 22 G. 3. c. 56. v. 34.

Lumber.

See *Stores*. 11 G. 3. c. 41. v. 29.

See *America*. 26 G. 3. c. 53. v. 35.

See *British West-India Islands*. 27 G. 3. c. 7. v. 36.

See *Quebec*. 30 G. 3. c. 8. v. 37.

Lunatics.

Their guardians or committees enabled, by order of lord chancellor, to accept of surrenders of leases, and to grant new ones. 11 G. 3. c. 20. v. 29.

See *Mad-houses*. 14 G. 3. c. 49. v. 30.—26 G. 3. c. 91. v. 35.

Lynn, Norfolk.

See *Pilots*. 13 G. 3. c. 30. v. 30.

M

Macbride, (John).

Time given to him and his sureties to enter into recognizances, in respect of his petition, presented to the house of commons, complaining of an undue election for Plymouth. 31 G. 3. c. 3. v. 37.

Macclesfield, Cheshire.

For confirming sales and purchases of estates by the governor of the school, founded there by king Edward the 6th, for the benefit of the foundation. 14 G. 3. c. 51. v. 30.

See *Churches*. 19 G. 3. c. 7. v. 32.

Macgreggors.

See *Scotland*. 15 G. 3. c. 29. v. 31.

Mackenzie, Mr.

See *Ireland*. 15 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31.

Made Wines.

See *Sweets*. 26 G. 3. c. 74. v. 35.

Madder

Exempted from tithes for 14 years longer. 5 G. 3. c. 18. v. 26.

Madeira, (Island of.)

See *Cordage and Callicoes*. 13 G. 3. c. 74. § 5. v. 30.

Madeley Wood.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 28 G. 3. c. 73. v. 36.

Madhouses.

Confining more than one lunatick in any one house without licence, to forfeit 500l. 14 G. 3. c. 49. v. 30.

Five fellows of the college of physicians, or licentiates, to be commissioners to grant licences on 5s. stamps, one for each house annually; but no commissioner to keep such house, on penalty of 50l. Same act, to § 10.

Commissioners to visit licensed houses, and refusing them admittance, forfeiture of the licence; commissioners to be paid each on every inspection 1l. 1s. Keepers to give to the commissioners secretary an account of admission of patients

patients (except paupers) in three days within 7 miles of London; and admitting without an order, to forfeit 100*l*. Same act, 10 § 21.

Quarter sessions to licence houses more than seven miles from London annually; if keeping ten lunatics 10*l*. if above, 15*l*. and only one house for each licence, and justices with a physician to visit licenced houses, and keepers to give notice of admission of patients in 14 days, on forfeiture of 100*l*. and to give a recognizance of 100*l*. on each licence. Same act, 10 § 28.

The lord chancellor and two chief justices may order commissioners or justices to inspect licensed houses, and report the state thereof, and may inspect registers and examine parties, &c. but not to extend to public hospitals. Same act, § 30.

Not to give greater power than is allowed by law. Same act, § 31.—Continued for seven years, &c. by 19 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 32. These acts made perpetual. 26 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 35.

Magdalen.

See *Hospitals*. 9 G. 3. c. 31. v. 28.

Mahogany

From the Bay of Honduras. See *Stores*. 11 G. 3. c. 41. § 3. v. 29.

Maidenhead.

See *Bridges*. 12 G. 3. c. 41. v. 29.

Maidstone Geneva.

George Bishop is to pay a duty for his Geneva made at Maidstone, for each 72 gallons produced from 112 pounds of malt 15*s*.; and 6 gallons of spirits to be allowed for every 112 pounds of malt, with other regulations. 24 G. 3. c. 46. § 34. v. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 73. § 47. v. 35.

George Bishop having established a manufactory here, essentially different from other spirits, and it being impossible to continue the same, if the same rate per gallon upon wash be collected as on other spirits; therefore, he is to pay 18*s*. for every 72 gallons of wash made not from more than 112 pounds of corn, being at the rate of 3*d*. per gallon. Same act, § 47.

For every 112 pounds of corn, a credit is to be allowed of eight gallons of spirits, of one in seven under hydrometer proof; but if stronger, to be forfeited; also, for undue excess of stock the like forfeiture, and notice to be given of making wort, on penalty of 200*l*. Same act, § 48.

A still to be provided by the manufacturer, that the officer may ascertain the strength of the wash; and if 24 gallons thereof produce more than 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ gallons of the strength aforesaid, then the whole quantity to be charged with the duty of 1*s*. per gallon. Same act, § 52.

Mr. Bishop to pay 16*s*. 4*d*. for every 96 gallons of wash from 112 pounds of corn; and for that quantity to be allowed eight gallons, and one-third of spirits of one in six under hydrometer proof. 28 G. 3. c. 46. § 63. v. 36.

Maidstone, Kent.

See *Poor*. 20 G. 3. c. 22. v. 33.

See *Paving*. 31 G. 3. c. 62. v. 37.

See *Rivers, Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 105. v. 37.

Maifmore, near Gloucester.

See *Bridges*. 17 G. 3. c. 68. v. 31.

Male Servants.

See *Servants*. 17 G. 3. c. 39. v. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 30. v. 32.

Malldraeth, and Corfddagan, in the County of Anglesey.

See *Inclosures*. 28 G. 3. c. 71. v. 36.—30 G. 3. c. 59. v. 37.

Malt.

The duty granted on malt, mum, cyder, and perry, continued annually for the service of the year respectively.

So much of 9. G. 3. c. 1. and 10. G. 3. c. 1. as prohibits the exportation of malt repealed. 10 G. 3. c. 10. v. 28.

An additional duty of 15 per cent. laid on the duty on malt, by 33 G. 2. c. 7. 19 G. 3. c. 25. § 5. v. 32.

An additional duty laid on malt made in England or Wales, per bushel, 6*d*. Made in Scotland, 3*d*. Brought from Scotland

Scotland to England or Wales, per bushel, 3d.

To be paid on stock in hand (30 May, 1780) by malsters, or makers of malt for sale, sellers or retailers, brewers, distillers, inn-keepers, victuallers, or vinegar-makers, one third to be paid the twentieth of June, another third by the twentieth of July, and the remainder by the thirtieth of August. 20 G. 3. c. 35. v. 33.

Malt sold before the thirtieth of May, 1780, and not then delivered, the bargain valid, and the purchaser to pay the duty besides the price agreed for. Same act, § 4.

Also, an additional duty of five per cent. on the last duties. Same act, § 12.

The power of the commissioners of excise in England and Scotland, of compounding with persons making malt for their own use, and not to sell, taken away. 23 G. 3. c. 64. v. 34.

Made or declared to be for exportation, before 29th of December, 1789, may be exported, on certificate from the excise officer. 30 G. 3. c. 1. § 7. v. 37.

Additional duties, viz. Malt made in England and Wales per bushel, 3d.—In Scotland per bushel, 1½d.—Malt brought from Scotland to England or Wales, per bushel, 1½d.—To be paid on stock in hand (5th of January, 1791) of malsters or makers for sale, sellers or retailers, brewers, distillers, inn-keepers, victuallers, or vinegar makers; one-third by 5th of February, one-third by 5th of March, and the rest by 5th of April. 31 G. 3. c. 2. § 2. v. 37.

Malt sold before 5th of January, 1791, and not delivered, the bargain valid, and the purchaser to pay the duty besides the price agreed for. Same act, § 4.

Act 3 G. 3. c. 2. repealed, and from the 25th of April, 1792, the duties thereby imposed to cease. 32 G. 3. c. 6. v. 37.

Allowances by this act to brewers to cease after the first of April, 1792. Same act.

Malsters for all dry unground malt in stock, between the first and sixth of

April, 1792, to have the following allowances, viz.—Three-pence per bushel in England, and one penny halfpenny in Scotland. Same act, § 3.

Between the first and sixth of April, 1792, excise-officers may in the day-time enter any place where malt is deposited, and 100l. penalty for obstructing officers. Same act, § 7.

The duty not to be paid for corn in operation when the account of unground malt is taken, if kept separate until the sixth of April, 1792; and the officer to give a certificate of the amount of the allowance, &c. Same act, § 8.

Within twenty days before the second day of April, 1792, notice of shipping malt, intended to be carried coastwise, to be given to the proper officer, who is to give a certificate of the quantity to the master; and on arrival at the port of consignment, he is to deliver the same to the officer of the excise; and if malt so carried shall not arrive until after the officer shall have taken an account of the consignee's stock, he shall give a certificate of the quantity, and of the party entitled to the allowance. &c. Same act, § 10.

Malt brought by water from Scotland to England, and not arriving until after the fifth of April, 1792, not liable to the additional duty, and the master to make oath that the malt is the same as mentioned in the certificate, and such malt to be kept separate until the sixth of April, 1792, and 50l. penalty on removing such malt to any other vessel, or landing at any other place than where consigned, and the malt to be forfeited. Same act, § 12.

Twenty pounds penalty on masters neglecting to deliver certificates, and persons counterfeiting them to forfeit 500l. and certificates to be produced after four months, and before six months from the time of their being granted. Same act, § 18.

Man, Isle of

Purchased of the duke of Athol and vested in the crown. 5 G. 3. c. 26. v. 26.

Bounty on exporting corn thither taken off. Same year, c. 30.

Officers of the customs may search ships in the island, and seize contraband goods. Same year, c. 39. § 1.

Prohibited goods imported thither from Great Britain, forfeited. Same act, § 2.

The life of Man included in bonds for the exportation of goods from Great Britain. Same act, § 3.

No foreign brandy or spirits to be imported thither, only from Great Britain directly. Same act, § 4.

Nor to be exported from thence or carried coastwise in casks of less than 60 gallons, nor wine in casks under 25 gallons, or in ships under 100 tons. Same act, § 6.

No spirits to be imported into Great Britain from the island; and ships from Great Britain or Ireland to Africa, &c. to give bond not to take goods or stores from the island, and insuring the fraudulent conveyance of goods to or from thence, 500*l.* penalty. Same act, to § 15.

Bestials and other goods, the produce of the island (except woollens, beer and ale, and other articles prohibited by an act of this session) may be imported from thence on paying duty as British goods. Same year, c. 43. to § 11.

But no goods of foreign growth manufactured there (except hemp and flax) may be so imported. Same act, § 12.

Bounty on British and Irish linens by 29 G. 2. c. 15. extended to the life of Man. Same act, § 13.

Oaths by 29 Car. 2. c. 5. for taking affidavits, extended to the island, and likewise to appoint ports there. 6 G. 3. c. 50. § 2. 3. v. 27.—These oaths may be administered by the collector of the customs. 20 G. 3. c. 42. § 10.

Duties on goods imported there, viz.

	<i>l. s. d.</i>
British spirits from England, per gallon	0 1 0
Rum of the plantations from England	0 1 6
{ Bohea tea from the same, per pound	0 1 0
{ Green tea the like	0 1 6
{ Coffee the like	0 0 9

These reduced by 20 G. 3. c. 42.—
See after.

	<i>l. s. d.</i>
Tobacco the like per pound	0 0 2
Coals from Great Britain or Ireland per chaldron	0 0 3
Hemp, iron, deal boards, and timber from foreign parts <i>ad valorem</i> , per cent.	5 0 0
French wine, per ton	4 0 0
Other wines	2 0 0
Corn and grain from Eng- land, for which bounty is paid <i>ad valorem</i> , per cent.	10 0 0
Other goods entitled to bounty or drawback from Great Britain	5 0 0
And from other places, per cent.	15 0 0

7 G. 3. c. 45. § 1. v. 27.

Flax and seed, raw or brown linen, yarn, wood ashes and weed ashes, fish and flesh of all sorts, corn and grain (except from Great Britain) may be imported into the island duty free. Same act, § 3.

White and brown linen, cloth, hemp and hemp-seed, horses and black cattle, utensils for manufactories, fisheries, or agriculture, bricks and tiles, young trees, sea shells, lime and soapers waste, packthread, and small cordage for nets, from Great Britain or Ireland, the like. Same act, § 4.

Salt, boards, timber, and hoops of Great Britain; iron rods or bars, cotton, indigo, naval stores, and lumber, of the plantations from Great Britain only, the like. Same act, § 5.

Bounties for fisheries, viz.

	<i>l. s. d.</i>
For the first maze of 500 herrings	5 0 0
For fishing the greatest number of nights	10 0 0
For the second ditto,	7 10 0
For the third ditto,	5 0 0
For the fourth ditto,	2 10 0
For the greatest maze of 25,000 herrings	10 0 0
For the second ditto,	5 0 0
For the last ditto,	5 0 0
To the admiral each season,	5 0 0
To the vice-admiral	3 0 0
For	

For Manufactures.

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
For the greatest number of yards of linen-cloth from 10d. to 1s. 6d. per yard	6	0	0
For the next greatest quantity	4	0	0
For spinning the greatest quantity	5	0	0
For the next	3	0	0
For the greatest quantity of linen cloth exported	10	0	0
Same act, to § 17.			

Corn and grain, &c. may be imported thither from Whitehaven and Liverpool, not more than 2,500 quarters, a moiety from each place. Same act, § 25.

A packet boat established between Whitehaven and Douglas; rates of postage, viz.

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Single letters	0	2
Double ditto,	0	4
Treble ditto,	0	6
Per ounce,	0	8

Inland postage the same as in England. 7 G. 3. c. 50. § 5. v. 28.

For repairing, amending, and supporting the harbours and sea ports in the isle. Several duties granted there, viz.

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Every British ship arriving in the island, not laden, per ton	0	1½
The like laden	0	2
If repaired there, more	0	1
Every foreign ship, not laden	0	2
The like laden, and not discharged	0	3
If unladen there, more	0	2
If repaired there, more	0	2
Every foreign ship anchoring there	2	6

And besides the duties by 7 G. 3. c. 45.

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
On all spirits imported there, per ton	2	6
Tobacco per hoghead	1	6
Teas per hundred weight	2	0
Coffee ditto,	1	0
All wines per ton	2	6
All foreign goods (except		

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
wine, spirits and salt) <i>ad valorem</i> , per cent.	10	0
All other goods from Great Britain or Ireland (except licensed and salt for fishery) above 5l. value, <i>ad valorem</i> , per cent.	5	0
11 G. 3. c. 52. § 2, 3, v. 28.		
Bounties by 7 G. 3. c. 45. to cease, except those to the admiral and water-bailiff.) Same act, § 4.		

After harbours are repaired, 1000l. out of the surplus duties to be paid in discharge of bonds given by supervisors. Same act, § 11.

See *Fish and Fishery*. 12 G. 3. c. 58. See *Salt*. 20 G. 3. c. 34. v. 33.

Additional duties on goods imported into the Isle of Man, viz.

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Rum the produce of the plantations from England, per gallon	0	0	6
Tobacco per pound	0	0	1
Hemp, iron, deal boards, and timber from abroad, <i>ad valorem</i> , per cent.	5	0	0
French wine per ton	4	0	0
Other wines	2	0	0

In lieu of the duties by 7 G. 3. c. 45, which are to cease,

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Bohea tea from England, per pound	0	6
Green tea ditto,	1	0
Coffee ditto,	0	4

Drawback on the importation of tea to the Isle of Man, if directly from the warehouse. 20 G. 3. c. 42. § 1, 2, 4, 5. v. 33.

40,000 gallons of British spirits, and 30,000 gallons of rum may be exported from England, and 10,000 gallons of rum from Scotland to Douglas, but no licence till entry; which licence to be in force only thirty days. Same act, § 6, 7.

Herring ships trading to Madeira and the Mediterranean, of 70 tons, may import wine (except French) to the Isle of Man; but not to export any goods from thence (except fresh fish) without

out warrant, on forfeiture. Same act, § 8, 9.

A drawback on all import duties on herrings caught and cured in the Isle of Man, on exportation thereof from Great Britain to foreign parts, and salt-officers are to mark the barrels, and if fraudulently landed to forfeit double the value; barrels to be 32 gallons, and half barrels 16 gallons. Same act, to § 12.

Rum imported into the Isle of Man from Scotland, to pay the same duty as if from England. 21 G. 3. c. 28. § 2. v. 33.

To be allowed for rock-salt exported to the Isle of Man one bushel in forty; and for white salt two bushels in forty; but nothing to be allowed if not carried twenty miles by sea. 25 G. 3. c. 63. v. 35.

Four hundred weight of British refined sugar, and ten hundred weight of bastard sugar, may be exported annually from Liverpool to Douglas, in the Isle of Man, but no where else, and not to be exported from thence. 26 G. 3. c. 36. v. 35.

The house of keys of the Island may, on failure of the fishery there, permit the importation of one thousand barrels of herrings in one year, duty free, and so much of act 7 G. 3. c. 45. as prohibits the same, repealed. Same act, § 5.

See *Coast Trade*. 32 G. 3. c. 50. v. 37.

Management.

See *India (East) Company*. 13 G. 3. c. 63. v. 30.

Manchester.

A play-house licenced there. 15 G. 3. c. 47. v. 31.

See *Paving*. 16 G. 3. c. 63.—32 G. 3. c. 69. v. 37.

See *Poor*. 30 G. 3. c. 81. v. 37.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 68.—32 G. 3. c. 84. v. 37.

Manchester Square.

For improvement thereof. 29 G. 3. c. 5. Women may vote by proxy. Same act, § 3. v. 36.

Rates 6d. per pound, according to the rent; and empty houses exempt;

and owners of houses to pay for ambassadors. Same act, § 9.

The trustees may raise 800l. by annuities, or at legal interest. Same act, § 15.

Appeals allowed to the trustees, and from them to the quarter sessions, but no *Certiorari*. Same act, § 26.

This act not to affect any other part of St. Marylebone parish. Same act, § 28.

Mandamus.

For giving relief in proceedings for admission of freemen into corporations, any person entitled to be admitted a member, and applying to the mayor or chief officer for that purpose, giving notice and specifying the nature of his claim; and if such person shall be refused, a *mandamus* may issue to compel his admission, and the mayor, &c. to pay all costs. 12 G. 3. c. 21. v. 29.

Mangrove Bark, Red.

See *Bark*. 32 G. 3. c. 49. v. 37.

Manifests.

See *Tobacco (from Ireland)*. 19 G. 3. c. 35. v. 32.

No goods to be imported in British ships, or wine from any place not subject to the crown of Great Britain, without a manifest containing the particulars on oath; and this act to commence as to Europe, 25th Dec. 1786; as to Africa and America, 29th Sept. 1787; and as to Asia, 25th March, 1788. 26 G. 3. c. 40. v. 35.

Masters of vessels importing goods without a proper manifest, to forfeit double the value of the goods, together with full duties. Same act, § 5.

On arrival within four leagues of the British coast, the master to produce his manifest to the first officer of the customs coming on board, and also give him a copy, which the officer is to certify; but the masters not bound to give more than two copies; though for not giving any copy, to forfeit 100l. Same act, § 6.

The regulations of the last act not to extend to beer exported; but the other regulations to remain, and the drawbacks as before 1st Aug. 1786. 27 G. 3. c. 31. v. 36.

Manifests

Manifests for ships in the limits of the East India company to be delivered and authenticated by the person who delivered the last dispatches, having been the company's servant seven years; and for ships from China by the company's chief supercargo there; and not by the officers of the customs. Same year, c. 32. § 10.

Manufactures.

See *Gloves*. 6 G. 3. c. 19. v. 27.

See *Stockings*. Same year, c. 29.

Act 22 G. 2. c. 27. as to reeling yarn short, repealed, and in lieu thereof, for the first offence to forfeit 20s. for the second offence, 5l. and for the third offence, to be imprisoned and whipped. 14 G. 3. c. 44. v. 30.

For exporting tools and utensils used in the cotton, linen, woollen, or silk manufactures, forfeiture of the goods and penalty of 200l. one half to the king and the other to the prosecutor. Same year, c. 71.

Repealed as to wool-cards exported to America.

See *Colonies*. 15 G. 3. c. 5. v. 31.

See *Cotton*. 14 G. 3. c. 72. v. 30.

See *Soap*. Same act, § 15.

Manufacturers of wool or linen to be allowed a drawback of so much as is paid on home-made soap, for all that is used, whether imported or home-made. Same year, c. 73.

Penalties by 14 G. 3. c. 44. to be levied by distress, and the offender committed for a month. 15 G. 3. c. 14. v. 31.

All sorts of painted earthen ware made in Europe (except galley tiles) and all other (except India or China) not otherwise rated, may be imported on duty of 10l. 10s. per cent. *ad valorem*. Same year, c. 37.

For preventing frauds by persons employed in combing wool, worsted yarn, or other worsted goods in Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Cheshire; committee-men appointed for Yorkshire, eighteen; and for the other two counties nine each. 17 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 31.

See *Hats*. Same year, c. 55.

Punishment by 22 G. 3. c. 19. of workmen in the woollen and other ma-

nufactures for embezzling materials, and for receiving the same, or not performing their engagements, altered; and two justices may grant a warrant to search for embezzled materials, &c. 17 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 31.

Commodities of the growth and production of Africa, Asia, or America, in any degree manufactured in foreign parts, prohibited to be imported into Great Britain, Ireland, Guernsey, Jersey, or the Isle of Man (except those manufactured in the country of their growth or production, or where they are only first shipped for transportation. 19 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 32.

See *Bone Lace*. 19 G. 3. c. 49. v. 32.

See *Felony*. 21 G. 3. c. 37. v. 33.

Putting on board a ship any machine, tool, or utensil used in the woollen, cotton, linen, or silk manufactory, or model thereof, the same may be seized by warrant; and if no satisfactory account is given, the party to be bound over to the assizes or sessions, and for want of bail, to be committed, and the penalty, on conviction, 200l. and imprisonment till paid. 21 G. 3. c. 37. § 1. vol. 33.

Custom-house officers may seize such machines, &c. and captains taking them on board, &c. subject to the same penalty; and if a man of war, the captain also to forfeit his employment; and custom-house officers taking entries outwards of such machines, &c. the like forfeiture, and also his employment. Same act, § 2, 3, 4.

On information of such machines, &c. intended to be exported, they may be seized, and the person possessed bound over as above, and on conviction, the same forfeiture and penalty, and twelve months imprisonment. Same act, § 5, 6, 7.

But not to extend to wool cards of 4s. value per pair, nor to spinner's cards of 1s. 6d. a pair exported to America. Same act, § 9.

Persons maliciously destroying woollen, silk, linen, or cotton goods, or any implement prepared for or used in the manufactory thereof, to be punished as a felon. 22 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 34.

Persons seducing artificers employed in

in printing calicoes, cottons, muslins, and linens, or in preparing blocks or plates, &c. used in that manufactory to go beyond the seas, to forfeit 500l. and to be committed to gaol for 12 months without bail, and until the forfeiture be paid; and for the second offence, to forfeit 1000l. and suffer two years imprisonment. Same year, c. 60.

The same penalties by 25 G. 3. c. 67. § 6. vol. 34.

Manufacturers of flax and cotton, to make oath of the quantity of soap and starch used; and the collector of the excise out of the duty on soap, by 10 Q. A. c. 19. and 3 G. 1. c. 75. to pay him a drawback of three farthings per pound for soap, and three halfpence for starch, except for soap for whitening new linen for sale, or starch used in finishing the same. 23 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 34.

The manufacturers and makers of oil of vitriol, to enter their names and places of abode with the collectors of the customs. Same act, § 5.

The last act continued till 25th March, 1793. 26 G. 3. c. 55. § 10. vol. 35. —28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 36.

See *Woollen Manufactures in Suffolk*. 24 G. 3. fcl. 2. c. 3. v. 34.

Tools and utensils used in iron and steel manufactures specified in this act, prohibited to be exported to foreign parts; and to prevent the seducing of artificers and workmen employed therein going beyond sea (except to Ireland). 25 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.

Tools used in iron and steel manufactures, &c. may be exported as they might have been before the last act (except the several articles specified in this act). 26 G. 3. c. 89. vol. 35.

None to have in possession, with intent to export (except to Ireland) any of the articles specified in this act; and the former act extended to the same, and to continue to the end of next session. Same act, § 2.—28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.—Act 23. G. 3. c. 77. for encouraging the manufacturers of flax and cotton, continued until 25th March, 1793. 29 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 36.

Piece-goods wove at home may be sold by auction, in whole lots of 20l. price, exempt from auction-duty by 27 G. 3. c. 13. but must be sold in entered places. 29 G. 3. c. 36. v. 36.

See *Tobacco and Snuff*. Same year, c. 68.

See *Linens*. 19 G. 3. c. 27. v. 32.—27 G. 3. c. 38. v. 36.

See *Silks*. 5 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 27.—11 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 29.—24 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 34.

See *Tools*. 27 G. 3. c. 36. § 3. vol. 36.

See *Ounce Thread*. 28 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 36.

Maple Trees

Deemed timber. See *Trees*. 13 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 30.

March, Cambridgeshire.

See *Inclosures*. 32 G. 3. c. 108. vol. 37.

Margaret (St.) Lotbury.

See *Churches*. 21 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 33.

Margaret and John (St.) Westminster.

See *Paving*. 22 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 34.

Margate, Kent.

The king enabled to licence a play-house at Margate. 26 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 35.

For rebuilding the pier at Margate, and establishing duties in lieu of ancient droits for supporting the same, and paving the town and parish of St. John, and regulating the porters and chairmen there. 27 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 36.

Marine Forces.

The Act 4 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 26. whereby marines, whilst on shore, are made subject to martial law, and to be furnished with quarters, continued annually.

For recruiting land forces and marines. 18 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 32.

Officers, mariners, soldiers, and marines, entered in the king's service after the

the 1st April, 1763, who have not deserted since, their wives and children may set up trades in any part of Great Britain, and not liable to be removed to the place of their settlement until they become chargeable to the parish. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 6. vol. 34.

Marines may be exchanged in their quarters, but their wives and children are not to be quartered without consent of the master of the house, on penalty of 20s. by the constable. 27 G. 3. c. 3. § 20. vol. 36.

Marine officers to forfeit 5l. for destroying game, and private men each 20s. to the poor of the parish; and offences against former acts may be enquired of, and punished within three years to come. Same act, § 32.

Marines, whilst confined for debt, to receive no pay. Same act, § 41.

Constables to be directed by justices to give an account of marines; and for neglecting to quarter them, or taking money to excuse the same, and victuals refusing to receive them, each to forfeit five pounds. Same act, § 42.

Persons enlisting as marines, to be carried within four days, and not in less than twenty-four hours, before the next justice, and may there declare his dissent; and on returning the enlisting money, and paying 20s. more, to be discharged. 28 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 36.

Marines deserting beyond the sea, may be tried as if the offence had been committed within the realm. 29 G. 3. c. 3. § 11. vol. 36.

See *Seamen*. 32 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 37.

Marine Society

Incorporated, and may purchase without licence of mortmain, any lands, &c. necessary for erecting buildings on, to assemble and do their business in. 12 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 29.

Indentures of apprentices put out by the society, to have only one sixpenny stamp thereon. Same act, § 14.

No apprentices or servants put out by the society to be impressed until eighteen years old; and they may set up trades in corporations, but not in either university. Same act, § 15.

See *Clyde Marine Society*. 26 G. 3. c. 109. vol. 35.

The estate and property of the trustees of the Westminster fish-market, vested in the marine society for the purposes mentioned, and the powers of the said trustees discontinued. 30 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 37.

The ground whereon the market stood, was held by the said trustees on lease at sixty-five pounds per annum; besides 4200l. three per cent. annuities, raised by the accumulated rent and duties; but the market being found impracticable, and the ground let on a building lease, the design was abandoned, and this act passed. Same act.

The duties on fish payable to the society, and the powers of the trustees discontinued. Same act, § 2.

Markets.

See *Taunton, Somersetshire*. 9 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 28.

See *Swansea, Glamorganshire*. 14 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 30.

For enlarging the market place, and regulating the markets in the town of Sheffield, in the West Riding of Yorkshire, and for widening the streets, &c. and for taking down the present slaughter-houses and erecting others. 24 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 34.

For taking down the market-house in the borough of Bridport in Dorsetshire, and rebuilding the same, and removing the shambles or butcher-row, &c. 25 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 35.

See *Hamilton (Sir William)*. 30 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 37.

See *Paving*. Same year, c. 25. § 12.

See *Paving*. Same year, c. 67.

Marriages.

See *King, Queen, and Royal Family*. 12 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 29.

All marriages solemnized before August the first, 1781, in any church or public chapel in England, Wales, and Berwick-on-Tweed, erected since the act of 26 G. 2. c. 33. valid, and the clergyman indemnified, and the register to be good evidence; but must be removed to the parish church in a certain time. 21 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 33.

A stamp duty of three-pence granted
E c on

on registry of every marriage. 23 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.

Marshal of King's Bench Prison.

The marshal indemnified as to the escape of John M^cCulloch, Daniel Quarrington, Daniel Scott, John Henry Maurir, and Isaac de Rover. 12 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 29.

Marshes.

See *Fens*.

Martin-le-Grand (Saint.)

See *Paving*. 9 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 28.

Martin Hamlet, Lincolnshire.

See *Fens*. 27 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 36.

Martin (Saint) in the Fields.

For building a work-house. 10 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 28.—12 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 29.
See *Paving*. 23 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 34.

Mary (Saint) Le Bone.

See *Paving*. 8 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 28.—10 G. 3. c. 23.—13 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 30.

For regulating weights and measures there. 10 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 28.

For building a new parish church, and making the present one a chapel and church-yard, and building an house for the minister. Same year, c. 112.

So much of the last act as impowers the vestrymen to build the church upon ground belonging to Henry William Portman, esq. called the Fifteen Acres, repealed. 20 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 33.

For relief of the poor, and building a work-house. 15 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 31.

Mary (Saint) Le Strand.

See *Land Tax*. 26 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 35.

Marygold-Court.

See *Paving*. 31 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

Mary Port, Cumberland.

See *Harbours*. 31 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 37.

Mason (Charles).

See *Debts to the Crown*. 14 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 30.

Massachusetts Bay, in New England.

If an indictment is found for murder or other capital offence in that province,

against any magistrate acting in the support of law, and an indifferent trial cannot be had there, the governor may send the offender and the indictment to be tried in some other colony, or in the king's bench in England, and bind over the witnesses to attend, and order their expences to be paid, and they to be free from arrests, and the persons accused may be bailed; and if the indictment is bad another to be preferred, and the grand jury may proceed thereon. 14 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 30.

The charter granted by 3 W. and M. made void, and the council or court of assistants to be appointed by the crown, but not more than thirty-six nor less than twelve; and the governor to appoint and remove the judges, attorney general, provost marshal, justices of the peace, and other officers of council, or courts of justice, and their successors. 14 G. 3. c. 45. to § 6. vol. 30.

No meeting to be called by the select men, or at the request of freeholders, without leave of the governor, &c. in writing, expressing the business (except annual meetings in March and May, and for elections only) and jurors to be summoned by the sheriff only; and if he is a party, by the coroner, and other directions about jurors. Same act, to the end.—Repealed by 18 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 32.

Mast Makers.

See *Turpentine*. 25 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.

Masters and Mariners.

See *Orders of Council*. 30 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Masters in Chancery.

See *Chancery*. 32 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 37.

Master of the Horse, and master of the Robes.

See *Bounties*. 25 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

Master of the Rolls.

On the payment of 8,449l. 7s. 9d. to the earl of Macclesfield, and 12,580l. 3s. 1d. to Sir Thomas Sewell (the present master) out of the suitor's dead money, the act of 12 Car. 2. c. 36. repealed, and directions given for the future letting of the rolls estate. 17 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 31. See *Chancery*.

Masters

Masters of Ships

May be arrested.

See *Officers of Customs and Excise*.

19 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 32.

See *Smuggling*. 21 G. 3. c. 39. vol.

33.

See *Tea*. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 9. vol.

35.

Maugan, Cornwall.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 13 G. 3. c.

93. vol. 30.

Mewagiffey, in Cornwall.

For completing and maintaining the pier there. 15 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 31.

Measures.

See *Coals*. 15 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 31.

Medicines.

See *Stamps*. 23 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 31.

The said act to cease, and the following duties to extend to all the articles mentioned in the schedule, and to others of the like kind, viz.

l. s. d.

For every packet of medicines, &c. of not more than

1s. value, a stamp duty 0 0 1½

From 1s. to 2s. 6d. - 0 0 3

From 2s. 6d. to 5s. - 0 0 6

From 5s. and upwards, 0 1 0

25 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 35.

Not to extend to drugs contained in either book of rates, and referred to 12 Cha. 2. and 11 G. 1. c. 7. nor to unmixed drugs, sold by regular surgeons, apothecaries, chemists, and druggists, or licenced persons. Same act, § 3.

Nor to mixtures by regular surgeons, &c. not claiming it as a secret or any exclusive right, nor under letters patent, or advertised as nostrums. Same act, § 4.

Sellers of medicines liable to duties to take licences from the stamp-office, and if they reside in London, Westminster, Southwark, or in the limits of the penny-post, or the city of Edinburgh, to pay 20s. each, and all others only 5s. each; to be granted by two commissioners of stamps, and to be taken out annually, ten days before the expiration of the former licence. Same act, § 5.

Mediterranean Pass.

The duty granted by 14 Cha. 2. c.

11. to cease from 20th August, 1784.

24 G. 3. c. 16. § 5. vol. 34.

Medway River.

See *Rivers, Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c.

105. vol. 37.

Merthyn Tidwik, Glamorganshire.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c.

82. vol. 37.

Meiberingham, Lincolnshire.

See *Inclosures*. 29 G. 3. c. 70. vol.

36.

Middle, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.

Middlesex.

The justices of the county may sell the present sessions-house, and 11,000l. may be applied out of the surplus of the orphan's fund towards rebuilding another sessions house. 18 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 32.

The said justices enabled to raise money for purchasing ground, and erecting an house of correction, out of the county rates, by annuities charged thereon. 26 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 35.

Middlewich, Cheshire.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 12 G. 3. c.

75. vol. 29.—18 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 32.

Midhurst, Sussex.

See *Rivers, Navigable*. 31 G. 3. c.

66. vol. 37.

Mile or Stage.

See *Post Horses*. 25 G. 3. c. 51. § 32.

vol. 35.

Mile End, New Town.

For the relief and employment of the poor, and paving the hamlet, and consolidating the rates, and for paving, &c. Great Garden-street, in Whitechapel, and removing a bar there. 20 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 33.

Mile End, Old Town.

See *Paving*. 17 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 31.

Milford Haven.

See *Post Office*. 27 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 36.

Militia.

The laws in England relating to the militia, amended and regulated, and also the like as to the fencible men in Scotland. 18 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 32.—19 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 32.

Persons chosen in the militia, and paying ten pounds, according to 2 G. 3. c. 20. not obliged to serve again until their turn, but not to extend to a substitute willing to serve. 22 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 34.

All acts relating to the militia, which are to be done by three deputy lieutenants, may be done by two lieutenants and one justice. 24 G. 3. fef. 1. c. 13. § 15. vol. 34.

All former militia laws (except those relating to London, the Tower Hamlets, and the Cinque Ports) are repealed, but not to annul commissions already granted under them, where the parties are legally qualified; and proceedings of meetings under former acts to be valid. 26 G. 3. c. 107. § 135. vol. 35.

Lieutenants appointed by the king, to call out the militia yearly, and appoint deputies, colonels, lieutenant colonels, majors, and other officers approved of by the king, who are to hold the same place as the youngest officers in the army of the same rank. Same act, § 1.

Three deputy lieutenants may act when the lieutenant is out of the kingdom. Same act, § 2.

Commissions not to be revoked by the death of the grantor; and the lieutenant to have the chief command, and may appoint 20 deputies. Same act, § 4.

Qualifications of deputy lieutenants to be a real estate of 200l. per annum, or heir apparent to 400l. per annum; the colonel to have 1000l. per annum, or to be heir apparent to 2000l. per annum; lieutenant colonels to have 600l. per annum, or to be heir apparent to 1200l. per annum; majors and captains to have an estate of 200l. a year, or heir apparent to 400l. a year, or younger son of

a person seized of 600l. per annum; and a lieutenant to have 50l. per annum, or personal estate of 1000l. or real and personal estate together of 2000l. or next heir to 1000l. per annum, real estate, or to personal of 2000l. or to real and personal together of 3000l.; and ensigns to have real estate of 20l. per annum, or personal of 500l. or real and personal together of 1000l.; one moiety whereof to be in the county. Same act, § 5.

Within the counties of Cumberland, Huntingdon, Monmouth, Westmorland, and Rutland, and in every county of Wales, deputy lieutenants to have real estate of 150l. per annum, or to be heir to 300l. per annum; colonels to have 600l. per annum, or to be heir to 1200l. per annum; lieutenant colonels or major commandant to have real estate of 400l. per annum, or to be heir to 800l. per annum; majors or captains to have real estate of 150l. per annum, or to be heir to 300l. per annum; a lieutenant to have real estate of 30l. per annum, or personal of 600l. or both together of 1200l. or heir to 60l. per annum, real, or 1200l. personal estate, or both together of 2400l.; an ensign to have real estate of 20l. per annum, or personal of 300l.; or heir to 30l. per annum, real, or 600l. personal. Same act, § 6.

In the Isle of Ely, deputy lieutenants to have 150l. per annum, or heir apparent to 300l. per annum; captains to have 100l. a year, or heir apparent to 300l. per annum, or to be younger son of a person seized of 300l. per annum; a lieutenant to have 30l. per annum, or 600l. personal estate, or to be son of a person having 60l. per annum, or personal estate of 1200l.; an ensign to have 20l. per annum, or 300l. personal, or be son of a person seized of 30l. per annum, real, or 600l. personal; all which estates (except those of lieutenants and ensigns) to be one moiety in the Isle of Ely, or in Cambridgeshire. Same act, § 7.

Cities, and places that are counties within themselves, deputy lieutenants to have 150l. per annum, real or personal, or real and personal together, of 3000l.; every field officer to have 300l. per annum, real or personal, or real and personal together of 5000l.; a captain to have

150l. per ann. real or personal, or real and personal together 2500l. ; a lieutenant 30l. per ann. real or personal 750l. ; an ensign to have 20l. per ann. or 400l. personal; one moiety of which real estates (except for lieutenants and ensigns) are to lay in such cities or towns, or within the county to which such city or town is united. Same act, § 8.

Leases on lives, of 300l. per annum, deemed equal, and in proportion to 100l. per ann. real estate. Same act, § 9.

Estates granted for 20 years of equal value, to be deemed qualifications. Same act, § 10.

No commission above a lieutenant to be granted till the qualification is delivered in to the clerk of the peace ; and those already granted may be avoided, unless qualifications are delivered before 1st January, 1787 ; and for acting before, to forfeit 100l. Same act, § 12.

Qualifications to be enrolled, and dates of commissions and names of officers to be inserted in the Gazette, and to be annually laid by the secretary of state before parliament ; and officers to take the oaths within six months after appointment ; but peers and their heirs may act though not qualified. Same act, §. 13.

A proportion of officers having served five years, may, when the militia is not embodied, be dismissed, and others appointed ; and inferior officers, when qualified, may serve in higher rank : county lieutenants and deputies may appoint clerks of meetings. Same act, § 15.

The number of private men to be raised in each county, viz.

Bedfordshire	-	-	400
Berks	-	-	560
Bucks	-	-	560
Cambridgeshire	-	-	480
Chehire and city	-	-	560
Cornwall	-	-	640
Cumberland	-	-	320
Derbyshire	-	-	560
Devonshire and Exeter	-	-	1600
Dorsetshire and Pool	-	-	640
Durham (county)	-	-	400

Essex	-	-	960
Gloucestershire, the City, and Bristol	-	-	960
Herefordshire	-	-	480
Hertfordshire	-	-	560
Huntingdonshire	-	-	320
Kent and Canterbury	-	-	960
Lancashire	-	-	800
Leicestershire	-	-	560
Lincolnshire and city	-	-	1200
Middlesex (except Tower Hamlets)	-	-	1600
Monmouthshire	-	-	240
Norfolk and Norwich	-	-	960
Northamptonshire	-	-	640
Northumberland, Newcastle, and Berwick upon Tweed	-	-	560
Nottinghamshire and Town	-	-	480
Oxfordshire	-	-	560
Rutlandshire	-	-	120
Shropshire	-	-	640
Somersetshire	-	-	840
Hampshire, and Southampton Town	-	-	960
Staffordshire and Litchfield	-	-	560
Suffolk	-	-	960
Surrey	-	-	800
Suffex	-	-	800
Warwickshire and Coventry	-	-	640
Westmorland	-	-	240
Worcestershire and City	-	-	560
Wiltshire	-	-	800
Yorkshire West Riding, and City	-	-	1240
North Riding	-	-	720
East Riding, and Kingston upon Hull	-	-	400

Wales.

Anglesey county	-	80
Brecknockshire	-	160
Cardiganshire	-	120
Carmarthen and Borough	-	200
Carnarvonshire	-	80
Denbighshire	-	280
Flinthshire	-	120
Glamorganshire	-	360
Merionethshire	-	80
Montgomeryshire	-	240
Pembrokeshire and Haverfordwest	-	160
Radnorshire	-	120

Several

Several regulations as to meeting of the lieutenantcy and subdivisions, and persons chosen militia-men may find a substitute, but for not appearing, to forfeit 10l.; which if not paid, may be compelled to serve. Same act, § 24.

Peers of the realm, commission and non-commission officers, and private men in the army, commission officers serving four years in the militia, members of either university, clergymen, dissenting teachers, constables or peace officers, articulated clerks, apprentices, seamen, persons employed in dock-yards or at the Tower, Woolwich warren, or the king's gun-wharfs, freemen of the watermens company, and poor men having more than one lawful child, are exempted from serving; but substitutes not exempted by serving. Same act, § 27.

Deputy lieutenants may provide substitutes for quakers, and levy the expence by distress; and persons unfit to serve by reason of infirmities, being under five feet four inches high, and not having 100l. may be discharged by the deputy lieutenants; and on becoming unfit to serve, may be discharged by the commanding officer, confirmed by two deputy lieutenants. Same act, § 37.

Justices may order payment of bounties to substitutes, &c. according to 20 G. 3. c. 19. Militiamen not to enlist into the army, but such enlisted to be void; nor soldiers to serve as substitutes. A state of the numbers liable to serve, to be transmitted annually to the privy council, who are to settle the quota for each place, and return lists to the county lieutenants; and the surplus of penalties, after providing substitutes, to go to the regimental stock. Same act, § 45.

Militiamen to be formed into regiments, consisting of not more than 12 nor less than 8 companies, of 80 private men at most, and not less than 60 men; with several regulations with regard to officers and independent companies. Same act, § 53.

Halfpay officers serving as subalterns in the militia, not to forfeit their own halfpay; but no publican to serve as a

serjeant; but serjeants of Chelsea hospital may receive their allowance from the hospital, and also their pay. The militia to be exercised for 28 successive days annually, and amenable to the mutiny laws, and notice of the place of exercise to be affixed on church-doors; and 10 days before such time lists of inrolled men to be sent to the commanding officers, and two thirds therein to be ballotted for. Same act, § 63.

Magistrates may billet militiamen, and impress carriages for them on their march, at the rate of 1s. per mile for 5 horses or 6 oxen, or with 4 oxen and 2 horses, at 9d per mile; and all surplus of expence above the rates to be paid by the treasurer of the county, who is also to pay the expence of relieving sick men. Same act, § 78.

Deserters not appearing till after the time of exercise, to forfeit 20l.; but if taken or returning before, to serve his time out, and notice of his apprehension to be given to the clerk of the subdivision. Same act, § 82.

Muskets to be marked (M); penalty for selling arms 3l. and a commitment to the house of correction for 3 months on non-payment; and for buying arms 5l. penalty, and the like commitment for non-payment. Same act, § 85.

Militiamen may be put under stoppages to buy them necessaries; and the subaltern officers, when the militia are not embodied, may be tried by a court-martial, and may be reduced to serve as private men. Same act, § 87.

Commanding officers may order where arms (not used) are to be kept, and one-third of the serjeants and other subaltern officers, to reside in the county, &c. their monthly returns to be sent to the county lieutenants. Serjeants, corporals, and drummers, absenting without furlough, to be deemed deserters; adjutant not to be absent without leave, and the serjeant major to act as adjutant in his absence. Same act, § 90.

Method of proceeding against militiamen for not joining at the annual exercise, and also when serjeants, corporals, or drummers desert, and they may be tried by court-martial; and gaolers refusing to receive them, to forfeit 20s.

Serjeants

Serjeants employed in taking deserters to be bilteted, and persons apprehending deserters, to be paid 20s. each; and those concealing them to forfeit 5l. Same act, § 92.

The king may direct the militia to be embodied in case of invasion, rebellion, or insurrection, which is to be communicated to parliament, if sitting; if not, to be declared by proclamation; and when thus embodied, to be subject to the articles of war; but not to be ordered out of Great Britain. Same act, § 95.

When the militia is called out, the king may issue a proclamation for the meeting of parliament in fourteen days; and county lieutenants to issue orders accordingly. Same act, § 98.

Militia officers not to sit on trials of officers of other forces; the commanding officer may appoint an agent, who is to give security for the pay, clothing, and public stock of the regiment or company. Same act, § 99.

When the militia is ordered out, the receiver general of the land tax is to pay one guinea for the use of each militiaman, for which the commanding officer is to account to the men; and in case the term of service is prolonged beyond five years, then each man to have one guinea whose time is so prolonged; and if for three years more, another guinea in like manner, and so for every three years; and the commander is to lay out such money for the best advantage of the men, and account to them for the same. Same act, § 101.

The militia when embodied, entitled to the same pay as the other forces; and if maimed in service, to have the benefit of Chelsea hospital; and when disembodied, to be only subject to orders as before drawn out. Same act, § 103.

Powers given to Northumberland to extend to Berwick upon Tweed, and their militia to join the Northumberland. Same act, § 105.

The governor of the Isle of Wight to appoint officers of militia, qualified the same as Wales, and deemed part of Hampshire militia, but to continue in the island; unless the king shall order otherwise. Same act, § 106.

Craike, in the county of Durham, to be deemed part of the North Riding of Yorkshire; Maker, in Cornwall, to be part of that county; Wokingham to be part of Berkshire; the township of Filey to be part of the East Riding of Yorkshire; Threapwood to be part of the parish of Worthenbury, in the county of Flint; the parish of Saint Martin, called Stamford Baron, suburbs of borough of Stamford, on the southside, Well-and-water, deemed part of Lincolnshire, and to be subject to the lieutenants of those counties; the warden of the Stannaries to continue to array the tinnors of Devon and Cornwall; the lieutenants for London to levy the train bands as heretofore; the constable of the Tower to appoint lieutenants and officers for the Tower Hamlets, according to 13 and 14 *Cba. 2. c. 3*, who may act when the lieutenant is out of the kingdom, and commissions not to be vacated by his death; the constable of the Hamlets to appoint a treasurer of the trophy money, who is to account yearly for the same, and no more is to be levied till the account of the former year is allowed; the warden of the cinque ports may act as county lieutenant, their militia to remain separate, and may be called out though the pay advanced be not reimbursed; and churchwardens and overseers of poor in Kent and Sussex, to make returns as constables do in other places. Same act, § 107.

Certified returns of the militia to be annually sent to the clerk of the peace to be filed; and where no return is received the same to be certified by him; 5l per man for those raised, to be assessed yearly on the places from whence no return is made; but none who have served four years to bear any part of such assessment, which is to be apportioned according to the land tax or the poor's rate; and where the town lies in two counties, to be assessed in the county where the church stands; and if no county rates there, to be levied by the justices. Same act, § 108.

The treasurer to pay the assessment, and the money to be paid into the exchequer, with 2d. per pound to the receiver

ceiver of the land tax ; and the county treasurer to detain one penny per pound of the money received by him, and to pay the like to the high constable on the money they are concerned in collecting ; and clerks of the peace to transmit copies of certified returns to the treasury, and omissions of justices to be likewise certified to the solicitor of the treasury, who is to compel payment. Same act, § 122.

For neglect of duty the clerk of the peace to forfeit 100l. and loss of office ; receiver-general 200l. ; chief constables 50l. ; petty constables 20l. ; and solicitors of the treasury 500l. The provision made by 24 G. 2. c. 44. respecting justices of peace, extended to county lieutenants ; and commissions in the militia not to vacate seats in parliament, nor are officers liable to serve as Sheriffs, nor voters at parliament elections punishable for absence ; and militiamen not liable to serve as peace officers ; married men may set up trades, as soldiers may, by 22 G. 2. c. 44. Same act, § 126.

Penalties above 20l. recoverable in six months in superior courts, and under 20l. before any magistrate ; and to go, if not otherwise directed, to form part of the regimental stock ; and no order made by county lieutenants to be removed by *certiorari* ; and actions against persons acting under this act, limited to six months ; and defendants may plead the general issue and have treble costs. Same act, § 132.

Militia and fencible-men, when in actual service, to be regularly mustered. 29 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 36.

The names of militiamen, &c. within 6 months of the expiration of their service to be certified on the back of the muster roll. Same act.

For the pay and clothing of the militia see the acts which pass annually for defraying the charge thereof.

Millers.

See *Rivers, Navigable.* 30 G. 3. c. 57. § 48. vol. 37.

Mills.

For riotously assembling and destroy-

ing any mills, felony, without benefit of clergy ; but the prosecution must be commenced within 18 months. 9 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 28.

Bakers informed against for adulterating flour, &c. upon 31 G. 2. c. 29. proving that he bought such flour of a miller or mealman, naming him, and his place of abode ; such baker to be acquitted, and the miller or mealman offending, subject to penalty. 13 G. 3. c. 62. § 6. vol. 30.

Minehead, Cornwall.

See *Harbours.* 10 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 28.

Mineral Alkali.

See *Salt.* 22 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34.

This act repealed, except that glass-makers may take rock-salt or brine, or sea water, for making flux for glass at their own works. 26 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 35.

Mines.

For destroying engines employed about collieries or other mines, transportation for seven years ; but the prosecution to commence in eighteen months. 9 G. 3. c. 29. § 3. vol. 28.

Mines taxable. See *Land-Tax acts.*

Ministers.

See *Scotland.* 19 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 32.

See *Nonconformists.* Same year, c. 44.

Minorca.

See *Murray (General).* 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 34.

Mint.

Two indented trial pieces, made by the wardens and assayers of the wrought plate company of Sheffield and Birmingham, to be sent to the mint at the tower to be tried, and the mint-master to be paid 3l. 3s. and the assay-master 10l. 10s. for the trouble and expence of such trial. 13 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 30.

14.939l. 5s. 0½d. granted for expences of the mint in 1785. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

See

See *Coin*. Same act.

From tenth of May, 1787, the treasury to issue 1500l. per annum, for the expences attending the mint. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 64. vol. 36.

30,520l. 5s. 6d. granted for extraordinary expences of the mint in 1788. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

Mirfield, Yorkshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

Money.

The duties for encouragement of the coinage of money made perpetual. 9 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 28.

Counterfeiting copper halfpence or farthings, and receiving or paying the same, felony. 11 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 29.

Justices on complaint may cause houses, &c. to be searched for tools, &c. which may be seized, defaced, and destroyed, as the justice shall direct. Same act, § 3.

The treasury may allow out of the coinage duty 1,136l. 19s. 10d. for prosecuting coiners in 1770, besides the 600l. per ann. allowed by 15 G. 2. c. 28.—12 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 29.

Act 9 and 10 W. 3. c. 21. relating to diminished or counterfeit money, extended to gold coin. 13 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 30.

Any person to whom suspected gold money is tendered, may cut it; and all disputes about the same to be determined by a justice of peace. Same act, § 1.

Gold coin regulated, exchanged, and recoined, &c. 14 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 30.

The warden and officers of the mint, with the king's assay-master, to make weights of a guinea and a shilling respectively, and multiples thereof to be confirmed by the king, and then deemed standard weights, and publicly described; and for counterfeiting the same 50l. penalty; but not to abridge the patent of 12 Ja. 1. to the founders company of London, if they have their weights sized and marked according to this act. Same year, c. 92.

John Whitehurst appointed to stamp weights by the last act, and may take

one penny for every twelve weights marked. 15 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 31.

The treasury may allow out of the coinage duty, besides the 600l. per ann. 1,152l. 0s. 8½d. for prosecuting coiners in 1772, 1773, and 1774. 16 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 31.

1,681l. 18s. 4d. more granted for prosecution of coiners. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

Monkland, in Scotland.

See *Navigation*. 30 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 37.

Monk Wearmouth, Durham.

See *Bridges*. 32 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 37.

Montague (Frederick) Esq.

The king enabled to grant to him two houses in Fenchurch-street, and one in Addle-street, London, escheated to the crown by the death of lieutenant general John Brown, without any heir, upon the trusts therein mentioned. 12 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 29.

Montgomery.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 96. vol. 37.

Montrose, Scotland.

See *Bridges*. 32 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 37.

Montferrat.

See *Christopher's (Saint), Island*. 22 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 34.

The act for allowing the importation of goods, the produce or manufacture of St. Christopher, Nevis, or Montferrat, on plantation duties, repealed. 23 G. 3. c. 14. § 6. vol. 34.

Moon (William).

See *Gunpowder*. 13 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 30.

Moorfields.

See *London*. 18 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.

Moorlinch, Somersetshire.

See *Inclosures*. 30 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 37.

Morden College, Kent.

An agreement between the crown and

and the trustees, for a lease to them of Maidensstone Hill, in the parish of Greenwich, confirmed, and the trustees empowered to encrease the salaries of the treasurer, chaplain, and poor merchants there. 11 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 29.

Morocco, Africa.

Goods of Morocco imported to Gibraltar, may be brought to Great Britain before 1st May, 1786, on the same duty as directly from Africa; but there must be a certificate as to the ship. 27 G. 3. c. 19. § 11. vol. 36.

Mortgages of Glebes.

See *Clergymen*. 17 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 32.—21 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 33.

Mortgages in Ireland.

See *Interest of Money*. 14 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 30.

Mount Edgecumbe.

See *Ferries*. 30 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

Munro Heflor, Esq.

Enabled to build and maintain an harbour and pier at the town of Findhorn, in the county of Elgin and Forres, in Scotland. 18 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 32.

Murder.

See *Ad.* 25 G. 3. c. 37. and title *Women*. 30 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 37.

Murray (General)

5,489l. 17s. granted by parliament to general Murray (late governor of Minorca) to reimburse 5,000l. paid to James Sutherland, pursuant to a verdict in the exchequer in 1783. 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 34.

Museum (British).

See *British Museum*. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

Muslins and White Callicoes.

See *India (East) Company*. 16 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 31.

The time extended to 30th December, 1781. 19 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 32.

The duties on importation of plain muslins, unrated muslins, callicoes, and Nanquin cloths, to cease, and in lieu

thereof to pay 18 per cent. on the gross price at the East India company's sales, and a drawback allowed on exportation in the same manner as before. 23 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 34.

Musquito Shore.

12,262l. 19s. 9d. for losses on evacuating the Musquito Shore. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Mute.

Persons hereafter to be arraigned for felony or piracy, standing mute, to be convicted thereof, and the provisions of this act to extend to America. 12 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 29.

Mutiny.

For punishing mutiny and desertion, and for better payment of the army and their quarters, an act passed annually.

The mutiny act extended to America. 16 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 31.

*The land forces for the year 1789, 17,448 men, including 1,720 invalids. 29 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 36.

The loads of waggons employed for the army, increased to thirty hundred weight. Same act, § 46.

The land forces for the year 1790, 17,448 men, including 1,620 invalids. 31 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 37.

The land forces for the year 1791, 17,013 men, including 1620 invalids. 31 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 37.

N

Names.

See *Carts*. 12 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 30.

See *Lee River*. 13 G. 3. c. 51.—19 G. 3. c. 58. § 25. vol. 32.

See *Cattle*. 14 G. 3. c. 87. § 6. vol. 30.

See *Barges*. 17 G. 3. c. 18. § 21. vol. 31.

Pawnbrokers to put their names and trades over their doors, or on their shops. 24 G. 3. c. 42. § 8. vol. 34.

See *Post Horses*. 25 G. 3. c. 51. § 52. vol. 35.

See *Cordage*. Same year, c. 56.
§ 4.

National Debt.

250,000l. to be set apart quarterly out of the surplus of the sinking fund, and vested in commissioners, to be by them applied to reduce the national debt. 26 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 35.

In case of a deficiency in any quarter, the same to be made good out of the next quarter's surplus, and the deficiency at the end of any year to be made good out of the supplies for that year. Same act, § 4.

The money thus set apart to be paid into the bank, and applied in reducing the national debt. Same act, § 5.

The officers of the exchequer not to issue out of the sinking fund any money, until that hereby directed to be paid into the bank on account of the commissioners by this act appointed, shall have been so set apart, nor apply the future aids till that time. Same act, § 6.

That the capital stock of such public annuities as shall be redeemed or paid off by virtue of this act, to be transferred to the said commissioners, in the books of the Bank, South Sea, and East India companies; and the dividends to be received by the bank, and placed to the account of the said commissioners. Same act, § 7.

Whenever the following public annuities shall determine by expiration of the term for which granted, viz.

Those for one, two, or three lives, by 5 *W. & M.* c. 20. on two-sevenths of 9s. per barrel excise.

Those for one, two, or three lives, by 2 and 3 of *Q. Ann.*

Those for ninety-nine years, by 3 and 4 *Q. A.* and charged upon the three thousand seven hundred pounds per week excise.

Those for ninety-nine years, by 4 *Q. A.* and charged on the additional 9s. per barrel excise, and the additional one-third subsidy of tonnage by 9 *W. 3.*

Those for ninety-nine years, by 5 *Q. A.* charged on hawkers and pedlars, and stamps on paper, &c.

Those by 6 *Q. A.* for ninety-nine years, charged on the surplus by the two former acts.

Those by another act 6 *Q. Ann.* charged on a further half subsidy of tonnage.

Several annuities for single lives, by 18 G. 2. charged on wine imported.

The like for single lives by 19 G. 2. charged on duty on glass and spirituous liquors.

The single lives by 30 G. 2. charged on stamped vellum, &c. and by a subsequent act charged on the sinking fund.

The like on annuities for life, with benefit of survivorship by 5 G. 3. c. 23. charged on the sinking fund.

The like on single lives by 18 G. 3. charged on duties on wine and inhabited houses. Annuities on lives by 19 G. 3. charged on additional duty of 5 per cent. excise, 5 per cent. additional subsidy on customs, tax on post-horses and stamps; several annuities for 99 years from 5th January, 1761; for 98 years from 5th January, 1762; consolidated and charged on the sinking fund by 4 G. 3.; annuities for 80 years by 20 G. 3. and charged on duties on wine and salt, and other duties; annuities by 22 G. 3. for 78 years, from 5th Jan. 1782, charged on duties on tobacco and snuff, salt, &c.; annuities for 77 years from 5th January, 1783, and by 23 G. 3. charged on stamps on bills of exchange, receipts, &c.; annuities for 75 years and 6 months, from 5th July, 1784, charged on duties on candles, bricks, and tiles; annuities for thirty years from fifth of Jan. 1778, by 18 G. 3. charged on wines and inhabited houses; annuities for 29 years from 5th January, 1779, by 19 G. 3. charged on the additional 5 per cent. excise, 5 per cent. subsidy tax on post horses and stamps on paper; annuities by 17 G. 3. for 10 years, from 5th April, 1777, and charged on the sinking fund; and in every such case, all duties applicable to payment of such annuities, to continue to be levied as before the determination thereof, and to be paid to the Bank on account of the commissioners. Same act, § 8.

When stock is placed to the account of the commissioners, nothing to be paid

paid for the management thereof. Same act, § 9.

All money paid to the account of the commissioners, to be applied in redemption of annuities above par, and as may be directed by any future act to purchase below par; and when no annuities below par, may purchase any stock, and subscribe towards any future loans. Same act, § 13.

The speaker of the house of commons, chancellor of the exchequer, the master of the rolls, the accountant of the court of chancery, and the governor and deputy governor of the bank of England to be commissioners, and may employ clerks, &c. and the bank to pay the money as ordered, and to make up an account annually, to be laid before parliament, with an account of their proceedings, and the like to be laid before the commissioners for auditing public accounts. Same act, § 14.

When the money received by the commissioners amounts to 4,000,000*l.* per ann. the dividends of the stock paid off by them, to be considered as redeemed by parliament. Same act, § 20.

Forging certificates under this act, capital felony. Same act, § 21.

400,000*l.* to be issued out of the present year's supply to the bank, and placed to the account of the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt. 32 G. 3. c. 12, 35. vol. 37.

The twentieth section of act 26 G. 3. c. 31. repealed. Same year, c. 55.

When the interest of any redeemable stock is reduced, or the capital paid off by money raised at a lower interest, a sum equal to the interest so saved, to be issued quarterly from the consolidated fund, and placed to the account of the commissioners for reduction of the national debt; and when the dividends placed to their account amount to 3,000,000*l.* exclusive of the quarterly sums to be issued from the exchequer, the dividends on stock paid off to be considered as redeemed. Same act, § 2.

Exchequer to keep a separate account of the interest of new loans; and if provision be not made for paying them

off, as mentioned in this act, an additional sum, equal to one hundredth part of the stock, to be issued from the exchequer quarterly, and placed to the account of the commissioners; and if such loans be raised by annuities for any term longer than forty-five years, &c.; one hundredth part of the value of such as may be expected to be then outstanding, to be issued, and the computation of such value to be made by the commissioners, and copies delivered to the speaker of the house of commons, who is to certify to the treasury and exchequer the amount of the additional sum to be issued. Same act, § 3.

Sums issued under this act to be issued in the order the loans have taken place; and whenever there shall not be money of the consolidated fund sufficient to pay the further sum to be issued in consequence of any new loan, the deficiency shall be made good, as directed by 26 G. 3. c. 31.; and any deficiency in the quarterly payments at the end of the year, to be made good out of any supplies granted for the current, or any preceding year. Same act, § 5.

Monies placed to the account of the commissioners to be applied as mentioned in this act; and the stock redeemed to be transferred to their account, and the dividends placed thereto and sums placed to their account in consequence of any new loan, to be kept separate; and persons counterfeiting certificates, to suffer death as felons. Same act, § 8.

Naturalization.

All persons born out of the allegiance of great Britain, whose father; by 4 G. 2. c. 21. was entitled to the rights of natural born subjects, to be deemed such, &c.; but the provisos in 4 G. 2. not repealed, nor 5 G. 1. altered, nor any vested right defeated. 13 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 30.

Acts 13 G. 3. c. 7. and 2 G. 3. c. 25. explained; and Americans may hold places, but not in Great Britain or Ireland. Same year, c. 25.

Hereafter to be a clause in every naturalization bill, That the person naturalized is not to claim in any foreign country

country the immunities of a British subject, unless he reside in Great Britain seven years subsequent to the first day of the session wherein such bill passes, and not to be absent more than two months at a time. 14 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 30.

The king's natural born subjects declared to be inheritable to the estates of their ancestors in Scotland, whether lineal or collateral, notwithstanding their father or mother were aliens. 16 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 31.

Naval Services.

2,335,636l. 17s. 11d. to be applied for naval services. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 12. vol. 37.

200,000l. to pay off navy debts. Same act, § 13.

2,443,405l. 13s. 4d. granted for naval services for the year 1791. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

1,565,000l. for the late naval augmentation. Same act.

1,854,482l. granted for naval services for the year 1792. 32 G. 3. c. 35. v. 37. 131,000l. towards paying off the navy debt. Same act.

Navigable Canals.

See *Canals, Navigable.*

Navigable Rivers.

See *Rivers Navigable.*

Navigation.

See *London.* 17 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 31.

The navigation act, 12 Cha. 2. c. 18. explained. 19 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 32.

The proprietors of the Forth and Clyde navigation to make no dividends till their debts are paid; but the interest thereon to accumulate, and be added to the principal; and the company to give an annual account at the exchequer; and when they begin the western branch of the canal, may borrow money on the credit of the 50,000l. paid them out of the exchequer, arising from forfeited estates in Scotland. 24 G. 3. sess. 2. c. 59. vol. 34.

See *Ships.* 26 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35. — 27 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 36.

See *Longitude.* 30 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 37.

For forming a junction between the Forth and Clyde navigation, and the Monkland navigation; and for altering, enlarging, and explaining several former acts relating to the said navigations. Same act, c. 73.

Navy.

Alterations made in the provisions by 10 Q. A. c. 17. for preserving the harbour moorings of the royal navy in the river Thames. 9 G. 3. c. 30. § 1. vol. 28.

Navy officers may act as justices of the peace, in relation to crimes concerning the navy. Same act, § 5.

The treasurer of the navy to pay the rewards certified by the commissioners of longitude, which is not to exceed 5,000l. for paying the debt already incurred, and for making useful discoveries, not more than 1,000l. without the said commissioners certificate. 14 G. 3. c. 66. § 7. vol. 30.

See *Longitude.* 17 G. 3. c. 48. § 7. vol. 31.

See *Navigation.* 19 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 32.

For more speedily manning the king's navy, and regulating prizes during the hostilities with France, and no longer. Same act, c. 67.

Amended by 20 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 33.

For supplying seamen to serve in the king's ships of war, and on board merchant and other trading vessels. Same year, c. 20.

Continued to 25th March, 1783. 22 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 33.

Prizes taken by the king's ships during the hostilities against the United Provinces, to be divided between the captors, according to the proclamation, and by privateers according to their agreement. 21 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 33.

See *India (East) Company* Same year, c. 65. § 22.

The treasurer of the navy to pay the garrison and naval department at Gibraltar, the like head-money for destroying the Spanish floating batteries, as allowed to seamen for destroying the enemies ships of war. 23 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 34.

This act explained. 25 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 35.

The officers and men of the king's ship *Saucta Margareta* to have the like bounty for taking the French ship *L'Amazone*, as allowed to ships of war for taking enemies ships. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 28. vol. 34.

See annuities for navy bills, &c. Same year, c. 59.

The office of treasurer of the navy regulated; and he is to apply to the treasury for money to be issued at the bank for all naval services. 25 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 34.

See *Seamen*. 32 G. 3. c. 33, 34, 67.

Navy Commissioners.

See *Longitude*. 30 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 37.

Navy Office.

See *Land Tax*. 27 G. 3. c. 5. § 76. vol. 36.

Neath, Glamorganshire.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 37.

Negroes.

A duty of 2s. 6d. per head laid on importation and exportation of negroes to and from Dominica and Jamaica. 13 G. 3. c. 73. § 4. vol. 30.

See *United States of America*. 30 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 37.

Nets.

The meshes of nets for catching cod at Newfoundland, not to be less than four inches. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 11. vol. 35.

Nevis (in America.)

See *Christopher's (Saint.) Island*. 22 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 14. § 6. vol. 34.

See *Ships*. Same act.

Newark upon Trent.

See *Rivers, Navigable*. 13 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 30.

Newbridge, Suffex.

See *Rivers, Navigable*. 25 G. 3. c. 100. vol. 35.

New Brunswick.

5,400l. granted for the civil govern-

ment of New Brunswick, until 24th June, 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

4,400 granted for the civil establishment in New Brunswick, from the 24th of June, 1790, to the same day in 1791. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

4,400l. for the like purpose, from the 24th of June, 1791, to the same day in 1792. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

4,520l. for the like purpose, from the 24th of June, 1792, to the same day in 1793. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Newburgh (Earl of.)

See *Forfeited Estates*. 28 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 36.

Newcastle (Henry Duke of)

May open a street from the Strand to Stanhope-street, and Wyld-street, &c. 22 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 34.

Newcastle under Line.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 15 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 31.

Newcastle upon Tyne.

For building a temporary bridge from thence to Gateshead, in the county of Durham. 12 G. 3. c. 100. vol. 29.—19 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 32.—28 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 36.

See *Coals*. 13 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 30.—22 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 34.—30 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.

See *Paving*. 26 G. 3. c. 39.

See *Churches*. Same year, c. 117.

A play-house licenced at Newcastle upon Tyne. 27 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 36.

See *Tobacco and Snuff*. 31 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 37.

New Colours.

See *Bancroft (Dr. Edward)* 25 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 35.

Newent, Gloucestershire.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 89. vol. 37.

Newfoundland.

See *Corn and Grain*. 14 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 30.—18 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 32.—29 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 36.

See

See *Fish and Fisheries*. 15 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 31.—29 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 36.

The officers of the customs at Newfoundland entitled to the like fees as are received at Halifax in Nova Scotia. 16 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.

See *America*. 25 G. 3. c. 11 § 11. vol. 35.

The laws for encouraging the fisheries at Newfoundland, and parts adjacent, by British subjects of Europe, amended, and bounties granted for ten years on the conditions mentioned. 26 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 35.

Oil, blubber, and seal-skins from Newfoundland, may be entered duty free, on oath that they were made, caught, or purchased there. Same act, § 7.

See *Nets*. Same act, § 11.

The fishermen there not to sell their ships or goods to foreigners, nor to buy goods of them, on pain of imprisonment and forfeiture of treble the value; but not to extend to bread and flour, according to c. 1. of this session. Same act, § 14.

Not more than 40s. to be paid by order of the governor, for the passage of any person from Newfoundland to the place they belong to; to be paid out of the forfeitures for offences, and if deficient, to be paid by the commissioners of the navy. Same act, § 18.

Officers of king's ships stationed at Newfoundland, may detain suspected vessels, and search them; and if any contraband goods found, to be forfeited; and if any suit in the court of vice-admiralty there, on account of such seizure, and a verdict against the seizer; yet if the judge certify there was probable cause for the same, the plaintiff not to be entitled to costs, nor fined more than one shilling. Same act, § 20.

So much of 15 G. 3. c. 31. § 18. as gives jurisdiction to the vice admiralty court there, to determine disputes concerning seamen and fishermen's wages, or their employers, repealed. Same act, § 25.

The governor, by authority of the king in council, may permit the impor-

tation of bread and corn, and other provisions, specified from the United States in America. 28 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 36.

The king empowered to make such orders in council as may be deemed proper for regulating the fishing trade at Newfoundland, according to the treaty of Versailles. Same year. c. 35.

1,182l. 10s. granted for salaries of the governor and civil officers of Newfoundland to 1 April, 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

1,182l. 13s. granted to defray the charge of salaries of the governor and civil officers of Newfoundland, from 1st of April, 1790, to the same day in 1791. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

The king may constitute a court of civil jurisdiction in Newfoundland, &c. to consist of a chief judge and two assessors and clerks. 31 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 37.

An appeal to the king in council where judgment for more than 100l. Same act, § 3.

While the governor is resident, disputes about seamen's wages to be heard only in the court of civil jurisdiction; and when he is not, they may be heard in the court of sessions. Same act.

1,182l. 10s. for salaries of the governor and civil officers there. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

The king may institute a court of criminal and civil jurisdiction at Newfoundland, and appoint a chief justice, &c. 32 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 37.

The governor, with the advice of the chief justice, may institute surrogate courts; and the supreme and surrogate courts are to proceed as directed by this act. Same act, § 2.

In actions above ten pounds jurors may be summoned; but if twelve should not appear, two assessors, with the chief justice, or surrogates, may proceed to trial, and appeals may be made to the supreme court from judgments for forty pounds in the surrogate court, and one hundred pounds in the supreme court to the king in council. Same act, § 4.

When

When goods are attached, if it shall appear that the party is insolvent, the court shall order his effects to be collected and distributed as mentioned in this act, and the certificate of the court to be a bar to suits for debt prior to the declaration of inclosures. Same act, § 6.

Suits where the cause of action shall arise before the first of August, 1792, to be commenced within six years, and the chief justice or persons appointed by him may grant administrations or probates of wills. Same act, § 9.

Act 31 G. 3. c. 29, continued until the opening of the supreme court. Same act, § 11.

No court except the supreme and surrogate courts to hold pleas of a civil nature; but the vice admiralty court may hold plea of maritime causes (except for wages) and causes of revenue and disputes respecting the wages of seamen, &c. may be heard in the court of sessions, or before two justices; and suit for debts under forty shillings may be determined in a summary way. Same act, § 12.

The chief justice to settle the forms of process, and the fees to be taken in the courts; and the fees in the surrogate courts to be accounted for in the supreme court, and no officer of the customs capable of acting as a justice; and this act to continue until the 10th of June, 1793. Same act, § 14.

1,306l. 7s. 6d. granted to defray the salaries of the governor and civil officers there. Same year, c. 35.

Newgate Gaol, London.

40,000l. raised out of the surplus of the orphans fund, towards discharging the debt incurred by rebuilding the gaol of Newgate, a sessions house, and an infirmary, &c. 18 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 32.

10,000l. more granted by parliament towards rebuilding the gaol of Newgate in London. 22 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.

10,000l. more granted to complete the same. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

New-Gravel Lane.

See *Paving*. 15 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 31.

Newhaven, Scotland.

See *Scotland*. 32 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 37.

Newhaven, Suffex.

See *Bridges*. 24 G. 3. Sef. 1. c. 21. vol. 34.

Newington, Surry.

For lighting and watching the road from the stones-end next Blackmanstreet, to the bridge at Walworth. 17 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 31.

Newport, Isle of Wight.

See *Parliament*, 25 G. 3. c. 84. § 16.

See *Paving*. 26 G. 3. c. 119. vol. 35.

Newport, Monmouthshire.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 102. vol. 37.

New Providence (Bahama Islands.)

Importation and exportation of certain goods allowed at New Providence, 27 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 36.

Newspapers.

See *Stamps*. 13 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 30.

See *Postage*. 24 G. 3. 1st. 2. c. 37. § 8. vol. 34.

See *Game*. 25 G. 3. c. 50. § 11. vol. 35.

An additional stamp duty of one halfpenny laid on newspapers, and to be stamped before printed. 29 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 36.

An abatement out of the duty of 4l. per cent. on payment of 10l. at one time for stamps; but hawkers letting out newspapers to forfeit 5l. Same act, § 8.

Proprietors of newspapers to join in securities, according to 5 G. 3. c. 46. for payment of the duty on advertisements; and if paper liable to duty be printed before security is given, the printer or publisher to forfeit 500l. Same act, § 10.

To pay the duty in 30 days; or if not in 10 days more, after notice, may be sued in the exchequer. Same act, § 12.

Duties to be paid to the receiver general of the stamp duty, and to be carried to the consolidated fund. Same act, § 15.

See *Lottery*. 32 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

New Sarum, Wiltshire.

See *Gaols.* 25 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 35.

New South Wales.

2,877l. 10s. granted for the civil establishment of New South Wales, till October 10, 1789. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

2,075l. 6s. 1d. more granted to discharge bills drawn by A. Millar, commissary of the settlement of New South Wales. Same act.

See *Transportation.* 27 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 36.

New York, America.

All proceedings of the council and house of representatives of New-York suspended till provision is made for the king's troops there. 7 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 28.

To enable the general assembly to pass an act for issuing 120,000l. currency in bills of credit. 10 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 28.

See *America.* 17 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 31.

Nightingale-Lane, Middlesex.

See *Paving, &c.* 11 G. 3. c. 21 and 23. vol. 29.

Nith River.

See *Fish and Fishery.* 32 G. 3. c. 94. vol. 37.

Noli Prosequi.

See *Parliament.* 25 G. 3. c. 84. § 13. vol. 35.

See *Officers.* 26 G. 3. c. 59. § 62. vol. 35.

See *Informations.* Same year. c. 77.

Nominees.

See *Annuities.* 30 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 37.

Nonconformists.

Protestant dissenting ministers taking the oaths and subscribing the declaration against popery, and the declaration in this act, to be intitled to all the privileges by 1 W. and M. c. 18. and 10 An. c. 1. and exempt from serving in the militia, and from all punishment by act of uniformity; and may instruct youth, but not hold the mastership of

any college or school of royal foundation. 19 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 32.

Norfolk.

For employment of the poor, &c. in East and West Flegg hundreds. 15 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 31.

The like in the hundreds of Milford and Launditch. Same year, c. 59.

The like in the hundred of Forehoe; and may borrow 11,000l. 16 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 31.

May borrow 3000l. more. 23 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 34.

See *Fens.* 24 G. 3. sesh. 1. c. 9.

See *Wool and Worsted Tarn.* 31 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 37.

Northampton.

See *Paving.* 18 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 32.

Northamptonshire.

See *Woollen Manufactures.* 25 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 35.

North Kyme, Lincolnshire.

See *Fens.* 28 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 36.

North Level.

See *Bedford Level.* 13 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 30.

North River, Norfolk.

See *Rivers.* 13 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 30.

North Shields.

See *Water.* 26 G. 3. c. 110. vol. 35.

Northumberland (Duke of).

See *Greenwich Hospital.* 18 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 32.

See *the King, &c.* 25 G. 3. c. 98. vol. 35.

Northumberland Society.

See *Fish and Fisheries.* 29 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 36.

North-West Passage.

See *Longitude.* 14 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 30.

A public reward of 20,000l. for any ship which shall sail between the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans, beyond the fifty-second degree of northern latitude;

tude; and if it approach within one degree of the northern pole, 5000l.; and commissioners appointed to determine the same. 16 G. 3. c. 6. v. 31.

Norwich.

For licencing a play-house there. 8 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 28.

See *Water*. 30 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 37.

See *Wool and Worsted Yarn*. 31 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 37.

Notes.

See *Scotland*. 12 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 29.—20 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 33.—23 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 34.

The negotiation of promissory notes or inland bills of exchange, for less than 20s. in England, prohibited for seven years. 15 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 31.

Enlarged to 5l. and to continue five years more. 17 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 31.

Made perpetual. 27 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 36.

See *Stamps*. 22 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 34.—31 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 37.

Notes or orders for less than 40s. not subject to stamp duty. 24 G. 3. c. 1. c. 7. § 4. vol. 34.

See *Bills of Exchange*.

Nottingham.

See *Canals, Navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 100. vol. 37.

Nova Scotia, America.

See *Corn and Grain*. 16 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 31.—17 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 32.

12,816l. 15s. 9d. granted by parliament to answer bills drawn by the governor of Nova Scotia. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

3,976l. 17s. 6d. granted for the civil list government of Nova Scotia for 1785, and 8,395l. 2s. 3d. to discharge bills drawn on the treasury by the governor. 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

The governor and council may, on emergency, authorise the importation of lumber and provisions (enumerated) from the United States of America, by British subjects in British ships. 28 G. 3. c. 6. § 13. vol. 36.

6,218l. 17s. 6d. granted for the civil government thereof, until the first of January, 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

6,376l. 17s. 6d. granted for the civil establishment there, from the first of January, 1790, to the same day in 1791. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

6,376l. 17s. 6d. for the civil establishment there. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

5,376l. 17s. 6d. for the like purpose. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Nuisances.

See *Scotland*. 12 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 29.
See *Edinburgh*. 22 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 34.

And most of the acts for paving.

O

Oak Bark.

See *Bark*. 32 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 37.

Oaths.

Further time allowed, and indemnity to officers, &c. who have omitted to take the oaths, &c. as required. 5 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 26.

This act continued annually to this time. Form of the oath of abjuration by 1. G. 1. stat. 2. c. 13. and 5 G. 1. c. 29. altered. 6 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 27.

Oaths required by the 9 G. 3. c. 41. § 2. (See *Customs*) as to removal of goods from the country, five miles from any office of the customs to London, may be administered by the chief magistrate of any corporation. 12 G. 3. c. 60. § 11. vol. 29.

Commissioners of excise may appoint persons to administer oaths in the absence of the collector. 17 G. 3. c. 39. § 36. vol. 31.—27 G. 3. c. 31. § 25. vol. 36.

Persons professing the popish religion, taking the oaths prescribed by this act, may inherit lands, &c. 18 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 32.

Statutes under which oaths are directed to be taken, viz.

See *Stamps*. 5 G. 3. c. 12. § 13. vol. 26.

- See *Paving*. Same year, c. 13. § 50.—11 G. 3. c. 22. § 41. vol. 29.
 See *Annuities*. 5 G. 3. c. 23. § 27. vol. 26.
 See *Militia*. Same year, c. 34. § 14.; and the annual militia acts.
 See *Exportation*. Same year, c. 35. § 3. 16.
 See *Debt and Debtors*. Same year, c. 41.—9 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 28.—12 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.—16 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 31.—18 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 32.—21 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 33.
 See *Sugar*. 5 G. 3. c. 4. § 18. vol. 26.—18 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 32.
 See *Woollen Cloth*. 5 G. 3. c. 51. § 7.
 See *Corn and Grain*. 6 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 27.
 See *Highways*. Same year, c. 43. § 6.
 See *Man (Isle of)*. Same year, c. 50. § 2.—11 G. 3. c. 52. § 14. vol. 29.
 See *India (East) Company*. 6 G. 3. c. 52. § 6.—9 G. 3. c. 24. § 6. vol. 28.—24 G. 3. c. 25. § 8. and 52. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 16. and c. 57. § 38. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 19. § 5. vol. 36.
 See *Coals*. 7 G. 3. c. 23. § 4. vol. 27.—10 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 28.—15 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 31.—26 G. 3. c. 83. § 3. and c. 108. § 3. vol. 35.
 See *Turnpike Roads*. 13 G. 3. c. 84. § 44. vol. 30.
 See *Colonies*. 7 G. 3. c. 46. § 9. vol. 27.
 See *River Lea*. Same year, c. 51. § 76.
 See *Paving*. 8 G. 3. c. 21. § 54. and c. 33 § 78. vol. 28.
 See *Customs and Excise*. 9 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 28.—23 G. 3. c. 11. § 1. vol. 34.
 See *Rivers, Navigable*. Same year, c. 45.
 See *New Shoreham*. Same year, c. 55.
 See *Leather*. 12 G. 3. c. 50. § 12. vol. 29.
 See *Lotteries*. Same year, c. 63. § 15.—21 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 33.—25 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 35.
 See *Ships*. 13 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 30.—26 G. 3. c. 60. § 10.—27 G. 3. c. 19 and 41. vol. 35.
 See *Glass*. 13 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 30.—17 G. 3. c. 39. § 36. vol. 31.
 See *Wales*. 13 G. 3. c. 51. § 9. vol. 30.
 See *Plate Glass*. Same year, c. 52.
 See *Callicoes and Cordage*. 13 G. 3. c. 74. § 7. vol. 30.
 See *Scotland*. 14 G. 3. c. 32. § 16. vol. 30.
 See *Madhouses*. Same year, c. 49.
 See *Buildings*. Same year, c. 78.
 See *Quebec*. Same year, c. 83.
 See *Somerfet-hause*. 15 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 31.
 See *Tolls*. 17 G. 3. c. 18. § 2. vol. 31.
 See *Soap*. Same year, c. 52. § 3.
 See *Paving*. 22 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 34.
 See *Dying*. 23 G. 3. c. 15. § 11. vol. 34.
 See *Bankrupts*. Same year, c. 18. § 2. vol. 31.
 See *Manufactures*. 21 G. 3. c. 37. § 6. vol. 33.—23 G. 3. c. 77. § 3. vol. 34.
 See *Tea*. 17 G. 3. c. 29. § 3. vol. 31.
 See *Tobacco*. 18 G. 3. c. 24. § 2. vol. 32.
 See *Salt*. 19 G. 3. c. 52. § 2.
 See *Smuggling*. Same year, c. 69. § 32.
 See *Convicts*. Same year, c. 74. § 48.
 See *Turkey Company*. 20 G. 3. c. 18. § 4. vol. 33.
 See *Post Horses*. Same year, c. 51. § 3.
 See *Accounts (Public)*. Same year, c. 54. § 7.—21 G. 3. c. 45. § 4. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 52. § 4. vol. 35.
 See *Servants*. 21 G. 3. c. 31. § 12. vol. 33.—25 G. 3. c. 43. § 18. vol. 35.
 See *Coventry*. 21 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 33.
 See *Cocoa Nuts*. Same year, c. 55. § 15.
 See *Debts and Debtors*. 22 G. 3. c. 27. 83 and 84. § 5. vol. 34.
 See *Parliament*. 22 G. 3. c. 31. § 4. vol. 34.—28 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 36.
 See *Civil List, and Secret Service Money*. 22 G. 3. c. 82. § 21 and 26. vol. 34.

See *Post-Office*. 25 G. 3. c. 51. § 46. vol. 34.

See *American Loyalists*. 23. G. 3. c. 80. § 2. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 68. § 2 and 12. vol. 35.

See *Houses and Windows*. 28 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 36.—24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 38. 42. vol. 34.

See *Shops*. Same year, c. 30. § 18.—26 G. 3. c. 9. § 5. vol. 35.

See *Excise and Stamps*. 25 G. 3. c. 47. § 13 and 18. vol. 35.

See *Printed Linens*. Same year, c. 72. § 26.

Master to be sworn before oil and blubber be admitted to entry duty free; and the like as to seal skins. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 7. vol. 35.

See *Manifests*. Same year, c. 40. § 4.

See *Fish and Fisheries*. Same year, c. 41. § 15.

See *Whale Fishery*. Same year, c. 50. § 9.

See *Poor*. Same year, c. 56. § 3.

See *Charitable Donations*. 26 G. 3. c. 58. § 57. vol. 35.

See *Wine Licence Duty*. Same year, c. 59. § 52.

See *Slaughtering Horses*. Same year, c. 71. § 9.

See *East Florida*. Same year, c. 75. § 2.

See *Taxes*. Same year, c. 79. § 6.

See *British Fisheries*. Same year, c. 81. § 6.

See *Land Revenue*. Same year, c. 87. § 2.

See *British Fishery*. Same year, c. 106. § 17.

See *Freeholders*. 28 G. 3. c. 36, § 31. vol. 36.

See *Licences*. Same year, c. 46. § 7.

See *Slaves*. Same year, c. 54. § 15.

See *Wool*. Same year, c. 38, § 85.

Justices of the peace impowered to administer oaths where any penalty is to be levied or distress made, in pursuance of any act whereby the same is not expressly directed. 15 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 31.

Oaths of allegiance not required from foreigners, ordained deacons, or priests, by the bishop of London. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 35. vol. 34.

Declaration on non-enumerated goods not to be on oath of the importer, but a declaration to be made. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 17. vol. 36.

See *Searches*. Same year, c. 31. § 15.

After 10th July, 1790, the oaths of the returning officer, and of the freeholders, by 18 G. 2. c. 18. on elections of members to parliament, to be omitted. 28 G. 3. c. 36. § 31. vol. 36.

Every white person coming from the United States of America to settle in the king's colonies, &c. above fourteen years of age, to take the oaths of allegiance. 30 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 37.

Oats and Oatmeal

May be imported duty free. 6 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 27. Same year, c. 40.—7 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 28.—8 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 28.

See *Corn and Grain*.

Occupiers of Land

See *Horses*. 25 G. 3. c. 47. § 38. repealed by 26 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 35.

Offenders

Prosecuted for frauds in the excise, not to be so again for the same offence, under any former act. 12 G. 3. c. 46. § 10. vol. 29.

See *India (East Company)*. 26 G. 3. c. 57. § 32. vol. 35.

Officers and Offices

Officers of salt duties guilty of fraud or collusion in their offices, to forfeit, besides their bonds, double the value of the salt, and also ten shillings per bushel for the salt. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 40. vol. 26.

Officers of excise to attend on notice from distillers of their working, and whilst the still-heads and charge-cocks are repairing. 12 G. 3. c. 46. § 14 and 15. vol. 29.

The said officers may, by special warrant, search for leaves dyed or stained, in imitation of tea, and destroy the same. 17 G. 3. c. 29. § 3. vol. 31.

And may take samples of materials for making glass. Same year, c. 39.

Officers of customs and excise allowed to use lights on board ships in the haven

ven at the port of Kingston upon Hull.

19 G. 3. c. 48. § 4. vol. 32.

See *Customs and Excise*. 19 G. 3. c. 69. § 6. vol. 32.—21 G. 3. c. 55. § 18. vol. 33.—27 G. 3. c. 32. § 10. vol. 36.

Officers of revenue disabled from voting for members of parliament. 22 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 34.

Officers of excise not to be sued for any thing done in pursuance of his office, until a month after notice in writing; and may tender amends, which if sufficient, to have a verdict and his costs; but if not sufficient, the plaintiff to have a verdict and costs; and the defendant may pay money into court. 23 G. 3. c. 70. § 30. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 59. § 57. vol. 35.

Officers of customs to have the same power to seize tea, and spirits removing without a permit, as the officers of excise. 24 G. 3. c. 2. § 29. vol. 34.

Officers may by day, or by night, enter the boiling house of soap-makers, and take an account of the soap made, and the materials, as often as they think fit; and the maker to provide scales and weights, and assist the officer in weighing. Same year, c. 48.

Officers of the navy, customs, and excise, to have power to seize for smuggling. Same year, c. 47. § 38.

Officers of the army, &c. See *Servants*. 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 11. vol. 35.

Officers to take stock of distillers, rectifiers, and compounders of spirits, every three months; and rectifiers to have thirty-five gallons in one hundred, allowance for increase by water, &c. Same year, c. 73. § 27.

See *Salt*. Same year, c. 63. § 16.

Officers of revenue on board ships, to have access to the cabin, and may open locks. 26 G. 3. c. 40. § 23. vol. 35.

Officers of customs not entitled to rewards on seizure of wines, unless notice given to the next excise office within twelve hours. Same year, c. 59. § 50.

Where penalties have been unintentionally incurred by officers of customs or excise, a *noli prosequi* may be entered. Same act, § 62.

Officers of excise may at all times enter warehouses of sellers of foreign

wine, to take an account of the stock.

26 G. 3. c. 40. § 17. vol. 35.

Officers of excise entitled to two shillings and sixpence per gallon, of the contents of stills (in Scotland) seized for frauds, or such other reward as the commissioners may think proper; but not to be above 21l. for one still, and to make the seizure in twenty-four hours next after information. Same year, c. 64. § 27 and 28.

On seizure of spirits, &c. ordered by 24 G. 3. c. 46. to be destroyed, which are used or sold, the officer to have two shillings and sixpence per gallon for arrack, for French brandy, &c. above proof, and under in proportion, two shillings and two pence per gallon, and for other spirits two shillings per gallon; which sums to be in lieu of all rewards (the charges of seizure, removal, and condemnation, only excepted.) Same year, c. 73. § 67.

If officers are obstructed, they may break open still-houses. Same act, § 4.

Officers of any branch of the revenue, or deputed to act as such, may prove it without producing his commission or deputation, &c. Same year, c. 77. § 12.

Officers of excise may search for rum, and break open warehouses by warrant. Same act, § 16.

For assaulting officers, or attempting to rescue prohibited goods, the offender to be bound with two sureties, or to be imprisoned. Same act, § 18.

See *Paper*. Same act, § 9.

See *Tobacco*. 25 G. 3. c. 81. § 57.—29 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 36.

Land and Marine Officers. See *Court Martial*. Same year, c. 6. § 80. vol. 35.—28 G. 3. c. 3. § 45. vol. 36.

Excise officers may take samples of rum to be exported, as by 33 G. 2. c. 28. or for ships stores, paying three shillings per gallon for the same. Same year, c. 37. § 16.

See *Scales and Weights*. Same act, § 15.

Officers of customs or excise, seizing vessels adjudged to be broken up, to be paid ten shillings per ton if above four tons;

tons; and forty shillings for each vessel under that size; and if not constructed for smuggling, to be sold, and not broken up. Same year, c. 34. § 5.

See *Spirits and Spirituous Liquors*. Same year, c. 46. § 73.

172,776l. 3s. appropriated by 28 G. 3. c. 26. granted to reduced officers for the year 1788, the overplus to be disposed of to married officers' widows and children, as the king shall direct. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

172,787l. 5s. 5d. appropriated by 29 G. 3. c. 61. to be paid to reduced officers in 1789; the overplus to be disposed of to married officers, &c. or to their widows and children, as the king shall direct. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

See *Wine Licence Office*. 31 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 37.

162,797l. 18s. 4d. granted (being appropriated by 30 G. 3. c. 32.) to reduced officers, for 1790, and the overplus to be disposed of to married officers, &c. or to their widows and children. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Offices Public.

Three commissioners appointed to enquire into the fees, gratuities, perquisites, and emoluments received in the several public offices following, viz. paymaster-general of the forces, officers of customs and excise in England and Scotland, taxes, stamps, and salt duties, postmaster-general, surveyor-general, and auditors of the land revenue, surveyor-general of the woods and forests, offices for hackney-coaches, and hawkers and pedlars, the admiralty, treasurer of the navy, navy and victualling offices, and for sick and hurt seamen; secretaries of state, master-general of ordnance, secretary at war, and all subordinate offices in those departments; and to examine abuses subsisting, and report their observations thereon, and the business transacted there. 25 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 35.

Commissioners to take examinations on oath, and may send for persons, papers, and records; and to be sworn themselves; and for giving false evidence perjury: on death of a commis-

sioner, the king may appoint a successor. Same act, § 2.

Continued until the end of next session of parliament. 27 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 36.

761l. 1s. granted to the commissioners for enquiring into fees, &c. of public offices for salaries, clerks, and expences. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

Offices Removed.

See *Accountant General*. 14 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 22. and 56. vol. 31.

See *Somerset-house*. Same year, c. 33. § 20.

See *Land Tax*. 25 G. 3. c. 4. § 54. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 5. § 72, 73, 76. vol. 36.

Offices Suppressed.

The third secretary of state, or secretary of the colonies, the board of trade and plantations, the lords and gentlemen of the police in Scotland, the board of works, the great wardrobe, the jewel office, the treasurer of the chamber, the coffers of the household, the six clerks of the board of green cloth, the paymaster of the pensions, the master of the harriers, of the fox-hounds, and of the stag-hounds, and all offices dependent on or connected with the same; a list whereof is to be entered in the exchequer, by certificate from the treasury, and to be utterly suppressed and abolished. 22 G. 3. c. 82. § 1. vol. 34.

See *Exchequer*. 23 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 34.

See *Land Tax*. 27 G. 3. c. 5. § 79. vol. 36.

Oil.

Oils of cloves, cinnamon, mace, and nutmegs, permitted to be imported into this kingdom, notwithstanding any act. 19 G. 3. c. 48. § 2. vol. 32.

See *Navigation Act, explained*. Same act.

See *Vitriol (Oil of)* 23 G. 3. c. 77. § 4. vol. 34.

Oil, head matter, or the produce of fish, may be imported duty free, in ships licenced by the admiralty, and doubling Cape

Cape Horn, or passing the Streights of Magellan, on the fishing trade in the South Seas. 28 G. 3. c. 34. § 13. vol. 36.

Six ships of foreigners, first coming to England, may also import oil and head-matter, on the conditions mentioned, upon giving bond to perform the same. Same act, § 17.

Oil (Essential).

See (*Dundonald (Earl of.)*) 25 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 35.

Oil of Vitriol.

See *Vitriol (Oil of.)* 23 G. 3. c. 77. § 4. vol. 34.—31 G. 3. c. 42. § 10. vol. 37.

Old Artillery Ground.

See *Poor and Paving.* 14 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 30.

Old Gravel Lane.

See *Paving.* 17 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.

Old Subsidy.

No part of the old subsidy drawn back on exportation. 24 G. 3. c. 2. § 16. § 16. vol. 34.

Old Swinford.

See *Debts and Debtors.* 17 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 31.

Oldham, Lancashire.

See *Canals, Navigable.* 32 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 37.

Onus Probandi.

See *Cordage.* 6 G. 3. c. 45. § 3. vol. 27.

See *Cambricks, &c.* 7 G. 3. c. 43. § 24. vol. 27.

See *Customs.* 9 G. 3. c. 41. § 3. vol. 28.

See *Bounties.* 11 G. 3. c. 50. § 11. vol. 29.

See *Savoy.* 12 G. 3. c. 42. § 5. vol. 29.

See *Hemp (Irish.)* 19 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 32.

Claimers of goods seized, to prove payment of the duties. 23 G. 3. c. 70. § 35. vol. 34.

See *Coffee and Cocoa.* Same year, c. 79. § 9. vol. 35.

See *Manifests.* 26 G. 3. c. 40. § 25. vol. 35.

See *Fish and Fisheries.* Same year, c. 50. § 24.

See *Low Wines and Spirits.* Same year, c. 73. § 44.

See *Wool, &c.* 28 G. 3. c. 38. § 60. and 85. vol. 36.

Optional Streets.

See *Paving.* 30 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 37.

Orchillia Weed.

May be imported duty free. 21 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 33.

Orders of Council.

See *Corn and Grain.* 16 G. 3. c. 37. § 4. vol. 31.—31 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 37.

Persons indemnified, who advised or carried into execution the orders of the king in council, dated the 11th and 18th of November, and 23d of December, 1789, and 2d and 8th of January, 1790, respecting the importation and exportation of corn and grain; and also the orders issued by lord Dorchester, governor-general of the king's colonies in America. 30 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Suits for acts done under the said orders discharged; and if prosecuted in Great Britain after the second of February, 1790; and in Quebec after the first day of July following, and the plaintiff becomes nonsuit, the defendant to have double costs; and in suits already commenced, the defendant may apply to the court to stay proceedings. Same act, § 2.

Orders for Repayment.

See *Consolidated Fund.* 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

Ordinary.

See *Clergymen.* 17 G. 3. c. 53. § 12. vol. 31.

See *Scotland.* 30 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 37.

Ordnance.

1,575l. 16s. 7d. granted for land service of ordnance, prior to the 31st of December, 1783. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol.

37.

13,869l. 6d. granted for the same purpose in 1788. Same act.

418,207l. 5s. 5d. for 1790. Same act.

23,795l. 16s. 7d. granted for sea service of ordnance in 1788. Same act.

151,000l. granted towards the expense of the ordnance, on account of the late armament. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

3,857l. 5s. 1d. for land service of the ordnance prior to the 31st of December, 1783. Same act.

30,613l. 19s. 1d. for the like purpose in 1789. Same act.

25,278l. 12s. for sea service of the ordnance in 1789. Same act.

2,159l. 4s. 5d. for land service of the ordnance in 1790. Same act.

381,769l. 18s. 3d. for the like purpose in 1791. Same act.

877l. 11s. 2d. granted for the land service of the ordnance prior to the 31st of December, 1783. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

43,225l. 18s. 5d. for the land service of the ordnance in 1790. Same act.

377,898l. 1s. 8d. for the land service of the ordnance in 1792. Same act.

Ordnance Debentures.

See *Annuities*. 24 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34.

Orkney Islands.

See *Corn, &c.* 11 G. 3. c. 51. § 6. vol. 29.

See *Newfoundland*. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 7. vol. 35.

Orphans Fund (London.)

Sums directed to be paid thereout, viz.

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
18 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 32.	40,000	0	0
Same year, c. 49.	1,000	0	0
Same year, c. 50.	7,500	0	0
Same year, c. 51.	4,000	0	0
Same year, c. 67.	11,000	0	0
Same year, c. 71.	16,500	0	0

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Same year, c. 72.	7,500	0	0
Same year, c. 73.	5,000	0	0
20 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 33.	9,000	0	0
18 G. 3. c. 78.			

Orwell River, (Suffolk.)

See *Rivers, Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 37.

Oswestry, (Shropshire.)

See *Poor*. 31 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 37.

Overfiers of the Poor.

See *Poor*. 26 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 35.

See *Churchwardens* 27 G. 3. c. 37. § 23. vol. 36.

Ounce Thread.

The manufacture of ounce or nuns thread regulated. Reels to be a yard in circumference, and the thread made up in hanks as described. 28 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 36.

Ouse River, Norfolk.

See *Rivers, Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 37.

Ouse River, Suffolk.

See *Rivers, Navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 37.—31 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 37.

Owze River, Yorkshire.

See *Bridges*. 31 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 37.

Oxford.

For regulating the poor there. 11 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 29.

For rebuilding Magdalen Bridge, and amending the ways leading to, and the streets at Oxford. Same year, c. 19.

Extended to several works in the university and city of Oxford, and suburbs, and the parish of Saint Clement. 21 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 33.

See *Navigable Canals*. 15 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 31.—25 G. 3. c. 99. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 35.

Oyer and Terminer.

See *Sessions of the Peace*. 32 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 37.

Oysters.

Oysters.

Persons unlawfully catching oysters or brood within the limits of fishery, punishable by fine and imprisonment; but not to extend to taking of floating fish. 31 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 37.

Justices may issue warrants for apprehending offenders, and for want of sureties, may commit them until the quarter sessions. Same act, § 3.

Persons found taking or using engines for taking oysters or brood, refusing to discover themselves, may be seized. Same act, § 4.

No justice to commit, or require security from any persons, without recognizance is entered into to prosecute; and persons may be discharged from confinement upon recognizance. Same act, § 5.

This act not to affect any act now in force respecting any particular oyster-fishery, or to preclude prosecutions at the common law. Same act, § 7.

P.

Pacifick Ocean.

See *North-west Passage*. 16 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 31.

Packages.

See *Currants*. 23 G. 3. c. 11. § 3. vol. 34.

Paddington.

See *Churches*. 28 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 36.

Palisadoes.

See *Paving*. 30 G. 3. c. 53. § 62. vol. 37.

Pallienham and Palborough.

See *Rivers*, (*Arun, Suffex.*) 25 G. 3. c. 100. vol. 35.

Palliser (Sir Hugh).

See *Courts Martial*. 19 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 32.

Pancras (Saint) Middlesex.

See *Paving*. 12 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 29. — 31 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 37.

See *Churches*. 32 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 37.

Pangbourne, Berksbire.

See *Bridges*. 32 G. 3. c. 97. vol. 37.

Paper

Printed, painted, or stained abroad, may be imported on a duty of 1½d. per square yard, beyond all former duties; but not to extend to India paper. 13 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 30.

Such paper printed, painted, &c. in Great Britain, to serve for hangings, &c. to pay 1½d. per yard, by the stainer. 27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

The duties, 10 Q. A. c. 19.—and 12 Q. A. st. 2. c. 9. (except as to duties on paper printed, painted, or stained in Great Britain, to serve for hangings and other uses) to cease, and in lieu thereof the following duties granted by 21 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 33.

An additional duty, besides three five per cent. imposts, on the duties upon seventy-seven sorts of home-made paper; and on twelve sorts imported. 24 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 34.

Besides a further duty, by 27 G. 3. c. 18. so that we have inserted the whole duty as it now stands chargeable to the excise.

F I R S T T A B L E.

<i>Denomination.</i>	<i>Value per Ream.</i>	<i>Dimensions.</i>		<i>Duty per Ream.</i>
		<i>l. s. d.</i>	<i>Inches.</i>	
Imperial	-	2 11 0	22 by 30½	0 13 9½
Super Royal	-	1 18 0	19½ 27½	0 10 4½
Royal	-	1 9 0	19½ 27	0 7 9½
Medium	-	1 2 6	17½ 22½	0 6 4
Demy	-	0 16 0	15½ 20	0 4 3½
Thick Post	-	0 13 0	15½ 19½	0 3 5½
Thin Post	-	0 10 0	15½ 19½	0 2 8½
Small Post	-	0 7 6	13½ 16½	0 2 0½

Denomination.	Writing.	Value per Ream.			Dimensions.	Inches.	Duty per Ream.		
		l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.
Fool's Cap.	-	0	9	0	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	by 16 $\frac{3}{4}$	0	2	3 $\frac{1}{2}$
Pot	-	0	6	0	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Large Thick Post	-	0	15	0	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	25	0	3	10
Large Thin Post	-	0	12	0	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	21	0	3	0 $\frac{3}{4}$

S E C O N D T A B L E.

Denomination.	Writing, or Copperplate Printing	Value per Ream.			Dimensions.	Inches.	Duty per Ream.		
		l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.
Double Atlas	-	15	0	0	55	by 31 $\frac{1}{2}$	2	6	0
Demy	-	0	12	0	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	20	0	2	8 $\frac{1}{2}$
Copy or Bastard	-	0	7	6	16	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Fool's Cap	-	0	6	0	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	3
Littris Fool's Cap	-	0	6	0	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	3
Pot	-	0	4	0	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	11 $\frac{1}{2}$
Grand Eagle, or Double Elephant	-	4	0	0	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	0	17	3
Colombier	-	2	10	0	23 $\frac{1}{2}$	34 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	12	1
Atlas	-	3	0	0	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	34	0	17	3
Atlas	-	2	0	0	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	34	0	10	4 $\frac{1}{2}$
Small Atlas	-	1	10	0	25	31	0	8	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Imperial	-	1	10	0	22	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	7	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Super Royal	-	1	5	0	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	27 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	5	9
Long Royal	-	1	0	0	27 $\frac{1}{2}$	18	0	4	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Royal	-	0	18	0	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	24	0	4	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
Demy	-	0	13	0	17	22	0	2	8 $\frac{1}{2}$
Short Demy, or Crown	-	0	9	0	14	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	11
Large Fan	-	0	14	0	23 $\frac{1}{2}$	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	3	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Small Fan	-	0	11	0	22 $\frac{1}{2}$	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	2	7
Elephant	-	0	15	0	23	28	0	3	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Paper for the bank, or banker's bills or notes, allowing two in each sheet, and so in proportion, per ream	-						0	3	5 $\frac{1}{2}$

T H I R D T A B L E.

Denomination.	Printing.	Value per Bundle.			Dimensions.	Inches	Duty per Bundle.		
		l.	s.	d.			l.	s.	d.
Double Demy	-	1	18	0	26	by 38 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	8	4
Royal	-	1	4	0	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{4}$	0	5	4 $\frac{1}{2}$
Royal Inferior	-	0	14	0	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{4}$	0	3	0 $\frac{3}{4}$
Medium	-	1	0	0	18	23	0	4	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Demy Single	-	0	17	0	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	22	0	3	10
Demy Inferior	-	0	10	0	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	21 $\frac{1}{4}$	0	2	3 $\frac{1}{2}$
Double Crown	-	0	17	0	20	30	0	3	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Double Crown Inferior	-	0	12	0	20	30	0	2	8 $\frac{1}{4}$
Single Crown	-	0	13	0	15	20	0	3	0 $\frac{1}{4}$
Single Crown Inferior	-	0	8	0	15	20	0	1	11
Demy Tissue	-	0	8	0	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	22	0	1	11
Crown Tissue	-	0	5	0	15	20	0	1	3
Double Pot	-	0	9	0	17	25 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	2	3 $\frac{1}{2}$

F O U R T H

FOURTH TABLE.

<i>Denomination.</i> <i>Ordinary and Coloured.</i>	<i>Dimensions.</i>		<i>Duty per</i> <i>Ream.</i>		
	<i>Inches.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Cartridge	21	by 26	0	2	8 $\frac{1}{4}$
Cartridge Square	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	25 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	3	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
Cartridge	19 $\frac{1}{4}$	24	0	2	3 $\frac{1}{4}$
Elephant Common	23	28	0	1	11
Sugar Blue	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	33	0	3	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
Ditto, smaller size	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	27	0	2	3 $\frac{1}{2}$
Ditto, Demy size	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	22	0	1	11
Ditto, Crown size	15	20	0	1	11
Purple Royal	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Blue Elephant	23	28	0	2	3 $\frac{1}{2}$
			<i>per Bundle.</i>		
Blue Royal	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	3	0
Blue Demy and Blossom	17	22	0	2	0 $\frac{1}{4}$
Blue Crown, single	15	20	0	1	1 $\frac{1}{4}$

FIFTH TABLE.

<i>Whited Brown and Browns.</i>	<i>Dimensions.</i>		<i>Duty per</i> <i>Ream.</i>		
	<i>Inches.</i>		<i>per Bundle.</i>		
Royal Hand, thick	24	19 $\frac{1}{4}$	0	1	4
Royal Hand	24	19 $\frac{1}{4}$	0	1	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Lumber Hand	23	18	0	1	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Double Two Pound	24	16	0	1	1 $\frac{1}{4}$
Single Two Pound	16	11	0	0	5 $\frac{1}{4}$
Middle Hand, double	33	21	0	2	3 $\frac{1}{2}$
Middle Hand	22	16	0	1	1 $\frac{1}{4}$
Small Hand, double	32	20	0	1	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Small Hand	19 $\frac{1}{4}$	16	0	0	9 $\frac{1}{4}$
Couples, Pound and Half	{ 12 or 10 9 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ }		0	0	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Imperial Cap	29	22	0	1	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Havon Cap	24	20	0	1	1 $\frac{1}{4}$
Bag Cap	23 $\frac{1}{2}$	19	0	0	11 $\frac{1}{2}$
Kentish Cap	21	18	0	0	9 $\frac{1}{4}$
Four Pounds	20	16	0	0	9 $\frac{1}{4}$
Small Cap	20	15	0	0	5 $\frac{1}{4}$
Double Four pounds	33	20	0	1	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Single Two Pounds	16	11	0	0	9 $\frac{1}{4}$
Couples, Pound and Half	{ 12 or 10 9 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ }		0	0	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Pasteboard, millboard, and scaleboard, and glazed paper for clothiers and hotpressers, per hundred weight	{ 9 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ }		0	6	10 $\frac{1}{2}$

The duties on the sixty-five sorts of paper mentioned, to be paid by the maker, and under the commissioners of the excise, with 10l. per cent. on the amount of the duties. 21 G. 3. c. 24.

A ream to consist of 20 quires of 24 sheets each (except double demy for newspapers, which is to consist of 25 sheets per quire) and a bundle is to consist of 40 quires of 24 sheets (except as above) and the duty to be paid according to the dimensions in the act, though the name should be altered. Same act, § 5.

New fabricks to pay 18l. per cent. *ad valorem*, according to the price at London, on the oath of the maker, and if undervalued, may be taken to the next excise office, and sold to pay the duty; and the surplus, one moiety to the officer, and the other to the exchequer. Same act, § 9.

Paper paying duty to be marked, and a drawback allowed to universities for all books printed by them in Latin, Greek, Oriental, or Northern languages. Same act, § 40, 41.

Stamps denoting payment of duty on stained paper, to be taken off on exportation; and for obstructing officers, 50l. penalty. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 5, vol. 35.

For better securing the duties on paper painted, &c. in Great Britain; and several regulations made. Same year, c. 78.

Time of entries made by paper-stainers, reduced from six weeks to a fortnight, and to pay the duty in a fortnight after; and if the goods are delivered before the duty paid, to forfeit double the value. Same act, § 2.

Paper not to be begun to be stained, until measured and marked, on 20l. penalty. Same act, § 5.

Pieces of paper cut for samples, to be marked by the officer, and the duty to be charged as soon as the paper is stained, and 50l. penalty for removing the paper before stamped, and also the paper forfeited, and the officer chargeable with the duty on paper missing. Same act, § 9.

Paper for exportation to be packed before the officer, who is to measure the

same, and cut off the marks. Same act, § 19.

In lieu of the duty of 20l. 14s. per cent. by 27 G. 3. c. 13. on paper not described in schedule F. to be paid for every sort, not above the largest size, of the nearest of the same sort as in the table; the duty of that nearest above in size and value; and for that above the largest size of the same kind and weight, and the duty to be in proportion to its size. 27 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 36.

See *Customs*. 32 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 37.

Papists.

So much of 11 & 12 W. 3. c. 4. as relates to the apprehending or prosecuting popish bishops, priests, or jesuits, or that subjects them, or papists keeping school, or educating or boarding youth in the realm, to perpetual imprisonment, or that disables papists to inherit or take by devise or limitation any estate, &c. and gives the same to the next of kin, being a protestant; and so much of the same act as disables papists to purchase, &c. and makes void all estates therein, &c. repealed. 18 G. 3. c. 60. § 1. vol. 32.

Persons claiming under titles not yet litigated, to enjoy, &c. but not to affect any suit depending, nor to extend to those who in six months, or hereafter on coming of age, take the oath prescribed, nor to popish bishops, priests, jesuits, or schoolmasters, taking the oath before apprehending or prosecuted. Same act, to § 5.

Deputy clerks of the peace to have the same power as principals in administering oaths as to the execution of wills and deeds of papists, and the enrolment thereof. 21 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 33.

Further time allowed to inroll deeds and wills of papists, and for relief of protestant purchasers. This act renewed annually. 29 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 36.

Deeds and wills of papists, &c. made since 25th of September, 1717, good, if inrolled before 1st of September, 1790. 30 G. 3. c. 19. § 1. vol. 37.

This act not to extend to deeds, &c. the validity whereof hath been brought in

in question before 1st of January, 1790. Same act, § 2.

Purchases made for valuable consideration not to be avoided, on account of the title-deeds not having been inrolled. Same act, § 3.

This act not to make good any grant of the right to any benefice, prebend, or ecclesiastical living, school, hospital, or donative in trust for any papist, whether the trust be declared in writing or not. Same act, § 4.

For allowing further time (to 1st of September, 1790) to inroll deeds and wills of papists, and for relief of protestant purchasers. Same act.

See *Roman Catholics*. 31 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

Pardon.

See *America*. 16 G. 3. c. 5. § 44. vol. 31.

See *Exchequer*. 24 G. 3. c. 2. § 47. § 48. vol. 34.

Parish Rates.

See *Candles*. 25 G. 3. c. 74. § 25. vol. 35.

Park-lane, Piccadilly.

See *Paving*. 30 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 37.

Parliament.

2000l. granted for an additional building, and more commodious passages to the house of commons. 7 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 27.

Members of parliament to be assessed to the land-tax at their mansion houses. 10 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 28.

For regulating trials of controverted elections, or returns of members for seven years. 10 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 28. — 11 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 29. Made perpetual by 14 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 30.

The speaker to issue his warrant for a writ for a new election on the death of any member during the recess, if the death is certified by two members, and fourteen days notice in the London Gazette, in case the writ of the election of the deceased had been brought into office fifty days before the end of the preceding session. 10 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 28.

Plaintiffs in suits in courts of record, equity, admiralty, or ecclesiastical, may proceed against members, or their servants, or privileged persons, but not to arrest members; and issues returned on distringas may be sold, to pay costs; and obedience to be given to the rules of the court by 12 & 13 W. 3. and to extend to Scotland. Same year. c. 50.

Acts 1 H. 5 & 8. — 10 & 23 H. 6. so far as relates to the residence of persons elected members, or of the electors, repealed. 14 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 30.

The act 16 G. 2. c. 11. § 26. as to the election of members for boroughs in Scotland, altered, with respect to notice of complaints for settling the place of election of magistrates. 14 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 30.

Speaker not to issue his warrant for a new election, unless the death was certified, so that notice may be given fourteen days before the meeting of parliament, nor where a petition was depending at the last prorogation or adjournment. 15 G. 3. c. 36. § 1. vol. 31.

May issue his warrant on a member's becoming a peer, the same as if he was dead. Same act, § 2.

But not for Shaitonals, alias Shaftesbury, during the next recess. Same act, § 3.

Parliament may be assembled in fourteen days (though adjourned or prorogued for longer time) in case of rebellion. 16 G. 3. c. 3. § 2. vol. 31.

See *Poor*. Same year, c. 40.

The election of knights for Hants removed from Winchester to New Alresford. 20 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 33.

None to vote for knights of shires, unless assessed to the land tax for his qualification six months before the election; but not to extend to annuities or fee-farm rents (duly registered) if issuing out of lands, &c. rated, or to persons intitled by descent, marriage-settlement, devise, or promotion to a living or office in 12 months before, if the qualifications have been rated two years before. Same year, c. 17. § 1, 2.

Husbands intitled to dower in right of their wives, though the dower is not set out, may vote. Same act, § 12.

The

The clerk of the peace to attend on elections on being paid 2l. 2s. per day, and 1s. 6d. per mile for travelling-charges; and after the writ is out, persons may search his office, and have copies of duplicates, on paying sixpence for every three hundred words, and 500l. penalty on refusal, to be recovered with costs, by action commenced in two months by the party aggrieved; and on judgment and conviction, to forfeit his office; but prosecution by others to be in twelve months. Same act, § 19.

See *Land Tax*.

The city of Winchester, and town of Shrewsbury, exempt from provisions made by act 8 G. 2. c. 30. with respect to the removal of troops during elections; this act to continue whilst there are any prisoners of war at Winchester, but not to be more than three soldiers to each twenty prisoners, and during that time the election to be at Alresford, and the poll adjourned to Newport in the Isle of Wight, as by 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 7. and whilst prisoners of war are in the building over the Severn near Shrewsbury, the troops, necessary to guard them, not to be removed; and only one relief every twenty-four hours during the election, and one soldier to every twenty prisoners. Same year, c. 50.

This act continued till the end of next session of parliament. 21 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 34.

The right of election for the city of Coventry, declared to be in the freemen having served seven years apprenticeship; not receiving alms, and being sworn and inrolled. Same year, c. 54.

For preventing bribery and corruption in electing members for the borough of Cricklade, in the county of Wilts. 22 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 34.

No commissioner or officer employed in collecting or managing the duties of excise, customs, stamps, salt, or houses, or windows, or concerned in the post-office, or in conveying mails, to have any vote for members; and persons, so disqualified, voting, to forfeit 100l. Same year, c. 41.

But not to extend to commissioners of land-tax, or persons acting under them;

nor to offices held by letters patent, or for any estate of inheritance; nor to persons who shall resign their offices before the 1st of August, 1782. Same act, § 2.

All persons holding contracts for public service, incapable of being elected, or sitting in the house of commons. Same year, c. 45. § 1.

Any member accepting a contract, his seat to be void; but this act not to extend to incorporated trading companies, nor to contracts devolving upon persons by descent, marriage, or will, until after twelve months possession. Same act, § 2.

If any person, so disqualified, be elected, the election is void; and disabled persons sitting in the house of commons, to forfeit 500l. per day. Same act, § 9.

A condition to be inserted in all public contracts, that no member of the house of commons shall have any share thereof, and contractors, who shall admit any member to any share, to forfeit 500l. Same act, § 10.

See *Speaker of House of Commons*.

The speaker to issue his warrant during the recess of parliament, to elect a member in the room of any dying, or becoming peers of Great Britain, on receiving a certificate of such vacancy signed by two members, and notified in the Gazette. 24 G. 3. ses. 2. c. 26. vol. 34.

The speaker may authorise not more than seven, nor less than three members, to execute the powers given by this act; and when such number shall be reduced to less than three, a new appointment to be made; which appointments are to be entered on the Journals of the house, and published once in the London Gazette, and a duplicate filed in the crown office. Same act, § 5.

Such persons so appointed not to act, except when there is no speaker, or he is out of the realm; and whilst such person continues a member, the publisher of the Gazette to give a receipt for every notice. Same act, § 8.

Commissioners for auditing the public accounts, incapable of sitting as members

bers in the house of commons. 25 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

Every poll must commence, at the latest, the day after demanded, unless it be Sunday, and not to continue more than fifteen days; return to be made at the close of the poll, or the day after, unless a scrutiny be demanded; and then, if a general election, the return to be made on or before the day the writ is returnable, or in thirty days after the poll is closed. Same year, c. 84.

Objections to voters on a scrutiny to be decided alternatively; and the poll kept open seven hours a day. Same act, § 2.

Within two days after the receipt of the writ, proclamation to be made of the election, to begin between the 10th and 16th day after; and voters, if required to swear or affirm previous to polling, as to their names, places of abode, that they are of age, and have not polled before. Same act, § 5.

Returning officers may administer oaths during a scrutiny; and for taking or suborning another to take a false oath, liable to 5 E. c. 9.—and 2 G. 2. c. 25. but this act not to extend to elections at places where particular regulations have been directed by statute. Same act, § 8, 9.

Where returns have not been duly made, a select committee may be appointed, according to 10 G. 3. c. 16. and 11 G. 3. c. 42. and notice of meeting given to petitioners and returning officer; and the regulations of those acts extended to this. Same act, § 10.

When returning officers cannot be found, or do not appear before the committee, others may be appointed to appear in their stead; and if more than one petition presented, the house may determine whether the officer is to strike off from the list of members drawn by lot. Same act, § 12.

Returning officers liable to prosecution for offences against this act, whereon no *nolle prosequi*, or *cessat processus* to be granted; and he may be sued for neglecting to return persons duly elected, but must be within a year, or in six months next after conclusion of

proceedings in the house. Same act, § 13.

Notwithstanding this act, the poll for Hampshire may be adjourned from Winchester to Newport in the Isle of Wight, to commence in four days, and may continue three days longer. Same act, § 16.

Though the committee appointed to try the election for Bedfordshire, by sickness or death, be reduced to eleven, yet the house of commons may direct them to proceed, and make a report. 25 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 35.

Persons voting as inhabitants paying scot and lot, must have so been for six months previous to the election; but not to extend to persons acquiring possession by descent, devise, or marriage; or to those claiming right to vote under any other description than as paying scot and lot. 26 G. 3. c. 100. vol. 35.

The appointment of commissioners of the land revenue, not to vacate their seats in parliament. Same year, c. 87. § 24.

The proceedings of the house of commons upon articles of charge of high crimes and misdemeanors exhibited against Warren Hastings, late governor-general of Fort William in Bengal, not to be discontinued by any prorogation or dissolution of parliament. Same year, c. 96.

Quarterly accounts to be kept at the several boards of public revenue; and the treasury annually to lay before parliament an account of the produce of the customs, excise, stamp duties, and incidents respectively. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 72. vol. 36.

For securing the right of persons qualified to vote at county elections, freeholds to be registered. 28 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 36.

After 10th July, 1790, the oaths of returning officers and freeholders to be omitted; and the acts of 20 G. 3. c. 17. and 18 G. 2. c. 18. so far as relates to disabling voters not affected to the land-tax, repealed. Same act, § 30.

The second husband of women intitled to dower of 40s. per ann. may vote; persons convicted of false declarations, or suborning others so to do,

to forfeit 500*l.* and to be imprisoned three years. Same act, § 35.

For destroying register books, transportation; and the forfeitures under this act recoverable in the courts at Westminster, within three years. Same act, § 36.

If petitions to the house of commons do not complain of undue elections, to be deemed against the return only. Same act, § 38.

None to incur the penalty for being enrolled, if in receipt of the rents, and entitled thereto for life. Same act, § 39.

None to have right to vote for a burgess of Cricklade, who is not qualified for the county of Wilts. Same act, § 41.

Petitions complaining of undue elections, not to be proceeded on, unless subscribed by some person claiming right to vote; or a candidate, otherwise to be returned; but where relating to any district of burghs in Scotland, by any person claiming a right, to vote. 28 G. 3. c. 52. § 1. vol. 36.

If before considering such petition, the speaker be informed by two members of the death of the sitting member, or of the death of any member upon a double return, or that any member is become a peer; or if the house have resolved that his seat is become vacant, or that such member has declared in writing that he does not intend to defend his election; in every such case, the speaker is to send notice to the returning officer, and also insert notice in the Gazette; and within thirty days after, any voter may petition to be admitted a party, in the room of such member; but if such member gives notice not to defend such petition, he is not to be party against it, nor sit in the house till decided. Same act, § 2.

Recognizances, in 200*l.* penalty, to be given by one of the subscribers in fourteen days after the petition, preferred with two sureties in 100*l.* each, or else the petition to be discharged; but the time may be enlarged once for thirty days. Same act, § 5.

The recognizances to be taken, and the sufficiency of the sureties allowed by the speaker, on the report of two persons; the clerk of the house to be one, and a master in chancery, clerk of the king's bench, prothonotary of the common pleas, or clerk in exchequer (not being a member) to be the other, who may take fees fixed by the house. Same act, § 6.

Parties living forty miles from London, may give recognizance before a justice of the peace; and affidavits may be sworn in chancery, and received as evidence. Same act, § 7.

No petition to be withdrawn, unless the member's seat, who presented it, be vacated: and if the petitioner do not appear, his recognizance to be estreated into the exchequer. Same act, § 8.

With other regulations, in regard to select committees, and when either the petition or the opposition are reported frivolous, the party blamed to pay costs. Same act, § 20.

If parliament be prorogued during the sitting of a select committee, they are not dissolved, but may meet again after the parliament sits, and act until the merits are determined. Same act, § 33.

Act 28 G. 3. c. 36. for registering freeholds suspended till 5th April, 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

And repealed by same year. c. 18.

For better supporting the dignity of the speaker of the house of commons, the treasury to issue at the exchequer, which, with fees and allowances, of 5*l.* per day now payable, on account of his office, may amount to the clear yearly sum of 6000*l.* 30 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 37.

The speaker not to hold any place of profit under the crown during pleasure. Same act, § 7.

The speaker's secretary to deliver an account, quarterly, of fees and sums received, or due of the allowance to the speaker out of the civil list; and if they exceed 1,500*l.* the excess to be carried to the next quarter, &c. if less, the deficiency to be made good from the supplies

plies of that year; and after, from the consolidated fund (subject to prior charges thereon) and to be free from taxes. Same act, § 10.

Act 20 G. 3. c. 17. touching the election of knights of the shire to parliament, amended and explained; and nothing in that act, or in 22 G. 3. c. 31. to prevent any person from voting for knights of the shire, or for burgesses for Cricklade in Wilts, for lands or tenements, &c. which have been assessed for six months to the land-tax, in the name of the person through whom the claimer shall derive title. Same year, c. 35.

Nor for lands, &c. so assessed in the name of the tenant actually occupying the same. Same act, § 2.

On days appointed by the house of commons for taking election petitions into consideration, messages from the house of lords may be received previous to reading the order of the day; and on days appointed for trials of articles of impeachment, business necessary for carrying on the prosecution, may, in like manner, be proceeded on. 32 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Paving, Lighting, Cleansing, and Watching, &c.

The powers by 2 G. 3. c. 21.—3 G. 3. c. 23.—and 4 G. 3. c. 39. as to Westminster, and several parishes in Middlesex, enlarged. 5 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 27.—11 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 29.—26 G. 3. c. 102. vol. 35.

For paving and opening the streets in the city of London, the former acts relating thereto, consolidated, &c. and Sunday tolls established. 6 G. 3. c. 26 & 27. vol. 27.—8 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 29.—N. B. 8 G. 3. c. 21. whereby act 6 G. 3. c. 26. had been repealed, is repealed by 11 G. 3. c. 29. § 119.; but the rates under the former acts not annulled.

For paving, &c. the streets in the Borough of Southwark in Surry; and granting Sunday tolls, &c. 6 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 27.—11 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 30.

For enlarging the powers of former acts for paving the city of Bristol. 6 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 27.—26 G. 3. c. 111. vol. 35.

For paving, &c. of the road, from Clarges-street to Hyde Park Corner; and from the south-end of Park-lane to the north-side of Hertford-street, &c. &c. 6 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 27.

The like of that part of the parish of St. Botolph, Aldgate, which lies in the county of Middlesex, and part of East Smithfield. 7 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 27.—9 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 28.

Act 29 G. 2. c. 53. relating to paving, &c. the parish of St. Mary-le-bone, repealed and altered. 8 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 28.

For paving, &c. the same parish, and regulating weights and measures there. 10 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 28.—13 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 30.

For opening passages, and paving, &c. in the parish of St. Leonard, Shoreditch; and erecting a turnpike in Holywell-street, between the south-side of Shoreditch church and the north-side of the road to Bethnal Green. 8 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 28.

This act extended to part of Hog-lane, in the liberty of Norton Falgate. 16 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 31.

For paving, &c. of the town of Portsmouth, in the county of Southampton. 8 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 28.—16 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 31.

The like of the borough of New Windsor, Berks. 9 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 28.

The like of the liberty of St. Martin-le-Grand. 9 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 28.

The like of the Town of Gainfborough, in Lincolnshire. Same year, c. 21.

Act 28 G. 2. c. 37. for lighting, &c. the parish of St. Bartholomew the Great, London, amended. Same year, c. 23.

For paving, &c. the parish of St. Nicholas, in the city of Rochester, and parish of Strood, in Kent. Same year, c. 32.

The like of the town of Plymouth, Devonshire. 10 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 28.—12 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 30.—21 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 33.

The like of the city of Worcester, and for applying the same with water. 10 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 28.—11 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 29.—20 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 33.

The like of the parishes and wards of St. Michael, St. John, Holy Rhood, St. Laurence, All Saints within the Bar, All-Saints without the Bar, East-street and Bag-row within the town of Southampton in Hampshire. 10 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 28.

The like of the city of Winchester; and also the parishes of St. Bartholomew Hide; St. John's in the Stoke; St. Peter's Cheelchill; St. Swithin and St. Michael in the West Stoke, in the suburbs. 11 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 29.

The like of that part of Goodman's Fields, which lies in the parish of St. Mary Matfellow, alias Whitechapel, in Middlesex; and also Red Lion, and White Lion-streets, contiguous thereto. Same year, c. 12.

The like of that part of White Chapel High-street, which is in the county of Middlesex. Same year, c. 15.

The like of Wapping-street, and several streets and passages leading from Hermitage-street into Nightingale lane. 11 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 29.—17 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.—22 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 34.

Act 2 G. 3. c. 21. for paving Westminster, amended. 11 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 29.

For paving, &c. Rosemary-lane, from the parish of St. Botolph, Aldgate, to Cable-street; also the said street, the footpath of the back-lane, part of the precinct of Wellclose; the street from Nightingale-lane to Ratcliffe-cross; Butcher-row, and Brook-street, and several streets opening into the same. 11 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 29.—15 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 31.

By the act for consolidating the acts for paving, &c. of the city of London, all churches and public buildings, meeting houses, and void spaces of ground, not charged to the land-tax, to be assessed, except the cathedral of St. Paul and the church-yard, and ground within the iron rails, at the rate of fourpence per square yard; and the area in the west front of St. Paul's, to be laid

into the public street. Same year, c. 29. § 51.

Tenants of hospitals, and also inns of court to be assessed; and streets building may be compounded for. Same act, § 52, 53, 54.

For cleansing, lighting, &c. the streets of the town of South Leith, in Scotland; the territory of St. Anthony, and Yard Heads adjoining, and supplying the same with water. Same year, c. 30.

For paving, &c. the parish of St. John, Clerkenwell, in Middlesex. Same year, c. 33.

For cleansing, &c. the streets, &c. on the south-side of Edinburgh, Scotland. Same year, c. 4. 36.

For paving, &c. that part of the town of Wakefield, Yorkshire, which lies within the east-end of Westgate-bridge, the south-side of Northgate-bar, the north-end of Kirkgate-bridge (except what is repaired by the West Riding) and the extreme part of the township leading from Wrengate towards East Moor, &c. 11 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 29.

For paving, &c. the parish of St. Luke, Middlesex; and widening the passages at the west-end of Chiswell-street, and the south-end of Brick-lane. Same year, c. 46.

The like of Haydon-square, New-square, Haydon-yard, Church-street, Little Church-street, or the Church-passage, Church-court, and Kenton-street, in the parish of the Holy Trinity in the Minories, in the liberty of the Tower of London. Same year, c. 54.

The like of the burgh of Canongate, and the liberties of Pleasance and Leith Wynd, adjoining to the city of Edinburgh, Scotland. 12 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 29.

For lighting, &c. the part of Islington town within the parish, &c. Same year, c. 17.

For paving, &c. the town and parish of Chatham, Kent. Same year, c. 18. Extended to the parishes of St. Margaret and Gillingham. 16 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 31.

For paving, &c. the parish of Christchurch, Middlesex; and so much of Brick-

Brick-lane, as is not within the same. 12 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 29.—28 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 36.

The like of that part of the parish of St. Sepulchre, which lies in Middlesex. 12 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 29.

The like of that part of St. Pancras, lying on the west side of Tottenham Court Road. Same year, c. 69.

The like of the High-street, East and West streets in Gravesend, and Milton, Kent. 13 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 30.

The like of the town of Greenock, Scotland. Same year, c. 28.—29 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 36.

The like of the town of Brighthelmstone, Sussex. 13 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 30.

For lighting, &c. the town and Chapelry of Petersham, Surry. Same year, c. 42.

The like of the town of Kingston-upon-Thames, Surry. Same year, c. 61.

The like of the town of Cardiff, Glamorganshire, and the Liberties thereof. 14 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 30.

The like of the parish of St. James, Clerkenwell, in Middlesex. Same year, c. 24.—17 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 31.

The like of the Old Artillery Ground, in the liberty of the Tower of London. 14 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 30.

The like of the city and suburbs of Hereford. Same year, c. 38.

The like of Grosvenor-square, and all other acts relating thereto, repealed. 14 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 30.

For regulating the nightly watch of the city, and Liberty of Westminster. Same year, c. 90.

For lighting, &c. the hamlet of Highbate, Middlesex. 15 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 31.

For watering Piccadilly, from the end of Berkeley-street to Hyde Park-corner. Same year, c. 57.

For lighting, &c. Hampstead. Same year, c. 58.

For extending the duty on ale sold in the village of Port Glasgow, to the town of Newark, in Scotland; and for paving, &c. of Port Glasgow. Same year, c. 60.

For paving, &c. that part of the parish of St. George, Middlesex,

which is not in the liberty of the Tower of London. 16 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

The like of the borough of Boston, Lincolnshire. Same year, c. 25.

For lighting, &c. the villages of Camberwell and Peckham, and Blackman-street, Southwark. Same year, c. 26.—27 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 36.

For paving, &c. the borough of Dorchester in Dorsetshire, and the tithing of Colliton-row; and to prevent future buildings being thatched there. 16 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 31.

The like of the borough of Brecknock, Wales, and for supplying the same with water. Same year, c. 56.

The like of the borough and town of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, in Dorsetshire. 16 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 36.

For widening, &c. the streets of Manchester in Lancashire. Same year, c. 63.

For paving, &c. Wapping-street and Ratcliffe Highway, between Old Gravel-lane and Virginia-street; and in the parishes of St. George and St. John, Wapping. 17 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.

For lighting, &c. the road from Blackman-street to Walworth-bridge, Surry. Same year, c. 23.

For widening, &c. the streets of Wolverhampton, Staffordshire. Same year, c. 25.

To enable the dean and chapter of Westminster, to open a street from the south-end of Long Ditch to the north-end of Smith-street; and to widen Tothill-street and Long Ditch; and also Orchard-street and Wood-street, and make a communication from the Broad Sanctuary into Dean's Yard. Same year, c. 61.

For establishing a nightly watch in Mile End, Old Town, in the parish of Stepney. Same year, c. 66.

For paving, &c. the city of Gloucester. 17 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 31.

For paving, &c. the footpath in Whitechapel Road, in Middlesex. 18 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 32.

See *Orphan's Fund*. 18 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 32.—Same year, c. 78.

For applying 1000l. out of the surplus of the orphan's fund, for opening communications between Wapping-street

street and Ratcliffe Highway; and between Old Gravel-lane and Virginia-street. 18 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 32.

The like of the sum of 1500l. for widening, &c. the avenues into Goodman's Fields. Same year, c. 50.

The like of the sum of 4000l. for completing the pavement, &c. of Southwark. Same year, c. 51.

The corporation of London empowered to make a street from Moorfields, opposite Chiswell-street, to Bishopgate-street; and to raise, upon the credit of the orphan's fund, the sum of 16,500l. for that purpose. Same year, c. 71.

For building a court-house in the city of Westminster, and for appropriating part of the surplus of the orphans fund to defray the expences. Same year, c. 72.

For paving, &c. the high street from Alderigate Bars, London, to the Turnpike in Goswell-street, and for applying 5,000l. raised upon the credit of the surplus of the orphan's fund for such purpose. 18 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 33.

For paving, &c. the town of Dover, in Kent; and the parishes of St. Mary the Virgin, and St. James the Apostle. Same year, c. 76.

The like of the extraparochial streets of Norton Folgate, and part of Magpye-alley, and Blossom-street, in the parish of St. Leonard, Shoreditch. Same year, c. 77.

For applying the sum of 9,000l. out of the surplus of the orphan's fund, for making a passage for carriages from Spitalfields to Bishopsgate-street. Same year, c. 78.—22 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 34.

For paving, &c. the town of Northampton.

N. B. A toll to be paid for passing through the town. Same year, c. 79.

The like of Dirty-lane and Brick-lane, from Whitechapel High-street to Wentworth-street and other passages. Same year, c. 80.

The like of the borough of Bridgewater, in Somersetshire. 19 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 32.

For paving, &c. the town and borough of Burton-upon-Trent in Staffordshire. 19 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 32.

The like of the town of Colchester, in Essex. 21 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 33.

The like of the town of Henley-upon-Thames, in Oxfordshire. Same year, c. 33.

The like of the borough of Devizes, in Wilts. Same year, c. 36.

For paving, &c. the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster; not paved by 11 G. 3. c. 22.—21 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 33.—26 G. 3. c. 112. vol. 35.

The like of the parish of St. George, Hanover-square; and part of Bond-street in the parish of St. James, Westminster; and Portman-square in the parish of St. Mary-le-Bone. 22 G. 3. c. 84. and 85. vol. 34.

The like of the parish of St. Ann, Limehouse, and London-street and Queen-street, Ratcliffe, Middlesex. Same year, c. 87.

The like of the parish of St. Mary, Rotherhithe, alias Redriffe, in Surry. 23 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 34.

For paving, &c. the parish of St. Paul, Covent Garden, in the liberty of Westminster. 23 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 34.

The like of the parish of St. Ann, and the part of Cock-lane lying in the parish of St. Martin in the Fields, Westminster. Same year, c. 43. and 90.

For widening, &c. the north-west end of Fenchurch-street, and the south-end of the Old Jewry, London. Same year, c. 46.

800l. granted by parliament, towards expence of paving the Great Almonry, Little Almonry, new way part of Orchard-street, St. Ann's Lane, part of Peter-street, and Wood-street, in Westminster, being the track through which carts and loaded carriages are to pass during the sitting of parliament. Same year, c. 78.

For paving the parish, &c. of St. Clement Danes, in Middlesex. Same year, c. 89.

For paving, &c. the parish of St. Martin in the Fields, Westminster. 23 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 34.

The like of Church-lane, Whitechapel. Same year, c. 91.

For enlarging the market place, and widening the streets of the town Sheffield, Yorkshire. 24 G. 3. sess. 2. c. 5. vol. 34.

For

For paving, &c. the high street of the town of Huntingdon. 25 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 35.

For widening the high street, and paving, &c. the town of Uxbridge, Middlesex. Same year, c. 16.

For paving the parish of St. Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, Surry. 25 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 35.

For paving, &c. the vill of Ramsgate, Kent. Same year, c. 34.

The like of the footways, &c. in the borough of Reading, Berkshire. 25 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 35.

For lighting, &c. that part of St. Catherine near the Tower, not included in acts 7 G. 3. c. 85. and 9 G. 3. c. 22. Same year, c. 86.

The like of the village of Clapham, Surry. Same year, c. 88.

For paving, &c. the borough of Arundel, Suffex. Same year, c. 90.

The like of Bridport, Dorsetshire. Same year, c. 91.

The like of the town of Liverpool, Lancashire. 26 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 35. 28 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

The like of Tewksbury, Gloucestershire. 26 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 35.

For widening the streets of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. Same year, c. 39.

For opening communications, &c. between the streets in Edinburgh, Scotland. Same year, c. 28.—Same year, c. 113. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

For paving, &c. the town of Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. 26 G. 3. c. 116. vol. 35.

The like of the borough of Newport, in the Isle of Wight. Same year, c. 119.

The like of the manor of Southwark, called the Clink, in the bishop of Winchester's liberty, in the parish of St. Saviour, Southwark, Surry. Same year, c. 120.

For paving, &c. the city of Canterbury, Kent. 27 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 36.

The like of the town of Margate, and parish of St. John Baptist, in the Isle of Thanet in Kent. Same year, c. 145.

For continuing the duty on ale, and for paving, &c. the town of Dumfries, in Scotland. Same year, c. 57.

For paving, &c. the town and port of Sandwich. Same year, c. 67.

The like of the town of Cambridge. 28 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 36.

The like of the borough of Southwark, Surry. Same year, c. 68.

The like of the borough of Hertford. Same year, c. 75.

See *Taunton*. Same year, c. 79.

For paving, &c. the town of Whitby, Yorkshire. The lord of the manor to pave the market-place. 29 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 36.

For paving, &c. the streets, &c. in the parish of St. Clement, in the town and port of Hastings in Suffex; the rates not to be more than 120l. per ann. and 1500l. may be raised at interest. 29 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 36.

The like of the town of Chelmsford, Essex. Same year, c. 44.

The like of the town and liberty of Faversham, in Kent. Same year, c. 69.

For paving, &c. the streets, &c. in the parish of Pancras, Middlesex, lying on the north and south sides of the road from Paddington to Islington, called Somer's Town; the rates at sixpence and two shillings in the pound. Same year, c. 71.

For paving and otherwise improving the town of Honiton in the county of Devon, and part of the Axminster and Honiton roads taken in; and the commissioners empowered to set up turnpike gates, and take tolls; and also to let such tolls. 30 G. 3. c. 25.

For altering several acts of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. and 11 G. 3. for paving the streets and other places in the city and liberty of Westminster, and parts adjacent; and for putting the optional streets under the management of parochial committees, subject to the control of the commissioners appointed by the said several acts, &c. Same year, c. 53.

For paving, &c. the streets, &c. and regulating porters and drivers of carts in the borough of Truro; and part of the adjoining parishes in the county of Cornwall. Same year, c. 62.

For paving and otherwise improving the city and township of Peterborough, in Northamptonshire. Same year, c. 66.

For

For paving, cleansing, lighting, watching, and regulating the streets, lanes, ways, and public passages in the city of Durham and borough of Framwelgate, and the suburbs thereof, and streets thereunto adjoining; and for regulating and improving the markets within the said city and suburbs. Same year, c. 67.

For better paving, cleansing, lighting, and watching the city of Coventry, and the suburbs thereof, &c. and for regulating the public wells and pumps within the said city and suburbs. Same year, c. 77.

To explain and amend act 12 G. 3. c. 69. for paving, &c. that part of the parish of St. Pancras, in Middlesex, which lies on the west-side of Tottenham Court Road. 31 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 37.

For paving, cleansing, lighting, &c. a street, called the Upper Ground-street, in the parish of Christ Church, Surry; and for removing nuisances, &c. and for shutting up part of an alley, or passage, leading from Bull-alley to Marygold-court. Same year, c. 61.

The like of the streets, lanes, and other public passages and places, within the King's Town of Maidstone, in the county of Kent, and for better supplying the said town with water, and for repairing the highways within the parish of Maidstone. Same year, c. 62.

For paving, repairing, and cleansing the streets, lanes, ways, and passages within the walls of the city of Chichester. Same year, c. 63.

The like of the highways, streets, and lanes, in the town and borough of Deal, in Kent. Same year, c. 64.

For lighting, cleansing, and watching the streets, lanes, &c. within the township of Stourbridge, in the parish of Old Swinford, in the county of Worcester. Same year, c. 70.

For paving, cleansing, lighting, watching, &c. the town of Dudley, in the county of Worcester, and for supplying the said town with water. Same year, c. 79.

For paving the footways of certain streets within the city of Lincoln; and for cleansing, lighting, and watching the said streets, and other streets, lanes, &c. Same year, c. 80.

For paving, lighting, watching, cleansing, &c. Finbury Square, in the parish of St. Luke, in the county of Middlesex, and part of the manor of Finbury. Same year, c. 90.

For cleansing, lighting, watching, and regulating the streets, lanes, passages, and places within the towns of Manchester and Salford, in the county of Lancaster; and for widening, and rendering more commodious several of the streets, lanes, and passages there. 32 G. c. 69. vol. 37.

For widening, paving, lighting, watching, cleansing, and regulating the streets, &c. within the towns of Great and Little Bolton, and for supplying the said towns with water, and for providing fire engines and firemen, and for removing nuisances, and for licensing and regulating hackney coaches and chairs there. Same year, c. 71.

For paving, cleansing, lighting, and otherwise improving the streets, lanes, &c. in the borough of Derby; and for selling a certain piece of waste ground, situate within the said borough, called Nun's Green, towards defraying the expence of the said improvements. Same year, c. 78.

For better paving, cleansing, and otherwise improving the borough of Boston, in Lincolnshire. Same year, c. 80.

The like of the town of Portsea, in the county of Southampton. Same year, c. 103.

The like of the town of Carmarthen, and for supplying the said town with water. Same year, c. 104.

Pawnbrokers.

The rates of profit allowed to be taken by pawnbrokers for the future, viz.

On a pledge for 2s. 6d. per	} 0 0 0 $\frac{1}{2}$
calendar month - - -	
For 5s. - - -	0 0 1
For 7s. 6d. - - -	0 0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
For 10s. - - -	0 0 2
For 12s. 6d. - - -	0 0 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
For 15s. - - -	0 0 3
For 17s. 6d. - - -	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{2}$
For 20s. - - -	0 0 4

24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 42. vol. 34.

Disputes relating to fairs under 40s. may be settled by a justice of the peace.

Same

Same act, § 2. The clause, § 17. repealed. 28 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 36.

On pledging goods, to take a duplicate, and the person producing the same, to be deemed the owner; and on being paid the principal and profit, the pawnbroker to deliver the goods, unless he have notice of the real owner, or the duplicate be lost. 24 G. 3. c. 42. § 4. vol. 34.

If the duplicate is lost, an affidavit to be made thereof; which is declared to be an indemnity to the pawnbroker. Same act, § 5.

Goods pawned for above ten shillings, and for less than ten pounds, if not redeemed in a year, may be sold by auction (but not otherwise) by the pawnbroker after the end of the year; and a book of account to be kept of such sales, and the overplus to be paid to the owner; and justices may cause pawnbrokers to produce such books on penalty of 10l. Same act, § 6.

Pawnbrokers to take licences, and pay stamp duties for the same annually, viz. residing in London, Westminster, St. Mary-le-Bone, or Pancras, or within the bills of mortality, or Southwark, to pay 10l. and in other parts of Great Britain, 5l.; to be granted by the commissioners of stamps, and renewed yearly; and not to keep more than one shop for each licence. 25 G. 3. c. 48. § 6. vol. 35.

Pawnbrokers allowed to take the same rates for profit as before mentioned; and the parties may redeem within seven days after the end of the first month, without paying any thing extra for those seven days, or within fourteen days, on paying for one month and an half; but parties applying to redeem after fourteen days, must pay for the second month; and the like regulations are to be observed in every subsequent month, when application shall be made to redeem. 27 G. 3. c. 37. § 12. vol. 36.

For counterfeiting pawnbrokers notes, liable to be committed for three months, and not under one month. Same act, § 6.

The like punishment for offering to pawn goods, and the party not giving

a good account of themselves. Same act, § 7.

If goods are unlawfully pawned, the broker to restore them on being repaid, or to be committed till satisfaction made. Same act, § 8.

Persons producing notes deemed owners, and if the note is lost, the broker to give a copy. Same act, § 10.

Goods pawned deemed forfeited at the end of one year; but the owner may give notice not to sell them for seven days beyond the year. Same act, § 12.

Hours of pawning limited; and if goods are sold before forfeited, or hurt, the broker to make satisfaction, with a penalty of 10l. Same act, § 19.

Pawnbrokers to produce their books when necessary, and if not kept regularly, to forfeit 10l. and for other offences 5l. each; to be levied by distress. Same act, § 21.

Justices may order 50s. of the penalty to the prosecutor, and the rest to the poor of the parish; but information must be given in twelve months. Same act, § 22.

This act not to extend to persons lending money at 5l. per cent. without further profit. Same act, § 24.

For further regulating the trade of a pawnbroker, pawns to be entered in books, and to give notes, describing things pawned; if any person, knowingly, shall pawn the goods of others, to forfeit 20s. and also the value of the goods so pawned, to be ascertained by the justice, which, if not forthwith paid, to be committed to hard labour three months, and not less than one month, if forfeitures not sooner paid. 27 G. 3. c. 37. § 5. vol. 35.—29 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 36.

Churchwardens and overseers of the poor to prosecute; and inhabitants of places where offences are committed, may be witnesses, and appeal allowed to the quarter sessions. Same act, § 23. and 30.

Act 29 G. 3. c. 57. for regulating pawnbrokers, continued for one year. 31 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 37.

Passengers.

See *Wight (Isle of.)* 24 G. 3. *sess.* 1. c. 19. vol. 34.

Patents.

See *Taylor (Eliz.) of Southampton.* 16 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 31.

No patent office to be exercised in any of the British colonies for longer time than whilst the grantee shall discharge the duty in person, and behave well therein. 22 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 34.

The governor of the colony and council may remove such officers for neglect of duty, and may grant leave of absence; but not to prejudice any subsisting grant. Same act, § 3.

Patterns.

See *Linens (printed.)* 27 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 36.

Pay of Forces.

See *India (East) Company.* 21 G. 3. c. 65. § 17. vol. 33.

Paymaster General of Army.

His office regulated, and all money issued at the exchequer for the army, to be paid into the bank, and placed to the account of the paymaster-general, and no more fees paid at the exchequer; and after the 1st of January, 1783, no money to be issued from the exchequer to the paymaster-general. 22 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 34.

Paymaster may draw on the bank for the army, but not for any other purpose. Same act, § 4.

In memorials by the paymaster to the treasury, for money for the army, to insert the balance of public money, on his account, in the bank; and also the draughts unpaid, and the books of account, to belong to the paymaster's office. Same act, § 6.

Fees payable at the paymaster's office, to be carried to the fund for Chelsea hospital; and the salaries of the clerks in the paymaster's office to be settled by him, with consent of the lords of the treasury; and savings in clothing to go to the same fund. Same act, § 7.

The secretary at war to return to the paymaster-general, monthly, an account

of effective men; and debentures to be according to the number on the muster roll. Same act, § 18.

398,769l. 18. 3d. remaining in the hands of the paymaster-general of the army, to be applied in discharge of the extraordinaries of the army, from the 24th of December, 1787, to the 24th of December, 1788. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

63,043l. 5s. granted to the paymaster-general, secretary at war, &c. Same act.

Peace.

See *America.* 22 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 34.

Peace Officers.

Penalties on them for not doing their duty, by 28 G. 3. c. 57. extended to this act, and to be recovered as by the former act. 30 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

Pedlars.

See *Hawkers and Pedlars.* 25 G. 3. c. 78. § 11. vol. 35.

Pells (Clerk of.)

See *Exchequer.* 23 G. 3. c. 82. § 5. vol. 34.

Pembroke (Earl of.)

See *Kynwardston Hundred, Wiltshire.* Same year, c. 61.

Pembrokeshire.

See *Gaols.* 19 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 32.

Penitentiary Houses.

The king may appoint three supervisors to fix on ground in Middlesex, Essex, Surry, or Kent, whereon to erect two penitentiary houses for confining and employing convicts: the place to be appointed by the lord chancellor, speaker of the house of commons, judges of the king's bench, and common pleas, barons of the exchequer, and lord mayor, or any eight of them, which, after their approbation, may be purchased, &c. 19 G. 3. c. 74. § 5. vol. 32.

Convicts liable to transportation may be confined in such houses; if a male, for two years; and not under one; if a female, not less than six months, nor

in either case above five years; nor to be confined above seven years, if liable to be transported for fourteen years. Same act, § 24.

See *Gaols*. 25 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 35.

See *Houses of Correction*. 31 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 37.

Penn (William.)

See *Annuities*. 30 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 37.

Pensions.

No pension upon the civil list revenue to be above 300l. per annum, and the whole amount not to exceed 600l. a year; a list whereof, together with the names of the grantees, to be laid before parliament, and until the whole pension list is reduced to 90,000l. which is not to be exceeded, more than 5,000l. in all grants; nor any pension granted after such reduction, to any one person to exceed 1,200l. per annum, except to the royal family, or upon address of either house of parliament. 22 G. 3. c. 82. § 17. vol. 34.

But not to extend to persons who have served the crown in foreign courts. Same act, § 18.

All pensions on the civil list to be paid at the exchequer. Same act, § 19.

The first lord of the treasury, by the king's consent, may take away from the private list the names and pensions of persons entered on such lists, and may return into the exchequer any pension or annuity without a name to whom payable, upon oath by him that the same is not for the benefit of any member of the house of commons, or for supporting or procuring interest at any place returning members to parliament; which pension shall be paid to his order, and oath to be made of the party's being alive, when any secret pension shall continue more than five years on the list. Same act, § 20.

Secret service money from the civil list revenue not to exceed 10,000l. per ann. and if for foreign secret service, to be paid to a secretary of state, or the first lord of the admiralty, who shall in three years produce the receipt of the king's minister; and if taken in foreign

parts, to be filed in the exchequer to charge such minister, and acquit the secretary. Same act, § 25.

Foreign ministers to account for such sums in a year after their return home; and secretaries of state to account, on oath, as to the disposal thereof; but no stated sum allowed for the same; and the sums issued to be entered in a book at the treasury. Same act, § 27.

Grants of royal bounty to persons more than once in three years, to be deemed pensions. 22 G. 3. c. 82. § 30. vol. 34.

See *Annuities*. 26 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 35.

See *Exchequer*. 26 G. 3. c. 99. vol. 35.

Pensions out of the excise or post-office, to be paid as heretofore. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 69. vol. 36.

Pentonville Chapel.

See *Churches*. 30 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 37.

Perfumery.

Stamp duties laid on perfumery, hair powder, &c.

For every packet of perfumes value 8d.	s. d.
- - - - -	0 1
From 8d. to 1s.	0 1½
From 1s. to 2s. 6d	0 3
From 2s. 6d. to 5s.	0 6
Five shillings and upwards	1 0
For hair powder, under 2s. per pound, to pay per pound	0 1
26 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 35.	

Not to extend to drugs liable to duty by 25 G. 3. c. 79. nor to common soap unmix'd with perfumes; nor to perfumes sold for exportation. Same act, § 2.

Perfumers also to pay one shilling for an annual licence from the stamp office. Same act, § 4.

Perjury.

See *Offices (Public.)* 25 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 35.

See *East Florida*. 26 G. 3. c. 75. § 6. vol. 36.

See *Crown Lands*. Same year, c. 87. § 24.

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See *Slaves*. 28 G. 3. c. 54. § 19.
vol. 36.

Permits.

See *Wine*. 26 G. 3. c. 59. § 26 & 38.
vol. 35.

See *Distillers*. Same year, c. 73.
§ 30.

Perring, Peter.

See *Rumbold, Sir Thomas*. 22 G. 3.
c. 54 & 59. vol. 34.

Perth, (County) Scotland.

See *Bridges*. 25 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 35.
For repairing the roads in the county
of Perth, and amending the above act.
29 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 36.

Pestle Mills.

See *Gunpowder*. 12 G. 3. c. 61.
vol. 29.

Peter (Saint) Le Poor.

See *Churches*. 28 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 36.

Peterborough.

See *Paving*. 30 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 37.

Petersham.

See *Paving*. 13 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 30.

Piers.

See *Mewagiffey, Cornwall*. 15 G. 3.
c. 62. vol. 31.

Pilchards.

See *Ives, Saint, Cornwall*. 16 G. 3.
c. 36. vol. 31.

See *Fish and Fisheries*. 19 G. 3. c. 52.
§ 6. vol. 32.—25 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 35.
26 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 35.

An additional bounty of one shilling
and sixpence per cask, on pilchards ex-
ported between the 24th of June, 1791,
and the 24th of June, 1798, to be paid
to such persons as shall be entitled to the
bounty of seven shillings, allowed by
acts 5 G. 1. c. 18. and 3 G. 2. c. 20.
and if fish intitled to the bounty be lost,
&c. the proprietors to have a debenture
for the same. 31 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 37.

The charges of this act to be paid by
those intitled to the bounty. Same act.

Pilots.

For regulating them at King's Lynn,
Norfolk. 13 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 30.

The like in the port of Boston,
Lincolnshire. 16 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 31.

Acts 3 G. 1. c. 13. and 7 G. 3. c. 14.
& 21. relating to pilots at Deal, Dover,
and the Isle of Thanet, continued till
the 25th of March, 1792. 18 G. 3.
c. 45. § 7. vol. 32.

Further continued until the 25th of
March, 1806. 32 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

Pipes.

See *Paving*. 30 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 37.

Piracy.

See *Felony*. 12 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 29.

See *America*. 17 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 31.

Pitch, and Pit Coal.

See *Dundonald, Earl of*. 25 G. 3.
c. 42. vol. 35.

Pittferran, Scotland.

See *Coals*. 27 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 36.

Plague.

See *Silks*. 11 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 29.

The treasury may pay 5,000l. granted
by 5 G. 3. c. 40. for the purchase of
lands, &c. whereon to build a lazaret,
to be vested in the crown. 12 G. 3. c.
57. vol. 29.

Value to be settled by a jury at the
quarter sessions, whose verdict to be
final. Same act, § 3.

See *Quarantine*. 28 G. 3. c. 34.
vol. 36.

Plantations.

Duties imposed on foreign sugar, in-
dico, coffee, pimento, wine, wrought
filk, callicoës, cambricks, and lawns
imported into the plantations, viz.

On foreign white or clayed	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
sugars, per cwt.	1	2	0
Indico, per pound	0	0	6
Coffee, per cwt.	2	19	9
Madeira wine, per ton	7	0	0
Portugal and Spanish wines, per ton	0	10	0
Wrought filks, Bengals, and mixed with filk or herba, per pound	0	2	0
Callicoës,			

Callicoës, per piece	0	2	6
Cambricks, per piece	0	3	0
French lawns, per piece	0	3	0
Duties on coffee and pimento, the growth of the British colonies, viz.			
On coffee, per cwt.	0	7	0
Pimento; per pound	0	0	0½

4 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 26.

Stamp duties imposed on plantations in America. 5 G. 3. c. 12. Repealed by 6 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 27.

Spirits shipped in America, not to be landed in the Isle of Man. 5 G. 3. c. 39. § 5. vol. 26.

The coast of Africa, from Sallee to Cape Rouge, vested in the crown, and the trade laid open to all subjects. Same year, c. 44.

Act 23 G. 2. c. 29. for importing British American iron and lumber to Ireland, and lumber to the Madeiras and the Azores, or any part of Europe south of Cape Finisterre, upon giving bond, repealed. Same year, c. 45.

Alteration of duties in America on foreign melasses and syrups, and British sugar, coffee, and pimento, &c. and ships from British American plantations to give bond as to melasses and syrups, whether the goods were laden there or not. 6 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 27.

Sago powder and vermicelli allowed to be imported duty free from the colonies in America. 7 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 27. 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

Premiums on importing raw silk from America, viz. from January 1, 1770, to the same 1777, 25l. per cent. to January 1, 1784, 20l. per cent. and to January 1, 1791, 15l. per cent. 9 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 28.

Importers of rum and spirits from the plantations may warehouse the same according to 15 G. 2. c. 25. (See *Brandy*, &c.) which with several other acts are continued. 11 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 29.

Acts 8 G. 1. c. 12. as to timber from America, and 12 G. 2. c. 30. as to sugar from the same, continued. 12 G. 3. c. 56. § 4. vol. 29.—18 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 32.

Act 21 G. 2. c. 30. and others relating to indico from America, continued.

12 G. 3. c. 56. § 6. vol. 29.—17 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 31.

Foreigners may lend money on estates in the colonies at 5l. per cent. per ann. 13 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 30.

Cocoa and coffee the produce of Dominica, may be imported under the same regulations as sugar and rum from thence, and one-seventh part allowed on coffee in the husk. 13 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 30.—17 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 31.

Duty on negroes imported to Dominica and exported from Jamaica, reduced from 30s. to 2s. 6d. per head. 13 G. 3. c. 73. § 4. vol. 30.

Timber the growth of Dominica may be imported to other American colonies, subject to 12 G. 2. c. 18. Same act, § 5. Continued by 17 G. 3. c. 44. § 4. vol. 31.

Officers of the customs in Newfoundland may take the same fees as were taken at Halifax in Nova Scotia before January 1, 1768. 16 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.

The exercise of taxation over the British colonies in North America and the West Indies, except for the regulation of commerce, given up by parliament. 18 G. 3. c. 12. § 1. vol. 32.

So much of 7 G. 3. c. 46. (See *America*) as imposes a duty on tea from Great Britain to America, repealed. Same act, § 2.

Nothing but bread, flour, Indian corn, and live stock to be imported into Newfoundland and the adjacent islands, from the American States; and such goods to be imported there in British built ships licensed before 30th of June, 1787, by the commissioners of the customs. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 2. vol. 35.

The masters of vessels to deliver the licence to the custom-house officer at the port of discharge, who is to give a certificate thereof. Same act, § 3.

Goods imported contrary to this act, forfeited; one-third to the king, another to the governor, and another third to the officer; and the act in force until 25th of March, 1788. Same act, § 4.

From the 1st of September, 1787, K 12 wool,

wool, cotton wool, indico, cochineal, drugs, cocoa, logwood, fustick, and all dyingwoods, hides, skins, and tallow, beaver, and all furs, tortoiseshell, hard wood or mil. timber, mahogany, and all cabinet wood, hories, asses, mules, and cattle the growth or produce of any plantations in America; and all coin, bullion, diamonds, and jewels may be imported into the ports of Kingston, Savannah le Mar, Montego Bay, and Santa Lucia, in Jamaica, St. George in Grenada, Rosea, in Dominica, and Nassau in New Providence, in one-decked foreign European vessels not above seventy tons burthen. 27 G. 3. c. 27. § 2. vol. 36.

If any articles not herein enumerated be imported into any of the said ports, the goods and vessel to be forfeited; but they may be exported from Great Britain or Ireland under the regulations of the navigation act. Same act, § 3.

Rum, negroes, and goods legally imported (except masts, yards, bowsprits, pitch, tar, turpentine, and tobacco, and except iron) may be exported from the said ports to such foreign colonies in America, in foreign one-decked European vessels not above seventy tons burthen; but the legality of the importation of such goods must be proved before exportation. Same act, § 6.

If any goods of the growth or produce of Europe, or the East Indies beyond the Cape of Good Hope, be exported from Grenada, Dominica, or Bahama to any British colony in America, or the West Indies, to be forfeited with the vessel. Same act, § 7.

No duty or fee to be taken at Jamaica, Grenada, Dominica, or New Providence for any entry of foreign vessels, on pain of forfeiting as for exacting of greater fees than allowed; this act to continue in force until the 1st of Sept. 1792. Same act, § 8.

Acts 23 G. 3. c. 39. and 24 G. 3. c. 45. for appointing commissioners for enquiring into losses of loyalists, &c. continued. Same year, c. 39.

The commissioners in the colonies appointed to enquire into claims of loyalists; if they differ in opinion, to require

the assistance of the governor of the colony, who, in case of death of any commissioner, is to supply his place. Same act, § 9.

Commissioners in America to take an oath before the governor or chief justice, which shall render their acts valid; and they may appoint persons to travel in America, and to enquire into facts. Same act, § 10.

Commissioners to give an account of their proceedings to the treasury and secretaries of state; and the treasury to pay 4,000l. to the commissioners for clerks, &c. Same act, § 11.

Commissioners may receive half-pay as officers, on making affidavit that they have not been employed under the crown, except as commissioners under this act; and in case of death, during the recess of parliament, the king may appoint others. Same act, § 12.

See *America*. 28 G. 3. c. 40. and 44. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 61 & 62. vol. 36.

Plate.

See *Ale Houses*. 9 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 28.

See *Gold and Silver*. 13 G. 3. c. 52 and 59. vol. 30.—24 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 34.

For incorporating the wardens and assay-masters of standard wrought plate, in the towns of Sheffield and Birmingham; and they are empowered to make bye-laws. 13 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 30.—24 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 34.

See *Auctions*. 19 G. 3. c. 56, § 2. vol. 32.

The tax laid on persons possessed of silver plate by 29 G. 2. c. 14. to cease. 17 G. 3. c. 39. § 42. vol. 31.

To be taken at Sheffield for assaying small pieces of wrought plate, sixpence per dozen, if not above six ounces weight each. 24 G. 3. c. 20. § 1. vol. 34.

Manufacturers of plated goods may put their names and marks thereon, and not be subject to the penalty by 13 G. 3. c. 52. Same act, § 2.

Names to be legible, and marks approved by the guardians, and registered at Sheffield assay-office. Same act, § 3. For

For using other persons names or marks within one hundred miles of Sheffield, 1ool. penalty. Same act, § 4.

Additional duties granted on gold plate imported or made in Great Britain, eight shillings per ounce troy, and on silver plate sixpence per ounce, besides all other duties; the duty on home-made plate to be under the stamp office, and that on plate imported under the customs. Same year, c. 53.

Regulations of assays of plate. Same act, § 4.

Not to extend to gold or silver where-in jewels or stones are set (not mourning rings) nor to jointed night ear-rings of gold, or springs of lockets; nor to gold or silver wares exempt by 12 G. 2. c. 26. Same act, § 9.

The new duty to be drawn back on exportation, and the duties to be paid into the exchequer, and applied to pay annuities, and the lottery of the present year. Same act, § 11.

An allowance made of a sixth part of the duty on plate brought to be marked in an unfinished state; and the eleventh and twelfth clauses of the last act repealed. 25 G. 3. c. 64. § 2. vol. 35.

Watches exported to be marked on the inside of the case. Same act, § 4.

Plate Glass.

See *Glass*. 13 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 30.

Plates.

See *Linens, Printed*. 29 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 36.

Play-Houses.

See *Bath*. 8 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 28.

See *Liverpool*. 11 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 29.

See *Manchester*. 15 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 31.

See *Coven Garden*. 16 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 31.

See *Chester*. 17 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 31.

See *Bristol*. 18 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 32.

See *Margate, Kent*. 26 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 35.

See *Newcastle upon Tyne*. 27 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 36.

Justices at general quarter sessions may licence theatrical representations

occasionally; but not within twenty miles of London, Westminster, or Edinburgh, or within eight miles of a licenced theatre, or ten miles of the king's residence, or fourteen miles from Oxford or Cambridge, or within two miles of any place having a peculiar jurisdiction, nor without the consent of the majority of justices for the same, on three weeks notice previous to the application for such licence. 28 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 36.

Plymouth.

Lease of ground for the improvement of the dock agreed for by the commissioners of the navy, confirmed. 6 G. 3. c. 102. vol. 27.

For building a chapel at Plymouth Dock, in the parish of Stoke Damerell. 9 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 28.

See *Paving*. 10 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 28. —12 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 29. —14 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 30.

For vesting lands, &c. at Plymouth and Sheerneis, in trustees, for enlarging the dockyards, &c. and for the better defending the passage of the river Thames at Graveland and Tilbury Fort. 20 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 33.

See *Fortifications*. 20 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 33. —24 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 34.

See *Poor*. 21 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 33.

See *Workhouses*. 26 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 35.

See *Ferries*. 30 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

See *Macbride, John*. 31 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 37.

Policies.

See *Insurances*. 25 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 35.

This act repealed. 28 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 36.

Polstead, Suffolk.

See *Poor*. 19 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 32.

Pontefract, Yorkshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

See *Churches*. 29 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 36.

Pontnewynydd, Monmouthshire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 102. vol. 37.

Pool, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 96. vol. 37.

Poor.

See *Richmond, Surry*. 6 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 27.—25 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 35.

Poor children belonging to the seven-teen parishes without the walls of London, the twenty-three in Middlesex and Surry within the bills of mortality, and the ten in the city and liberty of Westminster, regulated. 7 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 27.

See *Devonshire*. 9 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 28. Repealed, 13 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 30.

See *Shadwell*. 10 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 28.

For establishing houses of industry in the Isle of Wight for reception of the poor belonging to that island. 11 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 29.

The corporation continued, but the former act repealed. 16 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 31.

For relief and employment of the poor in that part of the parish of St. Sepulchre which lies in the county of Middlesex. 12 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 29.

See *Southampton*. 13 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 30.

See *Bethnal Green*. Same year, c. 53.

See *Shoreditch, St. Leonard*. 14 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 30. Explained and amended. 15 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 31.

See *Exeter*. 14 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 30.

See *St. Giles in the Fields, and St. George, Bloomsbury*. Same year, c. 62.

See *Southwark (St. Saviour)*. Same year, c. 75.

See *Norfolk*. 15 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 31.

See *Bone (St. Mary le)*. Same year, c. 21.

See *Clerkenwell (St. James)*. Same year, c. 23.

See *George (St.) in Middlesex*. 16 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

Overseers of the poor in England to return answers on oath to the questions specified as to the state of the poor. 16 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 31.

Justices in England and Wales required to take the returns of overseers relating to the poor, on oath, to be transmitted to parliament. Same act, § 1.

See *Islington*. 17 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 31.

For relief of the poor, &c. of the parish of St. Mary Abbots, Kensington. Same year, c. 64.

The like of the hundred of Stow, in Suffolk. 18 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 32.—21 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 33.

Poor apprentices put out by virtue of 43 *Eliz.* c. 2. not to continue after twenty-one years of age. 18 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 32.

Act 26 G. 2. c. 98. for providing a workhouse, &c. in the parish of Christchurch, in Middlesex, amended. Same year, c. 74.

For relief of the poor in the hundreds of Hartmore, Hoxne, and Thredling, in the county of Suffolk. 19 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 32.

The like in the hundred of Cosford (except the parish of Hadleigh); also the parish of Polstead in the hundred of Babergh, in the county of Suffolk. Same year, c. 30.

The like in the town of Maidstone, Kent. 20 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 33.

Poor children bound apprentices by corporations, to be provided for in the same manner as if bound by parish officers; but no person obliged to take an apprentice, unless an inhabitant or occupier of land, &c. in the parish whereto the child belongs. Same year, c. 36.

Bastards born in houses of industry, to belong to the parish where the mother is legally settled. Same act, § 2.

For relief of the poor in the hamlet of Mile End New Town, in the parish of Stepney; and for paying the same. Same year, c. 66.

For regulating the poor of Plymouth Dock, and in the parish of Stoke Damerell, in Devonshire; and paving, &c. 21 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 33.

For relief of the poor of the parish of St. John, Wapping, in Middlesex. 22 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 34.—23 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 34.

For building a workhouse, and employing the poor of the parish of St. Luke, in Middlesex. 22 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 34.

Act 9 G. 1. c. 7. § 4. as to hiring out the

the poor repealed, in places where the provisions of this act shall be adopted ; but the visitors and guardians may make agreements for diet and clothing of persons sent to poor-houses. Same year, c. 83.

To be intitled to the benefits of this act, two-thirds of the parishioners must meet and signify their approbation of the provisions therein, and to nominate three guardians of the poor, and three governors of the poor-house to be approved by two justices, and to appoint them salaries. Same act, § 3.

Two or more parishes may unite, with the approbation of two justices, for the purposes of this act, but not to be more than ten miles from the poor-house ; and notice of meeting to be given in the church, and voters to be assessed to rates at 5l. per annum ; and justices to appoint a guardian for each parish ; to have the same powers as overseers (save as to rates.) Same act, § 5.

Churchwardens or overseers to receive poors rates, and pay over same to the guardian, who is to apply it in maintaining the poor ; justices to appoint a governor of each poor-house, and the guardians to nominate three persons, one to be visitor by the justices, who may make a deputy, and the governor to obey the visitor ; single parishes may have visitors, and united parishes a treasurer ; and vacancies to be supplied as aforesaid. Same act, § 8.

The offices of guardian, governor, visitor, and treasurer, to determine at Easter ; and justices in a different limit, or where only one or none may act ; and special sessions may be appointed to execute this act. Same act, § 14.

Guardians to provide houses and proper utensils to set the poor to work ; but poor-houses to be situate in the parish, and on certain conditions, lands and houses may be rented, and buildings erected or repaired, to be paid for by the guardians and visitor, and guardians may borrow money. Same act, § 17.

Visitors and guardians incorporated,

and may sue and be sued, and purchase ; and incapacitated persons may sell, and the money settled to the same uses as before. Same act, § 21.

Poor to be maintained by their respective parishes, and guardians to meet monthly ; and the treasurer to produce an account of his disbursements ; and persons refusing to deliver up poors rates, to forfeit 5l. ; and guardians neglecting meetings, to forfeit the like, and not less than 40s. ; waste land adjoining to poor-houses may be enclosed, with consent of the lord of the manor. Same act, § 26.

Persons sent to poor-houses, to deliver an order signed by the guardian, and none but the persons, who, by old age or sickness, are unable to maintain themselves, and orphans and infants obliged to go with the mother, to be sent to poor-houses ; and guardians, with consent of the visitor, may place out children fit for apprentices. Same act, § 28.

Idle persons neglecting to provide for their families, may be prosecuted by the guardian, as a vagrant under act 17 G. 2. c. 5. and guardians may agree for the labour of poor persons who cannot get employment, and provide for them during their work, and receive their earnings, and apply it to their maintenance, and make up the deficiency ; but if they refuse to work, may be committed for three months, and not less than one. Same act, § 31.

Guardians to provide suitable clothing for persons in workhouses ; and the rules and orders to be observed at workhouses mentioned in the schedule to this act ; and justices, on complaint that any guardian hath refused relief to poor persons, may direct such guardian to send the complainant to the poor-house, on penalty of 5l. ; but if the complainant is an idle person, may be committed to the house of correction ; and the guardian not to be summoned before the justice till the complainant hath applied both to the guardian and visitors. Same act, § 33.

Poor persons afflicted with sickness, or dying, when at a distance from their parish,

parish, being relieved or buried by the strange parish, to be reimbursed by that where the settlement is; but this not to alter such settlement. Same act, § 38.

Persons embezzling or wasting goods, &c. they shall be entrusted with at the poor-house, may be committed for six months, and for two at the least; and visitors, guardians, or governors furnishing provisions for the poor-house, to forfeit 20*l.* and not less than 5*l.*; guardians, with approbation of parishioners, may sell houses provided by the parish for the poor; but this act not to extend to any place which shall not adopt the said act. Same act, § 43.

Penalties to be applied towards expenses of the poor, with an appeal to quarter sessions, whose determination to be final. Same act, § 46.

For relief of poor in St. George, Southwark, Surry. 23 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 34.

For providing a workhouse in the parish of Birmingham, Warwickshire, and for better regulating the poor there. Same year, c. 54.

For relief of poor at Shrewsbury, Salop. 24 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 34.

The like at Launceston, Cornwall. Same year, c. 17.

The like at Bradford, Wiltshire. Same year, c. 10.

Money raised to discharge debts on account of the poor of the parish of Christ Church, Middlesex; and for regulating the officers accounts, &c. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 60. vol. 34.

For relief of the poor in the hundreds of Tunstead and Happing, in Norfolk. 25 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 35.

For an additional overseer at Westbury, Wilts. 26 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 34.

For a workhouse at Romford, in the liberty of Havering atte Bower, in Essex. Same year, c. 28.

Overseers required to make returns upon oath, to questions specified by parliament relative to the state of the poor. Same year, c. 56.

For procuring, on oath, returns from the minister and churchwardens of all charitable donations, for the benefit of

the poor in the several parishes, &c. in England. Same year, c. 58.

For regulating the rates, and governing the poor in the parish of St. John, Southwark, Surry. Same year, c. 114.

For a workhouse, and regulating the poor in Barking, Essex. Same year, c. 115.

Overseers of the poor in large townships, are to act as churchwardens in regard to chimney-sweepers. 28 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 36.

A further sum of 2,500*l.* raised for relief of the poor in the city and county of Exon, Devonshire. Same year, c. 76.

For carrying into execution the acts 16 G. 3. c. 9. and 23 G. 3. c. 29. for relief of the poor, &c. in the hundred of Forehoe, in Norfolk, with power to borrow 4,000*l.* and to lay rates at 1*s.* 9*d.* in the pound. 29 G. 2. c. 4. vol. 36.

For providing a workhouse for the poor of the parish of Highworth, in Wiltshire, and for appointing an additional overseer of the poor, 29 G. 3. c. 29.

For relief of the poor of the parish of St. George, Hanover Square, in the liberty of the city of Westminster, for repairing the highways, regulating the beadies, watch, and patrol, and for paving, &c. the streets, &c. 29 G. 3. c. 75.

For better relief and employment of the poor within the hundred of Colneis and Carlford, in Suffolk. 30 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 37.

For providing a workhouse for the poor, and for their better relief and employment at Streatham, in the county of Surry, and for appointing an additional overseer for the better government of the poor therein. Same year, c. 80.

For providing a new poor-house, and for the better relief and government of the poor of the township of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster. Same year, c. 81.

To amend and enlarge the act 31 G. 2. c. 45. for regulating the poor in St. Mary

Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey. 31 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 37.

For relief and employment of the poor in Oswestry, in the county of Salop; and Chirk, in Denbighshire; and Llanfelin, in Shropshire and Denbighshire. Same year, c. 24.

The like of the poor within the hundreds of Loes and Wilford, in the county of Suffolk. Same year, c. 72.

The like of the poor belonging to the parishes of Ellefmere, Middle Bafchurch, and Hordley; and to the chapelry or district of Hadnal, otherwise Hadnal-Eafe, in the county of Salop. Same year, c. 78.

For the better maintenance and support of the poor of the parish of Sunderland near the Sea, in the county of Durham. Same year, c. 87.

For the better relief and employment of the poor of, and belonging to, the parish of Tewksbury, in the county of Gloucester. 32 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 37.

The like within such part of the parish of Whitchurch, as maintains its own poor, and lies in the county of Salop. Same year, c. 85.

The like within the several parishes of Atcham, Wroxeter, Berrington, Cund, Eaton Constantine, Henley, Leighton, Uffington, and Upton Magna, and the chapelry of Cressage, in the county of Salop. Same year, c. 95.

The like of the poor belonging to the parishes of Montgomery and Pool, in the counties of Montgomery and Salop. Same year, c. 96.

The like of the poor of the several parishes in the city of Worcester, and of the parishes of St. Martin and St. Clement, which are part in the city and part in the county; and for providing a burial ground for the use of such parishes. Same year, c. 99.

Poplar Wood.

See *Trees, deemed Timber.* 13 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 33.

Porcelain.

Letters patent granted to William Cookworthy, of Plymouth, for making

porcelain from moor stone and growan or growan clay, and assigned to Richard Champion, of Bristol, continued from the 17th of March, 8 G. 3. for 28 years. 15 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 31.

See *Earthen Ware.* Same year, c. 37.

Portage.

The bounty or allowance to masters of ships inwards, called portage, to cease from the 10th of May, 1787. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 21. vol. 36.

Ports.

See *Jamaica, Grenada, Dominica, and New Providence.* 27 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 36.

Port Glasgow, Scotland.

See *Paving.* 15 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 31.

Portsea, Hampshire.

See *Paving.* 32 G. 3. c. 103. vol. 37.

Portsmouth.

Goods not subject to duty on exportation or prohibited, may be conveyed from Southampton and Portsmouth to Cowes in the Isle of Wight; and also sheep and cattle (horses and lambs excepted) in open boats. 6 G. 3. c. 50. § 1. vol. 27.

See *Paving.* 8 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 28.—
16 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 31.

See *Corn.* 18 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 32.

See *Tortifications.* 22 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 34.

See *Churches.* 27 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 36.

See *Horses.* 32 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

See *Sheep.* Same act.

Ports, Neutral.

See *Grenada and Grenadines.* 20 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

Portugal.

Goods the produce of the Portuguese settlements, may be imported into Great Britain or Ireland in Portuguese ships, and wool, barilla, jesuit's bark, and linen yarn, may be imported from any place in neutral ships in amity, during the present hostilities, foreign ships paying alien duty. 21 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 33.

Post Horfes.

The duty on licences to let post horfes and carriages by 19 G. 3. c. 51. to ceafe, and postmafters, inn-keepers, and others letting out horfes for hire, to pay five fhillings annually for a licence, and to exprefs the fame over their doors. 20 G. 3. c. 51. § 2. vol. 33.—25 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 35.

Persons travelling poft by the mile, to pay 1d. per mile for each horfe; and if by the day, or the diftance not afcertained, 1s. 6d. per day for each horfe. 20 G. 3. c. 51. § 2. vol. 33.

Hackney coach horfes within ten miles of London, exempted; but if horfes for drawing carriages are hired for lefs than two days, to be deemed as hired for one day, and if hired by the mile or ftage, to be deemed as travelling poft. Same act, § 18. 33.

34. Penalty of forging tickets or certificates 10l. equally between the king and the profecutor; if the penalties are 20l. or more, may be fued for in the courts at Weftminfter, in three months. Same act, § 48, 49, 50.

So much of 9 An. c. 10. as reftains others than poftmafters from letting horfes, repealed. Same act, § 57.

Persons hiring horfes to travel poft, to pay for each 1½d. per mile, or 1s. 9d. per day, where the diftance cannot be afcertained. 25 G. 3. c. 51. § 4. vol. 35.

The duty to be under the ftamp office; and letting horfes without taking licence 10l. penalty; and keeping more than one inn under the fame licence 20l. penalty. Same act, § 5.

Innkeepers to fix their names on their houfes, and thofe who lett carriages to fix plates of their names thereon. Same act, § 10.

Postmafters, on receiving their firft licence, to give fecurity; to deliver tickets unaccounted for, to be valued and paid for at the rate of 1s. 9d. per horfe. Same act, § 13.

Travellers to deliver tickets at the firft turnpike, or to pay the gatekeeper 1s. 9d. for each horfe before they pafs; but not to pay for more miles than expreffed in the ticket; and for falfe

filling up tickets a penalty of 10l.; and for charging a fpecific fum, and not by the mile to account for, and pay one-fourth of the charge. Same act, § 18.

Tickets for lefs than two days to fpecify the place where going, and the number of miles, on penalty of 10l.; and horfes hired for lefs than two days, to be deemed for one; and gatekeepers neglecting their duty to forfeit 40s. Same act, § 25.

Postmafters to keep accounts, and deliver the fame to the ftamp office, within five miles of London, monthly; and in the country as mentioned in the licence, but not to travel further than to the next market town, and to pay the money, on penalty of 10l. with double the fum to be paid; and to enter tickets on the day iflued, on penalty of 40s. and if any fraud, to forfeit 50l. and he who takes the duty to account for it; and horfes to be let by innkeepers, fave only by the mile or ftage, on pain of 10l.; and where they cannot furnifh horfes, to give fresh tickets, and charge the duty. Same act, § 32.

Gatekeepers allowed three-pence per pound for what they receive, but not to accept of lefs than they are authorized to demand; and the commissioners of ftamps may erect bars acrofs the highways; but this act not to extend to horfes ufed in hackney coaches; and all horfes travelling by the mile or ftage deemed as travelling poft. Same act, § 34.

On death of a licenced poftmafter, his executors may take a new licence in thirty days, and thofe licences may be renewed as the former; magiftrates may mitigate a moiety of the penalties. Same act, § 43.

Postmafters, &c. to be allowed three-pence per pound for the money they account for. Same act, § 54.

Penalties to be divided between the king and the informer, and if amounting to 50l. may be fued for in the courts at Weftminfter, or court of jufticiary, or exchequer in Scotland; but if not fued for in fix months, the whole to belong to the king; and if under 50l. may be determined by juftices with appeal

peal to the quarter sessions. Same act, § 56.
So much of 9 *2 Ann. c. 10.* as restrains all, but postmasters or deputies, from providing horses, to ride post, repealed. Same act, § 66.

The treasury may let to farm the duties granted on post-horses, for three years, and fix separate districts on three months notice in the Gazette, and proposals to be given in three days before the time appointed to contract, and to be put up at the sum produced last year, with sureties to pay the rent by eight payments yearly; and contracts may be voided by the house of commons. 27 *G. 3. c. 26. vol. 36.* See *Gazette*. Same act, § 3.

If any district be not let at the time fixed, a future day may be appointed; and farmers to have deputations as collectors, and the powers by the act not altered, continued to them; and all bonds given to them to be in the king's name; and the farmers to have the remedy for recovery, and the duties to belong to the district whence the ticket issued, and the accounts may be varied; and the innkeepers, &c. in the country obliged only to travel to the next market town. Same act, § 7.

Farmers of this duty may vote for members of parliament. Same act, § 15.

But the duties not to be let to any person licensed to let post-horses. Same act, § 16.

The treasury enabled to let or farm the duties by act 27 *G. 3. c. 26.* on horses to let to hire for travelling post, to such persons as should be willing to contract for the same, continued, until the 1st of February, 1794. 30 *G. 3. c. 23. vol. 37.*

Post Office.

Postage of letters established. 9 *2 Ann. c. 10.* altered. 5 *G. 3. c. 25. vol. 26.*—24 *G. 3. c. 37. vol. 34.*

Postage of letters as settled, from London to any port in America.

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Single	1	0
Double	2	0
Treble	3	0
Per ounce	4	0

Inland in America, sixty miles,

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Single	0	4
Double	0	8
Treble	1	0
Per ounce	1	4
100 miles single	0	8
Double	1	4
Treble	2	0
Per ounce	2	8

5 *G. 3. c. 25. vol. 26.*

No ship to make entry or break bulk, till the letters are delivered to the post office; and ship letters, not by packet boats, to pay 1d. more each. Same act, § 3, 4.

In Great Britain for one post-stage,

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Single	0	1
Double	0	2
Treble	0	3
Per ounce	0	4
Two stages, single	0	2
Double	0	4
Treble	0	6
Per ounce	0	8

and so, in proportion; but not to extend to penny posts, which may carry four ounces. Same act, § 6, 14.

Postage between England and Ireland, to be through Carlisle, Dumfries, Port Patrick and Donaghadee, or other convenient ports. Same act, § 7.

Postmaster may cause the roads to be measured, and appoint penny post offices in any city or town and suburbs, and places adjacent, in Great Britain, Ireland, and America. Same act, § 11.

None to collect letters without leave of the postmaster; but letters may be sent by penny post from the general post office. Same act, § 13.

Any officer of the post office secreting, enbezzeing, or destroying letters, &c. wherewith he is intrusted, containing bank notes, &c. or stealing letters or robbing the mail, death. Same act, § 17.

Destroying letters or advancing the postage, and not accounting for the money received, felony. Same act, § 19.

Packet boats established, and postage of letters settled between Whitehaven

and Douglas in the Isle of Man,

	s.	d.
Single letters - - -	0	2
Double - - -	0	4
Treble - - -	0	6
An ounce - - -	0	8

7 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 27.

1,500l. per annum allowed out of the post office to the clerks of the secretary of state's office, in lieu of their franking letters. 9 G. 3. c. 35. § 5. vol. 28.

Members of parliament may frank printed newspapers, &c. forty days before or after any prorogation; and the clerk assistant and reading clerk of the house of lords, and out-doors-clerk of the house of commons, are not to pay postage. Same act, § 6, 7.

The commander in chief of the forces and his secretary, empowered to send and receive letters free of postage. 22 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 34.

And also to appoint two persons to endorse public letters sent from his office; but for endorsing letters not concerning the said office, penalty 5l. Same act, § 2.

Also the adjutant-general and comptroller of the army, may have their letters free of postage. 23 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 34.

So much of 4 G. 3. c. 24. as relates to letters and packets passing post-free between Great Britain and Ireland, repealed, from the establishment of a general post office by the Irish parliament. 24 G. 3. sess. 1. c. 6. vol. 34.

But not to deprive the postmaster-general of the postage to and from Ireland. Same act, § 2.

Additional rates allowed to the postmaster-general, to be accounted for to the post office in Ireland, and a temporary allowance of 4,000l. per annum made to the post office in Ireland till it is established. Same act, § 3.

The general post office in Ireland to be conveyed to the postmaster there. Same act, § 4.

The postmaster-general may authorize persons to send and receive printed votes and newspapers to and from Ireland. Same act, § 6.

Printed votes and newspapers may be sent by the post for one penny each,

if the packets are left open at the ends.

Same act, § 7.

Officers in Great Britain, who, by virtue of their offices, are allowed to send and receive letters post free, may do it free from British postage, if certified to be on the king's service. Same year, c. 37. § 8.

The rates of postage raised, but no letters under an ounce to be charged more than for a treble letter. Same act, § 3.

The rates of the postage of single letters, pursuant to the several acts, viz.

<i>In England.</i>	s.	d.
From any post office, one stage	0	2
Two stages	0	3
And not passing through London (eighty miles)	0	4
Under 150 miles	0	5
Above	0	6

<i>In Scotland.</i>	s.	d.
Between London and Edinburgh, Dumfries, or Cockburnspath	0	7
For one stage from any office in Scotland	0	2
For two stages, and not above fifty miles	0	3
Not passing through Edinburgh eighty miles	0	4
Under 150 miles	0	5
Above	0	6
Between Portpatrick and Donaghadee, in Ireland, by packet boats, above all other rates	0	2
To and from any part of England or Scotland, not passing through London, Edinburgh, Dumfries, or Cockburnspath, not chargeable, if single, more than	0	7

<i>Ireland.</i>	s.	d.
Between London and Dublin by way of Holyhead	0	6
By way of Carlisle and Port Patrick	1	0

Foreign Letters.

Letters from London to any part of Holland, France, or Flanders, pay no foreign postage,

Postage

Postage of a single letter in British pence.

From any part of Holland, France, *s. d.*
or Flanders, to London 0 10

Between London and any part of
Spain or Portugal, through
France, or by Lisbon - 1 6

Between London and any part of
Italy, Sicily, Turkey, Swit-
zerland, through France 1 3

Between London and any part of
Italy, Sicily, Turkey, Ger-
many, Switzerland, Denmark,
Sweden, Russia, and all parts
of the north, through Holland
or Flanders - 1 0

Foreign letters suspected to contain prohibited goods, may be taken before a justice and cut in the fold two inches; and if such goods found, to be destroyed, and the letter sent to commissioners of customs, who may reward the postman from 5*l.* to 10*l.*; but if such goods not found, the justice to enclose the letter in a case with a proper attestation; but this act not to affect the penny post. 24 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 34.

The superscription on franks to be the member's own writing with his name, and the town sent from, and date, and to be put into the office the same day; the privilege to continue forty days after summons or prorogation; and letters to be directed to members at their place of residence in London, at the parliament house, or the lobby. Same act, § 7.

For counterfeiting the writing of the superscription to evade the postage, felony, and to be transported for seven years. Same act, § 9.

All carriages and horses carrying mails, to be exempt from payment of all tolls and turnpikes. 25 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 35.

In consideration of the privilege of franking, by 4 G. 3. c. 24. being taken away by 24 G. 3. c. 8. the post office to pay 1,000*l.* per ann. to the secretaries of state, to be distributed amongst their clerks, quarterly. Same year, c. 60.

Postage of letters from Milford-Haven to Waterford (single letters) - - - 0 6

Per ounce - - - 2 0

And the same postage from London

or Waterford, as between London and Dublin by Holyhead. 27 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 36.

The post office revenue, during his present majesty's life, to be carried to the consolidated fund; and after his decease, to be paid to his successor. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 48. vol. 36.

After the king's demise, 38,626*l.* 18*s.* 10½*d.* to be paid quarterly out of the post office revenue into the exchequer, to be carried to the same fund. Same act, § 50.

See *Stamps*. 32 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 37.

Potatoes

May be imported from Ireland duty free. 15 G. 3. c. 7. § 2. vol. 31.

Pot and Pearl Ashes,

To pay for three years on importation two shillings per hundred, avoirdupoise, and sixpence per hundred for wood and weed ashes, subject also to the 5*l.* per cent. act, to be paid in ready money, and no allowance or drawback on exportation. 20 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 33. Continued 23 G. 3. c. 6. § 4. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 53. § 8. vol. 35.

Pottersfield.

See *Turpentins*. 25 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.

Poultry Compter.

See *London*. 25 G. 3. c. 97. vol. 35.

Powers.

The powers given by several acts respecting lotteries, extended to dealers in tickets. 27 G. 3. c. 1. § 3. vol. 36.

Pregnant Women.

See *Hospitals*. 13 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 30.

Premiums.

See *Turpentine, Pitch, and Tar from East Florida*. 25 G. 3. c. 69. § 8. vol. 35.

See *Gunpowder*. 26 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

Pressing.

See *Seamen*. 19 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 32.

Preston-lee-Bridge, Lancashire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 37.

Priests Orders.

See *Bishops*. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 35. vol. 34.

Princes and Princesses.

See *the King*, &c. 18 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 32.

Printed Linens.

See *Linens (printed)*. 25 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 35.

Printed Stuffs.

See *Stuffs (printed)*. 28 G. 3. c. 37. § 8. vol. 36.

Prints, &c.

Inventors of Historical or other prints, or who shall take them from pictures, models, or sculpture, secured in their property for twenty-eight years; and engraving or importing copies in sale, subject to the penalty of 8 G. 2. c. 13. (See *Books*.) 7 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 27.

Hogarth's prints vested in his widow for 20 years, from Jan. 1, 1767, (except such copies as have been published since the end of the first 14 years granted to him). Same act, § 3.

The proprietors of prints may sue publishers for damages. 17 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 31.

Printing Houses.

Shares in stocks for printing books belonging to the king's printing house, to be taxed at the same rate as lands.

See *Land Tax Act*. § 54.

Prisons and Prisoners.

See *Bankrupts*. 12 G. 3. c. 47. vol.

29. Prisoners charged with felonies or other crimes, or as accessories in England or Wales, and no bill found, or acquitted on trial, or discharged by proclamation for want of prosecution, to be set at large in the court, without paying fees to the sheriff or gaoler, and their fee abolished, and in lieu thereof the treasurer of the county, on the judge's certificate, to pay 13s. 4d. for each. 14 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 33.

See *Parliament*. 20 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 33.

All actions against sheriffs, under sheriffs, or gaolers, for the escape of prisoners during the late tumults, void, and the defendant may plead the general issue, and have double costs. Same year, c. 64. § 2.

The last act extended to persons arrested and bailed since the destruction of the goals and before they shall be repaired, and other prisons are substituted in lieu thereof. 21 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 33.

No debtor to be removed by *habeas corpus* into the King's Bench or Fleet prisons, till repaired; and debtors in the county surrendering themselves, to be committed to the county gaol. Same act, § 2, 3.

The sheriff of Middlesex, until Newgate is repaired, may confine prisoners on civil process in any place of security within the county. Same year, c. 64. § 10.

See *Riots*. Same year, c. 57.—23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

To prevent prisoners in the King's Bench, or rules thereof, or their families, or servants from gaining settlements in the parish of St. George in Southwark. Same year, c. 23.

The king may order three justices to direct the removal of male prisoners under sentence of death, with a reprieve during pleasure, or under an order of transportation, from any gaol to any place upon land, or on board any ship in any river or port in the kingdom. 24 G. 3. fef. 1. c. 12. vol. 34.

Gaolers fees and expences of removal to be paid by the county, and overleers to have the same power as gaolers; prisoners to have half their earnings, but not obliged to work; and the time of imprisonment deemed to be so much of the term of transportation. Same act, § 3.

This act repealed, save as to prisoners already removed. Same year, fef. 2. c. 56.

See *Courts of Conscience*. 26 G. 3. c. 38. § 7. vol. 35.

The relief granted to debtors in execution by 32 G. 2. c. 28. extended to debts for 200l. and creditors for a less sum

sum may compel debtors to give up their effects. Same year, c. 44.

Where prisoners have neglected to take the benefit of this act, through ignorance, the time extended; but creditors may before the benefit is taken, file interrogatories to examine the prisoner. Same act, § 5.

Not to extend to debts due to the crown, or under commissions of bankruptcy, or to Scotland; and the act to continue till the end of next session. Same act, § 7.

Privateers.

The admiralty empowered to grant commissions to privateers and men of war, to take the ships of the rebellious colonies in America, during the continuance of act 16 G. 3. c. 5.—17 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 31.

Privateers found at sea having on board foreign brandy or spirits in vessels not less than sixty gallons, or tea exceeding six pounds (except for the use of the crew) or any prohibited goods, the same with the ship to be forfeited. 22 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.

Privy Garden.

See *The King*, &c. 27 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 36.

So much of act 27 G. 3. c. 22. as relates to the sale of the house in Privy Garden heretofore used as an office for the commissioners of the lottery, repealed, and the king enabled to grant the said premises. 32 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 37.

Prizes.

Commissioners appointed to settle the account of prize money remaining in the agents' hands unclaimed, and the share of the land forces to be divided amongst them; but if not claimed before Jan. 1, 1767, forfeited. 5 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 26.

All forfeited and unclaimed shares of seamen or marines prize money (in conjunct expeditions) vested in Greenwich hospital, and the shares of land forces unclaimed to be paid to the commissioners of prizes appointed by the last act. 12 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 29.

The sole property of all prizes taken by men of war, vested in the captors. 16 G. 3. c. 5. § 3. vol. 31.

Act 33 G. 2. c. 19. as to the manner of recovering penalties and forfeitures to Greenwich Hospital, repealed. Same year, c. 24.

Prizes to be appraised, and on security, may be ordered by the judges to be delivered by the claimants; but in default of security to be delivered to the captors. Same act, § 5.

The captors may be licensed to carry prizes into any port in America. 17 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 31.

Prizes taken from the rebellious colonies, not to be ransomed. Same year, c. 7. § 11.

Prize goods, not the growth or produce of British America, taken during the continuance of 16 G. 3. c. 5. (see *America*) brought into Great Britain, to be warehoused at the captor's expence, who is to pay the duties, and enumerated goods to pay *ad valorem*; but nothing for military or ship stores, or goods allowed to be imported duty free. 18 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 32.

Such goods, on the payment of duties, may be exported or used for home consumption, and unmerchandiseable wines not liable to duty. Same act, § 4.

Extended to prizes taken from the French, subject to the same duties as are payable in Great Britain and Ireland, and tea or other East India goods taken and exported to Ireland, to pay the same duty as if they had been sold at the East India company's sale. 19 G. 3. c. 5. § 4. vol. 32.

Regulations as to commissions to privateers, and for sharing prizes, and as to salvage for recaptured vessels. Same year, c. 67.

The two last acts extended to prizes taken from the Spaniards; and any foreign ship taken and condemned in the king's dominions abroad to pay duties as foreign ships; and so much of 19 G. 3. c. 5. as relates to tea and East India goods taken and exported to Ireland, repealed. 20 G. 3. c. 9. § 3. vol. 33.

East India goods condemned as prize at any out-port, may be brought to London

London, and there sold on the same duties (except warehouse rent) as if sold by the company; and prize goods in the custom-house warehouse may be removed for exportation, on security. Same act, § 4, 5.

Foreign prize tobacco to pay the same duties as the produce of British America, and on exportation, the whole duties to be drawn back; but if condemned in the king's dominions abroad, and afterwards imported into Great Britain, to produce a certificate of the condemnation. Same act, § 6, 7.

Neutral ships not to be ransomed. 29 G. 3. c. 67. § 13.

Prizes by the king's ships to be divided as the king appoints, and by privateers according to contract; and the last act extended to letters of marque, &c. against Spain, on the payment of the duties and penalties by the last or this act, to be divided between the informer and Greenwich hospital (except where otherwise disposed of.) 20 G. 3. c. 23. to § 6. vol. 33.

Recaptured colliers, coasting, and other vessels, of small value, the salvage may be settled by agents without an adjudication in the admiralty court. Same act, § 7.

Acts 18 G. 3. c. 15. 19 G. 3. c. 5. and 20 G. 3. c. 9. extended to prizes taken from the Dutch, and declaring that sails, cordage, anchors and cables, masts, yards, bowsprits, blocks, guns, gunpowder, shot, match, gun-carriages, cartridges, and other materials thereto belonging; and all timber and iron converted into and made fit for ship building, or for any of the uses and purposes aforesaid; beef, pork, and butter salted, biscuit, small beer, pease and oatmeal, sailors clothes, hammocks, bedding, and other apparatus, and instruments of the surgeons, and no other to be deemed military and ships stores. 21 G. 3. c. 5. § 1. vol. 33.

East India goods condemned as prize at London, to be publicly sold by the captors, and the duties paid as for the like goods brought from the out-ports by the last act; and the purchasers of prize goods condemned abroad, may

import the same as if they were the captors, on certificate. Same act, § 3.

Prize tobacco exported before 20 G. 3. c. 9. may be imported on the same duty as by that act, on proving the identity thereof. Same act, § 6.

Ships taken as prizes by this act, not exempted from payment of customs. 17 G. 3. c. 7. § 14. vol. 31.

Prizes taken from subjects not in rebellion, to be restored on payment of one-eighth part of the value. Same act, § 19. Acts 16 G. 3. c. 5. and 17 G. 3. c. 7. repealed. 23 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 34.

Agents for prizes abroad, who shall, after the 1st of November, 1781, dispose thereof, or receive any bounty bills, are directed to make up an account for the same every three months; and after three years to account with Greenwich Hospital, on penalty of 100l. and double the balance in hand. 21 G. 3. c. 44. § 5. vol. 33.

Penalty of 100l. for agents not accounting by former acts (except as to prizes condemned in Great Britain) repealed. Same act, § 10.

To extend to all prizes taken before the 1st of November, 1781, and not distributed; but not to captures condemned or sold in Great Britain. Same act, § 11.

If warehoused prize goods are not exported, or the duty paid before the 25th of December, 1785, the commissioners of customs at London or Edinburgh may sell the same, rendering the overplus to the proprietors. 23 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 34.

Prizes may be condemned at Guernsey, Jersey, and Man Isles. 26 G. 3. c. 60. § 4. vol. 35.

Procefs.

See *Courts of Conscience*. 26 G. 3. c. 38. § 7. 35.

Proclamations.

See *Quebec*. 15 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 31.

See *Seamen*. 17 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 31.

Promissory

Premissory Notes.

See *Bills of Exchange*. 15 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 31.—17 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 31.—
See *Stamps*. 23 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 34.
—27 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 36.

Proofs.

See *Officers of the Revenue*. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 12. vol. 35.

Proprietors.

See *Insurances*. 25 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 35.—28 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 36.

Prosecutions.

For penalties upon the coachmakers licensing act, in the limits of excise office, London, to be determined by three commissioners; and in other parts by two neighbouring justices, with an appeal to the quarter-sessions, and no *certiorari*; but on conviction, the penalties to be levied by distress. 25 G. 3. c. 49. § 9. vol. 34.

None (except those under prosecution prior to the 10th of May, 1787) to be prosecuted for having French cambricks in possession for sale. 27 G. 3. c. 22. § 19. vol. 36.

Prothonary's office at Chester.

See *Goals*. 28 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 36.

Putney, Surrey.

See *Goals*. 26 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 35.

Q.

Qualification.

See *Militia Act* continued annually.
Acts of qualification for offices, &c. continued annually.

Quarantine.

In addition to the rules by act 26 G. 2. c. 6: the principal officers of the customs may demand of any commander of a ship attempting to enter any port in Great Britain, if his vessel touched at the Isle of Rhodes, the Morea, or any part of the coast of Africa, within the Mediterranean, or Levant seas, or

port of Magadore; and whether any person had communication with any ship coming from those places, and what pilot they had from Great Britain, and if any person is sick on board; and if the commander give false answers, to forfeit 200l. 28 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 36.

No notice of orders touching quarantine necessary; but, in future, orders of council to be published in the *London Gazette*. Same act, § 2.

Ships liable to quarantine, to hoist signals of description as specified; and all offences relating thereto may be tried in Great Britain. Same act, § 3. See *Plague*.

Quarter Sessions.

See *Justices of the Peace*.

Quays and Docks.

See *Harbours*. 14 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 30.

See *Bristol*. 16 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 31.
See *Hamilton (Sir William)*. 30 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 37.

Quebec.

Declared that all the territories in North America belonging to Great Britain, in a line south of the Bay of Chaleurs along the high lands dividing the rivers running into the river St. Lawrence from those falling into the sea, to a point forty-five degrees north latitude on the east bank of the river Connecticut in the same latitude, west, through Lake Champlain to the river St. Lawrence, thence up the same river to Lake Ontario, and through the same to the river Niagara, and thence along the east and south-east bank of Lake Erie, till it is intersected by the north boundary of the province of Pennsylvania, and along the north and west boundaries of the same, till it strikes the river Ohio; but if not so intersected, then to the point of the bank nearest to the north-west angle of Pennsylvania, and from thence along the west boundary till it strikes the river Ohio; and along the banks west to the river Mississippi, and north to the south boundary of the Hudson's Bay company; and also all territories, &c. made part of the government of Newfoundland

land since February 10, 1763, are annexed to and are part of the province of Quebec; but not to affect the boundaries of the other colonies, or any former grants; and all former provisions made for Quebec, void. 14 G. 3. c. 83. to § 3. vol. 30.

The inhabitants may profess the Romish religion, subject to 1 Eliz. c. 1. on taking the oath specified, and the clergy to enjoy their dues in respect only to such as profess that religion, and the king may make provision for protestant clergy. Same act, § 5, 6.

Refusing the oath, subject to the penalties in 1 Eliz. c. 1. and all civil disputes (except as to lands granted by the king) to be determined by the laws and customs of Canada; but the criminal law of England is to take place. Same act, to § 11.

The king to appoint a council of not more than twenty-three, nor less than seventeen, who may make ordinances with the consent of the governor, but not to lay taxes (except for public roads and buildings) subject to the king's approbation, &c. and the king may erect courts criminal, civil, and ecclesiastical. Same act, to § 17.

On importation into the province to be paid, viz.

For British brandy or spirits,	s. d.
per gallon	0 3
For rum from the West India colonies	0 6
The like from other colonies of America	0 9
For foreign brandy or spirits from Great Britain	1 0
For rum or spirits the produce of American colonies not under Great Britain	1 0
For melasses and syrups in ships of Great Britain, Ireland, or this province	0 3
In other ships	0 6
to be paid in sterling money of Great Britain, for defraying the expences of administering justice and the civil government of the province, and the residue to be disposed of by parliament. Same year, c. 88.	

Goods passing the port of St. John near the river Sorrel, or brought by inland navigation (except by the river St. Lawrence) to be entered and pay duties; and every public house to pay 11. 16s. sterling for a licence, and the French territorial revenues to continue. Same act, to § 6.

In suits upon this act, to have treble costs. Same act, § 7.

Quebec not comprized in the proclamation of the 7th of October, 1763, concerning rum, brandy, and spirits. 15 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 31.

See *Sal.* 26 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.— 31 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 37.

See *Rum.* 28 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 36. See *America.* 29 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 36.

In case of emergency, the governor of Quebec, with consent of the council, may authorize the importation by sea or coastwise, of neat cattle, &c. or live stock of any sort, or provisions for a limited time from the United States of America by British subjects in British built ships, &c. 30 G. 3. c. 8. § 1. vol. 37.

Lumber, provisions, horses, and neat cattle so exported by 28 G. 3. c. 39. (except white oak staves) to be the produce of Quebec. See *Rum.* Same act, § 2.

Goods forfeited may be seized by officers of the customs, or by the commander of a king's ship, or by any officers specially authorised by them; and forfeitures to be applied to the customs, and to be recovered either in this kingdom, or in North America, or the West Indies, as the case may happen. Same act, § 3.

From the 1st of July, 1790, the goods of the growth of the countries bordering on Quebec imported into that province, may be imported into Great Britain from thence. Same year, c. 29. § 2.

Act 14 G. 3. c. 83. as much as relates to the appointment of a council for Quebec, repealed. 31 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 37.

Quebec to be divided into two provinces, to be called the province of Upper Canada, and the province of Lower Canada; and a legislative council

cil and assembly to be constituted in each province, by whose advice the king may make laws for the government thereof. Same act, § 2.

The king may authorize the governor or lieutenant-governor of each province, to summon members to the legislative council; but no person under twenty-one years of age to be summoned. Same act, § 3.

Members to hold their seats for life; and the king may annex to hereditary titles of honour the right of being summoned to the legislative council. Same act, § 5.

Hereditary rights and seats forfeited or vacated, to remain suspended during the lives of the parties; but on their deaths, to go to the person next intitled. Same act, § 9.

Seats in council forfeited, and hereditary rights extinguished for treason. Same act, § 10.

Questions respecting the right to be summoned to council, to be determined by the legislative council, subject to an appeal to the king in parliament. Same act, § 11.

The governor may appoint and remove the speaker; and call together the assembly; and for the purpose of electing members, issue a proclamation, dividing the provinces into districts, &c. Same act, § 12.

The governor to appoint returning officers to continue two years; and no person to serve more than once. Same act, § 15.

The number of members in Upper Canada to be not less than sixteen; and in Lower Canada, not less than fifty; and writs for the election of members concerning the assembly, to be issued fourteen days after proclamation; for summoning the assembly, returnable within fifty days; and in case of vacancies, writs to be issued in six days, and returning officers to execute such writs. Same act, § 18.

Members to be chosen by a majority of voters; freeholders of forty shillings a year, for counties; and for towns, freehold-houses of five pounds a year, or being one year resident in a house of ten pounds a year. Same act, § 20.

No member of the legislative council, or minister of the church, or person under twenty-one years of age, or any person attainted of treason, or felony, to sit in the assembly. Same act, § 21.

The governor to fix the time and place of holding elections, and holding sessions of the legislative council and assembly, and to prorogue and dissolve the same when necessary; but the council and assembly to meet once a year; and all questions to be decided by a majority of voices; and the speaker to have a casting vote. Same act, § 25.

The governor may give or withhold the king's assent to the bills passed by the legislative council and assembly, or reserve them for his majesty's pleasure; and transmit to the secretary of state copies of such bills as have been assented to; which the king in council may declare his disallowance of within two years; and bills reserved not to have any force until the king's assent be communicated to the council and assembly. Same act, § 30.

All laws in force, at the commencement of this act, to continue, except repealed or varied by it. Same act, § 33.

A court of civil jurisdiction to be established in each province. Same act, § 34.

No incumbent of any parish, being a papist, to receive tithes of protestants; and the governor to make allotments of lands for the support of a protestant clergy in each province; and the governor, with the advice of the executive council, to erect parsonages and endow them; and the governor to present to them, and the incumbents to enjoy the same as in England, and subject to the jurisdiction granted to the bishop of Nova Scotia. Same act, § 35.

Provisions respecting the allotments of lands for the support of a protestant clergy, may be varied or repealed by the legislative council and assembly; and their acts to be laid before parliament previous to receiving the king's assent. Same act, § 41.

Lands in Upper Canada to be granted in free and common socage; and also in Lower Canada, if desired; and persons holding lands in Upper Canada, may have fresh grants, and such fresh grants not to bar any right or title to the lands. Same act, § 43.

The king in council to fix the commencement of this act: and the time for issuing the writs of summons and election not to be later than 31st of December, 1792. Same act, § 48.

Between the commencement of this act and the first meeting of the legislative council and assembly, temporary laws may be made. Same act, § 50.

Queen.

See *Land Tax*.

Queen Ann's Bounty.

See *Clergymen*. 17 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 31.

Queen-street, Ratcliffe.

See *Paving*. 22 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 34.

Quercitron.

Quercitron, or black oak bark, may be imported from any country not in Europe, in casks only, not less than 150lb. weight, though the price of oak bark may be under the prices mentioned in 12 G. 3. c. 50. 32 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 37.

Questions.

See *Poor*. 26 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 35.

Quo Warranto.

From the first day of Trinity Term 1793, defendants to informations in nature of *quo warranto* for the exercise of any office, may plead the holding it six years or more; and forfeiture of office within six years before information, may be replied to such plea. 32 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 37.

Title derived under an election, not to be affected on account of defect in the title of the person electing, if he was in the exercise of his office six years previous to the information; and the officer having the custody of corporation records, to permit any member

thereof to inspect the book of admission of freemen, on penalty of 100*l*. Same act, § 3.

R.

Radnor, Earl of.

See *Streets*. 29 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 36.

Raifus (Great)

To pay only the old subsidy of ten shillings per hundred, and the additional duties. 14 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 30.

See *Customs*. 17 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 31.

Rams.

See *Sheep*. 13 G. 3. c. 81. § 21. vol. 30.

Ramsden, Sir John.

See *Canals, navigable*. 14 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 30.

Ramsay, Huntingdonshire.

See *Fens*. 12 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 29. This act repealed, and other lands included. 15 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 31.

Ramsgate, Kent.

See *Paving*. 25 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 35.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 26 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 36.

See *Churches*. 31 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 37.

See *Harbours*. 32 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 37.

Ransom.

The ransoming of ships captured from the king's subjects, and also of goods aboard such ships, prohibited. 22 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 34.

Rape Seed.

When rape seed is above 17*l*. 10*s*. per last, all former duties on such seed imported from Ireland to cease, and in lieu thereof, one shilling per last to be paid; and rape-cakes from Ireland for manuring ground, may be imported duty free. 15 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 31.

To be included in the weekly accounts of corn, and may be imported from

from Ireland, and lodged in warehouses without payment of duty, and under the same regulations as corn. 29 G. 3. c. 58. § 19. vol. 36.

Of the growth of the British colonies in North America, may be imported in British built ships, on a duty of one shilling per last, when the price is 17l. 10s. per last; and rape-cakes tised for manure, duty free. 30 G. 3. c. 41. § 1. vol. 37.

Rates.

See *Gash*. 14 G. 3. c. 59. § 3. vol. 30.

The rates of carriages and horses employed in the navigation of the river Thames between London and the city-stone, to be fixed in public places on the banks of the river, and boatmen and bargemen not to take more. Same year, c. 91. § 18.

See *Pawnbrokers*. 24 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 37. § 16. vol. 36.

See *Starch*. 26 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 35.

See *Customs and Excise*. Book of rates repealed, and other rates established. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 31. vol. 36.

Ratcliffe.

See *Paving*. 17 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.—23 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 34.

See *Orphan's Fund*. 18 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 32.

Rea River, Birmingham.

See *Bridges*. 28 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 36.

Reading, Berkshire.

See *Paving*. 25 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 35.

See *Canals, navigable*. 26 G. 3. c. 20. § 8. vol. 35.

Rebellious Colonies.

See *America*. 15 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 31.

See *Militia*. 16 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 31.

See *Prizes*. 17 G. 3. c. 7. § 19. vol. 31.

Receipts

For two pounds, and under twenty pounds, to pay twopence duty; and for more than twenty pounds, to pay

fourpence; and on all receipts in full for any sum, fourpence, to be paid for by the person requiring the same; and the payer may provide stamps, and charge it to the receiver. 23 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 34.

Receipts in or upon deeds or bonds, and letters of acknowledgement, and receipts by seamen or soldiers for wages or pensions, exempt from stamp duty; and this act not to extend to receipts on foreign bills of exchange, or bills in Scotland, for less than 21s. Same act, § 7.

Notes and bills of exchange for less than ten pounds payable on demand, to pay threepence stamp duty; and copies of foreign bills to pay sixpence each; but bank notes exempt, the bank having agreed to pay 12,000l. per annum. Same act, § 9.

For fraudulently evading these duties, penalty 20l.; and the duty on bills of exchange to be paid by the drawer. Same act, § 12.

Unstamped receipts for less than two pounds, may be given in evidence for the sum expressed therein, but not as a discharge of all demands; and bills, &c. marked with a three-penny stamp, may have another added thereto. Same act, § 15.

For fraudulently evading the duties by giving receipts for less than the money paid, penalty 20l.; unstamped receipts may be given in evidence, but not in full, except for stocks and dividends in the funds and drawbacks. 24 G. 3. c. 1. c. 7. vol. 34.

After the 25th of March, 1784, none to write or sign any bill of exchange, promissory note, or receipt liable to stamp duty, except on stamped paper, on penalty of five pounds; and any neighbouring justice may determine the offence on complaint within twelve months. Same act, § 9.

See *Stamps*. 20 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 33. 23 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.

Recognizances.

See *Smuggling*. 19 G. 3. c. 69. § 7. vol. 32.

The barons of the exchequer on affidavit and petition, without a *quietus* sued

sued out, may discharge the recognizance of persons estreated into the exchequer, and the fee upon such order is 11. rs. ; but other debts due to the crown, and in case of fraud by contraband trade, or for assaulting revenue officers, excepted. 26 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 35.

See *Ten.* 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 9. vol. 35.

Records.

The practice of entering records in courts of law not altered by this act relating to certificates of solicitors, &c. unless the judge thinks fit. 25 G. 3. c. 80. § 18. vol. 35.

Rectifiers.

See *Distillers.* 26 G. 3. c. 73. § 15. vol. 35.

Section 28, 29, & 30 of 26 G. 3. c. 73. repealed; and rectifiers to have an allowance of forty-two gallons in one hundred for increase by water; and officers to take an account of their stock; and if any excess, may be seized; not to sell spirits above one in six under hydrometer proof; and if part of the stock be used, to have credit for it. 28 G. 3. c. 46. § 72. vol. 36.

And their stocks to be taken. Same act, § 73.

Redemption.

See *Pawnbrokers.* 24 G. 3. § 2. c. 42. vol. 34.

Redstone, Worcestershire.

See *Bridges.* 13 G. 3. c. 113. vol. 30.

Reeling.

See *Manufactures.* 14 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 30.

Regeala-Port.

See *Glas, George.* 5 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 26.

Regency.

Provisions for the administration of government, in case of the king's death; and of the crown descending to

a minor under eighteen years of age. 5 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 26.

Registers.

See *Marriages.* 21 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 33.

See *Corn Registers.* 26 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

See *Ships.* Same year, c. 60.

Registers of Freeholds.

See *Parliament.* 28 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 36.

The king's printer to provide for every county in England and Wales, as many registers as the clerks of the peace shall require to be delivered to them respectively; and the collectors of the land-tax in each parish to be register keepers. Same act, § 1.

For altering or destroying registers of freeholds, penalty transportation for seven years. Same act, § 36.

This act suspended until the 5th of April, 1790. 29 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36. and repealed. Same year, c. 18.

Register's Office.

See *Accountant General.* 15 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.

See *Affidavits.* 27 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 36.

Regulations.

See *Militia.* 18 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 32.

See *Candles.* 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 6. vol. 35.

Removal.

See *Prisons and Prisoners.* 24 G. 3. c. 1. § 12. vol. 34.

Renfrewshire.

See *Scotland.* 32 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 37.

Rent Charge.

See *Forfeited Estates.* 26 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 36.

Rents.

See *Leases.* 5 G. 3. c. 17. § 3. vol. 26.

Rents, Fee Farm.

See *the King, &c.* 12 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 29.

See

See *Lancaster Dutchy*. 19 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 32.—27 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 36.

Reports to Parliament.

See *Crown Lands*. 26 G. 3. c. 87. § 9. vol. 35.

Rescuing prohibited Goods.

See *Officers of Revenue*. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 18. vol. 35.

Residence.

See *Clergymen*. 17 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 31.

Retailers.

All persons selling foreign wine in less quantity than equal to the measure wherein the same might have been imported by way of merchandize, to be deemed a retailer of foreign wine; and all persons exposing to sale British made wines or sweets, in quantity under twenty-five gallons, to be deemed a retailer of such wines or sweets; or selling brandy, rum, usquebaugh, geneva, aquavita, or other distilled spirituous liquors, or strong waters mixed or unmixed with other ingredients, in less quantity than two gallons, to be deemed a retailer of such liquors, &c. 30 G. 3. c. 38. § 15. vol. 37.

Rewards.

See *Longitude*. 20 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 33.

Ribble River.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 23 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 34.

Rice.

May be exported from North Carolina the same as by 4 G. 3. c. 27. from South Carolina and Georgia. 5 G. 3. c. 45. § 19, 20, 21. vol. 26.—Both acts continued by 9 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 28.

Importation of rice from America continued. Same year, c. 4.

The like from East and West Florida to the southward of Cape Finisterre. 10 G. 3. c. 31.—11 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 29.

May be imported from America duty free; but if exported again, to pay

6d. per pound subsidy. 12 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 29.

May be imported at Bristol, Liverpool, Lancaster, and Whitehaven, as into other ports by 5 G. 3. c. 45. G. 3. c. 60. § 10. vol. 29.

The like, and to encourage the making of starch thereof. 13 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 30.

To pay duty on re-exportation. 14 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 30.

Continued till 29th September 1781. Same act,

Rice, paddy, Indian corn, meal, and maize may be imported duty free. 23 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 34.

On exportation of rice, the whole duty of customs drawn back. Same year, § 56.

Richmond, Surry.

For relief and employment of the poor; and shutting up a road from the late horse-ferry at Kew, to West Sheenelane near Richmond Green; and repairing the road from Kew Bridge to Richmond. 6 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 27.

Their majesties may, during their lives, enfranchise copyhold messuages, &c. holden of the manor of Sheene, alias West Sheene, alias Richmond; the instruments to be entered on the court rolls, and in six months enrolled by the king's auditor for Surry. 12 G. 3. c. 36. § 2. vol. 29.

The king during his life may sell any freehold in the manors of Wimbledon and Richmond, of which he is seised, or exchange any part thereof; and all sums arising thereby, to be paid to the chancellor of the exchequer. Same act, § 3.

The lane or footpath, leading from Richmond Green to the Thames, to be shut up; and Palace-lane to be amended at the king's own charge. Same act, § 5.

For vesting in the king, lands, &c. at Richmond, belonging to Viscountess Fitzwilliam, and held by lease from the crown; and for vesting the freehold and inheritance of other leasehold and copyhold premises there, in trustees for the same lady, as part of the compensation for her former estate. Same year, c. 59.

For building a bridge over the river Thames there, and the king may grant the inheritance in fee of the ferry for that purpose. 13 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 30.

So much of act 6 G. 3. c. 72. as relates to the relief and employment of the poor of the parish of Richmond, repairing the highways, paving, lighting, and watching, &c. the town, repealed, and other provisions made; thirty-one vestrymen and other officers appointed; highway rate not to exceed 1s. 6d. in the pound; and for enclosing Pethhouse and Hill Commons for the use of the poor, and to enable the vestrymen to erect a workhouse, and purchase land for a burial ground; and the king may shut up Love-lane (at the south-end from Kew Green to the river side) in the said parish. 25 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 35.

Richmond, near Everton, in Lancashire.

For building a church or chapel there. 12 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 29.

Riders Green.

See *Canals, navigable.* 23 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 35.

Riots.

Act 1 G. 1. st. 2. c. 5. § 4. extended to mills, engines for draining collieries and mines, and waggon ways and fences erected by act of parliament. 9 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 28.

Persons acting in suppressing the late tumults in London, Westminster, and Southwark, indemnified. 20 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 33.

Prisoners on civil process set at large during the said tumults, and surrendering by the 1st of September, 1780, and giving notice of their place of abode, and being ready to surrender themselves into custody when required, not liable to arrests, but the plaintiff may proceed. Same act, § 3.

If the prisoner doth not surrender, the plaintiff may deliver a declaration to the gaoler, &c. give notice in the London Gazette, and proceed, but not to be prejudiced for not proceeding until the 1st of November, 1780. Same act, § 4.

Defendants surrendering in discharge of bail, and not committed for want of a place of confinement, or having given special bail, may come before a judge and be committed, and the bail discharged, and if the defendant comply with the above, the plaintiff or creditor may proceed; but the marshal and warden not answerable for escapes till the prisons are repaired. Same act, § 6, 7.

Prisoners to surrender on notice in the London Gazette by the secretary of state, that the King's Bench and Fleet prisons are properly repaired. Same act, § 8.

Not to extend to New Prison or the Marshalsea; and till Newgate is repaired the sheriff of Middlesex may confine prisoners in other places. Same act, § 9, 10.

10,000l. granted by parliament towards rebuilding the gaol of Newgate; 2,500l. towards repairing the King's Bench and Fleet prisons; and 2,500l. more to certain sufferers in the late insurrections. 21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.

1006l. 15s. more granted to the board of works, &c. for surveying damages done by rioters in 1780. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

Rivers, navigable.

The river Soar, from the Trent near Loughborough, made navigable; and canals from the Soar to the Rushes, and Hermitage Pool at Loughborough. 6 G. 3. c. 94. vol. 27.—16 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 31.

The navigation of the river Lea extended to Hertford Town Mill. 7 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 27.

To explain, &c. a private act of 16 & 17 Car. II. No. 12, for making rivers navigable so far as relates to the river Itching running from Alresford through Winchester to the sea, near Southampton. Same year, c. 87.

The river Ure made navigable from the junction with the Swale to Rippon, in Yorkshire. Same year, c. 93.

A brook called Codbeck, made navigable from the river Swale to the borough of Thirsk, in Yorkshire. Same year, c. 95.

The

The river Ouze made navigable from Widdington Ings, at or near Linton, to the junction of the Swale and Ure; and also the Swale from the same junction to Morton Bridge; and the brook running from Bedale into the Swale. Same year, c. 96.

For improving the navigation of the river Hull and Frodingham Beck, from Ake Bech Mouth to the Clough on the east corner of Fisholme; and from the said Clough into or near the town of Great Driffield, in Yorkshire. Same year, c. 97.

For making the river Ancholme navigable from the river Humber, at Fegrabby Sluice, to the town of Glanford Briggs; and from thence to Bishop Briggs, in Lincolnshire. Same year, c. 98.

To extend the river Calder to Salter Hebble Bridge and Sowerby Bridge, in Yorkshire. 9 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 28.

Act 24 G. 2. c. 19. relating to the river Nar, from Lynn to Westacre, in Norfolk, continued. 10 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 28.

For regulating the navigation of the river Trent from Wilden Ferry to Gainsborough, in Lincolnshire. Same year, c. 67.

For regulating and improving the fisheries in the river Tweed. 11 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 29.—15 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 31.

The river Thames embanked opposite Durham Yard, Salisbury-street, Cecil-street, and Beaufort Buildings; and the city of London, and Dean and Chapter of Westminster, may try their right. 11 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 29.

For improving and completing the navigation of the river Thames from London to Cricklade, in Wiltshire. Same year, c. 45.

Repealed as to the commissioners, and their authority. 14 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 31.—28 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

The river Bure, called North River, made navigable from Coltishall to Aylsham Bridge, in Norfolk. 13 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 30.

For amending act 23 G. 2. c. 12. as to the river Loyne, alias Lune; and for building a quay at Lancaster. Same year, c. 81.

A branch of the Trent made navigable from Upper Wear, in the parish of Averham, in Nottinghamshire, to the Crankleys, in the parish of South Muskham. Same year, c. 86.

Act 11 G. 3. c. 45. as to the river Thames, amended; and no towing paths, &c. through gardens, orchards, yards, parks, paddocks, inclosed lawns, or planted avenues, without the consent of the owner; and the committee may fix the price of carriage and hire of horses; and taking more, penalty 20l. And no vessel to moor in Taplow Mill Stream. 14 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 30.

See *Rivers Aire and Calder, and Ouze in Yorkshire*. Same year, c. 96.

See *River Clyde to Glasgow*. Same year, c. 103.

On the river Thames, vessels to draw three feet of water from the 1st May to the 1st of November; and three feet eight inches the rest of the year; and to have metal marks instead of white lines; and when the water is above the high mark, the gates to be opened; and no lock owner to be a commissioner. 15 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 31.—28 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

Persons appointed by the king may embark the river Thames from Kitchen's wharf (projecting thirty feet) to Strand Lane, which embankment is to be vested in the crown. 15 G. 3. c. 33. § 12. vol. 31.

Act 3 G. 2. c. 13. amended; and the river Stroudwater made navigable from Framiload to Wallbridge. 16 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 31.

The river Soar made navigable from the Trent to Bishop's Meadow, in Garenton, in Leicestershire; and a canal from the same to the Ruslies at Loughborough. Same year, c. 65.

The city of London may purchase the tolls for navigating the river Thames, westward from London Bridge, in their liberty, and in lieu thereof, to take

To Strand on the Green or Brentford, per ton	o 0½
To Isleworth or Richmond	o 1
To Twickenham or Teddington	o 1½
To Kingston or Hamptonwick	o 2
To Ditton, Hampton Court, N n	Moulsey,

Moulsey, or Hampton Town - - - o 2½
 To Sunbury, Walton, Hawford, Shepperton, or Weybridge - - - o 3
 To Chertsey or Laleham - - - o 3½
 And to Staines, and upwards o 4
 Nothing for vessels under three tons, or pleasure boats; and may borrow 15,000l. upon the tolls on annuity for lives of forty-five at eight per cent.; and of sixty at ten per cent. 17 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 31.

Additional tolls for navigating the river Lea, viz.

Malt, per ton, at King's Wier	1	3
At Newman's Wier	-	o 11
At Lea bridge, or below	o	5
Between Bromley and the Thames	-	o 2
Flour, per ton, at King's Wier, and Newman's Wier	o	4½
At Lea bridge, or below	-	o 3
Coals per chaldron, at Newman's Wier	-	o 6
At Lea bridge, or below	-	o 7
Other goods, per ton, at King's Wier, and Newman's Wier	-	o 6
At Lea Bridge	-	o 3
At Bromley Lock, &c.	o	2
Pleasure boats at Bromley Lock	1	o
Empty boats unladen, not having paid	-	5 o

19 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 32.

For improving the navigation of the river Bourn Eau, from Bourn to the river Glen, at the Tongue's End, in Lincolnshire. 21 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 33.

For continuing and making more effectual several acts for making navigable the Channel, from the Hythe at Colchester to Wivenhoe. Same year, c. 30.

For appointing new commissioners to carry on the navigation of the river Stower, in Essex, according to 4 & 5 An. c. 15. from Manningtree in Essex, to Sudbury in Suffolk. Same year, c. 75.

The powers by 6 G. 1. c. 28. for making the river Douglas, alias Aftand, in Lancashire, navigable from the river Ribble to Wigan, continued; and the

proprietors of the Leeds and Liverpool canal incorporated by 10 G. 3. enabled to purchase the Douglas navigation; and for consolidating the said navigations. Same year, c. 47.

For improving the navigation of the river Trent from Wilden Ferry to Gainsborough; and to be navigated by haling with horses. Same year, c. 48.

River Gambia. See *African Company*. 23 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 34.

For improvement of the river Wear, and the port and haven of Sunderland, in the county of Durham. 25 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 35.

The river Arun made navigable from Houghton Bridge, in Suffex, to Pullenham Wharf; and the same extended to Pulborough and Wilborough Green. Same year, c. 100.

The powers of the Forth and Clyde navigation company varied. 27 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 36.

Act 23 G. 2. c. 12. for improving the navigation of the river Loynes, alias Lune; and for building a quay at Lancaster, amended. 29 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 36.

Six thousand pounds already borrowed and expended; and a further sum appropriated towards the West Dock at Glasgow, besides 1,500l. and other sums are still necessary. Same act.

An additional tonnage laid on all ships coming into Loynes River between Lancaster Old Bridge and the Perch at Cocker Sand Abbey (except the king's ships, and those driven in by stress of weather, or not lading or unlading there, or laden with coal or fuel) besides the former rates, viz. for ships from any part of Europe within the Straits or Mediterranean Sea, Africa, America, or Greenland, per ton, fixpence; from any foreign place in Europe, except Ireland, Isle of Man, and the Straits or Mediterranean Sea, per ton, fourpence; from any place in Great Britain, south of Holyhead, and north of the Mull of Galway, per ton, threepence; from Ireland or the Isle of Man, per ton, twopence; from any place, north of Holyhead, and south

fouth of the Mull of Galway, per ton, one penny; ships in ballast, and not lading or unlading in this port, to pay one-fourth part. Same act.

Rates to be applied first to pay 2,500*l.* borrowed under this act; and when that is paid, and the former debt reduced to 4000*l.* the duties by this act to cease. Same act.

Light duties laid on ships sailing between the south-end of Walney Island and the north-west part of Rossal Point, whereon a land-mark is erected; or sailing in or out of the river Duddon, or lading or unlading in the Bay of Lancaster (except the king's ships, or those laden with fuel or trading in the port of Lancaster) to pay per ton, three-pence, once in every year; and ships driven in by stress of weather, and not loading there, to pay per ton, one penny. Same act.

The quay, wharf, mole, and land-mark vested in trustees under act 23 G. 2. Same act.

The pier at Glasfon deemed a legal quay. Same act.

For improving, continuing, and extending the navigation of the river Ouse from Lewes Bridge, at the town of Lewes, to Hammer Bridge, in the parish of Cuckfield; and also of the said river to Short Bridge, in the parish of Fletching, in the county of Sussex. 30 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 37.

For making a navigable communication between Stowmarket and Ipswich, Suffolk. Same year, c. 57.

The communication between Stowmarket and Ipswich, not to be under the commissioners of sewers. Same act, § 49.

The company of proprietors of the Staffordshire and Worcestershire canal navigation, enabled to improve the navigation of the river Severn from Stourport, in the county of Worcester, to Diglis, near the city of Worcester. Same year, c. 75.

For empowering persons navigating boats, barges, and other vessels in the river Ouse, in the county of Norfolk, to hale, or tow with horses or other beasts, on the banks or sea walls of the said river; and for making satisfaction

to the owners of the said banks or sea walls. Same year, c. 83.

To enable the earl of Egremont to make the river Rother navigable from the town of Midhurst to Stopham Meadow, in the parish of Stopham; and a navigable cut from the said river to the river Arun near Stopham Bridge, in Sussex. 31 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 37.

For improving the navigation of the river Ouse between Newhaven Bridge and Lewes Bridge, in the county of Sussex; and for better draining the low lands lying in Lewes and Laughton Levels. Same year, c. 76.

For making navigable the rivers Wreake and Eye, from the junction of the said river Wreake, with the intended navigation from Loughborough to Leicester near Turnwater Meadow, in the Lordship of Cossington, to Mill Close Homestead, in the parish of Melton Mowbray; all in the county of Leicester. Same year, c. 77.

For confirming an agreement entered into between the company of proprietors of the undertaking, for recovering and preserving the navigation of the river Dee, and lords of manors, and others intitled to right of common upon the wastes and commons, and the old common salt marshes lying on the south-side of the said river, below or to the north-east of Greenfield-gate, in the county of Flint, and an award made in consequence thereof. Same year, c. 88.

For improving the navigation of the river Medway from the town of Maidstone, through the parishes of Maidstone, Boxley, Allington, and Aylesford, in Kent. 32 G. 3. c. 105. vol. 37.

Roads.

See *Scotland*. 8 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 28. Continued 29 G. 3. c. 7. as to Roxburgh.

Eight hundred pounds granted for completing a road in North Britain from Ballantrae, in Ayrshire, to Stranraer, in Galloway. 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

5,784*l.* granted for new roads in the Highlands. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

For making a road from Leith to Edinburgh; and amending acts 25 G. 3. c. 28. and 26 G. 3. c. 113. 27 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

4,000l. granted for repairing the roads and bridges in the highlands of North Britain, in 1789. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

Act 8 G. 3. c. 60. for repairing the roads in the county of Roxburgh, continued for twenty-one years, and the statute labour converted to a composition. Same year, c. 7.

Act 25 G. 3. c. 13. for repairing the highway, bridges, and ferries in the county of Perth, in Scotland, amended, &c. Same year, c. 17.

For repairing the roads and regulating the statute labour in the county of Forfar. Same year, c. 20.

Rochester, Kent.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 22 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 34.

Rock Salt.

See *Glass*. 26 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 35.

Rodney, Lord.

An annuity settled on him and his two next descendants to the barony of Rodney, in consideration of his eminent services performed to the king and public. 23 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 34.

Roe (Charles) Esquire.

See *Churches*. 19 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 32.

Rogues and Vagabonds.

See *Vagrants*. 23 G. 3. c. 88. vol. 34.

Rogues and vagabonds ordered to be conveyed by passes by 17 G. 2. c. 5. to be publicly whipped or confined in a house of correction; and no reward to be paid for apprehending them until they have been punished; and no female vagabond to be whipped. 32 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 37.

Justices may order rogues or vagabonds to be conveyed by passes, by masters of houses of correction; and justices at sessions to direct what rates shall be allowed for passing rogues or

vagabonds; and foldiers and mariners wandering and begging, to be deemed rogues and vagabonds; and persons neglecting to provide for their families, to be deemed idle and disorderly. Same act, § 5.

Rolle, Denys and John.

See *Gaols*. 27 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 36.

Rolls Estate.

Act 12 Cha. 2. c. 36. for the master of the rolls to grant leases, repealed; and for making a compensation to the earl of Macclesfield and the present master of the rolls for their beneficial rights and interests; and for better regulating such leases for the future. 17 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 31.

See *Land Tax*. 25 G. 3. c. 4. § 54. vol. 35.

Rolls, Liberty.

See *Paving*. 30 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 37.

Roman Catholics

Taking the oath mentioned in this act, not liable to be prosecuted upon acts 1 Eliz. c. 2. 23 Eliz. c. 1. 29 Eliz. c. 6. 35 Eliz. c. 2. 2 Jac. 1. c. 4. 3 Jac. 1. c. 4. 3 Jac. 1. c. 5. and 7 Jac. 1. c. 6. nor for not resorting to some parish church. 31 G. 1. c. 32. § 3. vol. 37.

No person who has taken the oath, to be prosecuted for being a papist. Same act, § 4.

No assembly for religious worship allowed under this act until it shall be certified to the quarter sessions; nor any person to perform any ecclesiastical function therein, until his name be recorded by the clerk of the peace; and no such place of assembly to be locked during the meeting. Same act, § 5.

Roman catholics may execute the office of constable, &c. by deputy; and ministers of any Roman Catholic congregation, taking the said oath, exempt from serving on juries; and laws for frequenting divine service to continue in force. Same act, § 7.

Penalty of 20l. on persons disturbing congregations or misusing priests; and this act not to extend to Roman Catholic

tholic ecclesiastics in certain cases; nor to exempt Roman catholics from paying tythes, &c.; nor to repeal any part of 26 G. 2. c. 33. Same act, § 10.

No Roman catholic who shall take the oath, to be prosecuted for teaching youth; but not to hold the mastership of a college or school of royal foundation, &c. nor educate in his school any child of a protestant father; nor keep school until his name is recorded by the clerk of the peace; and no religious order to be founded by Roman catholics. Same act, § 13.

No person to be summoned to take the oath required by 1 W. and M. fef. 1. c. 8.; or the declaration required by 25 Car. 2. c. 2. nor 1 W. and M. fef. 1. c. 9. to extend to Roman catholics who have taken the appointed oath; and no peer who shall have taken the said oath, liable to prosecution under 30 Car. 2. ft. 2. claus. 5. Same act, § 18.

Acts 1 G. 1. fef. 2. c. 55. and 3 G. 1. c. 18. repealed. Same act, § 21.

The oaths and declaration in acts 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 4. and 1 G. 1. ft. 2. c. 13. to be no longer used; but the oath appointed by this act, to qualify persons to act as counsellors, attornies, &c.: and this act not to extend to Scotland. Same act, § 22.

Rope and Soap Manufactories.

For explaining several Scots acts of parliament concerning manufactories; and for extinguishing the claims of the proprietors of the rope and soap manufactories at Glasgow to exemptions from customs; and for making compensation in lieu thereof. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 7. vol. 30.

Rother River.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 31 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 37.

Roxburgh, Scotland.

See *Roads.* 29 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 36.

Royal Family.

See *Servants.* 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 7. vol. 35.

See *Ships.* 26 G. 3. c. 60. § 6. vol. 35.

Rugby School.

The trustees and feoffees of an estate in Middlesex given by Lawrence Sheriff, for founding and maintaining a school at Rugby, in the county of Warwick, enabled to sell part of the said estate, or to grant leases thereof for the purposes mentioned. 17 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 31.

Rum.

Rum imported in casks under sixty gallons (except for the use of seamen, or from British colonies, or for presents) forfeited. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 28. 29. vol. 26. See *Brandy, and other Spirits.*

An additional duty on rum to be paid as the former duties. 20 G. 3. c. 35. § 11. vol. 33.

See *Man (Isle.)* 21 G. 3. c. 28. § 2. vol. 33.

The imposts of five per cent. by 19 G. 3. c. 25. 20 G. 3. c. 35. and 22 G. 3. c. 66. and also the additional duties by 20 G. 3. c. 35. (See *Malt*) on rum and spirits; and all penalties in respect thereof suspended. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 46. § 54. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 73. § 76. vol. 35.

So much of 15 G. 2. c. 25. (see *Brandy*) as relates to landing rum and spirits of the British sugar colonies before payment of excise duties, &c. continued till 29th of September, 1792; and directions given as to lodging the same in warehouses, &c. 25 G. 3. c. 69. § 6. vol. 35.

Rum the produce of the British sugar plantations, warehoused before 10th May, 1787, may be delivered out on paying the duty by this act. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 28. vol. 36.

The same drawbacks and allowances as given by former acts on exportation of rum shipped as stores spent on board in foreign voyages, continued until the fifth of June, 1795. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

Rum shipped for stores, if relanded, forfeited, with treble value, and also 100l. Same year, c. 37.

Rum

Rum and other spirits allowed to be imported from the British plantations to the colony of Quebec, duty free, upon a valuation, with lumber of equal value. Same year, c. 39.—30 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 37.

Additional duties, viz.

Rum, &c. imported from the s. d. British colonies, per gallon 0 8

Rum, &c. above proof, per gallon - - - 1 4

Rum, &c. warehoused by 15 G.

2. and delivered out after the 28th of December, 1790; per gallon - - - 0 8

Above proof, per gallon 1 4

The above duty from the British colonies may be bonded. 31 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Additional duty on rum, &c. of the British colonies, to be allowed on shipping it as stores. Same act, § 6.

Rumbold (Sir Thomas) and Peter Perring.

Sir Thomas Rumbold (President of Fort St. George) and Peter Perring, Esq. (one of the council there) restrained from going out of the kingdom before the 1st of February, 1783, and for discovering their estates, &c. and preventing the transporting and alienating the same; and the proceedings against them by bill in parliament, not to be discontinued by any prorogation or dissolution of parliament. 22 G. 3. c. 54. and 59. vol. 34. Continued by 23 G. 3. c. 5. and 60. vol. 34.

3,587l. 9s. 6d. granted by parliament to Joseph White for expences of supporting the bill against Sir Thomas Rumbold the last session. 24 G. 3. sels. 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

Rumford, Essex.

See *Poor*. 26 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 35.

Russia.

See *Ships*. 24 G. 3. sels. 2. c. 47. § 6. vol. 34.

Russian Linen and Diaper.

On importation to pay,

If exceeding 31½ inches, l. s. d.
and under 47 inches broad,

for every 120 English ells 6 0 0

If above 43 inches broad 10 0 0
and so in proportion; and if liable to other duties, to pay according to the old subsidy, and not on the oath of the importer. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 8, 9, 10. vol. 26.

If above 22½ inches broad, and under 31½, to pay the old subsidy at the rate of 4l. for every 120 English ells. 6 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 27.

Rutlandshire.

See *Woollen Manufactures*. 25 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 35.

Rye and Dover.

See *Harbours*. 18 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 32.

S.

Sacks.

See *Coals*. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 15. vol. 35.

Saffron Walden, Essex.

See *Churches*. 31 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 37.

Sago Powder.

See *America*. 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

Sailcloth.

Act 33 G. 2. c. 17. for continuing 12 Q. Ann. st. 1. c. 16. relating to sailcloth, continued till Sept. 29, 1795; and 19 G. 2. c. 27. relating to the same, continued till June 24, 1795. 29 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.

The rewards by 12 Q. Ann. not to be paid for sails exported, unless first stamped; and if not afterwards actually exported, to be forfeited, Same act.

St. John (Hon. St. Andrew.)

See *Parliament*. 25 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 35.

Salaries.

See *Scotland*. 5 G. 3. c. 47. § 10. vol. 26.

See

See *Judges*. 19 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 32.
—26 G. 3. c. 48. § 12. vol. 35.
See *Stamps*. 26 G. 3. c. 48. § 12.
vol. 35.

Sales.

See *Auctions*. 17 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 31.
See *Pawnbrokers*. 24 G. 3. fef. 2.
c. 42. § 6. vol. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 37.
§ 14. vol. 36.
See *Coaches*. 25 G. 3. c. 49. § 6.
vol. 35.

Salford, Lancashire.

The trustees of charity lands there,
enabled to grant building leases. 16 G.
3. c. 55. vol. 31.

See *Paving*. 32 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 37.

Salisbury.

See *Gaols*. 25 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 35.

Salop.

See *Gaols*. 26 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 35.

Salt.

Officers guilty of frauds, not only
to forfeit the penalty of their bonds,
but also double the value, and ten
shillings per bushel. 5 G. 3. c. 43. §
40. vol. 26.

Salt shipped for the fisheries not to
be landed, but in the presence of an
officer, on forfeiture thereof; and also
10s. per bushel, and 20l. by every
person concerned therein; and the like
for obstructing officers on duty. Same
act, § 41, 42.

Salt or fish seized for nonpayment of
duties, &c. *Onus probandi* on the owner.
Same act, § 44.

If salt or fish liable to forfeiture, the
package, carriages, and cattle also for-
feited. Same act, § 45.

Foul salt at the works now liable to
3s 4d. per bushel of 56 pounds, to pay
only 4d. per bushel, on condition of
being used for manure, on penalty of
60l. 6 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 28.

Act 4 G. 3. c. 19. as to importing
salt to Quebec, continued. 13 G. 3.
c. 69. vol. 30.—20 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 33.
—26 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.—31 G. 3.
c. 43. vol. 37.

Salt provisions allowed to be imported
to Ireland by 5 G. 3. c. 1. (see *Ireland*)

extended to British America, by 8 G. 3.
c. 9. Continued by 14 G. 3. c. 9. vol.
30—See *America*.

Masters of ships with fish from
Newfoundland, the North Seas, or
Iceland, the Gulph of St. Lawrence,
or Labrador coast, on their return to
destroy all foul salt on board, in the
presence of an officer. 13 G. 3. c. 72.
§ 2. vol. 30. This act made perpetual.
16 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 31.

The duty on salt used in curing pil-
chards, taken off, and a proportionable
one laid on all pilchards consumed at
home only. 19 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 32.

Additional duties on salt, viz.

s. d.

Foreign salt imported, per	
gallon	0 2½
Rock or other salt made in	
England or Wales, per	
gallon	0 0½
In Scotland, per bushel	0 3
Brought from Scotland to Eng-	
land or Wales, per bushel	0 7
20 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 33.	

No drawback on exportation to the
Isle of Man till landed there, and the
exporter thither to be allowed four
bushels in forty of white salt; and two
in forty of rock salt, and the debentures
for no more than is shipped,
though the certificate and allowance
for waste amount to more. Same act,
§ 3, 4.

On proof of salt being sunk or taken
by the enemy, the duty to be returned;
but no drawback without entry in
some port of the island. Same act,
§ 7, 8.

Salts used in curing pilchards.—See
Fish and Fisheries.

A further duty on salt of three half-
pence per gallon, and if made in Scot-
land, three-pence per bushel; and if
imported from thence, seven-pence per
bushel; also on Glauber or Epsom salts
twenty shillings per hundred weight;
and on mineral alkali, or flux for glass
made from salt, to pay twenty shillings
per ton; and to prevent frauds in the
duty on foul salt used in manuring
lands. 22 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34.

None to take rock salt or brine for
making a mineral alkali or flux for
glass, without licence; for which five
pounds

pounds is to be paid, and an entry made of the place where mineral alkali is to be manufactured, and the rock salt deposited; manufacturing the same without such licence annually renewed, penalty 500l. Same act, § 2. This clause repealed. 26 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 35.

But the act not to charge with duty, glauber salts made from mineral alkali, or used in making the same; nor the manufacture of kelp, barilla, or flux made in Great Britain by the incineration of plants. 22 G. 3. c. 39. § 8. vol. 34.

See *Vitriol Oil*. 23 G. 3. c. 77. § 4. vol. 34.

See *Dundonald (Lord.)* 25 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 35.

The allowance on waste for salt, viz. on white and rock salt carried coastwise, one bushel in forty of white, and half a bushel on rock salt; and if exported to Ireland, or the Isle of Man, twice as much; but nothing if not carried twenty miles by sea; and 20 G. 3. c. 34. extended to Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, &c. Same year, c. 63.

Persons in whose custody salt brought from Scotland is found, to be subject to penalties as carriers or owners. Same act, § 4.

Exporters of glauber or Epsom salt to be allowed drawbacks; and curers of fish may sell salt to one another; but no herrings caught at the Isle of Man to be exported without a certificate; and other regulations made in regard to salt used in curing fish. Same act, § 7.

On importation of foreign salt, bond to be given for the old subsidy; to be cancelled on exportation in twelve months. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 10. vol. 35.

The allowance on salt exported to the Isle of Man, reduced to two bushels in forty of white salt, and one in forty of rock salt. Same year, c. 36.

Glass makers may take rock salt, salt rock, or brine, or sea water, for making a flux for glass at their own glass works, upon the terms in this act. Same year, c. 90.

See *Turks Island (part of the Bahama Islands.)* 28 G. 3. c. 6. § 5. vol. 36.

Saltpetre.

Persons indemnified for acting under an order of council, dated the 25th of August, 1790, for importing saltpetre. 31 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 37.

A duty of 7s. 9d. per hundred weight for saltpetre imported by virtue of the said order of council; and the king in council may permit the importation of one thousand tons of saltpetre before the 24th of June, 1792. Same act, § 2.

From the 1st of September, 1791, a duty of threepence per hundred weight for saltpetre imported. Same act, § 5.

The East India company to put up for sale half yearly, certain quantities of saltpetre at certain rates, and on failure thereof, the king in council may permit the importation subject to the duty of threepence per hundred weight. Same act, § 7.

So much of 1 *Ann.* st. 1. c. 12. as requires the East India company to deliver yearly into the king's stores, four hundred and ninety-four tons and a quarter of saltpetre, repealed; and the said company to deliver yearly, five hundred tons; and in case of failure, the king in council may authorize the master-general of the ordnance to import it, subject to the duty of threepence per hundred weight. Same act, § 11.

Samples.

See *Officers and Offices*. 28 G. 3. c. 37. § 16.

See *Tobacco and Snuff*. 29 G. 3. c. 68. § 101. vol. 36.

Sandwich, Kent.

See *Corn*. 18 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 32.

See *Debits and Debtors*. 26 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 35.

See *Paving*. 27 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 36.

See *Harbours*. 32 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 37.

Santa Margaretta (Ship.)

See *Navy*. 23 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 34.

Saundby near Gainborough.

See *Bridges*. 27 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 36.

Saviour's

Saviour (St.) Southwark.

For providing a workhouse, and widening several streets there. 14 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 30.

Savoy.

The king's title thereto may be prosecuted for two years. 9 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 28.

Enlarged for two years more, but not to affect other claimants under the crown, nor to prejudice the king's right to any messuages, &c. in the precinct of the Savoy, or any manors, &c. the estate of the late hospital of the Savoy, or the master and chaplains of the said hospital. 11 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 29.

The high German church and the low German church, and the churchyards and burying grounds thereto belonging, and the buildings used as barracks, and two houses in the Friary used by the officers, to be under the survey of the exchequer, and the rest of the precinct of the Savoy under the duchy of Lancaster. 12 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 29.

Sawley Ferry.

See *Bridges*. 28 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 36.

Scales and Weights.

False scales and weights may be seized by officers of excise. 28 G. 3. c. 37. § 15. vol. 36.

Scarborough, Yorkshire.

See *Harbours*. 18 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 32.

Scarlet Dye.

See *Burkenhout, James, and Clarke Thomas*. 19 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.

Schools.

See *Macclesfield, Cheshire*. 14 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 30.

See *Rugby School*. 17 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 31.

See *Henley-upon-Thames, Oxfordshire*. 18 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 32.

See *Nonconformists*. 19 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 32.

See *Bolton on the Moors, Lancashire*. 28 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 36.

See *Churches*. 29 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 36.

Scotland.

See *Excise*. Act 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 30. extended to Scotland, and to brewers, innkeepers, and victuallers there. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 21. vol. 26.

See *Excise*. Act 8 & 9 W. 3. c. 19. extended to common brewers in Scotland. Same act, § 24.

See *Salaries*. Judges salaries in Scotland augmented. Same year, c. 49. § 10.—26 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 35.

See *Notes*. 5 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 26.

See *Felony*. Act 4 G. 1. c. 11. for further preventing robbery, burglary, and other felonies; and for more effectual transportation of felons, &c. extended to Scotland; and for restraining muirburn in Scotland, from 31st March to 1st November, yearly. 6 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 27. This act repealed. 13 G. 3. c. 54. § 16. vol. 30.

See *The King, &c., Exchange of lands with the earl of Breadalbane*. 6 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 27.

See *Treason*. Clause in 7 Q. Ann. c. 21. § 11. for improving the union of the two kingdoms, not to extend to indictments for counterfeiting the coin, privy seal, privy signet, or other indictments for high treason, &c. 6 G. 3. c. 53. § 3. vol. 27.

See *Houses and Windows*. The new duties by 6 G. 3. c. 38. extended to Scotland. 7 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 27.

For making a street from the Salt-market in Glasgow, to St. Andrew's church; and for enlarging the churchyard, and building an exchange or square; and amending act 32 G. 2. for improving the navigation of the river Clyde; and building a bridge cross the said river from the said city to the village of Gorbells. 8 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 28.

For better supplying the town of Dunbar with water. Same year, c. 57.

For repairing the roads through the county of Selkirk. Same year, c. 59.

For a road through the county of Roxburgh. Same year, c. 60. Last act continued. 29 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 36.

For making a navigable canal from the Firth or river of Forth, near the mouth of the river Carron, in Stirling-shire, to the river Clyde near Dalmuir Burnfoot, in the county of Dumbarton; and also a collateral cut from the same to Glasgow, and another to communicate with the harbour of Borrowstonness, and to and from the same at the fall into the Firth of Forth. 8 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 28. Amended, 11 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 104.—24 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 34.—27 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.

See *Insolvent Debtors*, not to extend to Scotland. 9 G. 3. c. 36. § 54.—12 G. 3. c. 23. § 57. vol. 29.—13 G. 3. c. 104. vol. 30.—16 G. 3. c. 38. § 68. vol. 31. 14 G. 3. c. 77. § 7.—18 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 32.

An additional allowance of 100l. per annum, granted to the receiver-general of the duties on offices and employments in Scotland. 9 G. 3. c. 41. § 7. vol. 28.

For giving power to let tacks of entailed estates in Scotland for fourteen years, or for two lives and the survivor, or for thirty-one years. 10 G. 3. c. 51. § 1. vol. 28.

Leases for two lives, tenant to enclose lands so leased in thirty years, and two-thirds in twenty years, and one-third in ten years; and in every lease for more than nineteen years to enclose, and so in proportion. Same act, § 2.

Not more than forty acres to be comprised in one field; and building leases may be granted for nine years, but not more than five acres to one person, and an house for each half acre; but the manor place not to be leased; nor a village built within three hundred yards thereof. Same act, § 5.

Taillie or entail containing ample powers, the heir in possession may exercise the same as if this act had not been made; proprietors laying out money for improvement of the estate, to be creditor to the heir for three quarters, if it do not exceed four years free rent, after all deductions; but must give notice of such improvements, and lodge a copy with the sheriff or

steward clerk; and laying out money intent to become creditor, also to lodge an account of money expended. Same act, § 8.

Heir of entail laying out four years free rent, subsequent heir not to lay out more; and sheriff, &c. to record vouchers, and make copies, and to have sixpence sterling from each person who shall inspect the book wherein the same shall be recorded. Same act, § 13.

Successive claims may be made for money expended with interest; and on nonpayment in three months, an action may be instituted against the heir in possession; and the person obtaining a decree, to have preference of other creditors; but the heir sued, to be discharged on conveying to creditors one-third of the clear rents. Same act, § 15.

In right of money due, the next heir, or heir next succeeding, may be sued; and the creditor to be preferred to personal creditors; and the like as to successive heirs so far as one-third of the rents; and heirs sued, discharged on payment of such third of rents. Same act, § 17.

Claimant of money expended to require payment in two years after proprietors death of the succeeding heir, and on nonpayment in six months, may institute an action, &c.; but neglecting so to do, and not recovering one-third of rents before decease, to cease to be a creditor to subsequent heirs for the same, and such part to be only recoverable from executors, &c. of the first heirs, and the surplus from subsequent succeeding heirs. Same act, § 20.

Heir first succeeding not living long enough to be indemnified for what he pays, his executors may sue the succeeding heir of entail, and the like of every heir who is not paid; but the money expended in improvements not to be a ground of debt for adjudging estates; and the heir of entail succeeding to estates improved, excluded from claiming debts; on judgment against the heir for the whole debt for improve-

improvements, the defender to be liable to full costs, otherwise the court to award costs at discretion. Same act, § 22.

Heir of entail, after improvements completed, may bring action of declarator, &c. and produce evidence of money laid out; and the court of session, &c. may decree what shall be charged on the succeeding heirs. Same act, § 26.

Heir of entail building mansion-house, &c. to be creditor to succeeding heir for three parts of the expence, but not to exceed two years rent clear, and to give notice and record copies; and in a year after decease, may require the heir succeeding to pay the whole with interest, and on nonpayment in three months may sue; and the same rules followed as for improvements of land. Same act, § 27.

Proprietors of entailed estates may exchange lands, but not more than thirty acres of arable, nor one hundred acres incapable of culture, for which an equivalent is to be made from lands contiguous; and the value of the lands to be exchanged, and the property to be determined by the sheriff or steward of the county. Same act, § 32.

This act to extend to all tailties made in Scotland, whether prior or posterior to the Scots act of 1685. Same act, § 34.

72,000*l.* granted by parliament to discharge debts claimed thereon; and the annuity claimed by Mary Mackenzie, widow; and for purchase of superiorities, &c. in Scotland. Same year, c. 52.

6,998*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.* granted towards roads of communication and bridges in the Highlands of North Britain. Same act.

See *Bridges*. For building a bridge over the river Clyde near Hamilton; and repairing roads to the same. Same year, c. 93.

See *Rivers, navigable*. Act 32 G. 2. c. 62. for navigation of river Clyde to Glasgow, amended; and a bridge built across the same river from the city to Gorbells. Same year, c. 104.

Five thousand quarters of bigg (an inferior sort of barley) of the growth of the Isle of Orkney, may be exported to Portugal without bounty. 11 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 29.

For widening the highways in Scotland, not to exceed thirty feet; commissioners of supply to lay additional assessments for payment of sums adjudged by the sheriff the preceding year. Same year, c. 53.

For repairing and widening the roads from Peebles to the King's Eatedge, and to Gatehope Know, Burnfoot, and to the top of Minch-moor, and to Loch-head, in the county of Peebles. Same year, c. 85.

For lighting, &c. the streets of the burgh of Canongate, and the liberties of Pleasance and Leith Wynd adjoining, to the Royalty of Edinburgh. 12 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 29.

For deepening the harbour of Port Glasgow. Same year, c. 16.

The like of the harbour of Ayr. Same year, c. 22.

For regulating carters, carriages, loaded horles, and streets, and highways. Same year, c. 45.

Herrings from the Isle of Man liable to the same duties as those brought from Scotland. Same year, c. 58. § 2.

6,998*l.* 14*s.* 5*d.* granted for defraying expences of new roads in the Highlands of Scotland in 1772. Same year, c. 70.

For rendering the payment of insolvents debts more expeditious, and for regulating arrestments and poinding, and for extending the privilege of bills to promissory notes, and limiting actions thereon, in Scotland. Same year, c. 72. 20 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 33. This act made perpetual. 23 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 34.

Debtors suffering poinding on a horn, ing, or that shall be imprisoned, or retire to the abbey, or any other privileged place, or defend his person by force; the court of session to grant a warrant for citing them; and if they do not appear and pay the debt, or discover their estate on oath, or grant

a disposition for the benefit of their creditors, the court to compel them by imprisonment, &c.; the lord ordinary to grant warrant for citing the debtor, and to sequester, if proper, and to appoint a factor, and do every necessary act during the vacance that the court is empowered to do while sitting; and may grant protections and warrants to bring debtors into court or before the lord ordinary; and grant them personal protection or not, as they seem to merit.

12 G. 3. c. 72. § 1. vol. 29.

Factors presented by a majority of creditors, to be preferred, who shall give intimation of a sequestration, and require the creditors to meet. Same act, § 2.

Court of session, or lord ordinary, to make interim orders; factors to manage sequestered estates, subject to the court, and to public advertisements for creditors, to give in vouchers of debts on oath; and the oath of credit of minors factors to be sufficient. Same act, § 3.

Accounts produced by factors in ten days after nine months, to be lodged with the clerk, and twenty days allowed to the creditors to peruse the same; and order a rateable distribution of the money recovered, and lodged in the bank of Scotland, or Royal Bank, at one per cent. under legal interest, and if the nine months expire in the vacance, the accounts to be produced to the lord ordinary, and to make up a second account in eighteen months after. Same act, § 7.

Debtors estates not converted into money after recovery, to be distributed; and creditors who have not produced their grounds of debt, intitled only to a rateable proportion. Same act, § 10.

If the factor fails in his duty, penalty not less than 5*l*. nor more than 30*l*.; and creditors shares not called for, to be lodged in the bank; and in case of doubts, the debts intitled to preference to be lodged in the bank. Same act, § 12.

The factor authorised by three-fourths of the creditors in value at a meeting, may, by advertisement, submit to ar-

bitration, or compound, or sell by auction any claims competent to the debtor; but no creditor to have a vote whose debt is not above 10*l*.; and the arrester obliged to deliver the effects arrested; the poinder to deliver to the factor the goods poinded; and the factor intitled to recover the goods sold, and payment of the claim of debt conveyed unjustly, and persons deprived of the benefit of any bargain of sale, to receive expences incurred. Same act, § 15.

The court on application and production of grounds of debt, to grant a warrant for citing the debtor, and on application of debtors, may proceed to sequestration; but debtors not complying with what is hereby required, to be punished as fraudulent bankrupts; and nothing contained in this act to prevent diligence against debtor; and the surplus of his estate to be paid to him; and if he die during the sequestration, proceedings may be carried on. Same act, § 21.

No fee for an oath of verity, if the debt be not above 10*l*.; and if appeal taken against an interlocutor, &c. the court to make necessary orders; and creditors who have used horning, &c. prevented by the court, equal to imprisonment. Same act, § 27.

Majority of creditors may chuse a trustee, and trustees may appoint a factor, and allow him five per cent. of the money recovered; and majority of creditors may remove trustees and appoint others; the meeting for such removal to be called by advertisement, repeated twice, forty days before the meeting; the trustees to perform the conditions specified in the minutes, and the court to appoint one of the Edinburgh papers for such advertisements. Same act, § 30.

After the 15th of May, 1752, promissory notes to bear interest as bills of exchange and inland bills by the law of Scotland. Same act, § 36.

No bills of exchange or promissory notes executed after the time above, to be effectual to produce diligence, unless used before the expiration of six years; and if granted before that time, to

to be subject to the same limitation; but bank notes or post bills from any bank payable to bearer, comprehended under the above limitation; the years of minority of the creditors in such notes or bills not to be computed in such six years; and promissory notes and inland bills may be protested as foreign bills. Same act, § 37.

After the above time, summary execution by horning to pass on bills foreign or inland, and whether accepted or protested; and on all notes duly negotiated, not only against the acceptors or grantors, but also against the drawers of such bills; and the whole indorsers, except where such indorsation is qualified to be without recourse, saving all claims against each other; and all defences according to law, and summary execution by horning, shall be competent to the indorsee. This act to continue for seven years. Same act, § 42.

For repairing several roads through the county of Lanerk, and building a bridge over the river Clyde at Howford, in Scotland. Same year, c. 82.

For continuing act 26 G. 2. c. 91. for repairing the road from the North Queen's Ferry, through the towns of Inverkeithing and Kinross, to the town of Perth; and also the road from the said ferry to Dumfermling, Torryburn, and Culrois; and also from the said ferry through Inverkeithing to Brunt Island and Kirkcaldy. Same year, c. 83.

For continuing acts 26 G. 2. c. 90. and 27 of same king, as relates to that part of the road from Glasgow to the town of Dumbarton, which leads through the county of Dumbarton, in Scotland. Same year, c. 106.

For preserving game in Scotland; and repealing and amending several laws relative thereto. 13 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 30.

For taking, killing, selling, or buying muir fowl, or tarmagan, between the 10th of December and the 12th of August, to forfeit for every bird destroyed, five pounds; but not to extend to pheasants or partridges taken

in seasons allowed and kept in mews or breeding places. Same act, § 1.

Any person not qualified to kill game, having game in custody without leave of a qualified person, to forfeit twenty shillings for the first, and forty shillings for every other offence; and for making muirburn from the 11th of April to 1st of November, to forfeit forty shillings for the first offence, and five pounds for the second, and ten pounds for every subsequent offence; and on nonpayment in ten days after conviction, to suffer six weeks imprisonment; two months for the second; and three months for every other offence; if muirburn be discovered in the time forbidden, occupiers of ground to be liable to penalties, unless they prove that such fire was communicated from some neighbour, or raised by some person not of his family. Same act, § 4.

Proprietors of wet-lands may burn heath between the 11th and 25th of April, or authorise their tenants so to do; and such authorities to be recorded in the sheriff's court books; and offences may be inquired into and determined by the justices, &c.; persons convicted to pay the penalties in ten days, or the same may be levied by distress; and if they cannot be so recovered, the offenders to be committed to gaol for the time before specified, and the penalties applied; one moiety to the prosecutor, and the other to the poor, or to repair the roads in the parish as the justices shall direct. Same act, § 6.

Persons thinking themselves aggrieved may appeal to the next court of judicatory, and where there are no circuit courts, to the court at Edinburgh, and their sentence to be final; the appellant to lodge a bond with the clerk of court for paying the sums appealed against and costs; and in case of difficulty by the circuit court, there proceedings may be laid before the judicatory court at Edinburgh, and there be finally determined. Same act, § 11.

Actions limited to six months; but none liable for such offence till after 24th

24th of June; acts 24 G. 2. c. 34. relating to game, act 1 G. 3. c. 21. and act 6 G. 3. c. 32. (see *Felony*) repealed. Same act, § 14.

For deepening the harbour of Greenock, and supplying the inhabitants with fresh water, and paving the streets of the town, &c. Same year, c. 28.

For deepening, &c. the harbour of Aberdeen, and erecting new piers, and regulating ships trading there. Same year, c. 29.

For more effectual execution of the criminal laws in the two parts of the united kingdom. Same year, c. 31.

Persons, against whom warrants were issued by justices in England, escaping into Scotland, may be conveyed into the county where the offence was committed, by the justices of Scotland, who are to indorse their names thereon; and persons guilty of like crimes in Scotland, may be apprehended and returned; the expence of removing such prisoners to be defrayed by the treasurer of the county in England, or by the sheriff depute in Scotland. Same act, § 1, 2, 3.

Persons who have stolen money or goods in either part of the kingdom, may be indicted for theft; and receivers knowing the same to be stolen, liable to punishment. Same act, § 4.

See *Corn*. When oatmeal in Scotland does not exceed sixteen shillings per boll, weighing eight stone troy, imported from Ireland or other part beyond sea, into Scotland with the vessel, &c. to be forfeited; but when above 16s. may be imported. Same year, c. 43. § 15.

See *Bark of Oak*. Same year, c. 74.

6,998l. 10s. 9d. granted for roads in the Highlands of Scotland, in 1773. Same year, c. 77.

The dukes of Buccleugh and Queensberry, earl of Dumfries, and others, directors of the bank of Ayr, in Scotland, to give bonds of 50l. each, for the amount of the annuities granted by them, and a premium of 480,000l. with interest at 5l. per cent. being 24,000l. per annum; and to settle unentailed estates of 32,000l. per annum,

for securing payment thereof. 14 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 30.

Bonds to have a two-and-sixpenny stamp each, but transferrable by indorsement without stamp; and indorseees may bring actions thereon; but not negotiable after 24th of June, 1782; and not to extend to disputes in the company under the firm of *Douglas, Heron, and company*. Same act, § 3.

See *Ale*. For continuing act 22 G. 2. c. 13. for duty of two pennies Scots, or one-sixth of a penny sterling, per pint of ale brewed and sold at Kinghorn, in Scotland. Same year, c. 28.

For repairing highways and bridges in the county of Fife, in Scotland. Same year, c. 31.

To enable the governor and company to increase their capital stock to 100,000l. sterling, or 1,200,000l. Scots, by subscriptions. Same year, c. 32. This bank erected 1695, and stock then 1,200,000l. Scots, and now increased to 24,000,000l. Scots, being 200,000l. sterling.

Gain on sales to be for the use of the bank; and no proprietor to hold more than twenty shares of old stock, or forty shares of old and new together; and if the shares not all sold, to open a new subscription; and if proprietors of new stock have paid one-tenth of subscription, to receive one-tenth of the dividend, the same as the old stock; but not to draw dividend until call paid in; and letters of horning from court of session, may be had against persons failing to pay. Same act, § 4.

Qualification, 16,000l. Scots; deputy governor, 12,000l.; director, 6,000l. Scots; and every voter, 2,000l. Scots; and may vote for each, 2,000l.; but not intitled to more than twenty votes. Same act, § 10.

Six tenths of the subscription to be paid in three years, and the whole to be completed before the 15th of May, 1775; a governor, twelve ordinary, and twelve extraordinary directors to be chosen at annual meetings; act of 1695 to remain in force, except as altered by this act. Same act, § 11.

See *Forfeited Estates*. Act 25 G. 3. c. 41. for annexing forfeited estates in Scotland

Scotland to the crown unalienably, &c. altered as to granting leases of the said estates; and the commissioners appointed by the said act, may grant leases of farms at more than 20l. per annum; but no such lease to comprise lands let for more before 1756. Same year, c. 65.

See *Parliament*. Act 16 G. 2. c. 11. for regulating elections of members to parliament for Scotland, altered; and the court of session on 15 days notice, to grant warrants for service of complaints for redress of wrongs committed by inrolling at elections. Same year, c. 81. § 1.

That in every election in a district of boroughs, in Scotland, when the magistrates and council of the presiding borough is reduced and not revived, the election to be at the next presiding borough, and the commissioner to be president, and have the casting vote besides his own where equal; and the common clerk of that borough to act as if the same had been the presiding borough by rotation; and each borough to have its turn. Same act, § 2.

All persons working as colliers or salters, to be bound as other servants in Scotland, having obtained their freedom, intitled to the benefit of the Scots act for preventing wrongous imprisonment, and undue delays in trials. 15 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 31.

See *Macgreggor*, &c. Acts of parliament of Scotland, in 1633 and 1693, so far as they respect the clan of Macgreggor, repealed; and the act of 26th April, 1661, revived. Same year, c. 29.

6,998l. 10s. 7d. granted by parliament, on account of the expences of new roads, &c. in the Highlands of Scotland, in 1775. Same year, c. 44.

See *Ale*, &c. Act 22 G. 2. c. 10. as to duty of twopennies Scots on every Scots pint, of ale and beer brewed and sold in the town and liberties of Anstruther Easter, continued for twenty-five years. Same year, c. 48.

The two universities in England, and the four in Scotland, &c. to hold in perpetuity their copy right in books given or bequeathed to them. Same year, c. 53.

For extending the duty of twopennies Scots, or one-sixth of a penny sterling, per pint, duty on ale and beer vendid in the village of Port Glasgow, and the privileges thereof, over the town of Newark; for supplying the inhabitants of Port Glasgow with fresh water; for paving, &c. the streets of the two towns, and erecting public markets therein; and for repairing the breast, and east and west quays of the harbour of Port Glasgow, in Scotland. Same year, c. 60.

For repairing the highways and bridges in the shire of Argyle. Same year, c. 63.

For enlarging the three former acts as to the duty of twopennies Scots per pint, of ale and beer brewed and vendid in the town of Dundee, and liberties and suburbs thereof. 16 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 31.

Act relating to deer stealing, not to extend to Scotland. Same year, c. 30. § 28.

6,996l. 10s. 10d. granted on account of the expence of new roads, &c. in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 49.

All natural born subjects may inherit in Scotland as heirs, though the ancestor, through whom they claim, was an alien; but the claimer must be in being, and capable of taking at the time of the death of the person last seized; and if the person on whom the descent is cast, be a daughter of an alien, and a son be born after, she to be divested in favour of such son; and if a daughter born after, they shall be coparceners. Same year, c. 52.

Acts 6 G. 1. and 20 G. 2. as to duty on ale in the town of Brunt Island, continued. 17 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 31.

See *York Buildings Company*. Same year, c. 24.

Cooks, gardeners, porters of any of the universities of Edinburgh, Glasgow, Aberdeen, or St. Andrew, in Scotland, exempt from duty on servants, and may appeal to court of session, or barons of the exchequer in Scotland. Same year, c. 39. § 5. 22.

6,997l.

6,997l. 13s. 7d. granted on account of the new roads in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 47.

Licences taken out by auctioneers in Scotland, to be granted by two commissioners of excise in the limits of Edinburgh, on 5s. duty; and in other parts of Scotland by the collectors and supervisors of the excise. Same year, c. 50. § 3.—19 G. 3. c. 56. § 3. vol. 32.

Surrenders of lands, &c. to superiors in Scotland, stamp duty 1s. 6d.; and the same on retour of service of heirs, or precept of *clare constat* of lands, &c. in Scotland, the same on charters of resignation, &c. there on original feisin taken on any mortgage, and on original instruments of surrender, service of heirs, &c. each 1s. 6d. besides all duties now payable thereon; and the new duties to be under the commissioners of stamps. 17 G. 3. c. 50. § 17.

For repairing, &c. roads in the county of Dumfries, and converting the statute labour into money, and applying the same for that purpose. Same year, c. 107.

For repairing, &c. the highways and bridges in the county of Wigton, in Scotland. 18 G. 3. c. 7 vol. 32.

Duty on houses in Scotland to be paid half yearly; and appeals may be made to one of the judges of the court of session, or barons of the exchequer. Same year, c. 26.

The duty on servants in Scotland by 17 G. 3. c. 39. assessed and collected by such persons, and paid into the exchequer under the like penalties, &c. as appointed for collecting and paying the duty on houses and windows by act 26 G. 3. c. 17. Same year, c. 30. § 1.

If commissioners neglect to appoint assessors, or assessors fail to give notice to masters, &c. the surveyors under act 26 G. 2. c. 17. to give such notice, and cause masters to give such lists, and the duties to be paid half yearly, on the 29th of September and 25th of March, every year. Same act, § 2.

For recruiting the king's land-forces and marines, commissioners in Scotland not to act till they have qualified them-

selves as the laws there direct, on forfeiture of 50l. Same year, c. 33. § 34. This act repealed. 19 G. 3. c. 10. § 1.

6,998l. 12s. 5d. granted on account of new roads in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 54.

For repairing highways and bridges in the county of Stirling, in Scotland. Same year, c. 69.

To enable Hector Munro, Esq. to build and maintain an harbour and pier at the town of Findhorn, in the county of Elgin and Forres, in Scotland. Same year, c. 70.

No action to be brought in Scotland on account of executing this act, until notice to the party offending, who may tender amends, &c. 19 G. 3. c. 10. § 50.

For repairing the highways and bridges in the county of Linlithgow and Bathgate. Same year, c. 12.

Ministers to pay rates, &c. for a fund for the widows and children of ministers of the church of Scotland, and of the heads, principals, and masters in the universities of St. Andrew, Glasgow, Edinburgh, and Aberdeen; and for repealing two acts, 17 G. 2. c. 11. and 22 G. 2. c. 21. Same year, c. 20.

Act 11 G. 3. c. 31. for encouragement of the white herring fishery, continued for seven years and amended; and the fishing vessels are to rendezvous at the following places, viz. at Yarmouth, in Norfolk; Whitehaven, in Cumberland, in England; Leith, in Edinburgh; Inverness, or to Brasseley Sound, in Shetland; Campbeltown or Oban, in Argyleshire; Kirkwall, in Orkney; Stranraer, in the county of Wigton; or to Stronaway, in the island of Lewis, and county of Ross, between the 1st day of August and the 1st day of October in each year; and continue fishing for three months, unless sooner completed their lading. Same year, c. 26.

Martinmas term in the court of exchequer, in Scotland, to begin 24th of November, and end the 20th of December; and Candlemas term to begin the 15th of January, and end the 3d of February. Same year, c. 38.

6,995l. 18s. 11d. granted on account of new roads, &c. in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 71.

See *Militia*. For making certain provisions relative to the fencible men in Scotland. Same year, c. 72.

Act 32 G. 2. c. 56. for duty on ale and beer brewed and sold in the town of Kelfo, in the shire of Roxburgh, Scotland; and for finishing a bridge across the river Tweed, continued for twenty-one years. 20 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 33.

For converting into money the statute labour in the Stewarty of Kirkcudbright, in Scotland; for repairing the highways, bridges, and ferries in the said stewarty. Same year, c. 24.

6,997l. 4s. 3d. granted on account of new roads, &c. in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 62.

Rum imported to the Isle of Man from Scotland, to pay the same duty as from England. 21 G. 3. c. 28. § 2. vol. 33.

4,994l. 17s. 6d. granted on account of new roads in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 57.

So much of act 19 G. 2. c. 39. (for disarming the Highlands of Scotland) or any other act as restrains the use of the Highland dress, repealed. 22 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 34.

5,830l. 1s. 6d. granted on account of new roads in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 67.

Public money under the lords of trade and police in Scotland, to be put under the management of the convention of royal burghs. Same year, c. 82. § 16.

Court of justiciary in Scotland to determine how long the judges shall remain in each circuit town; and all trials begun, during the time limited, to be finished; and the judges, sheriffs, &c. to continue three whole days in each town. 23 G. 3. c. 45. § 1, 2. vol. 34.

Alteration introduced by 21 G. 2. c. 19. found beneficial; and the court of justiciary and circuit courts may try causes for capital offences, in the same manner as those for less crimes. Same act, § 3,

Discretionary power given to the judges, counsel, or prisoners to interrogate witnesses; but not to alter the trials for high treason or misprision of treason. Same act, § 6.

Three judges of the court of justiciary to be a *quorum* during the sittings of the court of session: and this act to continue three years. Same act, § 7. This act made perpetual. 27 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 36.

Commissioners of supply for the counties of Perth, Kincardine, Aberdeen, Inverness, Ross, Nairne, Cromarty, Elgin, Dumbarton, Orkney, and Zetland, in Scotland, may assess the landholders to raise a sum not above 14l. Scots, per cent. of valued rent, to be applied in relieving inhabitants reduced to indigence by the failure of last year's crop; and the king may, during the recess of parliament by proclamation, allow the importation of corn for four months into the said counties, duty free; and may be carried coastwise under the same regulations as if of the growth of this kingdom; and may be imported in the said counties in vessels belonging to any state in amity, and navigated by foreign seamen. 23 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 24.

5,329l. 10s. 6d. granted on account of the roads in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 78.

All exemptions from payment of duties upon importation of goods granted by the parliament of Scotland, determined by the union of the two kingdoms. 24 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 34.

The conditional bonds granted by the proprietors of the soap and rope works at Glasgow, to be cancelled; and the said proprietors, in consideration of their loss by the determination of the said exemptions, to be paid 2,250l. by two instalments of 1,125l. each. Same act, § 2.

Certain quantities of corn having been imported into Scotland after the time limited by act 23 G. 3. c. 1.; the commissioners of customs may order the low duties, imposts of five per cent. and five per cent. on the said duty to be taken for the said corn: and on

payment thereof, the bonds for the high duties to be cancelled. Same year, c. 9.

The capital of the bank of Scotland further increased 1,200*l.* Scots, or 100,000*l.* sterling more, so that the whole capital do not exceed 3,600,000*l.* Scots, or 300,000*l.* sterling; and the like act as 14 G. 3. c. 32. and restriction of qualifications in former acts, repealed; and those acts confirmed, except where altered by this. Same year, c. 12.

Such part of 1 *Jam.* c. 22. recited in 11 Q. Ann, c. 11. relative to the manufactory of leather, extended to every part of Great Britain; and tanners while they perform that business, using the trade of a shoemaker, currier, butcher, or any other business wherein they cut or work leather, to forfeit such hides or skins by them tanned, or the value, and also 50*l.* Same year, c. 19.

The duty on houses in Scotland to be paid half yearly, 25th March and 29th September; and an appeal there to a judge of the court of session, or baron of the exchequer. Same year, c. 38. § 14. 47.

4,830*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* granted on account of new roads in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 44.

Commissioners of excise in Scotland, after the 1st of October, 1784, may empower persons within the Highland parishes and districts of the counties of Orkney, Caithness, Sutherland, Ross, Inverness, Argyle, Bute, Stirling, Lanerk, Perth, Dumbarton, Aberdeen, Forfar, Kincardine, Banff, Nairne, and Murray, to keep stills containing, when the heads on twenty gallons English measure, and no more (except in consequence of the population and quantity of grain in any particular parish, it may appear necessary to increase it to thirty gallons, but of no greater size); and the duty to be paid thereon, 20*s.* per gallon. Same year, c. 46. § 45.

No licence to be granted to a tenant without a recommendation from the landlord; and none in the said district, not authorised by this act, to distil low

wines or spirits; and on conviction for so doing, to forfeit the still, worm, &c. and also 100*l.*; and if the effects of the offender are not sufficient, the heritors of the parish to supply the same; and on payment, may have action against the principal. Same act, § 46.

Licences to be renewed ten days before expiration; and continuing to distil without licence, to forfeit 100*l.*; and no spirits made by licensed distillers to be carried out of the bounds; and none to keep more than one still, or to remove the same, nor purchase spirits made by others; and if a licensed tenant keep a larger still than allowed, his landlord to make good the penalty after sale of the offender's goods. Same act, § 48.

Commissioners may withdraw licences at discretion; and officers discovering unlicensed stills or those of greater contents than allowed, to have 10*l.* reward. Same act, c. 50.

The treasury may order commissioners of excise to make up an account of the produce of the duties repealed for seven years, with a medium thereof; and the money paid by virtue of this act, to be distributed as the duties by the former act; and the auditor of the exchequer to keep the sums apart from all other duties; to be applied in like manner as the repealed duties. Same act, § 52.

The treasury impowered to agree with Arthur Forbes upon a compensation to be made him for an exemption from the duties of excise for lands in Ferintosh, in the county of Inverness, enjoyed by him; and the same to be paid by the commissioners of excise in Scotland; but if they cannot agree, the barons of the exchequer there may direct to be tried by a special jury at their bar; the amount of such compensation to be made by the crown, in discharge of such exemption; and after payment, the said Arthur Forbes and his heirs to pay the like duties of excise as others in Scotland. Same act, § 53.

The additional duties by act 20 G. 3. c. 35. on rum and spirits the produce of

of the sugar islands, and the imposts of five per cent. by 19, 21, and 22 G. 3. on the same, and all penalties in respect thereof, to be suspended for two years from the 1st of September, 1784; and the duties on such rum in the officer's hands, to be remitted to the proprietors; and the number of gallons to be certified to the commissioners of the customs, who are to pay to importers so much of the customs as are suspended. Same act, § 54.

The king empowered to grant to the Honourable John Mackenzie and his heirs, all the lands forfeited by the attainder of George Earl of Cromarty, subject to 19,010l. 10s. 7d. to be paid into the exchequer in Scotland. Same year, c. 57. § 1.

And to Donald Cameron, lands, &c. forfeited by the attainder of Donald Cameron late of Lochiel, subject to 3,433l. 9s. 1d. to be paid as aforesaid. Same act, § 2.

And to Duncan Stewart, the lands forfeited by the attainder of Charles Stewart, subject to 699l. 7s. 9d. to be paid as aforesaid. Same act, § 3.

And to John M'Donald, the lands forfeited by the attainder of Donald M'Donald, subject to payment of 1,111l. 15s. 5d. as aforesaid. Same year, § 4.

And to Colonel Duncan M'Pherson, the lands forfeited by attainder of Evan M'Pherson, subject to payment of 5,138l. 17s. 11. as aforesaid. Same act, § 5.

And to Colonel John M'Donell, the lands forfeited by attainder of Duncan M'Donell, subject to payment of 2,083l. 12s. 1d. as aforesaid. Same act, § 6.

And to John Cameron, the lands forfeited by the attainder of Allan Cameron, on payment of 420l. 15s. 9d. as aforesaid. Same act, § 7.

And to Francis Farquharson, the lands forfeited by his attainder, on payment of 1,613l. 0s. 9d. as aforesaid. Same act, § 8.

And to Duncan M'Donell, the lands forfeited by attainder of Archibald M'Donald, subject to 1,667l. 13s. 5d.

to be paid as aforesaid. Same act, § 9.

And to the heirs male of John Drummond, brother to James Drummond; taking the title of Duke of Perth, the estate of Perth, forfeited by his attainder, subject to 52,547l. 1s. 6d. to be paid as aforesaid. Same act, § 10.

And to grant to the heirs of Francis Buchanan, the estate of Arnpryor, and lands of Stank and Kerinock, devised to heirs general; and the estate of Strathyre, and part of the lands of Arnfinlay devised to heirs male, forfeited by attainder of Francis Buchanan, subject to 2,997l. 8s. 3d. to be paid as aforesaid. Same act, § 11.

When the said sums are paid into the exchequer of Scotland, the barons to give discharges for the same, and by order of court, to be lodged in the Royal Bank, or in the bank of Scotland, or in any of the public funds, at interest, until otherwise disposed of. Same act, § 13.

The king may grant the barony of Strowan and other lands, &c. which were annexed to the crown by Scots act of parliament 1690, forfeited by the attainder of Alexander Robertson of Strowan to lieutenant-colonel Alexander Robertson of the 82d regiment of foot, the nearest male heir, subject to the debts of the said Alexander Robertson, deceased, whether contracted before or after forfeiture, with an accumulation of interest on those before, at Christmas 1752; and likewise to the debts of Margaret Robertson, sister to the said deceased, who sometime possessed the estate as trustee for the family, the said lieutenant-colonel Alexander Robertson being bound to relieve the crown and public of all claims at the instance of these creditors. Same act, § 14.

The king may also grant to John Duke of Argyll, the estates of Ardsheal, Kinlochmoydart, Lochgary, and part of Lochiel, formerly holden of his predecessors, on payment into the exchequer court of 203l. 11s. 5d. and the sixth of a penny sterling, principal for Ardsheal; and 152l. 5s. 6d. and six

twelfth parts of a penny sterling principal for Kinlochmoydart; and also 1,218l. 4s. 5d. sterling, principal for Lochiel, being the money received as the value of these superiorities. Same act, § 15.

And the king may grant superiority of Lochgary to the Duke of Athol, on payment of 1,674l. 15s. 6d. and twelve parts of a penny sterling, on a similar condition. Same act and section.

That such of the vassals of the estates of Perth, Cromarty, or Strowan, as have made up their titles by special services and precepts from chancery or charters, are to be considered as crown vassals. Same act, § 16.

That the excambion or exchange with the Earl of Breadalbane, by act 6 G. 3. c. 33. of the lands, tithes, and pertinents of Pitkellony, be now considered as part of the estate of Perth, and which the king may grant with the same estate, on paying to lieutenant-colonel Alexander Robertson at Whitsunday 1785, 3,979l. 13s. 9d. sterling, being the sum at which the lands of Fernan, part of the estate of Strowan, were valued on the excambion aforesaid with interest, at 5l. per cent. per annum, from Martinmas 1784, with fifth part more of liquidated penalty, in case of failure. Same act, § 17.

That where any of the said estates, now intended to be restored, are held of subject superiors, the persons in whose favour the grants are to be made, intitled to receive their first charters by virtue of the king's disposition, from the said subject superiors of whom the lands are holden, on payment of no higher dues or casualties than usual upon entries of heirs to their predecessors. Same act, § 18.

This act not to affect the validity of feus or leases granted by the board of trustees, by act 25 G. 2. c. 41. § 17. or the commissions or instructions following thereon, or when the conditions may not have been implemented. Same act, § 19.

Powers of redemption competent to grantees, and they to have the rents for crop 1785, and all succeeding years;

and the board of trustees discontinued from Martinmas 1784; and the whole commission to be void from thence. Same act, § 20.

And annuities, not exceeding 580l. per annum, granted to their officers and servants at Edinburgh for life, subject to the orders of the barons of the exchequer, who may employ any persons they judge necessary to assist them, and to make compensation for their trouble; and on death of the parties, the annuities to cease, and engagements under the board, confirmed by royal warrant, to be fulfilled. Same act, § 22.

The barons of the exchequer to pay out of the money in their hands to the trustees appointed by 8 G. 3. c. 63. towards completing the repository, and for superintending the register office for the records of Scotland, 15,000l.; and to the proprietors of the Forth and Clyde navigation, 50,000l. sterling, towards completing the said works, to be paid, with interest, from Martinmas 1784; and the proprietors of the said navigation to make no dividend till their debts are paid, but the interest to accumulate and be added to the principal; and the company to deliver annually an abstract of their books, shewing the state of their funds and debts; and when they begin the western branch of the canal, may borrow money on the credit of the said 50,000l. and the securities to be entered in the king's remembrancer's office in the exchequer. Same act, § 31.

Surplus of the money paid into the exchequer, to be under the care of that court in Scotland, and lodged in one of the banks, or in the public funds, subject to the future disposition of parliament; and the dividends of the 50,000l. to be applied towards repairing the roads and bridges in the Highlands of Scotland; to which public aid has hitherto been found necessary to be granted in the annual votes of parliament. Same act, § 32.

Act 25 G. 2. c. 41. whereby the said estates were annexed to the crown, repealed; and the said lands, &c. disannexed

annexed from the imperial crown of this realm, as if the said act had never been made. Same act, § 34.

Act 8 G. 3. c. 63. relating to the navigable canal from the river Forth, &c. to the river Clyde, amended, &c. Same year, c. 59.

For repairing the highways, bridges, and ferries in the county of Perth, in Scotland. 25 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 35.

So much of act 24 G. 3. c. 46. as relates to the distillation of corn spirits in small stills in certain districts in the Highlands of Scotland, repealed, and new powers granted. Same act, c. 22. vol. 35.

Licences may be granted annually by the commissioners of excise in Scotland, in the several counties of Orkney, Caithness, Sutherland, Ross, Cromarty, Inverness, Argyle, Bute, Stirling, Clackmannan, Perth, Dumbarton, Aberdeen, Forfar, Kincardine, Banff, Nairn, and Elgin (except those parts of Dumbarton, Stirling, Clackmannan and Perth after described) to keep and work stills, not less than thirty, nor more than forty gallons, English cubical contents, including the head; and to distil spirits from barley, bear, or big of the growth of the said counties for one year, from the date of the licence, on payment of a duty at the rate of 20s. sterling per gallon, English, of the contents of such still; and that in place of the whole rates for distilling corn spirits, and upon the malt or grain from which the spirits are extracted; and declaring, that licensed distillers are not to be allowed any drawback or deduction from the above duty, on account of their having bought from entered malsters any part of the malt used by them, and for which the ordinary duties have been, or are due. Same act, § 2.

The heritors of each parish to assemble and make lists of persons proper to be licenced, and to transmit the same to the commissioners of excise at Edinburgh; and after the present year, the heritors to meet in the month of May; and if they neglect to transmit lists to the commissioners, to licence whom they think proper. Same act, § 3.

No licence to be granted to any person to work any still under this act, within ten English statute miles of any distillery regularly entered according to the excise laws, if such distiller has paid 800l. sterling, yearly, for two preceding years, and is going on in the same business, or being in that business, and within the distance aforesaid, shall require the suppression of a small still, and give bond, with security, to pay at least 800l. duty yearly, for two years to come; the distance to be computed by the usual public road, ferry, or passage by water. Same act, § 5.

None intitled to a licence under this act, who shall not, at the time of application, produce a recommendation from the heritor on whose estate he lives, or his factor, and a certificate of his being of good character and circumstances, together with the names of his securities for payment of duties, and the further sum of 50l. to answer penalties; and when such persons are ascertained, to find security to the satisfaction of the collector of excise of the bounds, to take the same and pay one quarter of the licence duty at the end of each three months, till the whole 20s. is paid for the year; and in case of failure in any of these articles, the collector preferring a sufficient qualified person recommended by the heritors, may licence him; and every licence to specify the name, residence, size of the still, together with the licence duty paid as aforesaid, and security for penalties. Same act, § 7.

When a licence taken out, and composition duty paid for a still of forty gallons, to be deemed a composition for duty on malt to the extent of 250 bolls Linlithgow measure, and no more; and for the duty on spirits manufactured in such still to the extent of 1660 gallons English, and no more; and when a licence taken out, and the composition duty paid for any still of less size, the like proportion to be observed both in quantity of malt and spirits; and all malt and spirits above, to pay duty. Same act, § 8.

Excise

Excise officers may enter and survey malt-barns and distilleries, and charge with the usual duties all malt and spirits manufactured therein; and after the 1st day of December, 1785, no spirits to be removed within the said districts without a permit; and no stills to be licenced in the counties of Dunbarton, Stirling, Clackmannan and Perth, to the east or right hand of a line beginning at the Boat of Balock where Loch Lomond runs into the river Leven, and proceeding along the great military road; from thence to Bucklivie to the town of Stirling; and from thence along the great road called Hillfoort Road, on the south side of Ochell Hills, till it meets with the great road from Kinross to Perth, and along the same till it comes to the Bridge of Earn, and along the water of Earn till its junction with the river Tay, and along that river till it joins the German Ocean; and spirits the produce of such licenced stills removed to the southern parts of the kingdom by land or water, liable to seizure. Same act, § 9.

Licenced distillers having in their possession stills larger than those compounded, to forfeit the licence, and subject to a penalty of 50*l.* and such still to be seized and forfeited; and if convicted of using grain not the growth of the counties above, to forfeit 5*s.* a bushel, and also his still, utensils, and licence; and on disposing of any malt, or having corn spirits, except of their own manufacture, unless purchased of a licenced distiller, and a permit therewith, on forfeiture of their licence and utensils, and double the value of such malt and spirits. Same act, § 11.

No spirits to be removed from the place where distilled, without a permit. Same act, § 13.

No still to be made or sold without the maker's name and place of abode thereon, and number of gallons, on penalty of 10*l.*; and those for chymists, druggists, or perfumers, to be so marked, and not to be sold for home use, except to persons having licences or certificates; and stills made contrary may be seized and destroyed; and unless the licence is renewed in eight days after expiration, the still to

be deposited with the officer of the district, or to be disposed of in his presence to some other licenced person, or to the original maker, or otherwise liable to penalties. Same act, § 14.

Commissioners of excise may withdraw licences, or restrict their number upon application of the commissioners of supply; and forfeitures to be sued for in six months before two justices of the county, or at the quarter sessions, or before the barons of the exchequer, by officers or expectants of excise, or any member of the kirk-session, or licenced distiller in the parish or county; one half to go to the poor, and the other to the prosecutor; and no power of mitigation. Same act, § 17.

For opening a communication from High-street, Edinburgh, to the country southward; and also from the Lawnmarket to the new extended royalty on the north; and for enabling trustees to purchase lands, houses, and areas for that purpose; and for widening the streets of the city and avenues leading to the same; for rebuilding the university; for enlarging the public markets, &c.; for regulating taxes and lighting the city; and levying additional sums for statute labour in the middle district of the county of Edinburgh. Same year, c. 28.

The city of Edinburgh divided into two districts, one the ancient royalty, and the other the extended royalty, and the line of division to be the key-stones of the middle arch of the bridge over the North Loch, running east to Trinity College-church, and west to the north-side of the Castle, in a line along the middle of the low ground, formerly the North Loch. Same year, § 2.

For rebuilding the bridge across the river Ayr, at the town of Ayr, in Scotland. 25 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 35.

Appeals in Scotland, in regard to the duty on servants in Scotland, to be determined by the court of session or barons of the exchequer there. Same year, c. 43. § 39.

Persons convicted of transportable crimes in Scotland, may be transported to such places as the king in council shall appoint; and if mercy be extended

tended by the king to an offender capitally convicted (except where authorized to transport themselves) the court may order them to be transported. Same year, c. 46. § 1.

Contractors for transporting offenders may carry them through any county in Great Britain, and penalty for rescuing them, felony and death; and if offenders be found at large in Great Britain or Ireland, or returning before the expiration of their term, to suffer death; and informers prosecuting, to have a reward of 20*l*. Same act, § 2.

The king may authorize the lords of justiciary to order the removal of male prisoners under sentence of death, but reprieved during pleasure, or under sentence, or order of transportation, from any gaol in Scotland to any other in Great Britain; and gaolers to deliver offenders according to such orders with a certificate; and all fees and expences of such removal to be paid in the same manner as hath been practised in Scotland, in case of transportation beyond seas. Same act, § 3.

Overseers to have the same powers as gaolers, and the time of imprisonment deemed part of the term; and overseers may inflict moderate punishment for misbehaviour. Same act, § 6.

If offenders cannot be conveniently transported to the place mentioned in their sentence, the court of justiciary may order them to any other place appointed by the king for such purpose. Same act, § 8.

Appeals on post-horse act in Scotland, to be determined by a judge of session, or baron of exchequer there. Same year, c. 47. § 34.

Licences taken out by coachmakers within the limits of the city of Edinburgh, to be granted by the commissioners of excise in Scotland, and under their management. Same year, c. 49. § 2.

If any proprietor of land in Scotland shall make any new deputation of gamekeeper, and register the same, the former to be void. Same year, c. 50. § 14.

800*l*. granted by parliament for completing a road in North Britain from Ballantrae in Ayrshire, to Stranraer in Galloway, in the year 1785. Same year, c. 60.

Duties on importation of foreign linens, to be under commissioners of customs of England and Scotland respectively. Same year, c. 72. § 36.

An allowance by commissioners of excise in Scotland, made to distillers on the stock in hand, between the 22d of October and the 1st of November 1784, not more than in proportion to twenty-two pounds sterling for every two hundred and fifty gallons of spirits made from malt, corn, or grain according to the duties charged in Scotland; and if the duties were charged out of limits, any two justices in England or Scotland to order the collector to pay out of the money in his hands, such money so ordered; and if not sufficient in hand, out of the produce of the said duties, on six days notice of intention to apply, which must be by the 1st of November, 1785 and after ascertained never again to be examined; to apply by petition on oath, subject to perjury. Same year, c. 73. § 2.

For repairing the highways and bridges in the county of Dumbarton, Scotland. The county divided into six districts, viz. Row and Rosneath to meet at Row; Lufs and Aroquhar at Lufs; Dumbarton, Cardross, and Bonhill, at Dumbarton; Kilmarnock at Kirkhouse of Kilmarnock; Old Kilpatrick and New Kilpatrick alternately; Easter and Wester Lenzie at Cumbernauld and Kirkintilloch, alternately; proprietors of lands cessed at one hundred pounds Scots, or eldest sons of those of two hundred pounds Scots, and the provost and eldest bailie of Kirkintilloch, and the baron bailie on the estate of Cumbernauld, one of the guardians of minors; and baron bailies of non-resident heritors, appointed trustees for this act. 26 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 35.

For authorizing the lord chief and other barons of the exchequer, out of the unappropriated money arising from the forfeited and lately annexed estates

estates in Scotland, to pay 2,500*l.* to the society in Scotland for propagating christian knowledge, for the purposes and under the conditions mentioned, and to take an obligation for continuing the salaries of teachers during their lives. Same year, c. 27.

Act for relief of debtors with respect to the imprisonment of their persons; and to oblige debtors who shall continue in execution (above a year) and for sums not exceeding 200*l.* to make discovery of, and deliver upon oath, their estates for their creditors benefit; but not to extend to debts due to the crown, nor to Scotland; to continue five years. Same year, c. 44. § 8.

The fund, called the stock of the court, in the hands of the lords of session, to be paid to the receiver-general of Scotland the 5th of April, 1787, to be remitted to the exchequer in England; and out of the revenues, by 7 & 10 Q. A. for supporting the court of session, &c. and to be paid the following salaries, viz. to the lord president of the court of session, 2,000*l.* sterling; to each of the other lords of session, 1,000*l.* and 2,000*l.* to the lord chief baron of the court of exchequer in Scotland; and to each of the other barons 1,000*l.*; the sum of 600*l.* sterling to the lord justice clerk; and 300*l.* to each of the other lords commissioners of justiciary; the first payment to be on the fifth of July, 1786. Same year, c. 46.

From the same day the judges of the admiralty in Scotland, to receive annually 400*l.* in lieu of all perquisites; and the judges of the court of admiralty each in lieu of sentence money; but other usual perquisites may be received, and nothing herein to alter the lawful dues of the clerks and fiscals of any of the courts; but they may continue to receive sentence money; and the judges to establish regulations for payment of clerks and fiscals their accustomed dues; and no person to be appointed judge or commissary who has not practised in the court of session three years. Same year, c. 47.

Stamp duties paid in Scotland after

the 5th of July, 1786, towards augmentation of the judges salaries. Same year, c. 48.

On depositions or affidavits in the court of session or exchequer - - - - - 1 0

For extracts of public registers, per skin - - - - - 1 0

But not to extend where public interest is concerned, nor in civil causes for less than five pounds, besides costs; nor to suits for paupers on the poor roll, nor to extracts of decreets, nor formal decreets of registration usually annexed to extracts of writings. Same act, § 2.

See *Sinking Fund*. Same act, § 11.

In Scotland each skin to be four pages, each thirty-six lines, and each line nine words, and no more. Same act, § 13.

Copies of certificates granted in Scotland, in respect to the registering of ships, to be transmitted to the custom-house in England. Same year, c. 60.

5,784*l.* granted by parliament towards new roads in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 61.

The duties payable in Scotland upon low wines and spirits, and upon worts, wash, and other liquors there used in distillation of spirits for two years; and for granting other duties under the commissioners of revenue there, in lieu thereof. Same year, c. 64.

From 5th July, 1786, every still to pay annually, for each English wine gallon of contents *l.* s. where British materials used 1 10

Where melasses or sugar used 2 10

And where other foreign materials used - - - - - 3 0

No wash-still to be under fifty gallons to be licenced, nor then unless therewith licenced a spirit-still of one-fourth of its contents; but the wash-still may be used for spirits; and no distiller to work without a licence; and unlicenced persons to forfeit three pounds per gallon, and the stills to be destroyed; and if stills used in unentered places, to forfeit three pounds per gallon of contents, and two hundred pounds each time of working. Same act, § 8.

One-sixth part of the annual duty to be paid on granting a licence, and a proportionable part every two months after; and none but owners of stills to have licences, and their names and places of abode, &c. to be expressed therein. Same act, § 11.

Rectifiers not to have licences for distilling, nor carry on both trades at same time; and licences not valid until indorsed by the officer of excise; and new stills may be erected in the place of destroyed ones without a new licence; if licences not renewed, stills to be taken down, on penalty of three pounds per gallon, and the still to be destroyed in the presence of a magistrate; on change of property, notice to be given to excise officer; and also if the purchaser does not intend to work. Same act, § 13.

No chemist to use stills without licence, nor those of greater capacity than fifty gallons, on penalty of five pounds per gallon, above the quantity, and one hundred pounds if without licence; and for stills of one hundred and twenty gallons, to pay a fee of one penny per gallon, and for other licences, each five shillings; and licences for stills of greater capacity than fifty gallons, may be granted for chemical experiments, if specified to be secret works, and not liable to visitation only under the same conditions as Earl Dundonald's works being visited, &c.; and not to be used for distilling spirits. Same act, § 23.

Officers may survey still-houses, and if found working contrary to this act, forfeited; and officers to have two shillings and sixpence per gallon of the contents, but not to exceed twenty-one pounds for any one still; and persons not officers to have one shilling and sixpence sterling, per gallon, reward, but not to exceed ten guineas; and the seizing officer to have the like reward, which, if thought too small, may be augmented; and officers neglecting to seize stills twenty-four hours after notice, to be dismissed; and the informer allowed one shilling and sixpence per gallon. Same act, § 26.

No spirits to be removed from the manufactory without certificate from the distiller of the quantity, and casks, and package; nor by land carriage from Scotland to England; and all spirits removed by water to England, forfeited, if no certificate with them; and rectified spirits to have a permit from the excise, and the duty to be paid on the arrival of spirits from Scotland into England, at the port of entry, and to be applied as duties in England, on wort and wash, &c. and if more strength than three in one hundred above one to ten hydrometer proof, forfeited. Same act, § 29.

Spirits shipped before the 5th of July, 1786, not liable to duty on landing in England; and duplicates of permits for removal in Scotland to England, to be transmitted to the excise office. Same act, § 35.

Still makers in Scotland to take an annual licence, and have his stills stamped, and give notice to have them gauged, on penalty of 10s. per gallon; if stills imported into Scotland without notice to the officer, to forfeit 50l. and not to be erected until gauged, on forfeiture of the stills; and rectifiers subject as before to surveys, &c.; and this act not to discharge penalties already incurred; nor to repeal laws as to exportation to foreign parts; and the Earl of Dundonald to give the officer an account of his stills, but his works not to be inspected without an order from the commissioners of excise or information of being illegally worked, upon which last to be forfeited, with other usual directions. Same act, § 37.

So much of act 24 G. 3. c. 46. (except what relates to the duty of excise within the lands of Ferintosh, in the county of Inverness, or regards an exemption from payment, and the arrears repealed. Same year, c. 73. § 75.

For erecting light-houses in the northern parts of Great Britain; the king's advocate and solicitor-general for Scotland, the lord provost and eldest baillie of Edinburgh, and lord provost and eldest baillie of Glasgow,
Q9 provosts

Provosts of Aberdeen, Inverness and Campbeltown, the sheriffs depute of the counties of Edinburgh, Lanerk, Renfrew, Bute, Argyle, Inverness, Ross, Orkney, Caithness, and Aberdeen, or any five of them, appointed commissioners to contract with owners of land at Kinnaird's Head, in the county of Aberdeen; in the island of North Rannishain, in the Orkneys; in Scalpa, in the island of Herries, or at the Mull of Kintyre most convenient for erecting such light-houses either by absolute purchase or payment of rent, or an annual sum for the same. Same year, c. 101.

Sheriffs depute to order inspection of lands where differences arise in relation to price, &c.; and appeals allowed to the lords of session; and juries to determine the value of lands, which the sheriff is to order payment of; and commissioners to appoint collectors and erect four light houses, and when completed, these duties to be paid by ships passing the said light-houses, viz. d.

For every British vessel, per ton o 1
For every foreign ship or decked vessel o 2

Annual accounts of receipts and disbursements to be sent to the treasury; two to the customs at Edinburgh to be presented to both houses of parliament; and one to the annual convention of royal burghs; and commissioners may borrow 1000l. and the expences of the act on the credit of the duties, with several regulations for putting the said act in execution. Same act, § 2, &c. This act rendered more effectual. 28 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 46.

To incorporate John duke of Argyle, John duke of Athol, George marquis of Lorn, James marquis of Graham, Archibald earl of Eglington, Francis earl of Moray, James earl of Abercorn, John earl of Breadalbane, John earl of Dunmore, Anthony earl of Kintore, Lord Adam Gordon, lord Frederick Campbell, earl Gower, lord Macdonald, the honourable Henry Dundas, and seventy two more, by the name of the British Society for extending the fisheries and improving the sea-

coasts of this kingdom, and to enable them when incorporated, to subscribe a joint stock of 150,000l. sterling, in shares at 50l. each, to continue until the 25th of March, 1787; and then a governor, deputy-governor, and thirteen directors to be chosen; but no transfer of stock for three years from the 10th of August, 1786; and the cash of the society to be placed in the banks of Scotland with other regulations for carrying the said act into execution. 27 G. 3. c. 106.

For incorporating the Clyde marine society; for the better empowering and enabling them to carry on their charitable and useful designs; and for levying duties from ship-masters, ninepence per month; first masters and first carpenters sixpence; and all others threepence. Same year, c. 109.

Stock of 2,162l. vested in the society, and twenty-one directors appointed, four to go out yearly; they may give temporary charity; the Dean of the Guild of Glasgow to be president; duties not to extend to boats on the Clyde or Monkland canals. Same act.

See *Edinburgb*. Same year, c. 51. 113.

All annuities, bounties, charges, and expences in pursuance of any act in force, and paid by the commissioners of excise, customs, or salt duty in Scotland, to be paid as heretofore. Same year, c. 13. § 70.

The powers of the company of Proprietors of the Forth and Clyde navigation varied and extended. Same year, c. 20.

The treasury enabled to purchase of the proprietors of coal mines, works on the estate of Pittferran, in the county of Fife, the right of exemption from payment of duty on coals exported. Same year, c. 21.

With every wash-still in Scotland, there must be licenced a low wine or spirit-still not less than one-fourth of its contents. Same year, c. 31. § 30.

Granted 7,234l. for the roads of communication in North Britain. Same year, c. 33.

Acts 11 G. 2. c. 4. and 3 G. 3. c. 28. for duty on ale and beer brewed and sold

old in the town and liberties of Aberbrothick. Same year, c. 46.

The magistrates and town council of Paisley to improve the navigation of the river Cart; and to make a navigable canal across the turnpike road from Glasgow to Greenock. Same year, c. 56.

Acts 3 G. 1. c. 6. 10 G. 2. c. 7. and 2 G. 3. c. 55. for duty on ale and beer sold in the town of Dumfries, &c. and for paying debts, building a church, and making a harbour there, continued; and for laying a duty on the tonnage of shipping; and a duty on goods imported and exported into and out of that port; and for better repairing the harbour, continued; and for paving, cleansing, lighting, and watching the said town, and widening the streets, &c. Same year, c. 57.

The charter granted to the royal college and corporation of Edinburgh, dated the 14th of March, 1778, confirmed so far as relates to a scheme for raising a fund for a provision for the widows and children of members of the said corporation, and of their clerk, with alterations, confirmed; and for establishing the said scheme, and empowering the corporation, trustees, and officers elected for managing the said fund effectually, to carry the said scheme into execution. Same year, c. 65.

No annual rate to be paid beyond twenty-four years, although the party lives longer; and that in lieu of the twenty-five pounds to be paid by the scheme out of the funds of the corporation at Candlemas 1788, and at each succeeding Candlemas after, to the collector, one pound sterling for each member whose widow and children may be eventually intitled to the benefit of the scheme; and further, that the treasurer pay over to the collector half of the entry money of each member hereafter admitted, towards raising and augmenting the capital of the said fund. If the funds are more than sufficient in one year to maintain their poor, and defray expences, and pay the sums before directed, then the treasurer to pay such additional sum for that year as

shall be judged proper; but no order to be made unless three-fourths of the members of the corporation be present at a general meeting. Same act, § 3.

That widows of contributors surviving the term of their fourth annual rate becoming due, whether now or hereafter, to be intitled each to receive these annuities, viz. at the first WhitSunday after decease of their husbands, and during their lives yearly, until WhitSunday 1801, thirty pounds sterling, and then each to receive 40l. for life; but if any widow marry again, her annuity to cease; and no deduction from widows annuities the first year after they come on the fund; but arrears of contributors to be paid by deducting one-third of the annuity each subsequent year until arrears paid; and if any contributor who has been a member at forty years of age, shall die before he has paid twelve years rates, the deficiency to be made up in the same manner. Same act, § 5.

If a contributor survive the term upon which payment of his fourth annual rate became due, and shall die a widower, leaving children not sixteen years old, such child at WhitSunday next after the death of the father, will be intitled to receive 100l. sterling, and if more than one child, to be equally divided; but if the contributor die before Candlemas, at which the fourth annual rate is due, neither widows nor children to be entitled to any benefit from the scheme, but entirely excluded. Same act, § 6.

The capital to be 11,000l. sterling, with the contingent increase; that the trustees, besides the sums already raised, being 3,150l. are to apply the whole annual rates together with the money paid by or received from the funds of the corporation, and profits of the stock; first, in defraying the expences of management; and second, in lending out the following sums annually for increasing and raising the capital, viz. at WhitSunday in the years 1788, 1789, 1790, 1791, 1792, 1793, 1794, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1798, 1799, and 1800 the sum of 200l. sterling; at the

same time in each year, 1801, 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, the sum of 130l. sterling; at the same time in the years 1806, 1807, and 1808 the sum of 115l. sterling; and in each year 1809, 1810, 1811, 1812, and 1813, the sum of 100l. sterling; and in each year 1814, 1815, 1816, 1817, and 1818, the sum of 50l. sterling; in 1819, and in each subsequent year, 30l. sterling, until the capital of 11,000l. is completed; and thirdly, for payment of the annuities due to the widows of the contributors, and the provisions for their children; and if the annual produce in one year exceed the charges of management, the sum so ordered to be applied for raising the capital, and the annuities and provisions for the widows and children for that year, and the arrears of former years after mentioned, if any such, the surplus to be lent out to increase the capital; and if in any one year the annual produce shall not be sufficient to defray the burthen of that year, yet no encroachment to be made on that account on the capital as then raised, nor the same stopped, except when contributors leave children intitled to provision from the fund, when the capital stock may be diminished to make-up the deficiency, and pay what such children are intitled to; but in all other cases the short coming to effect the annuities of all the widows proportionably, without regard to order of time, to be restored out of the surplus for the succeeding year; and when the capital is raised, if the annual produce be more than sufficient to pay all the burthens of the year, the surplus to be divided amongst the widows on the fund; and if the capital of 11,000l. after made up shall happen to be diminished by insolvency of debtors, &c. the same to be made up by after-surpluses lent out as aforesaid; but if such diminution happens by payments to children, what is so paid to be replaced by annual payments of 20l. per cent. Same act, § 8.

The trustees to have full power to manage the scheme and fund, and to receive and pay all money, and act agreeable to the letters patent; and the

accounts of collectors to be exhibited at a general meeting of contributors at Lammas, yearly, instead of the second Monday in August, as directed by the said letters patent. Same act, § 9.

And John Shiells one of the members of the college and corporation, at the time the scheme was instituted, did not accede thereto, but hath since declared his willingness to become a contributor, and pay all the annual rates; the said John Shiells to be admitted a member on payment of 55l. sterling, in six weeks, and continuing to pay the common annual rates for the year 1788, and every year after for his life, until he has paid twenty-four years rates, if he live so long; the expence of this act to be paid out of the common funds of the college, and not out of the money provided for the widows and children. Same act, § 10.

An additional duty of sixpence per gallon to be paid for British spirits distilled in Scotland, and brought into any other part of the united kingdom, of the strength of one to ten over hydrometer proof; for every gallon of greater strength, and not exceeding three per cent. over and above that strength, sixpence; and a further duty in proportion to its greater strength, which duties are to be paid by the importer before landing. 28 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 36.

Spirits actually shipped and cleared at the port of exportation before the 1st of February, 1788, not liable to the additional duty; but it may be charged on spirits contracted for before this act passed, and not delivered until after; but the parties contracting to receive them, may annul the bargains. Same act, § 2.

The duty on ships passing light-houses erected in the northern parts of Great Britain raised, viz.

For British decked vessels, per d.
ton - - - - - 0 12

For foreign decked vessels - - 0 3

Half the duties to be paid when two light-houses are erected; and the commissioners may borrow 3000l. more on credit of the duties. Same year, c. 25. 4,000l.

4,600*l.* granted for military roads and bridges in Scotland. Same year, c. 26.

The hereditary revenues of the crown of Scotland, &c. granted to king George the Second, to be at his present majesty's disposal, Same year, c. 33. § 13.

The duty on low wines, and spirits, and worts, wash, &c. used in distillation in Scotland, discontinued; and in lieu thereof, to be paid for one year, from the 5th of July, 1788.

On stills used for making low wines or spirits from British *l. s.*
 materials, per gallon - 3 0
 If from melasses - 5 0
 And if from any other foreign materials - 6 0

Same year, c. 46. § 1.

NONE to erect or work stills in Scotland without licence registered at the excise office in Edinburgh, and paying a proportion of the duty in advance, at the rate of one-sixth part every two months; but no licence for wash-stills of less than fifty gallons contents, nor unless a low wine-still be licenced with it of one-fourth part of its contents. Same act, § 2.

Distillers obtaining licences after the 5th of July, 1788, may prepare worts, but not distil low wines before the time fixed; and the licences to continue until the 5th of July, 1789; but for erecting, working, &c. stills without licence, to forfeit 200*l.* besides the still, &c.; persons applying for licences to swear the stills are their own property; and particulars to be specified. Same act, § 3.

Wash-stills may be used as spirit stills, and the contrary on notice to the officer; but no distiller to carry on the trade of a brewer or victualler at the same time, on forfeiture of 200*l.*; nor rectifiers or compounders of spirits in Scotland, on the like penalty. Same act, § 8.

New stills may be erected in lieu of those destroyed of the same dimensions mentioned, and an additional duty paid for increased contents; and notice to be given to the excise of change of property, and by the purchaser if he

does not intend to work, with many other regulations. Same act, § 11.

For every still of 120 gallons or upwards contents, for which licence granted in Scotland, to pay a fee of one penny per gallon; and for every other licence there, five shillings to the officer granting the same, who is to keep a register thereof. Same act, § 18.

Licences for stills of more than fifty gallons may be granted for chemical experiments at five shillings each, until the 5th of July, 1789, and may be kept secret on the same terms as Lord Dundonald's; but if used for distilling to forfeit 200*l.*; permits for the first removal of spirits in Scotland, not requisite. Same act, § 23.

Still-makers in Scotland to take out annual licences, and to pay five shillings to the officer and no more for the same; and to stamp his name and the number on stills, and give notice three days after finishing, that they may be gauged, or to forfeit ten shillings per gallon; and persons importing stills from England to give the like notice; and stills not to be erected without gauging, on 50*l.* penalty; and no penalty under former acts discharged; nor 25 G. 3. c. 22. and 42. altered; but lord Dundonald is to give an account of his stills which may be inspected by order of the commissioners of excise, or upon information those stills are illegally worked. Same act, § 27.

The duty on licences to distillers in Scotland, discontinued for one year, from the 6th of July, 1788; and their stocks in Scotland to be taken, and notice to be given to the officer if any part thereof be intended to be sent to England; which stock is to be locked up, and not delivered without permit; but may be shipped and cleared out before the 10th of October following; and may be landed in England subject to the regulations of 27 G. 3. c. 13. and 28 G. 3. c. 4. Same act, § 31.

Commissioners of excise may allow spirits so secured, to be taken out for sale in Scotland; and if distillers, whose stocks are taken, do not take licence in a year, no part of their stock to be removed without a permit. Same act, § 34.

Distillers

Distillers making spirits in England to be exported to Scotland, or the contrary, to make an entry of stills previous, and to give notice when they begin to work, on penalty of 100l.; and if they do not begin in an hour after the time specified, to give fresh notice, on penalty of 100l. Same act, § 35.

No distiller to make entry, or give notice of making spirits in England to export to Scotland, whose wash-still will not contain 1,600 gallons, and his low wine-still, 850 gallons; nor any to enter or give notice in Scotland to make spirits for exportation to England, whose wash-still will not contain 200 gallons; and the spirit or low wine-still, 50 gallons; nor, to be permitted to distil for such exportation, although they have made such entries, unless they have distilled into spirits all the wash and low wines in their custody for making spirits for home consumption, at least forty-eight hours before the day mentioned in such entry. Same act, § 36.

Every such distiller to take out a licence ten days before they begin to make wash to be distilled for exportation to Scotland; and for not taking out a licence, a penalty of 200l. Same act, § 38.

Distillers in Scotland extracting spirits for exportation to England, to be allowed an abatement of the licence duty, viz. for every day the still is used in making spirits from British materials per gallon of the cubical contents, twopence and four-tenths of a penny, including the head; if from melasses or fugar, fourpence; and if from foreign refused wines, &c. fourpence and eight-tenths of a penny; to be paid in a week, on forfeiture of double the duty, and of 200l. for not charging wash-stills as directed, or not working them off in due time. Same act, § 42.

Wash spirits from England to Scotland not chargeable with excise duty; and distillers for exportation in England and Scotland, to produce to the officer the quantity of spirits from the quantity of wash; and if the proportion of spirits falls short, to pay duties, viz.

	s.	d.
For every deficient gallon of		
British materials	-	2 9
If melasses or fugar	-	2 10½
If foreign refused wine	-	5 0
Same act, § 46.		

See *Distillers*. Same act, § 48.

Spirits imported from Scotland to England to pay 2s. 9d. per gallon duty, and the spirits landed in twenty days after entry, or to be forfeited and sold; and the surplus, after the duty paid, to go to the officer; and if no overplus, commissioners may reward the officers; in such entries, the number of casks to be inserted; and no spirits sent between Scotland and England by land or by vessels, less than seventy tons, or in casks less than one hundred gallons, on penalty of forfeiture with the vessels, &c.; and such spirits from Scotland to England not to be of greater strength than one to ten over hydrometer proof; but if made in Scotland and sent to England, may be three per cent. above that strength, and not forfeited, but charged with a further duty in proportion to the surplus strength. Same act, § 56.

Spirits sent by water from England to Scotland, to be accompanied with a permit, on penalty of forfeiture; but not liable to seizure if only a small deficiency in the gauge by some accident without fraud; and counterparts of such permits to be transmitted to the commissioners of excise in England; and the like of the clearance to the port of landing in England. Same act, § 61.

See *Bishop (George.)* Same act, § 63. Sections 28, 29, and 30 of 26 G. 3. c. 73. repealed. Same act, § 72.

See *Rectifiers*. Same act, § 73.

See *Distillers*. Same act, § 77.

Duties under this act to be paid into the exchequer, and carried to the consolidated fund. Same act, § 85.

See *Harbours*. Same year, c. 58.

For taking down the present courthouse and gaol, and erecting a new one for the town and county of Inverness; and appropriating 1,000l. out of the unexhausted surplus from the forfeited

forfeited estates in North Britain towards building the same. Same year, c. 69.

So much of act 8 G. 3. c. 60. as relates to the repairing the roads through the county of Roxburgh, and regulating the statute labour within the same, &c. continued for twenty-one years. 29 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 36.

For repairing roads in the county of Perth, and for explaining act 25 G. 3. c. 13. for repairing highways, bridges; and ferries in the county of Perth, Scotland. Same year, c. 17.

For repairing roads in the county of Forfar, and regulating the statute labour within the same. Same year, c. 20.

For appropriating 3,000l. out of the unexhausted surplus from the forfeited estates in North Britain, to be applied by the Highland Society of Scotland at Edinburgh, for public uses in that part of the kingdom. Same year, c. 28.

For applying 1,000l. out of the unexhausted surplus from forfeited estates in North Britain, towards finishing the bridge over the Pees or Pass of Cockburnspath, in the county of Berwick. Same year, c. 42.

For altering and enlarging the powers in act 13 G. 3. c. 28. for deepening and making more commodious the harbour of Greenock in Scotland; and supplying the inhabitants of the town with fresh water, and paving the streets, &c. Same year, c. 43.

For amending and continuing until the 5th of July, 1790, act 28 G. 3. c. 46. for discontinuing for a time the duties payable in Scotland upon low wines and spirits, and upon worts, wash, and other liquors there used in lieu thereof; for regulating the exportation of British made spirits from England to Scotland, and from Scotland to England; and to discontinue for the same time act 26 G. 3. c. 73. for the same purpose; and for granting and securing the payment of other duties in lieu thereof; and for better regulation of making and vending British spirits; and for discontinuing for a limited time certain imposts and duties upon rum and spirits imported from the

West Indies, and to revive and continue the last mentioned act. Same year, c. 45.

Part of sect. 62 and sect. 63, 64, and 65 of act 28 G. 3. c. 46. repealed; and permits allowed to rectifiers at the rate of 142 gallons for every 100 gallons of raw British spirits; and officers to take an account of stock as specified; and if excess in quantity found, seizable; and not to sell spirits of greater strength than one in six under hydrometer proof, or forfeited, &c; if any of this allowance not used, to be taken from the rectifiers credit; and section 79 and 80 of the same act, repealed; and 26 G. 3. c. 73. except where repugnant to 28 G. 3. c. 46. and also the latter act where not repealed, revived and continued as before mentioned. Same year, c. 45.

For preventing the wilfully burning or destroying ships, or any woollen, silk, linen, or cotton goods, or any implements prepared for or used in the manufacture thereof in Scotland. Same year, c. 46.

If the owner, captain, master, officer, or mariner belonging to any ship or vessel, shall wilfully burn or destroy the same with intent to defraud the underwriters of any policy of insurance, or merchant loading goods, or owners, the offender being thereof convicted in Scotland, to suffer death. Same act, § 2.

For entering forcibly into any house with intent to destroy any woollen goods in the loom, or on the rack; or burn, cut, or destroy the same, or any tools used in making such woollen goods, &c. not having the consent of the owner, if convicted in Scotland, to suffer death; and likewise any velvet, wrought silk, or silk mixed with other materials in the loom, or any warp, or shuttle, tools, tackle, or utensils employed in making thereof, or any linen cotton in the loom, &c. the like. Same act, § 3.

4,000l. granted for roads and bridges in the Highlands of Scotland. Same year, c. 61.

So much of act 23 G. 3. c. 18. as relates to the rendering the payment of

of creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland, continued until the 15th of May, 1792, &c. 30 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 37.

The time for holding the summer sessions in Scotland, altered; and to begin the 12th of May, and end the 11th of July. Same year, c. 17. § 1.

Whituntide term in the exchequer to begin the 12th of May, and end the 2d of June; and Lammas term to begin the 17th of June and end the 5th of July; and if that day be on Sunday, to end on the Saturday before. Same act, § 2.

Spring circuits to be held between the 12th of March and the 12th of May. Same act, § 3.

Complaint to the lord ordinary on the bills in time of vacation, within four months, to be equivalent to complaints to the lord of sessions, as directed by act 16 G. 2. c. 11. Same act, § 4.

Writs already issued from the exchequer in Scotland, returnable the 12th of June, 1790, may be proceeded on as if returnable on the first day of Lammas term. Same act, § 5.

4,850l. 18. 8d. granted for expences of roads and bridges in the Highlands of North Britain. Same year, c. 32.

See *Spirits and Spirituous Liquors*. Same year, c. 37.

The commissioners of excise in Scotland, with the approbation of the treasury, to pay to distillers in Scotland who had in their possession between the 22d of October and the 2d of November, 1784, spirits which had been regularly permitted to London, 8,200l. if application be made to the treasury before the 5th of July, 1790. Same year, c. 39.

See *Corn and Grain*. 31 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 37.

5,911l. 4s. 3d. for roads and bridges in the Highlands. Same year, c. 41.

See *Edinburgh*. Same year, c. 57.

Acts 15 G. 2. c. 8. and 31 G. 2. c. 52. for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one-sixth part of a penny sterling, upon every Scots pint of ale and beer sold in the town of Kirkcaldy, and the liber-

ties thereof, continued for twenty-one years. Same year, c. 82.

The capital of the bank of Scotland further increased 3,600,000l. Scots, or 300,000l. sterling; and former acts confirmed, except where altered by this act. 32 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 37.

4,660l. granted for roads and bridges in the Highlands. Same year, c. 35.

For granting relief to pastors, ministers, and lay-persons of the episcopal communion in Scotland. Same year, c. 63.

For making effectual the statute labour in the county of Renfrew, and for levying conversion money in lieu of labour in certain cases; and for otherwise regulating, making, and repairing high roads and bridges in the said county. Same year, c. 68.

For improving the communication between the county of Edinburgh and the county of Fife, by the passages or ferries across the Frith of Forth, between Leith and Newhaven in the county of Edinburgh, and Kinghorn, and Bruntisland, in the county of Fife; and for rendering the harbours, and landing places more commodious. Same year, c. 93.

Scotland Yard.

See *The King*, &c. 27 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 26.

Seal Skins

Not to be admitted to entry until the master is sworn. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 8. vol. 35.

The liberty granted to import seal-skins extended to such as shall be cured with foreign salt laden from the Cape de Verd islands, &c. 31 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 37. Continued until the 14th of June, 1798. 32 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

Seamen.

The treasurer and other officers of the navy, may grant warrants as justices to apprehend persons charged with the forging, &c. seamen tickets, wills, &c. 9 G. 3. c. 30. § 5. vol. 28. See *Navy*. 19 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 33.

Seamen

Seamen belonging to the whale fishery exempt from pressing. 11 G. 3. c. 38. § 16. vol. 29.

Merchants ships may be navigated by three-fourths foreign seamen till a certain time, but not to restrain the proclamation by 13 G. 2. c. 3.—11 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 29.—16 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 31.—17 G. 3. c. 34.—18 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 32.—19 G. 3. c. 14.—20 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 33.

Clause in 6 An. c. 37. § 37. exempting seamen in *America* from being pressed, repealed. 15 G. 3. c. 31. § 19. vol. 31.

See *Head Money*. 17 G. 3. c. 7. § 16. vol. 31. See *Prizes*. 22 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 34.

For the encouragement of seamen, and speedy manning of the navy. 19 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 32.—20 G. 3. c. 23.—21 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 33.

Acts 2 & 3 An. c. 6. § 20. 13 G. 2. c. 17. 2 G. 3. c. 15. and 11 G. 3. c. 38. § 19. for granting protections against pressing, suspended for five months, and as to the coal trade for one month; and none to be sued for impressing in that time. 19 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 32.

Foreign seamen serving two years aboard British ships during the late war, or of the present hostilities, to be deemed natural born subjects. 20 G. 3. c. 20. § 3. vol. 33.

See *Scotland*. 23 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 34.

Seamen of Newfoundland fishing ships neglecting their employment, to forfeit five days pay for every day's neglect. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 6. vol. 35.

Seamen deserting from Newfoundland to any foreign state, to be sent home; but if not an European, to be committed to gaol for twelve months. Same act, § 12.

For preventing frauds and abuses in payment of wages, prize-money, and other allowances due for service of petty officers and seamen on board, and in the king's service. Same year, c. 63.

No masters of vessels trading coastwise, to proceed on a voyage without entering into an agreement with the seamen for wages, on penalty of five

pounds for each man; and such agreements to be binding. 31 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 37.

Seamen neglecting or refusing to proceed on voyages for which they have engaged, to forfeit their wages; and absenting themselves or deserting before the expiration of the time for which they have engaged, to forfeit two days pay to Greenwich hospital for every day they are so absent. Same act, § 3.

Masters to settle with the men for their wages in five days after the vessel shall have entered at the Custom-house, or the cargo delivered, or the seamen discharged; and seamen not deprived of the usual means for recovery of wages; and in case of dispute, the master to produce the agreement. Same act, § 5.

Penalties to be deducted out of the mens wages, and applied to the use of Greenwich hospital; and masters not paying the penalties in three months, to forfeit treble the value to Greenwich hospital. Same act, § 7.

Agreements not liable to stamp duties; and this act not to extend to vessels under one hundred tons burthen; nor to debar seamen from entering into the king's service. Same act, § 10.

From the 1st of August, 1792, the agent of hospitals to make out a certificate of discharge for non-commissioned officers of marines, or marines dismissed as unserviceable, as directed by act 31 G. 2. c. 10. 32 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 37.

If any non-commissioned officer of marines, or marine die in the service of his majesty, the captain of the ship to make out a ticket of the pay due, and send the same to the commissioners of the navy; and if any petty officer, or seaman, non-commissioned officer of marines, or marine die in the service of his majesty, the captain to cause his effects to be sold at the mast. Same act, § 2.

Captains to cause the names of the non-commissioned officers of marines and marines, to be read over, with the names of the petty officers and seamen; and to transmit lists of such as shall

be desirous of remitting their wages; and marines may receive bills for their wages upon the receiver-general of the land-tax, or collectors of the customs or excise; and duplicates of bills, if not produced in six months, to be returned to the treasurer of the navy. Same act, § 4.

Captains to grant to petty officers, seamen, and marines turned over from other ships or discharged, tickets for the pay due, according to the forms prescribed by this act; and agents of hospitals to give certificates of the discharge therefrom of seamen, &c.; and commanders of vessels bringing home seamen, &c. from hospitals abroad, to grant certificates of having paid them no wages for their services during their passage home, on penalty of 50*l*. Same act, § 7.

Ninepence a day to be allowed for seafaring men shipwrecked, &c. in cases where sixpence was directed by act 31 G. 2. c. 10. Same act, § 8.

The navy board to assign for payment, tickets presented or transmitted to them. Same act, § 9.

Agents of hospitals to make out lists of seamen, &c. sent there, which, when signed, shall be their vouchers; and seamen, &c. returning to their ships, to leave their sick tickets with the agents; but if discharged as unserviceable, or sent to any other ship, to keep them; and if sent to hospitals in Great Britain, to be allowed only thirty days pay while they remain there. Same act, § 10.

The navy-board to make out tickets for seamen, &c. left behind on service when ships proceed to sea; and seamen, &c. discharged as unserviceable from hospitals, being at ports where no commissioner of the navy resides, and wishing to receive payment of tickets, to apply to the collectors of the customs, &c. who on such applications are to ascertain the identity of the party, and transmit the tickets to the navy board, who are to make out remittance bills for the same. Same act, § 13.

Other tickets may be made for those lost, on application to the navy office;

and executors may receive the pay due, where the party shall have died before receiving payment of tickets; and agents of hospitals to forward tickets of dead persons to the navy board. Same act, § 15.

On production of the duplicate of a remittance bill to any receiver-general of the land-tax, &c. within six months, he shall examine into the truth of it upon oath, and pay the same without fee; and if the receiver-general, &c. has not money in his hands when duplicates are presented, he is to appoint a day for payment within a month, and fifty pounds penalty for delaying payment; and payment of tickets not to be postponed, though the muster-books are not regularly transmitted to the navy office; and errors in tickets to be made good by the persons granting them. Same act, § 16.

Tickets, bills, and duplicates to be vouchers to the treasurer of the navy. Same act, § 19.

The pay of commissioned or warrant officers to be paid to them or their attornies, unless an assignment be produced at the time of payment; and the treasurer of the navy not to regard any power of attorney, unless produced when the wages are paying; and masters to receive the wages of apprentices. Same act, § 20.

No seaman, &c. liable to process but for a criminal matter, or for a debt contracted before he belonged to any ship of 20*l*. or upwards, and oath of the debt to be made; and persons arrested contrary to this act, to be discharged and intitled to costs. Same act, § 22.

Persons counterfeiting tickets, &c. guilty of felony; and so much of act 31 G. 2. c. 10. as is not hereby repealed, to remain in force. Same act, § 23.

From the 1st of August, 1792, no letter of attorney, or will of a noncommissioned officer or marine, to be valid, unless made according to 26 G. 3. c. 63.; and letters of attorney, or orders from discharged seamen, &c., executed within seven miles of a port where seamen's wages are then paid, not valid, unless

unless attested by a clerk of the treasurer of the navy. Same year, c. 34.

Captains to deliver to discharged seamen, &c. a certificate; and no seaman, &c. intitled to receive his wages, unless his person be identified by an officer of the ship, or if discharged from one ship to another, or taken by the enemy, or shipwrecked, he complies with the regulations mentioned in this act. Same act, § 3.

No seaman, &c. who has run from a ship shall receive wages unless his mark be taken off. Same act, § 4.

When ships having been twelve months in pay shall arrive where any commissioner of the navy resides, and money issued for paying them, the wages for the time the books are preparing, shall be reserved over and above the six months, to be left unpaid pursuant to 31 G. 2. c. 10. Same act, § 5.

No letter of attorney to be passed by the inspector until a certificate is produced and executed on board, agreeable to 26 G. 3. c. 63. and an order for any sum not exceeding seven pounds, may be given upon the treasurer of the navy attested, &c. as mentioned in this act. Same act, § 6.

Who are to be deemed petty officers, seamen, non-commissioned officers of marines, or marines within the meaning of this and former acts; and months to be reckoned by the calendar, except in the computation of pay, &c.; and lieutenants to sign their names in the muster book for the purpose of being compared with the attestation of wills; and captains to specify in the musters which of the men have granted wills in the month. Same act, § 8.

Captains sailing from foreign stations, when no opportunity of transmitting musters, &c. offers, to leave them with the naval officer; and captains when removed, to deliver complete muster books to their successors, who are to give receipts for the same; without which no general certificate to be granted. Same act, § 12.

Parish ministers may deliver checks transmitted by the inspector to attor-

nies, &c.; and letters of attorney and wills to be examined by the inspector, who shall issue checks. Same act, § 14.

Wages of seamen, &c. dying intestate, to be paid only upon administration; and executors to obtain probates of wills in the manner mentioned in this act; and creditors desirous of administering to seamen, &c. must apply to the inspector, and state the amount of their demands, who is to sign the account, and make out a certificate of the demand, and to forward it to a proctor, who is to obtain administration as prescribed by this act; and if any balance remains after paying the creditor, to remain with the treasurer of the navy for persons intitled thereto. Same act, § 15.

When letters of administration, or probates of wills have been obtained and passed, the inspector to issue a check; and if the sum due does not exceed 10l. the inspector to issue a certificate, which is to be delivered to the executor, &c. if present, otherwise to the deputy-paymaster, who, on receiving checks or certificates, is to compute the wages due, and pay the balance; and if the party reside at a distance, a remittance bill to be made out and signed as in cases where wages are remitted at the pay of a ship by 31 G. 2. c. 10. Same act, § 22.

On production of the duplicate of a remittance bill to any receiver general of the land-tax, &c. within six months, he shall examine into the truth of it upon oath, and pay the same; and if he shall not have money in his hands when duplicates are tendered, to appoint a day within a month, and 50l. penalty for delay of payment; and bills and duplicates to be allowed in passing the accounts of the treasurer of the navy. Same act, § 26.

Forging certificates, checks, &c. death; and seamen, &c. attempting to receive their pay on forged certificates, or assisting in forging them, to be punished as in cases of perjury. Same act, § 29.

The following sums to be paid for
R r 2 probates

probates of wills, and letters of administration of seamen, &c. granted in pursuance of this act, viz.

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Probates of wills, if the effects are under 20 <i>l.</i> value	0	15	2
For letters of administration	1	4	2
For probates of wills under 40 <i>l.</i>	1	8	8
For letters of administration	1	17	8
For probates of wills under 60 <i>l.</i>	1	11	2
For letters of administration	2	8	6
For probates of wills under 100 <i>l.</i>	1	13	8
For letters of administration	2	11	0
For commissions or requisitions to swear executors or administrators, under 20 <i>l.</i>	0	15	0
And under 100 <i>l.</i>	1	3	0
The following sums to be paid for probates of wills or letters of administration granted to the widow, children, father, mother, brother, or sister, in pursuance of this act, viz.			
	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
For probates of wills under 20 <i>l.</i>	0	6	0
For letters of administration	0	14	0
For probates of wills under 40 <i>l.</i>	0	19	6
For letters of administration	1	7	6
For probates of wills under 60 <i>l.</i>	1	3	0
For letters of administration	1	11	0
For probates of wills under 100 <i>l.</i>	1	7	6
For letters of administration	1	15	6
For commissions or requisitions to swear executors or administrators, under 20 <i>l.</i>	0	12	0
Under 40 <i>l.</i>	0	15	6
Under 60 <i>l.</i>	0	16	6
Under 100 <i>l.</i>	0	18	6
Same act, § 31.			

No ecclesiastical court or other person, save as before mentioned, to receive more than five shillings for the probate of any will, or any letters of administration granted to the widow, children, father, mother, brother, or sister of any seamen, &c. unless his effects amount to the value of 100*l.* and five shillings for a commission or requi-

sition to swear the widow, &c. being executors or administrators. Same act, § 33.

Bills of costs on letters of administration granted to creditors, to be taxed by the registers of the prerogative court, who are to have a fee of three shillings and fourpence for taxing the same; and proctors to forward letters of administration, and certificate of charges, to the treasurer or paymaster of the navy; and 50*l.* penalty for taking more than the prescribed sums for probates, &c.; and proctors procuring probates, &c. contrary to this act, or 26 G. 3. c. 63. incapable of acting in any ecclesiastical court in Great Britain, and to forfeit 500*l.*; but the treasurer or paymaster may allow reasonable charges for extraordinary trouble, &c.; and so much of 26 G. 3. c. 63. as is not hereby repealed, to continue in force. Same act, § 34.

When vessels not in any port of Great Britain, or the coast thereof, shall have twelve months pay due, the captains to cause the names of inferior officers, seamen, &c. to be read over, and to transmit lists of such as shall allot their wages to be paid to relations in Ireland to the navy board; and the commissioners of the navy upon receiving lists, to make out duplicate certificates for such allotments, and one of the certificates to be transmitted to the person named in the list, and the other to the commissioners of revenue in Ireland. Same year, c. 67.

Inferior officers, seamen, &c. desirous of remitting their wages to Ireland, may receive certificates addressed to the commissioners of revenue; and one to be delivered to the person requiring it, and the other to be transmitted to the commissioners of revenue in Ireland. Same act, § 4.

The treasurer of Greenwich Hospital to make out certificates of the outpensions of seamen residing in Ireland, and one to be transmitted to the outpensioner, and the other to the commissioners of revenue in Ireland. Same act, § 5.

When the revenue officers in Ireland are

are authorized to grant receipts to discharged petty officers, seamen, &c. for foreign remove tickets, &c. and shall transmit the same with the necessary documents, the commissioners of the navy to cause remittance certificates to be made out for the balance; but payment of certificates not to be postponed, though the duplicates of tickets, or the muster-books may not have been regularly transmitted to the navy office; and errors in tickets to be made good by persons granting them. Same act, § 7.

Remittance certificates to be made out for wages payable to executors, &c. residing in Ireland as in cases of parties desiring their wages to be remitted there. Same act, § 9.

Money paid in Ireland on certificates, to be repaid by the treasurer of the navy; but if duplicates of certificates be not produced for payment in nine months, to be cancelled; and tickets, &c. to be vouchers for the treasurer of the navy; and persons counterfeiting certificates, guilty of felony. Same act, § 10.

Officers of the navy, &c. to assist in granting certificates; and sol. penalty on clerks taking unauthorized fees. Same act, § 13.

The admiralty to direct the commissioners of the navy to deliver blank certificates, as prescribed by 32 G. 3. c. 34. to captains of the navy, requiring them and the treasurer to cause to be printed and delivered, an abstract of the regulations by acts of parliament, respecting the payment of the navy, to the principal officers of the navy, &c. to be hung up and promulgated; and the admiralty to deliver copies of the abstract to the captains of ships, who shall cause one with the articles of war to be hung up in the most public place of the ship, and read monthly to the crew; and the commissioners of the navy to enquire whether the directions for hanging up the abstract, &c. have been observed; and the admiralty to redress complaints, &c. Same act, § 14.

So much of act 31 G. 2. c. 10. as directs abstracts thereof to be made

out, hung up, &c. repealed; and the general abstract of acts now in force, relating to the payment of seamen's wages, annexed to this act to be used. Same act, § 15.

Searches.

On oath of credible persons of the suspicion of French printed calicoes, &c. being concealed, the commissioners of excise by warrant, may order officers (with the assistance of a peace officer) in the day time to search for the same. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 15. vol. 36.

Sea-water.

See *Irving, Charles.* 12 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 29.

Secret Service Money.

See *Pensions.* 22 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 34.

191,342l. granted for secret service-money for 1788. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

Secretary to Commander in Chief of Forces.

See *Post Office.* 22 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.

Secretaries of State.

See *Post Office.* 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

Seizures.

See *Customs.* 21 G. 3. c. 62. § 2. vol. 33.

See *Justices of Peace.* 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 47. vol. 34.

In actions relative to seizures under this act (see *Sale*) the proof to lie on the claimer, who is to give bond to pay costs. 25 G. 3. c. 63. § 21. vol. 35.

See *Newfoundland.* 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 20. vol. 35.

If on trial for a seizure a verdict for the claimer, yet if probable cause appears by the judge's certificate, to have no costs, nor any action against the seizer; and the plaintiff to have no more than twopence damages, or the defendant fined above one shilling. Same year, c. 40.

Seized goods after condemned in the exchequer, to be stamped before delivered

livered out of the king's warehouse.

27 G. 3. c. 32. § 13. vol. 36.

Goods forfeited by the act for regulating the trade to the British colonies and islands, and the United States of America, may be seized by the commanders of the king's ships, and by the officers of the customs; and may be sued for and disposed of, either in this kingdom, or in British America, or the West Indies. 28 G. 3. c. 6. § 16. vol. 36.

See *Officers*. Same year, c. 34. § 5.

Goods seized under any act relative to the trade of the British colonies in America, may, by order of the judge (having jurisdiction to determine) be delivered upon security given to answer double value if condemned, or if the informer delay proceeding. Same act, § 7.

If on trial of any suit or information for seizure of goods forfeited under any revenue act, and a probable cause for such seizure shall be made appear, the claimant is not to have costs, nor the defendant liable to more than twopence damages. Same year, c. 37. § 24.

The wool act not to extend to discharge any seizure of wool, &c. or any prosecution in respect to the informer's part of the fine, but may proceed; and if in any action for seizure, if the judge certifies there was probable cause, the claimer not intitled to costs, nor the seizer liable to any other suit; and the plaintiff (besides the value of the ship and goods) not to have above twopence damages without costs, nor to be fined above one shilling. Same year, c. 38. § 90.

Selby, Yorkshire.

See *Bridges*. 31 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 37.

Senegal.

See *African Company*. 23 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 34.

Sentences.

See *The King*, &c. 30 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 37.

Sepulchre (St.) London.

For relief of the poor, and paving the streets. 12 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 29.

See *Fires and Fire Engines*. 14 G. 3. c. 78. § 84. vol. 30.

See *Scotland*. 15 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 31.

An annual duty of twenty one shillings to be paid by masters for each male servant, viz. maitre d'hotel, house-steward, master of the house-hould, groom of the chambers, valet de chambre, butler, under-butler, clerk of the kitchen, confectioner, cook, house-porter, footman, running-footman, coachman, groom, postillion, stable-boy, helper, gardenet (not being a day labourer) park-keeper, game-keeper, huntsman, and whipper-in; but not servants employed only in husbandry, manufactures, or trade, whereby the master earns a livelihood or profit. 17 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 31.

The duty for coachmen on jobs to be paid by the employer, and for apprentices, unless those put out by the parish; but butlers, cooks, &c. of universities, servants of the royal family, and of hospitals, exempted. Same act, § 3.

To be assessed and collected in Scotland the same as the duty on houses, by 26 G. 2. c. 17. and to be paid half yearly. 18 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 32.

No assessment to be impeached for any mistake in the servant's name; and masters having several residences, to return lists of those they mean to pay for at each place; and if the lists differ, penalty 40l. 19 G. 3. c. 59. § 16. vol. 32.

From the 21st of May, 1781, these acts to cease, and the duty to be levied by the laws of excise; and masters to give lists to the excise office, and to pay the duty there; and if the master has several residences, to give duplicates, on penalty of 20l.; and if any servant is omitted, to pay double for him. 21 G. 3. c. 31. § 9. vol. 33.

Masters delivering lists, and paying before information, not liable to a prosecution; and all prosecutions in the limits of the excise office, London, to be before the commissioners there; and in other parts before justices of the peace. Same act. § 10.

The duties granted by 17 G. 3. c. 39. 21 G. 3. c. 31. and 22 G. 3. c. 66. on male servants to cease, and the following duties granted yearly, viz.

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
For male servants, one or two, each	-	1	5 0
For three or four, each	-	1	10 0
For five to seven, each	-	1	15 0
For eight to ten, each	-	2	0 0
For eleven and upwards	-	3	0 0

And every unmarried master above twenty-one years of age, to pay an additional twenty-five shillings for each male servant. 25 G. 3. c. 43. § 3. vol. 35. See *Constables*. Same act, § 40.

For one female servant, to pay 2s. 6d. for two, each 5s.; for three or more, each 10s.; and masters unmarried to pay an addition for one female servant, 2s. 6d.; for two, each 5s.; and for three or more, each 10s.; but not to extend to male or female servants employed in husbandry or manufactures, &c. Same act, § 5.

Job coachmen, grooms, &c. to be paid for by their employers; and the duty to be paid for apprentices employed as livery servants; but not to affect butlers, manciples, cooks, gardeners, or porters in any university; nor the servants of the royal family, or of ambassadors; nor to the royal hospital of Christ, St. Bartholemew, Bridewell, Bethlem, St. Thomas, Guy's, or the Foundling Hospital. Same act, § 7.

Officers under the rank of field-officers, or in the navy, marines, or corps of engineers, and halfpay-officers, may have one servant each, duty free; disabled officers in the king's service, or on half-pay, not liable to the duty for one servant. Same act, § 11.

Persons having in their house, two or more children, or grandchildren, under fourteen years of age, one female servant to be exempt for every two children, and so in proportion. Same act, § 13.

Servants under fourteen, and those above sixty years of age, exempt from duty. Same act, § 14.

The duties to be collected and paid into the exchequer in the same manner as the duties on houses and windows, and to be under the commissioners of taxes, and subject to the same acts; and a proportion of the former duties paid to the excise office, to be paid back. Same act, § 19.

Masters having several places of abode, not to pay twice for the same servants; but different ones to be paid for. Same act, § 27.

Lists to be made out annually of the greatest number of servants employed at any one time in the year, ending the 5th of April preceding, and in default thereof, the assessor to make out such lists, and housekeepers to give lists of lodgers keeping servants, and for omitting the same, penalty 10l. Same act, § 30.

Upon appeals, the appellant to give a list on oath, with such description as required; and may desire a case for the opinion of a judge, and need not pay until such opinion be obtained. Same act, § 39.

The time for repayment of duty on male-servants, and carriages, and horses, &c. by the commissioners of excise, limited to the 5th of July, 1787; and any demands under the acts 23 G. 3. c. 66. 24 G. 3. c. 31. and 25 G. 3. c. 4. to be made before that time. 26 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.

See *Assessments*. 31 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 37.

From the 5th of April, 1792, the duties on female-servants, granted by 25 G. 3. c. 42. to cease. 32 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 37.

Any person personating a master, &c. or giving a false character to a servant, or asserting that a servant has been hired for a period of time, or in a station, or was discharged at any other time, or had not been hired in any previous service contrary to fact; or any servant pretending to have served where he has not, or with a false certificate, or who shall alter any certificate, or who, having been before in service, shall pretend not to have been in such service, shall, on conviction, forfeit

20l. and not paying the penalty, may be committed to prison. Same year, c. 56.

Informer, though intitled to part of the penalty, a competent witness; and offenders discovering accomplices before information, indemnified; and parties aggrieved may appeal to the quarter sessions, where the matter may be finally determined in a summary way; but proceedings not to be quashed for want of form, or removed by *certiorari*. Same act, § 7.

Sessions and Session's House.

Justices at quarter sessions on presentment of grand jury, enabled to order the repair of shire halls, &c.; and the charges assessed as other county rates, 30l. may be laid out without presentment; but this not to discharge any person bound to repair. 9 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 28.

See *Gunpowder*. 12 G. 3. c. 61. § 16. vol. 29.

40,000l. raised out of the orphan's fund in London, towards discharging a debt incurred in rebuilding the gaol of Newgate, and a session's house adjoining. 18 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 32.

See *Middlesex*. Same year, c. 67.

The sessions at Newgate not to be discontinued on the courts sitting at Westminster. 25 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 35.

Session of the peace, and oyer and terminer before the justices of the peace for Middlesex, not to be discontinued by the *essoign-day*, or sitting of the court of king's bench 32 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 37.

Severn Navigation.

See *Canals, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 37.

Severn River.

See *Bridges*. 16 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 31.—17 G. 3. c. 12. and 68. vol. 31.

See *Fish and Fisheries*. 18 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 32.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 37.

See *Canals, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 37.

Sewell (Sir Thomas)

See *Master of the Rolls*. 17 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 31.

Sewers.

The powers given by several acts for making vaults, drains, and sewers in the city of London, and the liberties thereof, consolidated and extended; and the corporation may appoint commissioners of sewers and pavements, whereof the recorder and common-serjeant to be two; and not less than seven to act, who may employ non-freemen, and give other directions; and the property of the sewers and pavements vested in the city. 11 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 29.

Rates for repairing sewers in the city of London and liberties, fourpence per pound, to be paid by the occupier, and deducted out of the rent; and freemen not paying rates, not to vote at elections, and the money to be paid into the chamber of London. Same act, § 69.

The commissioners may borrow on annuities, tax free and assignable, not more than 40,000l. at eight per cent.; and if on a life above sixty, at ten per cent.; and on death may sell other annuities in lieu thereof, so that the whole purchase-money doth not exceed 175,000l. at a time; capital felony to forge certificates relating to such annuities. Same act, § 90.

There being several places within the city and liberties not subject to the jurisdiction thereof, but in which the commissioners of sewers for the said city have exercised the power of repairing the public sewers, and assessing the inhabitants thereof, the commissioners may at any public meeting order the repairing of such sewers, and assess the inhabitants in the same manner as other parts of the city. Same act, § 71.

Sugar bakers, or refiners, or soap-boilers, or other persons, not to throw lime into the sewers in London, on penalty of 40s. for the first offence, 5l. for the second offence, and 10l. for the third offence, with costs and damages. Same act, § 82.

Certain

Certain places in Holborn, the Minories, and Aldersgate-street within the Bars (supposed to be out of the city) and the courts and alleys communicating therewith, and the inhabitants are to pay the rates; but not extend to the Liberty of St. Martin-le-Grand, belonging to the Dean and Chapter of Westminster. Same act, § 98.

The commissioners of sewers to have power to act out of the city, and may take for paving, &c. the same tolls (see *Tolls*) as by 8 G. 3. c. 24. (which is hereby repealed) at the same gate, or at others erected by them near thereto, and may lease or compound the tolls; but none to pay more than once a day. Same act, § 101.

The commissioners of sewers for several limits in the eastern parts of Kent, enabled more effectually to drain and improve the lands and grounds within the general vallisies. 16 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 31.

For making sewers to drain the prebendal estate of Halliwell and Finsbury, in the suburbs of London. 18 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 32.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 37.

Shadwell (St. Paul.)

For employing the poor there. 10 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 28.

See *Paving*. 15 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 31.

Sheep.

No rams to be kept in the common fields, between the 25th of August and the 25th of November, yearly. 13 G. 3. c. 81. § 21. vol. 30.

See *Wool*, &c. 28 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 36.

To revive and continue so much of act 6 G. 3. c. 50. as relates to the conveyance of sheep between Cowes in the Isle of Wight, and the ports of Southampton and Portsmouth; and to extend the same to horses and lambs. 32 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

See *Horses*. Same act.

Sheep Skins.

See *Excise*. 31 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 37.

Sheerests.

See *Fortifications*. 20 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.

Sheffield, Yorkshire.

See *Plate*. 13 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 30.—24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 20. § 4. vol. 34.

See *Markets*. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 5. vol. 34.

Sheriffs.

Not to take poundage on executions at the suit of any sheriff or other officer, or minister of the crown, on bail bonds, on prosecutions for smuggling, or where the sheriff would not be intitled to poundage if the proceedings were in the name of the king. 7 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 27.

The sheriff of Middlesex, until Newgate is repaired, may confine persons on civil process in any place of security within the county. 20 G. 3. c. 64. § 19. vol. 33.

See *Prisoners*. Same act, § 2.

Shillingford Ferry, Oxfordshire.

See *Bridges*. 24 G. 3. fef. 1. c. 22. vol. 34.

Ships.

Act 10 An. c. 17. § 21, 22. repealed, and ships (not belonging to the royal navy) stopping at or fastening to the king's moorings or hulks, or so as to bear against the king's ships, unless necessitated, to forfeit 10l. per tide, one moiety to Greenwich hospital, the other to the prosecutor, and may be removed, if not complying on notice. 9 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 28.

See *Gunpowder*. 11 G. 3. c. 35. § 7. vol. 28. Repealed. 12 G. 3. c. 61. § 31. vol. 29.

See *India, (East) Company*. Same year, c. 54. § 2.—20 G. 3. c. 56. § 7.—21 G. 3. c. 65. § 22. vol. 33.

No foreigner to purchase any share in British ships without the consent of the owners of three-fourths in value. 13 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 30.

Rule for ascertaining the tonnage of ships, viz. length in a straight line along the rabbet of the keel, from the back

back of the main sternpost to a perpendicular line from the fore part of the main sternpost under the bowsprit, from which subtract three-fifths of the breadth, the remainder is the length of the keel, to find the tonnage; and the breadth from the outside plank, in the broadest place of the ship, above or below the main whales, exclusive of all doubling planks wrought on the sides of the ship, multiplying the length of the keel by the breadth so taken, and that product by half the breadth, and dividing the whole by 94, the quotient is the true contents of the tonnage. Same year, c. 74. § 1.

Not to extend to coal ships, or those employed in the herring fishery. Same act, § 2.

If any ship sail through the passage by sea between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, northward of 52 degrees of north latitude, the commander, &c. is to receive 20,000*l.* 16 G. 3. c. 6. § 1. vol. 31.

Any British ship first approaching within one degree of the north pole, to have 5000*l.* the commissioners of longitude to determine it, and the rewards to be claimed in six months after the ship's arrival in Great Britain. Same act, § 3.

See *Longitude*. 14 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 30. The sole making of tools for ship's blocks, sheaves and pins, secured to Elizabeth Taylor, of Southampton, widow. Same year, c. 18.

Commanders of any British or Irish ship, within ten days of her arrival in any port of the Baltic (where there is a British consul) is to deliver to such consul in writing, the particulars of his cargo. 17 G. 3. c. 42. § 5. vol. 31.

Ships built in Ireland and belonging to British subjects, to be deemed British ships. 18 G. 3. c. 55. § 9. vol. 32.

Act 12 Car. 2. c. 18. § 8, 9. (during the present hostilities with France) not to prevent the importation of goods mentioned in the act in ships the property of foreigners, if built in Great Britain, Ireland, or the British dominions, and the master and three-fourths of the mariners are to be British, or

the goods from the place of production, but liable to alien duties, and ships already arrived are within the act. 19 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 32.

The navigation act not to extend to the permission of goods the growth of Africa, Asia, or America, manufactured in foreign parts to be imported into Great Britain, Ireland, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, and Man, unless manufactured where grown, or can only be first shipped (except oil of cloves, cinnamon, mace, and nutmegs, or goods, under particular circumstances under other acts.) Same year, c. 48.

No ship in the port of London from foreign parts to be removed out of the stream (except to lawful quays) before the goods are discharged, nor if outward bound (except on emergent occasions) without notice to the officer of customs, on penalty, 100*l.* Same act, § 3.

Officers may use lighted candles in lanterns, guarded as directed aboard ships in the harbour of Kingston-upon-Hull, without being subject to penalty. Same act, § 4.

See *Harbours*. 14 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 30.

See *Grenada*. 20 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

Ships may be navigated by three-fourths foreigners, until the 25th of March, 1782. 21 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 33.

See *Flax*. Same year, c. 19.

For further securing the property of the owners of ships, liable to forfeiture for importing spirits or other goods, by the misconduct of masters, mates, or seamen. 21 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 33.

If the master of any vessel conceal above two gallons of spirituous liquors, six pounds of tea or coffee, or clandestinely import foreign spirituous liquors, or other uncustomed goods, to forfeit to his owners all his wages, and treble the value of such goods. Same act, § 1.

If mates or seamen conceal such goods (above the quantity allowed) to forfeit their wages, and also ten shillings per gallon for foreign spirits; and the

the same per pound of coffee or tea ; and if in time of war, to serve three years on board a man of war. Same act, § 2.

A printed copy of this act to be put in some conspicuous part of every British trading vessel ; and offenders refusing to pay penalties, to be committed for three months ; but justices may mitigate sentences, and no *certiorari*. Same act, § 3.

Vessels captured by the enemy, not to be ransomed, or goods aboard the same ; and all contracts made, and securities given to the contrary, void, on penalty of 500*l*. 22 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 34.

To prevent the king's enemies being supplied with ships, none without licence to sell any ship to the subjects of any neutral state ; and all such contracts void, and the ships forfeited. Same year, c. 71. The former act continued during the present hostilities. 23 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 34.

Ships sold and remaining in port, sale void ; and the master or owner of any ship failing to a foreign port, to give the king bond that the same shall not be sold contrary to this act ; and if sold after, a new bond to be given, and the bonds to be at the king's expence ; and every broker, agent, &c. negotiating such sale, to forfeit 1000*l*. 22 G. 3. c. 25. § 3. vol. 34.

Neutral ships cleared out from foreign ports to St. Christopher, Nevis, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Vincent, Grenada, and the Grenadines, before the 1st of April, 1783, may land their cargoes on the same duties as goods from the British West India Islands in British bottoms. 23 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 34.

See *Tobago and St. Lucia*. Same act, § 3.

See *Dalby* (Rev. Thomas Weekes.) 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

Ships at anchor, or hovering in any port within four leagues of the coast, and having foreign spirits on board, in casks less than sixty gallons (except for ships stores) or wine in casks (in ships under sixty tons) or six pounds weight of tea, or twenty pounds weight

of coffee, or any other prohibited goods, the ship and cargo to be forfeited. Same year, c. 47.

If it shall appear in evidence, that the goods were only a small quantity, and the owner or master not privy thereto, and if the ship be above one hundred tons, then the goods only on board forfeited ; and the person in whose possession such goods are, to forfeit treble the value thereof. Same act, § 2.

All cutters, luggers, shallops, or wherries (of what built soever) and all vessels whose bottoms are clench work, unless square rigged or fitted as sloops with standing boltsprits, or if above three feet and a half long to one foot broad, found within the limits aforesaid, all the goods on board with the guns, tackle, and furniture, forfeited. Same act, § 4.

But not to prevent any ship from having on board two carriage guns of the calibre, of not above four pounds ; and small arms, not more than two muskets to every ten men. Same act, § 5.

Nor to extend to Russian ships, or from any part of America, or the East or West Indies, or Africa, or the Mediterranean, so as to subject them to forfeiture on account of their built ; or for having spirits, tea, or coffee on board ; or to any ship in the service of the king, navy, victualling, ordnance, customs, excise, or post-office ; nor to licensed vessels, nor to barges, &c. in rivers, or inland navigations, or with arms entered as merchandize, or by licence of the admiralty, and nothing to be paid for such licence. Same act, § 6.

Ships not belonging to the navy, are not to carry a broad pendant. Same act, § 24.

See *Turpentine*. 25 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 35.

See *Tobacco*. Same year, c. 81. § 48.

No ship built out of the king's dominions (except prizes) to be intitled to the privilege of British ships ; but if built before the 1st of May, 1786, not to be deprived of the privileges they now enjoy. 26 G. 3. c. 60. § 1. vol. 35.

No ship rebuilt in a foreign port, or where the repairs there exceed 15s. per ton, to be deemed British built, unless such repairs are necessary from extraordinary damages sustained on voyages; and the expences of repair shall be certified, on the ship's arrival, to an officer of the customs. Same act, § 2.

Act 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 22. touching the registering of ships extended to vessels of fifteen tons burthens and a certificate thereof obtained; and no registry made but at the port to which such ship belongs, except for prizes condemned at Guernsey, Jersey, or the Isle of Man; and no registry required of vessels belonging to the royal family. Same act, § 4.

No ship built in the United States of America during the existence of any prohibitory act, intitled to be registered. Same act, § 7.

No subject residing out of the king's dominions to be owners of a registered ship, which registers are to be on oath, and the ship examined before a certificate is granted; and for false descriptions, to forfeit 100l. Same act, § 10.

To ascertain the tonnage of ships, viz. drop a plumb-line over the stern, and measure the distance from thence to the after-part of the stern-post, at the load water-mark, then measure from the top of the said plumb-line in a parallel direction with the water, to a perpendicular point immediately over the load water-mark at the fore part of the main stern, subtracting from such measurement the above distance, the remainder will be the ship's extreme length, from which is to be deducted three inches for every foot of the load-draught of water for the rake abaft, and also three-fifths of the ship's breadth for the rake foreward, the remainder shall be esteemed the just length of the keel to find the tonnage; and the breadth shall be taken from outside to outside of the plank in the broadest part of the ship, either above or below the main whales, exclusive of all manner of sheathing or doubling that may be wrought upon the side of the ship, then multi-

plying the length of the keel for tonnage by the breadth so taken, and that product by half the breadth, and dividing by ninety-four, the quotient shall be deemed the true contents of the tonnage. Same act, § 14.

Bond to be given not to lend certificates, but to return them in case the ship is lost, or sold to a foreigner; and Mediterranean passes are to be delivered up with certificates; and other regulations relating to the registering of ships. Same act, § 29.

Certificates of registry to be produced at every port, and to be numbered; and an account to be transmitted to the commissioners of customs, and copies sent from Scotland to England; and in lieu of stamp duty, to pay one shilling for each certificate; but stamps continued on transfer of property. Same act, § 37.

The privy council may order ships to be registered which have been promised for services, though not intitled thereto; and suits commenced in the colonies touching such registry, not to be stopped, until the king's pleasure is known. Same act, § 39.

Ships of Ireland registered there, to enjoy the privileges of British built ships. Same act, § 44.

4,106l. 10s. granted to make good the loss of the ship *La Grue*. Same year, c. 61.

Owners of ships not liable to loss of goods shipped without their privity, beyond the value of the ship and freight; nor to loss by fire, nor of gold, silver, diamonds, &c. without a declaration of the value at the time of shipping. Same year, c. 86. § 3.

If the produce of ships not sufficient to answer losses, to be proportionably divided amongst the losers and freighters; and owners may exhibit bills in equity, but not to lessen the remedy against masters and mariners for embezzlements, &c. Same act, § 4.

The bounty of 20s. per ton, by 26 G. 3. c. 81. extended to all British ships employed in Fisheries. 27 G. 3. c. 10. § 2. vol. 36.

British built ships or prizes taken at sea by letters of marque, legally condemned,

demned, and owned, navigated, and registered according to law, and described by schedules A. C. and E. demned British built ships. Same year, c. 13.

To enforce the navigation acts, 12 *Car.* 2. &c. Same year, c. 19.

Ships seized in America or the West Indies, may be broken up and sold. 27 *G.* 3. c. 32. § 12.

Further provisions made in regard to vessels described in act 24 *G.* 3. c. 47. against smuggling; and extending the same to other vessels and boats. Same act.

Cutters found within four leagues of the coast whose bowsprit exceeds two-thirds of the length of the vessel, forfeited. Same act, § 1.

Names of ships to be painted on boats belonging thereto, or forfeited if found within limits; but not to extend to the king's navy. Same act, § 2.

If vessels licenced by the admiralty be found out of bounds, may be seized, unless driven by stress of weather; and licences to be produced to officers of revenue on board such vessels within four leagues of the coast. Same act, § 7.

Vessels seized may be disposed of, according to 24 *G.* 3. c. 47.; and if seized in America or the West Indies for any illicit trade, to be broken up, and the materials sold. Same act, § 12.

See *Officers.* 28 *G.* 3. c. 34. § 5. vol. 36.

Masters of ships detaining certificates of registry, granted under act 7 & 8 *W.* 3. c. 22. and 26 *G.* 3. c. 60. to forfeit 100*l.* to the owners, on conviction before a justice, who may issue search-warrants; and if not found, to certify the detainer, that fresh ones may be given. 28 *G.* 3. c. 34. § 13. vol. 36.

Commissioners of customs and excise may cause seized vessels not constructed for smuggling, to be sold instead of being broken up. Same act, § 6.

Rowing and open boats belonging to British subjects, twenty-three feet long, and three feet and a half long, in a straight line, found within four leagues of the land, or upon land in Great

Britain; or if eighteen feet and under twenty-four feet from the fore-part of the stern to the off-side of the transom or sternpost aloft, and the depth greater than in proportion of one inch and a quarter to every foot in length, taken from the upper part of the plank next the keel, may be seized. Same act, § 10.

But not to extend to boats belonging to the navy, victualling, ordnance, customs, excise, or post-office. Same act, § 12.

Masters of ships maliciously detaining certificates of registry (by 7 and 8 *W.* 3. c. 22. and 26 *G.* 3. c. 60.) to forfeit 100*l.* to the owners on conviction; justices may issue warrants to search for certificates; and if not found, to certify the same to the person who granted the last certificate, that fresh ones may be granted. Same act, § 13.

For preventing the burning of ships, or destroying goods in Scotland. 29 *G.* 3. c. 46.

Shire Halls.

See *Sessions.* 9 *G.* 3. c. 20. vol. 28.

See *Essex.* 29 *G.* 3. c. 8. vol. 36.

Shops:

A duty on every house, any part whereof is used as a retail shop. 25 *G.* 3. c. 30. vol. 35.

The tax on shops to be paid in addition to that on houses and windows, by 6 *G.* 3. c. 38. 19 *G.* 3. c. 59. and 24 *G.* 3. c. 39. by the occupiers, quarterly. Same act, § 2.

Warehouses in separate buildings not chargeable, nor shops where bread, flour, meal, bran, and rubbles only are made or sold; and where houses liable to this duty are divided into different apartments, the landlord to pay. Same act, § 9.

Houses where shops are kept, to be assessed and collected, &c. according to 20 *G.* 2. c. 3. and 42. 21 *G.* 2. c. 10. 26 *G.* 2. c. 17. 31 *G.* 2. c. 22. 2 *G.* 3. c. 8. and 6. 19. and 24 *G.* 3.; duties to be paid into the exchequer, and separate accounts kept. Same act, § 10.

Assessors to be allowed three pence per pound for each house on first assessment; commissioners appointed for raising the duties on houses and windows by the aforesaid acts, to put this act in execution, and appoint surveyors and assessors; but not to act before sworn, on penalty of 20*l*. Same act, § 17.

Assessments to be signed by two commissioners, and they may summon persons supposed to be underrated; and correct the assessments, and duplicates to be made out, and surveyor to examine them before signed by commissioners, who may supply omissions by surcharge, which if omitted the first half year, may be made for the whole year; and assessors may inspect parish rates, which if refused, penalty 40*s*. Same act, § 21.

Houses to be charged as assessed to public taxes; but occupiers not to be rated to the poor for duties by this act; and payment not to affect parish settlements. Same act, § 29.

Persons overrated may appeal to commissioners on ten days notice; and their determination to be final, except a further appeal which is allowed in England, or Wales, to one of the judges of the court of King's Bench; and in Scotland, to a judge of the court of session, or baron of the exchequer, and penalties above twenty pounds in England, or Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed, in the courts at Westminster, and in Scotland, to a judge of the court of session, or a baron of the exchequer; penalties above 20*l*. in England, &c. to be recovered by action in the courts at Westminster; and in Scotland, in the courts of session, justiciary, or exchequer there; and under 20*l*. before two justices; and may be levied by distress; and an appeal allowed to quarter sessions; and witnesses not attending, to forfeit 40*s*.; and justices may mitigate penalties; and constables, &c. to put this act in execution. Same act, § 31. See *Constables*. Same act, § 41.

The act last above explained and amended, and the several duties granted thereby repealed, and other duties granted in lieu thereof. 26 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 35.

All duties on shops, in houses not worth thirty pounds per annum, repealed. Same act, § 1.

New duties, viz.

Every house, any part of which is used as a retail shop, worth five pounds per annum, and under ten pounds, to pay per pound *s. d.* on the annual rent - 0 4
From 10*l*. to 15*l*. - 0 8
Worth 15*l*. and under 20*l*. 1 0
Worth 20*l*. and under 25*l*. 1 3
And from 25*l*. to 30*l*. - 1 9
Thirty pounds rent and upwards 2 0
Same act, § 2.

Poor persons not paying church and poor rates, exempted; and the new duties to be under the same management, and applied to the same purposes as the former duties; but commissioners and assessors to take new oaths. Same act.

Acts 25 G. 3. c. 30. and 26 G. 3. c. 9. from the 5th of April, 1789, repealed. 29 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 36.

Shoreditch, St. Leonard.

For the relief of the poor, and building a workhouse, and purchasing a burying-ground. 14 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 51.

Shoreham.

For incapacitating John Burnett, and sixty-seven others, members of the christian society, for voting for members of parliament for New Shoreham, and vesting that right in the freeholders of the rape of Bramber, aged twenty-one years, and possessing forty shillings per ann. together with the others having right to vote for the said borough (except the above.) 11 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 29.

See *Bridges*. 21 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 33.

The powers by 33 G. 2. c. 35. for erecting piers, &c. at New Shoreham in Sussex, altered; the old duties to cease, and new ones granted. 29 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 36.

Shortbridge, Suffex.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 30 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 37.

Shrewsbury.

For building a flure and town hall for

for the county of Salop and the said town. 23 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 34.

And a gaol. 26 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 35.

See *Parliament*. 20 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 34.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 23 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 34.

See *Poor*. 24 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 34.

See *Churches*. 29 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 36. 31 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 37.

Sierra Leone Company.

Certain persons incorporated, to trade to Sierra Leone, in Africa. 31 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 37.

The company may purchase lands, and raise a capital joint stock. Same act, § 2.

Subscribers to have an interest in the capital joint stock, but the company not to borrow money, nor deal in slaves. Same act, § 4.

Thirteen directors to be chosen annually, and a chairman, and a deputy chairman. Same act, § 7.

Members of the company to have votes according to the number of shares. Same act, § 14.

None but proprietors to vote; and no person to be a director unless possessor of one share. Same act, § 16.

The court of directors to meet when necessary; and sub-committees may be appointed. Same act, § 23.

A secretary, agents, and servants to be appointed. Same act, § 25.

A general court to be called once a year; and nine members of the company may demand a general court at any time. Same act, § 30.

The company may make bye-laws. Same act, § 33.

The directors to hold a court once a month; and an accountant to be appointed to keep books. Same act, § 36.

Shares may be assigned, and the directors may appoint officers with salaries. Same act, § 42.

The company to hold the exclusive right to the peninsula of Sierra Leone. Same act, § 44.

This act to continue for thirty-one

years, from the 1st of July, 1791. Same act, § 48.

Silks.

Former duties on the importation of raw silk to cease, and to pay 1s. 3d. per pound of 24 ounces; and thrown silk 6d. per pound of 16 ounces, addition; and a drawback of 1s. per pound on raw silk, and the whole duty on thrown silk exported to Ireland, and not to be exported from thence, on forfeiture of the ship, &c. 5 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 26.

Five pounds per cent. on wrought silks and stuffs imported from Persia, China, and India. Same year, c. 35. § 2.

Foreign manufactured silk stockings, mitts, and gloves imported, may be seized, and the importer and vender to forfeit the goods, and also 200l. with costs. Same year, c. 48. § 1.

After condemnation, may be publicly sold for exportation to foreign parts, on security so to do; and if a doubt as to the place of manufacture, the proof to lie on the defendant, and the person in whose custody the goods are found, on discovering the seller, excused the penalty; and the wearer hereof not liable to penalty. Same act, § 3 to 10.

Penalty in 3 G. 3. c. 21. for importing foreign ribbands, laces, and girdles, increased to 200l. with costs, and not to be burnt, but publicly sold for exportation to foreign parts, on security as above; and if officer neglects to sue for the penalty, one month after condemnation, any other may recover the same. Same act, § 11, 13, 14.

Foreign wrought silks or velvets imported, forfeited, and also 100l. with costs, and to be sold as above; but not to extend to silks and velvets made and imported from the East Indies, or to silk crapes and tiffanies made in Italy. 6 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 27.—17 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 31. Continued. 22 G. 3. c. 72.

Act 12 G. 1. c. 34. relating to workmen, &c. extended to workmen in the silk manufactures, and breaking or entering by force, by day or

or night, any house or shop with intent to cut or destroy any velvet, wrought silk, or silk mixed with other materials, in loom or warp, or shuttle, or tools, tackle, or utensils, or shall do so without the consent of the owner, felony without benefit of clergy. 6 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 27.—11 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 29. 17 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 31.

Silk goods, &c. to be exported to Africa, may be removed from one port in Great Britain to another, on security, &c. 6 G. 3. c. 40. § 6, 7. vol. 27. Continued. 22 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 34.

So much of 8 G. 1. c. 15. as relates to the encouraging the silk manufactures, continued. Same year, c. 44. § 2.—14 G. 3. c. 86. § 3. vol. 30.

An additional duty of 17s. 6d. per pound on Italian silk crapes and tiffanies imported, and one half drawn back on exportation. 6 G. 3. c. 46. § 3, 4. vol. 27.

Ribbands and silks, printed, stained, or painted, though not half a yard broad, to pay the duty on silks according to 10 An. c. 19. § 69. 7 G. 3. c. 47. § 6. vol. 27.

Raw silk and mohair yarn imported from the Streights or Levant, to be deemed as if imported from the grand seignior's dominions, and aired according to 26 G. 2. c. 18. 11 G. 3. c. 41. § 4. vol. 29.

See *Lazarets*. 12 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 29.

For preventing forging stamps or seals, for marking silks and printed linens, made capital felony. 13 G. 3. c. 56. § 5. vol. 30.

The wages of silk manufacturers to be settled in London by the lord mayor and aldermen; and in Middlesex, by the justices; and in Westminster, and the Tower hamlets, by the general quarter sessions, and their orders to be published in two newspapers three times, at the expence of the persons applying; and for taking more or less wages than allowed, masters to forfeit 50l. and journeymen 40s. Same year, c. 68.

Justices, &c. may summon witnesses, and commit them for not attending; and masters employing men out of

limits to elude this act, to forfeit 50l.; but not to extend to the wages of foremen; and no silk-weaver to have more than two apprentices at a time, on penalty of 20l. Same act, § 5.

Organized thrown silk of the growth of Italy, may be imported, but not coarser than third Bolonia and Tram of Italy; nor thrown silk of the growth or produce of Turkey, Persia, East Indies, or China; and all disorganized thrown silk imported by this act, to be brought to the custom-house in London. 19 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 32. Continued. 20 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 33.—23 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 34.—See *Manufactures*. 22 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 34.

Organized thrown silk, the produce of Hungary, Austria, or Germany, may be imported on the same duties as such silk from Italy. Same year, c. 78.

An additional duty of two shillings and ninepence per pound on raw silk, and two shillings on thrown silk imported, besides two imposts of five per cent. by 19 and 22 G. 3. to be under commissioners of customs. 24 G. 3. sect. 2. c. 49. vol. 34.

The additional bounties and drawbacks, altered; on exportation of silk, ribbons, and stuffs (except gauzes) made in Great Britain, 2s. per pound; mixed with gold or silver, 2s. 8d. per pound; silk stockings, gloves, fringes, lace, and sewing silk, 1s. 9d. per pound; stuffs of silk and grogram yarn mixed with inkle or cotton, 8d. per pound; and stuffs of silk or worsted, 4d. per pound. Same act, § 2.

A bounty on exportation of silk gauze; and drawbacks on raw silks by certificate. 25 G. 3. c. 69. § 11. vol. 35.

So much of 3 G. 1. c. 15. as relates to silk manufactures continued till the 24th of June, 1795. 29 G. 3. c. 55.

Act 6 G. 3. c. 28. for prohibiting the importation of foreign wrought silks, continued until the same time. Same act, § 7.

Silk crapes and tiffanies of Italy, if not imported directly from thence, to be forfeited; and no drawback on the exportation

exportation of Italian silk crapes or tiffanies. 31 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 37.

The wages of journeymen weavers, in any manufacture of silk mixed with other materials, to be settled as directed by 13 G. 3. c. 68.—32 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 37.

Persons buying silk from those employed to work up any silk manufacture, &c. knowing them to be so employed, liable to punishment; as also persons selling purloined silk. Same act, § 4.

Silver Coin.

See *Coin*. 14 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 30.—18 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 32.

Silver Wares.

See *Gold and Silver Wares*. 30 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 37.

Sinking Fund.

See *Hats*. 7 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 27.

See *Linens*. Same year, c. 28.

Sums granted out of the sinking fund for the service of the current year:

2,010,121 l. 10s. 3½d. 7 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 27.

2,250,000 l. os. 0d. 8 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 28.

1,664,822 l. 4s. 5½d. 9 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 28.

See *Annuities*. 10 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 28.

1,700,000 l. granted for 1770. Same year, c. 51.

1,650,000 l. the like for 1771. 11 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 29.

See *Exchequer*. Same year, c. 25.—12 G. 3. c. 39. § 4. vol. 29.

1,856,723 l. 1s. 1d. for the year 1772. Same year, c. 70.

2,349,806 l. 12s. 7½d. for the year 1773. 13 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.

2,080,696 l. 12s. 8½d. for the year 1774. 14 G. 3. c. 85.

1,915,552 l. 16s. 11¼d. for the year 1775. 15 G. 3. c. 42.

See *Annuities*. 16 G. 3. c. 34. § 28. vol. 31.

1,837,428 l. 3s. 10d. for the year 1776. Same year, c. 49. vol. 31.

See *Glass*. The surplus duty carried to the sinking fund. 17 G. 3. c. 39. § 30.

1,939,636 l. 5s. 9¼d. for the year 1777. Same year, c. 47. vol. 31.

Duties on auctions and additional stamp duties carried to the same fund. Same year, c. 50. § 27.

2,296,209 l. 1s. 8½d. for the year 1778. 18 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 32.

2,071,854 l. 13s. 8½d. for the year 1779. 19 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 32.

Deficiencies of additional duties on low wines, and licences to sell tea, &c. to be supplied out of the sinking fund.

20 G. 3. c. 35. § 16. vol. 33.

See *Almanachs*. Same year, c. 56. § 11.

1,849,542 l. 1s. 11½d. for the year 1780. Same year, c. 62.

See *Tobacco and Sugar*. 21 G. 3. c. 56.

The bank to advance two millions for the service of the present year, in case their exclusive privilege of banking be confirmed; and the treasury empowered to make out exchequer bills for the said 2,000,000 l. and interest for three years, to be paid out of the supplies for the year 1784, and charged on the sinking fund, to be replaced out of the first supplies. Same year, c. 60.

2,284,715 l. 10s. 8d. granted for the year 1782. 22 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 34.

The deficiencies in the new duties on beer, coaches, and soap, to be made good out of the sinking fund, and replaced out of the next supplies. Same year, c. 68. § 18.

2,200,000 l. for the year 1783. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

The deficiency on additional stamps on paper, made good out of the sinking fund. Same year, c. 58. § 17.—26 G. 3. c. 48. § 9. vol. 35.

If money not repaid by the East-India company before the sixth of April 1786, to be collaterally charged on the same fund. 23 G. 3. c. 83. § 5.

2,600,000 l. granted for the year 1786. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

The surplus of duties under the commutation act carried to the sinking fund; and if issued out, to be replaced out of the next supplies. 24 G. 3. 1st. 2. c. 38. § 20. vol. 34.

The deficiencies of the duty on attornies to be made up out of the same fund, and to be replaced as aforesaid. Same year, c. 80. § 33.

Officers of the exchequer restrained relative to the issuing the produce of the sinking fund. 26 G. 3. c. 31. § 6. vol. 35.

The produce of the duties on batens and deals imported, carried to the sinking fund. Same year, c. 42. § 2.

The duties on perfumery, the like. Same year, c. 49. § 32.

Stamp duties unappropriated, carried to the same fund. Same year, c. 82. § 10.

From fifth July, 1787, the quarterly sum of 250,000l. set apart out of the surplus of the sinking fund, to be paid into the bank, and applied in reducing the national debt, and transferred to the consolidated fund. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 59. vol. 36.

See *Funds*.

Six Clerks.

See *Chancery*. 14 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 30.

Skins.

Skins and raw hides may be imported from Ireland and America, duty free (except of horses); and the duty on seal skins, tanned or tawed in the kingdom to pay 1½d. per pound excise; 1d. per pound to be drawn back on exportation. 9 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 28.—14 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 30.—21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

Seal skins caught by British subjects, may be imported duty free. 15 G. 3. c. 31. § 10. vol. 31.

Raw goat skins may be imported duty free. Same year, c. 35.—20 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 33.

This act continued until the twentieth of June, 1790. 26 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

See *Hides and Skins*, continued till the first of January, 1791. 27 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 35.

The duties of customs and excise drawn back on buck, deer, and elk skins, undressed; and Indian, half-dressed, imported; and on hides and

skins, dressed in oil, in this kingdom to cease, and the following duties granted in lieu thereof, viz.

On buck skins, undressed; or, Indian, half-dressed, imported, each . . . s. d. o 2

On elk skins imported, custom duty . . . o 4

Excise duties on skins, dressed in oil, to be paid by the leather-dresser.

On buck, deer, and elk skins, per pound . . . s. d. 1 0

On sheep or lamb skins, the like . . . o 3

All other skins, per pound . . . o 6

And from the fifth of July, 1788, these drawbacks to be allowed, viz.

On buck, deer, or elk skins, exported, per pound . . . s. d. 1 0

On sheep or lamb skins, the like . . . o 3

On other hides and skins manufactured . . . o 6

Every pound of all other skins (except lamb skins) dressed and marked, two-thirds of the duty. 27 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 36.

Buck and other skins imported since the first of June, 1788, and not entered, to be subject to these duties; and no excise drawbacks to be paid on hides or skins, but those by this act; and drawbacks to be paid according to the rules in 25 G. 3. c. 74. And buck or deer skins must have had the hair only to be taken off, to be deemed half-dressed. Same act, § 4.

Skins imported from East or West Florida, to be free from any auction duty on the first sale, upon account of the original importer, if within twelve months after importation. Same act, § 12.

So much of 9 G. 3. c. 39. as relates to the free importation of raw hides and skins from Ireland, and the British plantations in America, continued to the first of June, 1796. 32 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

Skippers and Keelmen.

For establishing a permanent fund for

for the relief and support of skippers and keelmen employed in the coal-trade on the river Wear, in the county of Durham, and for relief of their widows. 32 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 37.

Skipton in Yorkshire.

The Earl of Thanet may make a navigable canal from Skipton castle, to join that from Leeds to Liverpool in Hebble End close; which close the trustees of the grammar school at Skipton may sell to the said Earl for that purpose. 13 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 30.

Skyenner, Sir John.

The King empowered to grant unto Sir John Skyenner, knight, (late lord chief baron of the court of exchequer at Westminster) an annuity of 2000*l.* per annum, tax-free, for his life. 27 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 36.

Slaughtering Horses.

All persons keeping houses, &c. for slaughtering horses, mares, &c. or other cattle not killed for butcher's meat, are to take a licence from the quarter sessions of the county, &c. upon the certificate of the minister and churchwardens or overseers; or by the minister and two substantial housekeepers; but, in case of death, the keeper's widow may carry on the business until the next quarter sessions. 26 G. 3. c. 71. § 1. vol. 35.

Licences to be entered by the justices, and the houses to have an inscription thereon, and to give notice thereof to the surveyor of slaughtering-houses, and he to take an account thereof, and of the owners of cattle brought; and the time for slaughtering to be from October to March, from eight of the clock in the morning till four in the afternoon; and from April to September, from six o'clock in the morning till eight in the evening. Same act, § 3.

The vestry to appoint inspectors, who are to keep books of account of all cattle so slaughtered, to be produced at the quarter sessions; and if there be reason to presume that such cattle were found, or come unlawfully

by, he may prohibit slaughtering the same for eight days; and advertise them in public newspapers, twice or oftener, and the keeper of the slaughtering-house to pay the expence of such advertising; and, on non-payment, a justice may commit him. Same act, § 5.

Inspectors may visit slaughtering-houses at all times; and persons, bringing cattle, refusing to give an account of themselves, &c. may be carried before a justice, who may commit suspected persons. Same act, § 6.

Slaughtering horses, &c. without licence, felony; and such keepers of houses may be fined, imprisoned, whipped, and transported for seven years. Same act, § 8.

Destroying hides, a misdemeanor; and for making false entries, liable to twenty pounds penalty, and three months imprisonment. Same act, § 10.

Not to extend to curriers, &c. killing distempered horses or cattle; but collar-makers killing sound ones, liable to penalties. Same act, § 14.

Witnesses refusing to attend justices, to forfeit ten pounds; and parishioners deemed competent witnesses. Same act, § 16.

Slave Trade.

Ships carrying slaves from Africa to any place beyond sea, to carry in proportion to five slaves for every three tons burthen above 201 tons; and one slave for every additional ton; and not more males above four feet three inches high; and in proportion to one male slave for every ton under the said 201 tons; and three such slaves (above four feet four inches high) for every additional five tons above the 201 tons; and such ships to be deemed of the tonnage as registered by 26 G. 3. c. 60. and for exceeding the number limited, the master to forfeit 30*l.* 28 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 36.

If more than two-fifths of the slaves be children not above four feet four inches high, then five of the surplus to be deemed equal to four slaves. Same act, § 2.

Masters of ships before they land
T t 2 slaves

slaves in the West Indies from Africa, to declare, upon oath, before the officer of the customs, the burthen of the vessel, or to forfeit 500*l.* and the officer to take an account; and if no revenue officers be there, the civil officers may administer oaths. Same act, § 3.

No ships to carry slaves, unless entered for that purpose; and the surgeon to give bond to keep a journal of the number of slaves during the voyage, to be given to the officer of the first British port, and a duplicate to the commissioners of the customs. Same act, § 4.

Not to affect ships which sailed before the first of August, 1788, until notice given of this act, by order of the admiralty; and then, if the slaves on board exceed the number limited, no more to be taken. Same act, § 5.

Nor to ships taking on board slaves shipwrecked, or by mutiny, or distress, not able to continue the voyage; the proof to lay on the master taking such slaves. Same act, § 9.

The upper and lower cabins, and the space between decks, allotted for slaves; and no goods to be stowed therein after two thirds of the complement of slaves are on board. Same act, § 10.

None to take charge of slave ships without having had the command one voyage, or been chief mate or surgeon two, or mate three voyages, on penalty of fifty pounds: and no insurance to be made, save only against perils of the sea, piracy, insurrections, or captures by enemies, barratry of master and crew, and destruction by fire. Same act, § 12.

No ship to clear out without an examined surgeon; and, if not more than two slaves in one hundred have died on the voyage from Africa, the master to have one hundred pounds, and the surgeon fifty pounds; and not more than three in one hundred, the former to have fifty pounds, and the latter twenty-five pounds. Same act, § 14.

Brook Watson, Samuel Beachcroft, and William Roe, esquires, appointed commissioners to enquire into losses of traders, by reason of this act; and of-

fences may be tried in any county in England where the offence was committed; and if beyond sea, then in the county where the ship was cleared out, or in Middlesex, and the penalties may be recovered in three years after the offence; and the act to continue one year only. Same act, § 15.

The treasury may order two thousand pounds for payment of clerks, &c. to the commissioners; and the king may appoint other commissioners, on vacancies, during the recess of parliament. Same act, § 17.

Five hundred pounds granted to the commissioners appointed by 28 G. 3. c. 54. as to slaves from Africa. 29 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

Act 28 G. 3. c. 54. for regulating the shipping of slaves amended, and continued till August 1, 1790. Same year, c. 66.

Before ships are cleared out for this purpose, the master is to execute articles as set forth in the schedule to this act, on penalty of fifty pounds; and muster-rolls according to schedule B. to be regularly kept, on penalty of one hundred pounds, and six months imprisonment. Same act, § 15.

No officer, mariner, or seaman, to be turned over or discharged, but only on the terms expressed in the act. Same act, § 17.

No slops to be supplied beyond one-fourth part of the monthly wages. Same act, § 18.

Officers, mariners, or seamen, behaving in a riotous or seditious manner, may be confined twenty-four hours before reported to the captain of a ship of war, &c. Same act, § 19.

Mutinous officers, &c. may be committed by order of a governor in Africa, or the West Indies; and the wages of run men to go to Greenwich hospital. Same act, § 20.

Offences to be tried in courts of oyer and terminer in England, and the penalties may be recovered in a court of record; and actions on this act to be brought in three years, and the party against whom judgment given (plaintiff or defendant) to pay double costs. Same act, § 23.

Five hundred pounds issued to the secretary under the slave acts. 30 G. 3. c. 32. § 24. vol. 37.

For amending and continuing until the first of August, 1790, the several acts for regulating the shipping, and carrying slaves in British vessels from the coast of Africa. Same year, c. 33.

Ships may carry in proportion of five slaves for every three tons in ships not above two hundred and one tons, and one slave for every additional ton; or male slaves who shall exceed four feet and four inches in height, in proportion of one to every ton burthen, so far as such vessel shall not exceed two hundred and one tons; and three such male slaves who shall exceed the height of four feet and four inches, for every additional five tons above the said two hundred and one tons. Same act, § 1.

The ship to be deemed of such tonnage as denoted by the register; and masters of ships to forfeit thirty pounds for every slave above the number limited; one moiety to the king, and the other to the prosecutor; if more than two-fifths of the slaves be children, five of the surplus to be deemed equal to four slaves. Same act, § 1.

Masters of vessels, before landing slaves in the West Indies, to declare, on oath, the burthen of their ships; and, if they land slaves to the contrary, to forfeit five hundred pounds: officers of customs to take an account of the slaves on board, on penalty of fifty pounds; and where no officer of the customs, any civil officer may administer the oath to the master. Same act, § 2.

No ship to carry slaves unless entered for that purpose on clearing out; and unless the surgeon shall keep a journal during the voyage, which is to be delivered to the officer of the customs at the first British port on arrival, &c. and duplicates of oath and journal to be transmitted to the commissioners of the customs, on forfeiture by master and surgeon of one hundred pounds. Same act, § 3.

If penalties not paid in fourteen days, vessels may be seized and sold;

and penalties may be sued for in the court of vice-admiralty in any part of America, or the islands in the West-Indies, where the offence is committed; or where the ship or cargo disposed of; or in any of the king's courts at Westminster; or in the court of exchequer at Edinburgh. Same act, § 4, 5.

The upper and lower cabin, and space between decks, to be allotted to the slaves; and after two-thirds of her complement of slaves are taken on board, no goods to be put with them. Same act, § 6.

If any person take the command of slave ships, not qualified according to this act, to forfeit, as well as the owner, five hundred pounds. Same act, § 7.

No insurance to be made against any loss, except perils of the sea, piracy, insurrection, or capture by the king's enemies, barratry of the master and crew, and destruction by fire; and if insured otherwise, void. Same act, § 8.

No vessel to be cleared out that has not a surgeon on board who has passed his examination at surgeon's hall, or some public or county hospital, college of physicians or surgeons of Edinburgh, or shall have served as surgeon or mate in the army; for which to have an attested copy of certificate gratis. Same act, § 9.

If the officer of the port of discharge be satisfied there have not died on the voyage more than two in one hundred, he is to certify the same to the commissioners of the customs, and they are to order the master one hundred pounds, and the surgeon fifty pounds; and on the like certificate, that not more than three in one hundred have died, the master intitled to fifty pounds, and the surgeon to twenty-five pounds. Same act, § 10.

Commissioners appointed to enquire into losses in consequence of act 28 G. 3. c. 54. for regulating the slave trade by masters or owners of ships who had applied prior to the first of September, 1788; and who, before the first of August, 1790, are to lay before the said commissioners the grounds of their claims,

claims, specifying the particulars of all expences and profits and losses, &c. and the commissioners to determine such losses, and report to parliament the compensation to be made, on oath; and the treasury to order two thousand pounds to be issued out of the public money in the exchequer, for payment of clerks, &c. and the king to appoint to vacancies of commissioners during the recess of parliament. Same act, § 12, 13.

Before any vessel is cleared outwards, the master, officers, and mariners to execute articles according to the form in the schedule annexed to this act, and no other, on penalty of fifty pounds. Same act, § 14.

Musters rolls to be regularly kept; and for signing false ones, penalty one hundred pounds, and also six months imprisonment. Same act, § 15.

No officer, mariner, or seaman to be turned over or discharged unless to the king's ships of war, or to assist ships in distress, or upon preferment, or under an ill state of health, with consent of the party on certificate of the captain of ships of war, or of two justices, or collector or comptroller of the customs, to be returned with the muster-roll and log-book on arrival at the delivering port. Same act, § 16.

No slops, tobacco, spirits, &c. to be supplied to the seamen beyond the amount of one-fourth of their monthly wages; and if any of them behave riotously or mutinously they may be put under confinement for twenty-four hours, and reported to the captain or commander of any ship of war, who is to enquire into the cause of complaint, on oath, and to give such relief as may be requisite; and if it be judged necessary for the safety of the ship and cargo to continue the offender in confinement; such determination to be drawn up in writing, with the reasons at large, and signed by the master and two officers, on penalty of fifty pounds, to report to the first king's ship, or to the governor or chief officer of any British fort on the coast of Africa, or any West-India island, on their arrival, in order to take such measures as the

nature of the case may admit. Same act, § 18.

The master to cause a printed abstract of this act to be hung up in the most public part of his ship, on penalty of fifty pounds. Same act, § 19.

If mutinous officers, mariners, or seamen be taken into custody by order of a governor in Africa, or the West-Indies, a statement, upon oath, to be lodged with such governor, together with the names of the witnesses, to support such charge against the prisoner, in order to be sent home for trial in the court of admiralty; and if the commander of the ship neglect to appear, on notice in the Gazette, not only to be nonsuited, but to incur such further penalty as the court shall adjudge. Same act, § 20.

Officers, &c. to continue in pay until the ship is cleared inwards, and the wages of run men to go one-half to Greenwich hospital, and the other half to the merchants hospital of the port whereto the vessel belongs; and offences may be tried in any court of oyer and terminer in any county in England where the offence is committed; or if on or beyond the seas, then in the county where the ship is cleared out, or in Middlesex; and penalties may be sued for in any court of record in Great Britain; and in every such suit, the party against whom judgment is given (plaintiff or defendant) to pay double costs; but such action must be brought in three years after the offence, and for false oaths to incur the penalty of perjury; and the act to continue until the first of August, 1791, and no longer, except for offences. Same act, § 22.

Schedules to this act A. and B. continued to the first August, 1792. 31 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 37.

500l. to the secretary of commissioners under the slave act. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

100l. issued to the secretary of the commissioners under the slave act. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

4,141l. 11s. 7½d. for compensation to

to owners of ships in the African slave trade. Same act.

To continue acts for regulating the shipping, and carrying slaves in British vessels from Africa. Same year, c. 52.

Skaford, Lincolnshire.

See *Canals, navigable.* 32 G. 3. c. 106. vol. 37.

Smalts.

From June 24, 1782, blue, called smalts, may be imported duty-free during the continuance of 29 G. 3. c. 15. 10 G. 3. c. 38. and 19 G. 3. c. 27. And an Irish act of 20 G. 3.—21 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 33.

Secl. 2. of this act repealed. 23 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 34.

Smuggling.

For preventing smuggling, and for indemnifying persons already guilty of offences against the customs and excise, on the terms mentioned. 19 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 32.

For securing the property of owners of ships, liable to forfeiture for importing spirits or other uncustomed goods, by the misconduct of the masters, mates, or seamen. 21 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 33.

See *Ships.* Same act.

See *Privateers.* 22 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.

2201. granted to Mr. Benson for attending committees inquiring into the causes, and to prevent smuggling, &c. 24 G. 3. sel. 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

For more effectual preventing smuggling in this kingdom. Same year, c. 47.

Smugglers may be prosecuted by the ordinary course of law, notwithstanding the hovering act. Same act, § 14.

See *Customs.* 26 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 36.

Act 5 G. 1. c. 11. and 19 G. 2. c. 34. for punishing persons going disguised, &c. continued until the twenty-ninth of September, 1795. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

Snuff.

See *Tobacco and Snuff.*

Soap.

Several provisions by 10 Q. A. c. 19. and 11 G. 1. c. 30. relating to making soap, repealed; and one pound in ten allowed for waste; and other regulations made to prevent frauds. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 14. vol. 26.

This act extended to makers of ball-soap. 28 G. 3. c. 37. § 13. vol. 36.

Officer empowered, with a special warrant, to search suspected places for soap or candles, privately made or concealed, not having paid the duty; and the owners to forfeit one hundred pounds. Same act, § 20.

Makers of hard soap opening the copper, &c. after being locked and sealed by the excise officer, to forfeit one hundred pounds. 12 G. 3. c. 46. § 7. vol. 29.

Manufacturers of wool to be paid for soap used therein, the home-made duty only, according to 11 Q. A. c. 19. and 12 Q. A. ft. 2. c. 9.—14 G. 3. c. 72. § 15. vol. 30.

None residing in the limits of the excise office in London to make soap, unless they rent 10l. per ann. and pay parish rates; nor in other parts of the kingdom, unless they pay to church and poor. 17 G. 3. c. 52. § 1. vol. 31.

Act 10 An. c. 19. § 9 and 11, repealed; and soapmakers to make entries weekly, and to pay the duty in a week after, or forfeit double the value of the soap made; but not obliged to go further than the next market town. Same act, § 3 to 5.

The furnace door of the copper to be fastened by the officer, and the maker to pay for the locks; and refusing or obstructing the officer, to forfeit fifty pounds. Same act, § 6, 7.

Makers to give notice of the opening of coppers, &c. twelve hours in the limits of the excise-office in London, and twenty-four hours without; and surveyor may examine the copper, &c. any time between five in the morning and eleven at night; and for obstructing the officer, to forfeit one hundred

dred pounds; and for a private conveyance from the copper, to forfeit two hundred pounds. Same act, to § 10.

Officer in the day-time, with a peace-officer, may break the ground to search for private conveyances; and if none are found, to make good the damage; but makers may use pipes above ground. Same act, to § 13.

Coppers, &c. to be cleansed every lunar month, on three days notice, and the officer to examine the same; and if any hole is found, not known before, the maker liable to a penalty for concealing, &c. unless by accident since the last survey, and notice given thereof; and neglecting to cleanse the copper, or to give notice, or obstructing officer, to forfeit fifty pounds. Same act, § 15.

Additional duties of three farthings per pound on hard soap, and one farthing laid on soft soap made in Great Britain, to be paid by the makers; and this duty to be repaid for all soap used in woollen manufactures according to 12 Q. A. st. 2. c. 9.—22 G. 3. c. 68. § 13. vol. 34.

No soapmaker to have any conveyance to or from his copper (except one moveable pump); nor cock or hole in the side or curb of his boiler (save steam-holes); or use any syphon, on penalty of five hundred pounds. 24 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 34.

Duties to be charged for oil, rendered tallow, kitchen-stuff, and tallow and rosin, at the rate of twenty hundred weight of hard soap for every fourteen hundred weight of rendered tallow, and kitchen-stuff, and tallow missing. Same act, § 11.

Soapmakers in the limits of the excise office, London, to give twelve hours notice of charging their coppers, and in other places twenty-four hours; and not to sell hard soap, save in shape of cakes or bars; but scraps and parings to be returned into the copper. Same act, § 12.

The following duties payable on soap, viz.

On hard cake, or ball soap, *l. s. d.*
per pound 0 0 2½

Allowance for soap used in *l. s. d.*
woollen manufactures, per
pound 0 0 1½

In whitening new linen,
per pound 0 0 1½

Duty on soft soap, per
pound 0 0 1½

Allowance if used in wool-
len manufactures 0 0 1½

In whitening new linen,
per piece 0 0 0½

In the flax and cotton ma-
nufactures, before the fifth
of July, 1788, per pound 0 0 0½

A drawback on exportation
of the whole duty on soap.
27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

Soapmakers to weigh materials be-
fore officers, on penalty of fifty pounds.
Same year, c. 31. § 19. vol. 36.

Parings of hard soap, removing or
removed, may be seized; and also a
penalty of one hundred pounds on the
maker. 28 G. 3. c. 37. § 14. vol.
36.

See *Excise*. 32 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 37.

Soar River, Leicestershire.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 6 G. 3. c. 94.
vol. 27. 16 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 31.

Soldiers.

See *America*. 14 G. 3. c. 54. vol.
30.

For recruiting the land-forces and
marines. 18 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 32.

Repealed; and a levy of able-bodied
men throughout Great Britain by jus-
tices of the peace, magistrates, and
commissioners of the land tax, substi-
tuted. 19 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 32.

For providing quarters for the fo-
reign troops lately employed in de-
fence of Minorca, expected soon in this
kingdom, for six months after their
arrival, and until two days after the
commencement of the next session of
parliament, the same as if British troops.
22 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 34.

Officers, soldiers, and mariners, who
have been employed in the king's ser-
vice since the first of April, 1763, and
have not deserted; and also the wives
and children of such, are authorized
to exercise trades in any part of Great
Bri-

Britain; and not to be liable to be removed from thence to their last place of settlement, until they become chargeable to the parish; and, if sued, may plead the general issue, and have double costs. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 6. vol. 34.

If any two justices, where they shall set up trades, shall summon them to give evidence as to their settlements, they must make oath thereof; an attested copy whereof shall be given them, and be evidence at the quarter sessions; and if summoned again, not to take a fresh oath but to produce the former, and leave a copy thereof. Same act, § 2.

Extended to militia and fencible men, who have served three years and been honourably discharged; and the privileges of the two universities reserved. Same act, § 5.

See *Army*. 25 G. 3. c. 6. § 7. vol. 35.

Soldiers, whilst confined for debt, not to receive pay. Same act, § 66.

When any corps beyond sea shall be relieved in order to return home, such of the men as chuse to be enlisted and incorporated with those appointed to remain, may enlist afresh, and have a certificate shewing the cause. Same act, § 77.

This act extended to Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, and the Isle of Man, in regard to mustering, paying, and punishing soldiers. Same act, § 78.

The land-forces, and also the marines during their continuance on shore, regulated by two temporary annual acts.

See *Mutiny and Marine Acts*.

Volunteers not to be confined for debt under twenty pounds. 29 G. 3. c. 2. § 65. vol. 36.

Solicitors.

See *Annuities, private*. 17 G. 3. c. 26. § 6. vol. 31.

See *Attornies*. 25 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 35.

Somerfet-house

Vested in the crown, for the purpose

of erecting public offices; and Ely-house vested in the king by 12 G. 3. c. 43. and the unnecessary part of the former may be sold, and the purchase-money applied to embanking the river Thames and purchasing Buckingham-house; and if deficient, the money granted for naval services applicable thereto. 15 G. 3. c. 33. § 20. vol. 31.

Repealed as to the money granted for naval services. 20 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 33.

Granted by parliament towards the buildings at Somerfet-house. £.

22 G. 3. c. 67.	25,000
23 G. 3. c. 78.	25,000
24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 44.	25,000
25 G. 3. c. 60.	25,000
26 G. 3. c. 61.	25,000
27 G. 3. c. 33.	25,000
28 G. 3. c. 26.	25,000
31 G. 3. c. 41.	25,000

Somers Islands.

500l. granted by parliament for the chief justice of Somers Islands. 24 G. 3. fef. 2. c. 44. vol. 34.

1592l. 18. 10d. for the like purpose. 25 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 35.

See *Bermuda Islands*.

Somers Town, in Pancras Parish.

See *Paving, &c.* 29 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 36.

Southampton.

For regulating the poor, and repairing the highways. 13 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 30.

The election for members of parliament for the county, removed to New Alresford instead of Winchester; the French and Spanish prisoners being confined at the last town requiring troops to guard them, which ought not to be removed. 20 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 33.

See *Churches*. 31 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 37.

See *Horses*. 32 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

See *Sheep*. Same act.

Southampton, Lord.

See *Churches*. 29 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 36.

South Esk River.

See *Bridges*. 32 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 37.

South Sea Stock.

The clause of 23 G. 3. c. 58. relative to stamps on transfer of stocks, not to effect bank or South-sea stock. 26 G. 3. c. 82. § 11. vol. 35.

The South-sea annuities, formerly charged on the aggregate fund, made payable out of the consolidated fund. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 63. vol. 36.

South Shields.

See *Water*. 28 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 36.

Southwark, Surry.

See *Paving*. 6 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 27.—11 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 29.—28 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 36.

For a new workhouse in the parish of St. Saviour, and opening several new streets in Southwark. 14 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 30.

See *London*. 18 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 32.

The parish of St. George, Southwark, relieved with respect to the families of prisoners in the king's bench or marshallsea prisons, or the county gaol or house of correction. 23 G. 3. c. 23. § 2. vol. 34.

The manner of chusing overseers and appointing collectors of the poor rates in that parish regulated. Same act, § 5.

Inhabitants to be competent witnesses, and writings under this act to be exempt from stamp duties. Same act, § 8.

See *Poor*. 26 G. 3. c. 114. vol. 35.

See *Paving*. Same year, c. 120.—28 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 36.

Southwold, Suffolk.

See *Harbours*. 29 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 36.

Speaker of the House of Commons.

The speaker to issue his warrant, during a recess of parliament, for writs for electing members in room of those who die or become peers of Great Bri-

tain during such recess; and certificates of vacancies to be notified in the Gazette. 24 G. 3. ses. 2. c. 26. vol. 34.

But not to extend to enable the speaker so to do, unless the former writ be returned to the clerk of the crown fifteen days before the end of the last session of the house; nor unless application so long before meeting of the house, that the writ may be issued before that day, or with respect to any seat where a petition was depending at the rising of the house. Same act, § 4.

The speaker may authorize seven members, and not less than three, to execute the powers given him by this act; and when such number is reduced under three, to make a new appointment, to be entered in the journals of the house, and published in the Gazette, and the publisher to give receipts for notices. Same act, § 5.

See *Parliament*. 30 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 37.

Spermaceti.

See *Wax Candles*. 24 G. 3. ses. 2. c. 36. vol. 34.

Spirits and Spirituous Liquors.

Act 2 G. 3. c. 5. relating to the removal of home-made spirits for exportation explained. 6 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 27.

See *Distillers*. 11 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 29.—21 G. 3. c. 55. § 31. vol. 33.—28 G. 3. c. 46. § 77. vol. 36.

See *Malt*. 20 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 33.

See *Excise*. 21 G. 3. c. 55. § 29. vol. 33.—23 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 34.

British spirits, for which duty not paid, liable to forfeiture, and also treble the value; and to be estimated according to the full value of the best sort. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 10. vol. 35.

See *Hydrometer*. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 17. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.

An additional duty of sixpence per gallon laid on spirits made in Scotland and imported to England. 28 G. 3. c. 4. § 46. vol. 36.

Licensed dealers in spirituous liquors from the time they leave off trade, on a month's notice, to be exempt from duty, and if the licence be expired, to be

be exempt from further duty, but not be repaid any thing paid before. 29 G. 3. c. 63. § 5. vol. 36.

So much of the act 27 G. 3. c. 31. as directs all spirits to be deemed of the strength denoted by Clarke's hydrometer, continued to the end of next session. 30 G. 3. c. 18. § 3. vol. 37.

The duties imposed by 27 G. 3. c. 13. on wash made in England for extracting spirits for home consumption, and which, by 29 G. 3. c. 45. were continued to the fifth of July, 1790, further continued to the fifth of July, 1791, &c. and to be paid by 26 G. 3. c. 73. and 28 G. 3. c. 46. Same year, c. 37.

Part of sect. 1. and sect. 2, 3, and 4. of act 29 G. 3. c. 45. whereby there should be allowed permits at the rate of one hundred-and-forty-two gallons of British brandy, rectified British spirits or compounds, which rectifiers or compounders should receive from distillers of the strength of one to ten over hydrometer proof, or which they shall have made of the strength aforesaid; and to account for stock every three months; and if upon such account the quantity exceed the preceding account added to the quantity since received by permits of the strength aforesaid, such overplus may be seized by the officer of excise; and if the owner, out of whose stock such excess came, be discovered, to forfeit fifty pounds; and no rectifier to sell spirits of greater strength than one in six under hydrometer proof; and if such rectifier hath not used such whole allowance, to deduct sufficient to reduce the stock found to the strength of one in four and seven sixteenths under hydrometer proof to be cut off their credit, and the said sections of the said act repealed. Same act, § 2.

And to make the rectifiers amends for such alterations, they are to be allowed permits for not more than one hundred-and-fifty gallons of brandy, &c. for every one hundred gallons of raw British spirits, as received from the distiller, of the strength of one to ten over hydrometer proof. Same act, § 2.

Officers to take an account of rectifiers stock in thirty days after the act passed, and afterwards once in three months; and if after the first account any excess above the allowance specified be found may be seized, and the owner to forfeit fifty pounds. Same act, § 3.

If any part of the allowance appears to have been used, to be taken from the rectifiers credit. Same act, § 5.

If rectifiers sell spirits of greater strength than one in five under hydrometer proof may be seized; and to forfeit treble value, or fifty pounds in the whole, at the election of the king's attorney-general, or the prosecutor; and the single value to be rated at the price such brandy, &c. bears in London at the time. Same act, § 6.

Penalties to be recovered as by the laws of excise, or by action, in any court of record at Westminster, or in the exchequer in Scotland, and one moiety to go to the king and the other to the informer prosecuting. Same act, § 7.

So much of act 21 G. 3. c. 55. § 30. as relates to any increase discovered by the excise officer in the stock of any dealer in British spirituous liquors not to be forfeited, if the owner make it appear that such increase was made by mixing water amongst the stock in the presence of the excise officer of the division, repealed. Same act, § 8.

So much of 29 G. 3. c. 45. § 7. as enacts, that the act 26 G. 3. c. 73. except such part as is repugnant to 28 G. 3. c. 46. and the said last act, except what is expressly repealed by 29 G. 3. c. 45. to be revived and continued until the fifth of July, 1791. Same act, § 9.

Additional Duties, viz.

On single spirits or <i>aqua</i>	s.	d.
<i>vita</i> imported, per gallon	0	10
If above proof	1	8

31 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Spital Fields.

See *Paving.* 18 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 32.
—22 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 34.

Spranger, John.

See *East Florida.* 26 G. 3. c. 75. v. 35.
U u 2 *Spurn-*

Spurn Point.

For removing the lighthouses near the Spurn Point at the mouth of the river Humber, built by virtue of letters patent 28 and 30 *Cba.* 2. and others to be erected instead thereof. 6 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 27.

Altered by 12 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 29.

Staffordshire.

See *Gaols.* 27 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 36.

Stage Coaches.

Stage coaches with four wheels, to pay five pounds per annum stamp duty. 16 G. 3. c. 34. § 2. vol. 31.

A stamp duty of one halfpenny per mile on all four wheel stage coaches to be paid for every mile they shall travel. 23 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 34.

And whether with four wheels or only two, the owner to pay annually five shillings for a licence, and also one penny per mile which such carriage shall travel; and to keep only one coach for each licence. 25 G. 3. c. 51. § 4. vol. 35.

Commissioners may make regulations in regard to short stages about London and Westminster. Same act, § 51.

The name of the owner to be painted on each door, and to pay the duty monthly; and the proprietor of stage coaches to give seven days notice of discontinuing their stage, and to pay all arrears before discharged. Same act, § 52.

Justices summons served on book-keepers belonging to stage coaches, deemed sufficient notice. Same act, § 61.

Stage coaches to carry only six passengers on the roof, and two upon the box, on penalty of forty shillings. 28 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 36.

Act 28 G. 3. c. 57. for limiting the number of persons to be carried on the outside of stage coaches or other carriages, altered, explained, and amended; and for regulating the conduct of the drivers and guards. 30 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

From the 29th of September, 1790, if the driver of any stage coach,

chaise, or other carriage of like sort, drawn by three, or more horses, and travelling for hire, permit more than one person on the coach-box besides himself, and four persons on the roof; and if such coach, &c. with less than three horses, more than one person on the coach-box, and three on the roof (except the driver of such coach, &c. with less than three horses, which shall not travel more than twenty-five miles from the post-office, London, and who shall not carry more than one person on the coach-box, and four on the roof, at the same time) be conveyed by any such coach, &c. every such driver shall pay to the collector of the tolls at every turnpike-gate such carriage shall pass, five shillings for each person above the number so limited; and if any driver shall set down or take up any person whereby the said payment may be evaded, then such driver so offending, being convicted either by confession, the view of a justice, or the oath of a credible witness, may be committed to gaol for one month, and not less than fourteen days; and that five shillings for every passenger beyond the number allowed, to be levied as the turnpike tolls. Same act, § 2.

The name of the proprietor to be painted on the outside of each door of every stage coach (except the mail coaches) Same act, § 3.

Coachmen permitting others to drive, or by negligence or misconduct overturning the carriage, or endangering the passengers, to forfeit five pounds, and not less than forty shillings. Same act, § 4.

If the guard of any stage coach, or other carriage, while going on the road fires his piece, otherwise than for defence, to forfeit twenty shillings. Same act, § 5.

Staines, Middlesex.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 28 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

See *Bridges.* 31 G. 3. c. 84. vol. 37.

Stamps.

Every deed, note, and letter between the

the captain, master, or owner of any ship and the merchant relating to the freight, deemed to be a charter-party, and subject to one shilling and sixpence stamp. 5 G. 3. c. 35. § 11. vol. 26.

Officers neglecting or refusing to make entries of admissions into corporations, to forfeit ten pounds. Same year, c. 46. § 2.

The allowance of six per cent. for prompt payment of stamp duties, reduced to four per cent. Same act, § 5.

Stewards of copyhold courts are to demand the stamp duty with their own fees, or to forfeit ten pounds. Same act, § 7.

No stamps to be delivered out for pamphlets or newspapers, until security given for the duty on advertisements. Same act, § 8.

Cardmakers are to send paper to the stamp-office to have the ace of spades marked, one of which is to be put in each pack; and to send wrappers to enclose such cards which are to be marked with a sixpenny stamp; and separate accounts to be kept with cardmakers to be settled monthly. Same act, § 9.

For making up any ace of spades or wrapper, which has been used before, both seller and buyer to forfeit twenty pounds each; and the party informing admitted to give evidence. Same act, § 15.

See Apprentices. Same act, § 18.

Alehouse-keepers to shew their licences; and clerks of the peace their books and papers tending to secure the stamp duties, on forfeiture by the former forty shillings, and by the latter five pounds. Same act, § 20.

See Alehouse-keepers. Same act, § 22.

Public officers having in their custody books or papers tending to secure the stamp duties, to permit officers authorized to inspect and take notes gratis, on penalty of fifty pounds. Same act, § 38.

The allowance of sixpence per cent. for prompt payment of duty on ale licences, reduced to four per cent. 7 G.

3. c. 44. vol. 27.

Writing all or any part of any writ,

mandate, bond, affidavit, or other writing subject to stamp duty, on vellum, parchment, or paper which had been used before, or erasing the same, or taking the stamps off playing cards, with intent to use the same again, felony and transportation for seven years: and breaking prison, or returning within the time, death; but the discoverer of others, on their conviction, to be pardoned. 12 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.

Stamp duties on newspapers by 11 G. 1. c. 8. and 30 G. 2. c. 19. extended to every sheet, whether greater or less number of sheets or half sheets. 13 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 30.

Attornies are to charge as usual for ingrossing deeds, and not by the sheet, nor double or treble skins; but not to extend to deeds of less than two skins. 19 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 32.

Where penalties are not particularly directed to be applied, one moiety to go to the informer prosecuting in six months, and the other to the king; but no part to informers who do not prosecute within the time; and the king's share to be paid to the receiver of stamp duties, to be applied as former penalties. 26 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 32.

Convictions before a justice to be filed by the clerk of the peace, and not removeable by *certiorari*, but subject to appeal at quarter sessions; and where offenders, deemed guilty of felony; sufficient to prove the officer acted under the commissioners without producing his deputation. Same act, § 5.

By all the stamp acts, stamps spoiled, and not paid for by the person using them, may be changed; and counterfeiting stamps, felony without benefit of clergy.

Commissioners of stamps may provide one stamp to denote the several duties, and may consolidate the same into one sum, collect accordingly, and keep one account of those duties; and from the tenth of May, 1787, all stamp duties to be paid to the receiver-general thereof, who is to keep an account, and pay the money weekly; and commissioners and officers to observe orders of

of the treasury, and subject to penalties for breach of trust as heretofore. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 41. vol. 36.

All powers of former acts (except hereby altered) to continue; and counterfeiting or felling such stamps, or fraudulently using the same, felony without benefit of clergy. Same act, § 45.

The various instruments charged with stamp duties according to the several acts of parliament.

Actions entered in an inferior court that holds plea of forty shillings, but issues no writ, process, or mandate

Adjudication in Scotland

Sentence in the admiralty court, or cinque ports, or attachment, and relaxation thereof

Admiralty warrant, monition, or personal decree

Admiralty, ecclesiastical, or cinque port, libel, allegation, deposition, answer, sentence, or final decree, or any copy

Admissions into corporations or companies

into any inn of chancery

into any of the four inns of court

to a fellowship of the college of physicians, or as an attorney, clerk, advocate, proctor, notary, or other officer of any court whatsoever in England, except annual offices under ten pounds per annum

Advertisements in newspapers, or periodical pamphlets

More by 20 G. 3. c. 28.

An addition by 29 G. 3. c. 50.

Affidavits and copy

Affidavits concerning burying in woollen, and those taken before custom-house officers, or justices of the peace, or commissioners of the king's revenue, and for allowance of duties for soap used in woollen manufactures, exempted.

Agreements (except for matters under twenty pounds, or for leases at rack-rent of messuages, &c. under five pounds, or for hire of labourers or menial servants, or relating to sale of goods)

Labels for insurances from fire, exempted. 23 G. 3. c. 58. § 3. vol. 34.

Agreements may be stamped within twenty-one days after execution. Same act, § 5.

Licences for retailing ale and beer

Allegations in the spiritual and admiralty court, and copy

Almanacks for one year, on one sheet

Those for three years to pay for three years, and perpetual ones also to pay for three years

But those in Bibles and Prayer-books exempt.

See *Universities*. 21 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 33.

Answer in court of equity, per skin

Copy thereof, each sheet

Appeal from admiralty, arches, or the prerogative court of Canterbury or York

Appearance on special bail

On common bail, or without bail

Apprentices indentures, and articles of clerkship

Parish indentures to pay only

For fees with apprentices from one pound to fifty pounds, per pound

For more than fifty pounds, per pound

For apprizings, charters, resignations, *clare constat*, cognition of heirs, hereditable right, confirmation, *novodamus*, principal and original instruments of surrender, retour, seisin, and service in Scotland

Letters of attorney

Solicitors, attornies, notaries, proctors, agents, or

procurators to pay for warrant to prosecute for debt of forty shillings, or to defend

l. s. d.
0 2 6

On certificates to be taken by attornies, annually, if resident in London or Westminster, Southwark, Pancras, or St. Mary-le-bone, or within the bills of mortality, or Edinburgh, forty days in a year, to pay per annum

5 0 0

And resident in any other part of Great Britain

3 0 0

See *Attornies*. 25 G. 3. c. 80. § 7. vol. 35.

Awards, stamp

0 5 0

Bail-bonds and assignments

0 1 0

Bills of exchange, promissory or other notes, drafts, or orders under fifty pounds

0 0 6

Above fifty pounds

0 1 0

See *Bills of Exchange*. 23 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 34.

Drafts on bankers not payable to bearer, liable to the same duties as bills of exchange; but notes for less than forty shillings, not liable to any duty. 24 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 34.

No bill of exchange or note to be stamped after written or signed, unless on payment of ten pounds; and a magistrate may determine offences within a year. 24 G. 3. c. 9. § 9. vol. 34.

l. s. d.

Bills of lading to pay

0 1 0

Upon entry of burials, marriages, births, or christenings (except burials from hospitals or workhouses, and to births where the parents receive parish relief) and extends to quakers and protestant dissenters, to pay for each

0 0 3

Ministers allowed two shillings per pound for trouble.

Bonds (except given as security for money) charter-parties, contracts, deeds-poll, or indentures, obligatory instruments, letters of attornies, leases, procurations and releases

0 6 0

Bonds, if not for more

than one hundred pounds, to pay

l. s. d.
0 5 0

23 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.

If above one hundred pounds, and under five hundred pounds

0 10 0

For five hundred pounds and upwards

0 15 0

Brief for collecting charity, stamp

2 0 0

Cards per pack, with addition, 29 G. 3. c. 50.

0 2 6

Certificate or licence of marriage (except of seamens widows) pays

0 5 0

Certificate or debenture for drawback

0 2 0

Certificates, as to soap used in woollen manufactures, exempted from stamps.

Citation in ecclesiastical court

0 2 6

Copy thereof

0 2 0

Commissions ecclesiastical, not otherwise charged

0 5 0

Commissions of rebellion not to pay as letters patent.

See 9 & 10 W. 3. c. 12. and 12 Q. A. ft. 2. c. 9.

Copy of record, or other proceedings at Westminster

0 1 0

Copy of wills, per sheet

0 0 3

Letters patent, or exemplification thereof, in the county palatine of Lancaster

8 0 0

Grants of profits under the seal of the duchy or county palatine of Lancaster

6 0 0

Process from counties palatine

0 1 0

Copy of declarations, per sheet

0 0 3

Decree, or dismissal of a court of equity

0 1 6

Conveyances, surrenders of grants or offices, or release or other deed, inrolled in any court of record by any *custos rotulorum* or clerk of the peace

0 10 0

Indentures, leases, or deeds, (bail bonds and assignments thereof, indentures of apprenticeship of charity, and deeds in Scotland, charged 2s. 3d. excepted)

0 6 0

And if ingrossed without stamp, not to be given in evidence without further payment of . . . 10 0 0
9 and 10 *W.* 3. c. 25.

Degrees in the university (except bachelor of arts) . . . 2 0 0
— in inns of court . . . 14 0 0

Demurrers in law and copies, per sheet . . . 0 0 3

The like in equity copies . . . 0 0 3

Dice per pair, with addition by 29 *G.* 3. c. 50. . . 0 15 0

Dispensations from the archbishop or master of the faculties . . . 10 0 0

Bills, answers, replications, rejoinders, demurrers, interrogatories, depositions taken by commission, and other proceedings in courts of equity, per skin . . . 0 2 6

Copies thereof, per sheet . . . 0 0 3

Exemplifications under the seal of any court, per skin . . . 1 0 0

Annual certificates to authorize persons to kill game, each . . . 2 2 0

Gamekeepers to pay . . . 0 10 6

See *Game.* 24 *G.* 3. *sef.* 2. c. 43. vol. 34. 25 *G.* 3. c. 50. vol. 35.

Annual licence to sell gloves, to pay . . . 0 1 0

Gloves and mittens retailed from four-pence to six-pence per pair . . . 0 0 1

— from ten-pence to one shilling and four-pence . . . 0 0 2

— above one shilling and four-pence per pair . . . 0 0 3

See *Gloves.* 25 *G.* c. 55. vol. 35.

Grants by the king under the great seal, or the seal of the duchy or county palatine of Lancaster of any honour, dignity, promotion, franchise or privilege, and exemplifications thereof . . . 8 0 0

Grants of any sum above one hundred pounds under the great or privy seal, not directed to the great seal . . . 6 0 0

Grant of office or employ-

ment of more than fifty *l. s. d.*
pounds per annum . . . 6 0 0

Grant under the great, exchequer, duchy, county palatine, or privy seal of lands in fee, or for years, or other grants of profits not particularly charged . . . 4 0 0

Annual licences to retail felt or beaver hats within the bills of mortality, or borough of Southwark . . . 2 0 0

And in other parts of the kingdom . . . 0 5 0

And to be paid for every hat sold, not above four shillings value . . . 0 0 3

— from four to seven shillings . . . 0 0 6

— from seven to twelve shillings . . . 0 1 0

— above twelve shillings value . . . 0 3 0

See *Hats.* 24 *G.* 3. § 2. c. 51. vol. 34.

To pay for every horse entered to run for a plate, and for the winning horse double . . . 2 2 0

Licensed horse-dealers, within the bills of mortality or borough of Southwark, to pay per annum . . . 10 0 0

And out of those limits . . . 5 0 0

See *Horses.* 24 *G.* 3. *sef.* 2. c. 31. vol. 34.

Institution pays . . . 0 15 0

— or licences by prefbyters in Scotland . . . 0 5 0

A yearly stamp duty for every one hundred pounds insured from loss by fire (except public hospitals) . . . 0 1 6

See *Insurances.* 22 *G.* 3. c. 48. vol. 33.—26 *G.* 3. c. 82. vol. 35.

Inventories and copies exhibited in the ecclesiastical, admiralty, and cinque-port courts . . . 0 2 6

Inventories or catalogues of furniture, with reference to any agreement . . . 0 2 6

Judgment signed in any court at Westminster . . . 0 5 0

Latitat pays stamp . . . 0 2 6

Letters

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Letters of mart . . .	0	15	0
Libel and copy thereof . .	0	2	6
Licences, by ecclesiastical court or ordinary . . .	0	15	0
— by the presbytery in Scotland (except licences to tutors and school-masters)	0	5	0
Licences to tutors and school-masters . . .	0	10	0
— for retailing wine where there is an ale and spirit licence . . .	2	4	0
Where an ale licence only . .	4	4	0
And if no other licence . .	5	4	0
Licence to retail brandy and spirits to be taken from the excise. 27 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 36.	2	6	0
Licences for keeping ale- houses on the military roads in Scotland, exempted. 29 G. 2. c. 12.			
Licences to keep madhouses to pay . . .	0	5	0
— to keep lottery offices, each . . .	50	0	0
— to keep lying-in hos- pitals . . .	0	5	0
Matriculation in the re- gister of the university, pays	0	4	0
Medicines, for every pac- ket, box, bottle, phial, or in- closure thereof not above one shilling in value, to pay . .	0	0	1½
From one shilling to two shillings and six-pence value, to pay . . .	0	0	6
If of five shillings value, to pay . . .	0	1	0
Allowed for prompt pay- ment, per cent. . .	10	0	0
23 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 34.			
See <i>Medicines</i> . 25 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 35.			
Monition or citation in the ecclesiastical court, and co- pies thereof . . .	0	2	6
Notarial acts, pay . . .	0	2	0
<i>Novodamus</i> (in Scotland)	0	4	9
Newspapers of half a sheet, or less, each pay . . .	0	0	1½
— of one sheet . . .	0	0	2
Pamphlets of half a sheet, or less, each pay . . .	0	0	1
— larger than one sheet,			

and not above fix in octavo,
twelve in quarto, and twenty
in folio, for every sheet in
one printed copy . . .

Pardons of crimes, forfei-
tures, reprieves, or relax-
ations from fines, corporal
punishment, or other for-
feiture . . .

General circuit, or New-
gate pardons . . .

Passports . . .

Annual licences granted
to pawnbrokers residing in
London or Westminster,
Southwark, or within the
bills of mortality . . .

— in any other part of
Great Britain . . .

Persons lending money at not more
than five pounds per cent. per annum,
exempt.

See *Pawnbrokers*. 25 G. 3. c. 48.
vol. 35.

Perfumeries. For every packet, box,
bottle, phial, or inclosure, con-
taining powders, pastes, washes,
balls, waters, sweet scents,
odours, perfumes, or cosmetics,
dentifrice, rolls, cakes, or pieces
for the hair; and also powders
for the hair above two shillings
per pound, the following du-
ties to be paid, viz.

If not above eightpence *l. s. d.*
value . . .

If between eightpence and
one shilling value . . .

If between one shilling and
two shillings and sixpence
value . . .

If between two shillings
and sixpence and five shillings

If of five shillings value,
and upwards . . .

Every packet of hair-pow-
der, per pound, under two
two shillings per pound value

Not to extend to medicines
charged by 25 G. 3. nor to
common soap unmixed with
perfumes.

Perfumers to pay, besides,
for annual licence . . .

See *Perfumery*. 26 G. 3. c. 49. v. 35.
X x Receipts

Receipts for legacies, or shares of personal estates, viz.

If not more than twenty *l. s. d.*
pounds, stamp . . . 0 5 0

If under one hundred pounds . . . 0 10 0

If above one hundred pounds . . . 2 0 0

And for every further sum of one hundred pounds . . . 1 0 0

Wives, children, and grandchildren to pay only half these legacy duties; and not to pay any part of the twenty shillings for every further one hundred pounds.

For shares under the statute of distributions, if not above four hundred pounds, to pay . . . 1 0 0

For every further one hundred pounds . . . 1 0 0

But sailors and soldiers exempt; and also legacies to wife, children, or grandchildren of the testator.

See *Legacies*. 29 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

Gold plate made in Great Britain to pay, per ounce . . . 0 8 0

Silver plate, per ounce . . . 0 0 6

Pleadings in law and copies, per sheet . . . 0 0 3

Policies of insurance to pay, each . . . 0 6 0

If above one thousand pounds, in all . . . 0 11 0

If the property of more than one person for above one hundred pounds in one policy, and so if any additional insurance is not stamped; but any number may be insured by one policy with five stamps of five shillings each. 5 G. 3. c. 35. . . 1 5 0

The property of any number of persons in one ship or cargo, or both, not above one thousand pounds in one policy. 7 G. 3. c. 44. . . 0 5 0

To an higher amount . . . 0 10 0

All policies insuring the property of one or more persons in any ship or cargo

for more than one thousand pounds, by 8 G. 3. c. 25. to be stamped with two five *l. s. d.*
shillings . . . 0 10 0

See *Insurances*. 17 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 31.

Records of *nisi prius* or *postea* pay, per skin . . . 0 5 0

Every postmaster or inn-keeper, for an annual licence to let horses to hire for travelling post, to pay . . . 0 5 0

To pay for each horse, per mile . . . 0 0 1½

Or, per day, where the distance is not ascertained . . . 0 1 9

For an annual licence for keeping a diligence, post-coach, or other four-wheel carriage for carrying four inside passengers for hire, or any stage-coach, to pay . . . 0 5 0

And also for every mile such carriage shall travel . . . 0 0 1

See *Post-horses*. 25 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 35.

Presentation, collation, or donation of a benefice above the yearly value of ten pounds in the king's books . . . 6 0 0

Probate of wills, or letters of administration (except of common seamen or soldiers) of any estate of twenty pounds value and under one hundred pounds, to pay . . . 0 10 0

If one hundred pounds, and under three hundred pounds . . . 2 10 0

If three hundred pounds, and under six hundred pounds . . . 4 10 0

If six hundred pounds, and under one thousand pounds . . . 5 10 0

If one thousand pounds, or more . . . 6 10 0

Procurations (in the ecclesiastical court) . . . 0 6 0

Receipts for two pounds, and under twenty pounds . . . 0 0 2

For twenty pounds, and upwards . . . 0 0 4

All receipts in full for any sum . . . 0 0 4

Receipts on deeds or bonds, and letters of acknowledgment, and receipts by seamen

or soldiers for wages, or pensions from the navy or army, exempted; and not to extend to receipts on foreign bills of exchange. 23 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 34.

See *Legacies*. Same year, c. 58.

See *Receipts*. Same year, c. 49. 24 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 34.

Rules and orders in courts at Westminster, and copies *l. s. d.*
thereof o 1 6

Scotch deeds, original instruments of surrender, or resignation of heritable rights, original retour of services of heirs, original feisin, original instruments of surrender or resignation, service or cognition of heirs, in Scotland o 4 9

Scotch deeds where not charged with stamp duties before the Union, 5 Q. A. c. 8. and deeds not charged two shillings and threepence by 12 Q. A. st. 2. c. 9. pay only o 0 6

Sentence in the ecclesiastical court and copy o 2 0

Significavit (writ of) o 10 0

Sign manual to any beneficial warrant or order (except for service of navy, army, or ordnance) o 12 6

Statutes staple, merchant, or recognizance o 10 0

Recognizances before justices of peace, exempt.

Surrenders, copies, and admittances of copyhold estates (except to the use of a will, and except the court-roll or book) o 7 0

The like of customary or tenant-right estates (not copyhold) o 7 0

Licences for selling sweets by retail, not having a spirituous liquor or ale licence 2 4 0

Transfer of stock in any company or corporation, each o 10 0

The additional duty of two shillings and threepence by 23 G. 3. c. 58. not to extend to transfers of bank or South-sea stock, therefore to pay

on those stocks only. 26 G. 3. *l. s. d.*
c. 83. vol. 35. o 7 9

Writ of *habeas corpus* o 5 0

Writs of *certiorari* or appeal (except to court of delegates) o 10 6

Writs of covenant for fines o 15 0

Writs of entry for recoveries o 10 0

Writs of error o 10 0

Every other writ original (except such on which a *capias* issues) *subpoena*, bill of Middlesex, *latitat*, *capias*, *quo minus*, *dedimus potestatem*, and all process of courts holding plea of forty shillings o 2 6

Such part of any act relating to turnpikes, highways, paving, roads, bridges, inclosures, navigation or canals, or other such like matters, passed before the fifth of December, 1782, as exempts any mortgage, assignment, or other writing, liable to stamp duty, from being stamped, repealed. 23 G. 3. c. 58. § 13. vol. 34.

Not to extend to transfer of stocks in public funds, or to writings concerning the public revenue, or that are expressly exempted by act granting such duty, unless such exemption has been repealed. Same act, § 14.

Stamps on paper intended to be exported by 21 G. 3. c. 24. denoting payment of the duty, to be taken off by the officer; and for obstructing his so doing, a penalty of twenty pounds. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 5. vol. 35.

See *Penalties*. Same year, c. 82.— 27 G. 3. c. 32. § 14. vol. 36.

Where the consideration-money on purchase of fee-farm rents is under ten pounds, the certificate, &c.. not subject to stamp duty. 26 G. 3. c. 87. § 18.

See *Lotteries*. 27 G. 3. c. 1. § 10.

Stamp-office removed. See *Land-tax*. 27 G. 3. c. 5. § 72. vol. 36.

See *Felony*. Same year, c. 13. § 31. c. 32. § 14.

Stamp duties to be paid into the exchequer weekly. Same act, § 42.

One stamp may be used to denote several duties, which are to be consolidated,
X x 2

lidated, and one account kept thereof. Same act, § 41.

Commissioners of stamp duties to be subject to the treasury; and all former powers to continue in force. Same act, § 43.

Licences of ecclesiastical courts or ordinary appointing a stipendiary curate, in which the annual amount of the stipend shall be inserted, exempt from stamp duty, granted by 5 and 9 *W. 3.* and 12 *Q. A.* and such licence may be given in evidence in any court. 28 *G. 3. c. 28.* vol. 36.

See *Newspapers and Legacies.* 29 *G. 3. c. 50* and 51. vol. 36.

See *Game.* 31 *G. 3. c. 21.* vol. 37.

Drafts payable on demand for forty shillings, and not above five *s. d.* guineas 0 3

Above five guineas, and not exceeding thirty pounds 0 6

Above thirty pounds, and not exceeding fifty pounds 0 9

Above fifty pounds, and not exceeding one hundred pounds 1 0

Above one hundred pounds, and not exceeding two hundred pounds 1 6

The same duties to be paid for notes payable to the bearer on demand, and reissuable from time to time where first issued.

Notes payable to bearer on demand reissuable where first issued, or at any other place, for forty shillings, and not above five guineas 0 6

Above five guineas, and not exceeding thirty pounds 1 0

Bills of exchange, drafts, notes, &c. payable otherwise than upon demand, for forty shillings, and not above thirty pounds 0 6

Above thirty pounds, and not exceeding fifty pounds 0 9

Above fifty pounds, and not exceeding one hundred pounds 1 0

Above one hundred pounds, and not exceeding two hundred pounds 1 6

Bills, drafts, notes, &c. for more than two hundred pounds 2 0

The duties to be paid by the drawer. Same year, c. 25. § 2.

Foreign bills, drawn in sets, not exceeding one hundred *s. d.* pounds 0 6

Above one hundred pounds, and not exceeding two hundred pounds 0 9

Above two hundred pounds 1 0

Every bill, of each set, to be charged with the duty. Same act, § 3.

Orders on bankers payable to bearer on demand, and drawn within ten miles of the place of payment, exempt from duty. Same act, § 4.

Receipts for forty shillings, *s. d.* and under twenty pounds 0 2

For twenty pounds, and under fifty pounds 0 4

For fifty pounds or upwards 0 6

Receipts in full 0 6

Same act, § 12.

The duty of six shillings on agreements by 23 *G. 3. c. 58.* not to extend to letters passing by post between merchants, &c. residing fifty miles from each other. 32 *G. 3. c. 51.* vol. 37.

Stanhope-street.

See *Newcastle, Henry Duke of.* 22 *G. 3. c. 65.* vol. 34.

Starch.

Summonses left at places where unentered workhouses are used for making soap or starch in assumed names, in a clandestine manner, deemed sufficient. 5 *G. 3. c. 43.* §. 19. vol. 26.

Starch prohibited to be exported. 11 *G. 3. c. 1.* vol. 30.

Permitted to be made from rice. 13 *G. 3. c. 7.* § 4. vol. 30.

No starchmakers to enter at the excise-office in London, unless they occupy a tenement of at least ten pounds per annum, and pay parish rates; and, in other parts of the kingdom, to pay to church and poor. 19 *G. 3. c. 40.* § 1. vol. 32.

Seft. 11 and 13 of *An. 10. c. 26.* repealed; and makers to enter weekly, on penalty of fifty pounds; and to pay the duty in a week after, or to forfeit double;

double; with several other regulations as to makers, &c. giving notice, &c. Same act, § 2. &c.

Starch, and hair-powder made thereof, imported, to pay an addition of twopence per pound, besides the five pounds per cent. by 19 G. 3. c. 25. and no drawback on exportation. 20 G. 3. c. 52. vol. 33.

Starch made in Great Britain also to pay an addition of one penny per pound, of fifteen ounces avoirdupois to the pound; and to pay for stock in hand fifth of July, 1780, and liable to five pounds per cent. besides. Same act, § 2. &c.

No starchmaker to erect, alter, or use any workhouse for making or keeping starch, &c. without notice to the next excise office; and assisting to make starch in any unentered house, to forfeit thirty pounds, and six months imprisonment; and double for the second offence. 24 G. 3. s. 2. c. 48. vol. 34.

Starchmakers to have their names painted on the doors of starchhouses; and on packages above twenty-eight pounds weight to have the word *Starch* thereon, and if removed, forfeited; and dealers receiving above twenty-eight pounds, unmarked, to forfeit two hundred pounds; and one hundred pounds for obstructing officers. Same act, § 4.

Notice to be given of the intent to paper starch within an hour after the time appointed, and every paper to have a label which the commissioners are to provide, and the same to be affixed without damaging the starch. 26 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 35.

Starch for exportation to have a proper label put by the officer; and if exported and found without a label, forfeited; but not to extend to starch made into hair-powder. Same act, § 7.

Scrapings of starch left after papering to be mixed with other materials, and charged with duty; but an allowance made of seven-tenth parts, and to be weighed by the officer, and dissolved and strained in an hour after, on penalty of two hundred pounds;

and scrapings not to be taken away without notice of boxing, nor increased in weight, under the same penalty. Same act, § 10.

Vats to be emptied in forty-eight hours, and four water shifted in twelve, and green water to remain twenty-four hours; and a declaration to be made of such shifting, on penalty of one hundred pounds. Same act, § 15.

If gauged starch be missing, to be charged with the duty according to the gauge. Same act, § 17.

Starch waters of different makings not to be mixed, but flimes may in presence of an officer; and starch not to be moved without notice. Same act, § 18.

No entry of starchmakers allowed in places out of the limits of the excise-office, or where there are no church or poor's rate (except to persons assessed to duties on houses and windows) and such unqualified persons making entries, liable to the same penalties as for not entering. Same act, § 20.

Starch imported to pay customs, five pounds five shillings and eightpence per hundred weight; and home-made starch to pay excise, threepence half-penny per pound. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 1.

Starch not stamped, loose starch above twenty-eight pounds, or scrapings found in the possession of a dealer, or removing, forfeited with carriages, &c. Same year, c. 31. § 23.

Starch may be exported to all parts, notwithstanding the price of corn, &c. may be above the exportation rates. 29 G. 3. c. 58. § 15. vol. 36.

Steam Engines.

See *Fire Engines*. 15 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 31.

Stepney and Hackney.

See *Courts Inferior*. 21 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 33.

Stewart, James Archibald.

See *The King*, &c. 12 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 29.

Skills.

See *Diffillers.* 12 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 29.

See *Scotland.* 26 G. 3. c. 64. § 37. vol. 35.—28 G. 3. c. 46. § 1. vol. 36.

With every wash-still licenced, a low wine or spirit still of not less than one-fourth of its contents to be likewise licenced therewith. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 30. vol. 36.

Continued by 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

Stirlingshire.

See *Scotland.* 18 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 32.

Stock of Dealers.

See *Excise.* 21 G. 3. c. 55. § 29. vol. 33.

Stockings.

All framework, knitted pieces, and stockings (except silk) of three or more threads, to be marked with the same number of illet holes, and no more; but may use any materials or number of threads for the welt, and within three inches of the top; and several other regulations as to masters and journeymen. 6 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 27.

Framework-knitters hiring frames, and refusing to return them on fourteen days notice, to forfeit twenty shillings; which if not paid, and the frame returned in six days, may be imprisoned three months, and not less than one. 28 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.

For hiring frames and selling them, to be imprisoned three, and not more than twelve months; and the purchaser liable to the same punishment. Same act, § 2.

For entering shops and destroying framework, felony; subject to transportation for fourteen years, or at least seven years. Same act, § 4.

Stoke Damerell, Devonshire.

See *Poor and Paving.* 21 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 33.

Stoke River, Lincolnshire.

See *Bedford Level.* 13 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 30.

Stolen Goods.

All persons buying or receiving stolen goods to be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be prosecuted accordingly. 22 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 34.

Justices may grant search-warrants to discover stolen goods; and if such are found, the person in whose custody deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. Same act, § 2.

Constables may apprehend persons suspected of having stolen goods between sun setting and sun rising; and on conviction may be imprisoned six, and not less than three months. Same act, § 3.

Persons offering stolen goods to be pawned or sold, may be taken before a justice; and if such person be under fifteen years of age, may be charged with felony within clergy; and for discovering two other receivers, intitled to the king's pardon. Same act, § 4.

But no former law for punishing such offenders repealed. Same act, § 6.

Stone Blue.

Makers of stone-blue to enter work-houses, and officers to examine stone-blue, and may take samples, paying for the same; and it is not to be made of materials not having paid duty, on forfeiture thereof, and also one hundred pounds penalty. 26 G. 3. c. 51. § 21. vol. 35.

Unstamped starch found in custody of any stone-blue maker, forfeited, and the owner to be fined ten shillings per pound; and if more than twenty-eight pounds be found in any unentered place, also forfeited, with a fine of fifty pounds. Same act, § 24.

Stone in Staffordshire.

See *Workhouses.* 32 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 37.

Stonehouse, Devonshire.

See *Churches.* 27 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 36.

Stopham, Suffex.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 31 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 37.

Stores.

So much of 2 G. 2. c. 35. as relates to naval stores from Scotland (see *Scotland*) continued. 6 G. 3. c. 44. § 3. vol. 27.—14 G. 3. c. 86. § 6. vol. 30.

Treasurer and other officers of the navy empowered by warrant to apprehend persons stealing or embezzling stores. 9 G. 3. c. 30. § 5. vol. 28.

Naval stores prohibited to be exported, unless pre-emption first offered to the commissioners of the navy. Same year, c. 35. § 2.

Unmanufactured wood (masts excepted) may be imported from America duty free; and the duty paid for mahogany from the Bay of Honduras, imported since July, 1770, to be returned. 11 G. 3. c. 41. § 2, 3. vol. 29.

No duty or customs to be paid for prize goods consisting of military or ships stores. 18 G. 3. c. 15. § 3. vol. 32.

Act 8 G. 1. c. 12. so far as relates to the importation of timber and lumber from the British colonies, continued to the twenty-ninth of September, 1785. 19 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 33.

But to be entered at the custom-house of the place of importation. Same act, § 2.

The following articles deemed military or ships stores, viz. Sails, cordage, anchors, and cables, masts, yards, bowsprits, blocks, guns, gunpowder, shot, matches, gun-carriages, cartridges and other materials, timber and iron made fit for ship-building, &c. beef, pork, butter salted, biscuit, small beer, peas, and oatmeal, sailors clothes, hammocks, bedding, and other apparatus, and instruments of surgeons. 21 G. 3. c. 5. § 2. vol. 33.

Stourbridge, Worcestershire.

See *Canals, navigable.* 16 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 31.

See *Paving.* 31 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 37.

Stower, near Sudbury, Suffolk.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 21 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 33.

Stow-market, Suffolk.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 30 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 37.

Stowupland Bridge.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 30 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 37.

Streatham, Surry.

See *Poor.* 30 G. 3. c. 80. vol. 37.

Streets.

For opening a new street from Fleet-street to Temple-street, &c. in London; and opening a passage to Water lane; and stopping up certain alleys, &c. 29 G. 3. c. 38.

For forming and keeping in repair the streets and other public passages in a certain district of the parish of Saint Luke, Chelsea, in Middlesex, called Hans Town, and for otherwise improving the same. 30 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 37.

Strickland.

For divesting out of the crown the reversion in fee of the estate formerly of Sir Roger Strickland, knight, deceased, in Catterick and Tunstall, in Yorkshire; and for vesting the same in the several persons intitled thereto; and for extinguishing a term of one hundred years, for which the said estate was limited, in trust for king George the First, his heirs and successors. 30 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 37.

Stroudwater, Gloucestershire.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 16 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 31.

See *Canals, navigable.* 23 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 34.

Stuff, printed.

Yard-wide stuffs, printed, &c. (not liable to duties by 27 G. 3. c. 13.) except dyed only of one colour, or made of woollen, to pay a duty of three-

threepence halfpenny per yard, to be paid into the exchequer and carried to the consolidated fund. 28 G. 3. c. 37. § 8. vol. 36.

Sufferances.

See *Horses*. 32 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

Suffolk.

For the relief of the poor in Stow hundred. 18 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 32.— 21 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 33.

The like of Hartismere, Hoxne, and Thredling hundreds, in the same county. 19 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 32.

See *Woollen Manufactures*. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 3. vol. 34.

Sugar.

Drawbacks by former acts on exportation of refined sugar to cease; and a bounty of fourteen shillings and sixpence per hundred weight on loaf or lump sugar refined and exported, to be allowed in lieu thereof. 5 G. 3. c. 45. § 14, 15. vol. 26.

And on bastards, ground sugar, and candy, a drawback of six shillings and fourpence per hundred weight allowed, if duly refined. Same act, § 16.

No part of the old subsidy to be repaid on the exportation of foreign sugar to Ireland. 12 G. 3. c. 60. § 6. vol. 29.

Sugar and panes imported from America without certificate, to pay duty as foreign sugar, &c. 18 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 32. See *Customs*. 19 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 33.

A new duty of four shillings and eightpence per hundred laid on sugar imported; and also to be subject to the additional impost of five pounds per cent. by 19 G. 3. c. 25. but not to be paid for goods warehoused for exportation. 21 G. 3. c. 16. § 6. vol. 33.

A drawback on sugar imported, and afterwards refined and exported, eleven shillings and sixpence per hundred on whole sugar; and five shillings and fourpence on bastards, broken, and candy sugar, besides all other allowances, and all duties on unrefined sugar. Same act, § 10.

Sugar from Demerary and Essequibo may be imported on the like duty as if from the British West Indies. 21 G. 3. c. 62. § 4. vol. 33.

Sugar imported from the sugar colonies without certificate, if it appears that no fraud was intended, may be imported on the usual duties. Same year, c. 62.

No drawback on the exportation of British refined sugar, unless packed in casks of six hundred weight each (except exported to Africa or the American colonies, and in iron-bound puncheons of one hundred gallons each) and the exporter to give bond for treble the drawback for due exportation thereof, and bonds to remain three years in the office. 23 G. 3. c. 76. § 6. vol. 34.

See *Rum*. 25 G. 3. c. 69. § 6. vol. 35.— 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 2. vol. 36.

Four hundred weight of British refined sugar, and ten hundred weight of bastard sugar may be exported annually from Liverpool to Douglas in the Isle of Man, and nowhere else; and not to be exported from thence. 26 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 35.

Act 12 G. 2. c. 30. (see *Plantations*) allowing sugar to be carried directly from the British colonies to foreign markets, continued until the twentieth of September, 1792. Same year, c. 53.

Corn may be exported to the sugar colonies by 16 G. 3. c. 37. and from Lancaster to the said colonies by 25 G. 3. c. 69. continued until the first of May, 1789. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

See *Tobacco-pipe Clay*. Same act.

An additional duty of two shillings and eightpence per hundred weight on sugars imported into Great Britain, and not warehoused. 31 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 37.

Duty to be under the management of the commissioners of the customs. Same act, § 2.

A drawback of the said duty on exportation of the sugar in the state it was imported, and an additional drawback of three shillings and fourpence per hundred weight on exportation of refined sugar, &c. Same act, § 4.

For

For regulating the allowance of the drawback and payment of the bounty on the exportation of sugar, and for permitting the importation of sugar and coffee into the Bahama and Bermuda islands in foreign ships. 32 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 37.

If it shall appear, by notice in the Gazette, that the average price of Muscovado sugar, exclusive of the customs, shall exceed the rates specified in this act, the drawback and bounty on refined sugar produced therefrom, to cease until new average prices are notified in the Gazette, exported to Ireland or the British dominions; but the drawback to be allowed in cases where sugar is begun to be shipped, when the price is under the sum at which the drawback and bounty ceases, though the price may rise to that sum before the exportation. Same act, § 2.

When the drawback shall not be allowed, no more sugar to be exported to Guernsey than *crut.* 60
 To Jersey . . . 60
 To Alderney and Sark . . 10
 To the Isle of Man . . . 40

When the bounty shall not be allowed, no more refined sugar to be exported to Guernsey than . . . 200
 To Jersey . . . 200
 To Alderney and Sark . . 33
 And to the Isle of Man . . 100

Same act, § 3.

Importers of sugar in London to give an account, on oath, every Wednesday, to the clerk of the Grocers company of the quantities of Muscovado sugar bought and sold by them; together with the price paid for the same; and the clerk of the said company is to compute the average price, and publish the same in the Gazette, and keep a book containing the accounts received from importers. Same act, § 4.

The treasury may appoint a salary for the clerk of the Grocers company, and fifty pounds penalty for neglecting his duty under this act; and importers neglecting to deliver in accounts to forfeit forty shillings for every cask of sugar. Same act, § 6.

Exporters and masters to enter into bond for the due exportation of sugar, and no drawback or bounty allowed on sugar exported to Ireland or Guernsey, &c. until a certificate be produced of its being landed; and when the drawback shall cease under the provisions of this act, the commissioners of the customs not to grant any licence by virtue of acts 12 G. 2. c. 30. and 15 G. 2. c. 33. until the new average prices be published in the Gazette. Same act, § 8.

Sugar and coffee not of the British plantations may be imported in British built ships into the ports of London, Bristol, Liverpool, Lancaster, Glasgow, and Leith, without payment of duty, and may be exported from warehouses duty free; but if taken out for home consumption, the duty must be first paid. Same act, § 11.

Sugar and coffee, the produce of any foreign country, may be imported into the Bahama islands and Bermuda in foreign ships, subject to the regulations of 27 G. 3. c. 27. and 30 G. 3. c. 29. and if imported into Great Britain, &c. from the Bahama islands or Bermuda, to be deemed not of the British plantations. Same act, § 12.

Suits.

See *Prisoners.* 20 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 33.
 Suits in ecclesiastical courts for words, limited to six months, and all other suits to eight months. 27 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 36.

Sundays.

See *Holydays.* 21 G. 3. c. 49. § 7. vol. 33.

Sunderland, Durham.

See *Rivers.* 25 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 35.
 See *Coals.* 27 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 36.—
 30 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 37.
 See *Poor.* 31 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 37.

Superfedeas.

See *Errors.* 19 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 32.

Surgeons, Scotland.

The charter of the royal college or corporation of surgeons of Edinburgh,
 Y y con-

confirmed so far as relates to a scheme for raising a fund for provision of widows and children of members, and to establish the said scheme, and empower the corporation and their officers to put the same in execution. 27 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 36.

Their capital to be eleven thousand pounds sterling; and John Shiells, who had refused to contribute to the said scheme, may be admitted to the benefit on paying fifty-five pounds; and the expence of this act to be paid out of the common fund, and not out of the money collected for the widows and children. Same act.

See *Slave Trade*. 28 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 36.

Surry.

The county being seised of the White Lion, or Hangman's Acre, in St. George's Fields, the right of common extinguished in order to build an house of correction thereon. 12 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 29.

Sutton Pool.

See *Catwater*. 31 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Swansea, in Glamorganshire.

For fixing and regulating a public market there. 14 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 30.

See *Harbours*. 31 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 37.

Swayne, Thomas.

See *Gunpowder*. 13 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 30.

Sweets.

For all liquor made in Great Britain for sale, by infusion, fermentation, or otherwise, from foreign fruit or sugar, or mixed with other ingredients, called Sweets, or made wines, for which no duty is already paid, a duty of six shillings per barrel to be paid by the maker, and also five per cent. by 19 G. 3.—20 G. 3. c. 52. § 5. vol. 33.

An additional duty of six shillings per barrel laid on sweets made from foreign materials, and also three five per cent. imposts, and two shillings

and fourpence stamp duty for a licence by dealers in sweets, to be applied as the former wine licence duties. 26 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 35.

Licences may be granted to those dealers who have not spirituous liquor or ale licences, who are to put on their houses *Dealer in British Wines*. Same act, § 5.

T.

Tallies of Loans.

See *Consolidated Fund*. 30 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

Tallow, Hog's Lard, and Grease,

Unmanufactured into candles or soap, may be imported duty free for a limited time. 7 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 27.

This act continued until the twenty-fifth of March, 1794. 32 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

Tally-cutters.

See *Exchequer*. 23 G. 3. c. 82. v. 34.

Tamer River, Devon and Cornwall.

See *Ferries*. 30 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

Tamworth, Warwickshire and Staffordshire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 23 G. 3. c. 92. vol. 34.

Tanners

Not to remove hides or skins, &c. from drying-places or store-rooms for twenty-four hours after being stamped by officers, on penalty of twenty pounds, that they may be reweighed by the supervisor; and if any additional weight, the duty to be charged for the same. 5 G. 3. c. 43. § 21. vol. 26.

Tanners, &c. to provide scales and weights, and assist in weighing, on penalty of fifty pounds. Same act, § 22.

So much of first of *Ja. 1. c. 22*, as is recited in *9 Q. A. c. 11*. to extend throughout Great Britain; and none, being a tanner, to use the trade of a shoemaker, currier, butcher, or other trade using the

the cutting or working leather, on pain of forfeiting such hides or skins as shall be so wrought whilst he uses the trade of a tanner, or the value thereof, and also fifty pounds. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 19. vol. 34.

Taplow Mill-stream.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 14 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 30.

Tar.

See *Dundonald, Earl of.* 25 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 35.

Tardebigg, in Worcestershire and Warwickshire.

See *Churches.* 16 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.

Tattershall, Lincolnshire.

See *Canals, navigable.* 32 G. 3. c. 107. vol. 37.

Taunton, Somersetshire.

For erecting a market-house, and holding a market in Taunton, and preventing the holding any market in the streets, &c. 9 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 28.

Sir Benjamin Hammet, knight, empowered to lay out and build a new street from Fore-street to the church of Saint Mary Magdalen, in the said town. 28 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 36.

See *Hospitals.* 32 G. 3. c. 98. vol. 37.

Taxes.

See *Land-tax.* An annual act.

See *Houses and Windows.* 6 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 28.—19 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 32.—24 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 34.

See *Carts and Carriages.* 23 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 34.

See *Horses.* 24 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 34.

See *Servants.* 25 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 35.

See *Coaches.* Same year, c. 47.

See *Hawkers and Pedlars.* Same year, c. 78.

See *Shops.* 26 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 35.

See *Customs.* 27 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 36.

See *Excise.* Same act, § 35.

See *French Goods.* Same act, § 22 and 23.

See *Geneva.* Same year, c. 32. § 24.

See *Wood, imported.* Same act, § 16.

See *French Carriages.* 28 G. 3. c. 33. § 10. vol. 36.

See *Glasg.* Same year, c. 37. § 31.

See *Stamps.* 29 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

See *Tobacco and Snuff.* Same year, c. 68.

Taylor, (Elizabeth,) of Southampton.

To enlarge the term of her letters patent for the use of engines, tools, &c. for making blocks, sheaves, and pins, used in rigging of ships, &c. 16 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 31.

Taylors.

Journeyman taylors in London and within five miles, to work from six in the morning till seven at night, at two shillings and sevenpence halfpenny per diem, and other regulations. 8 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 28.

(Except one calendar month in time of general mourning) not to extend to working over hours. Same act, § 6.

Tea.

Canisters to be marked *Black* or *Green*; all bohea, congo, fouchong, and pekoe, deemed *Black*; and all other teas, *Green.* 12 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 29.

See *Coffee, &c.*

Sellers of tea under six pounds weight, to keep distinct accounts of what they sell, according to 10 G. 1. c. 10. and no tea above six pounds weight to be removed without a permit. Same act, § 4.

No tea to be sold by wholesale or retail (except in warehouses or shops, according to 10 G. 1. c. 10.) Same act, § 6.

For five years from the fifth of July, 1772, three-fifth parts of the customs to be drawn back on exporting tea to Ireland, or the British colonies in America; but not unless exported according to former acts, and in ships under eighty tons burthen. Same year, § 60.

On tea sold at public sales, or imported by licence; and after exported to America, the whole duties of customs to be drawn back. 13 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 30.

See *India (East) Company*. 14 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 30.—16 G. 3. c. 51. § 5. vol. 31.—19 G. 3. c. 4. § 2. vol. 32.

The whole duty of customs to be drawn back on exportation of tea to Ireland. 17 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 31.

To prevent the manufacturing of ash, elder, sloe, and other leaves in imitation of tea; and to prevent frauds in regard to tea. Same year, c. 29.

See *Smuggling*. 19 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 32.

Ships from abroad having more than one hundred pounds weight of tea on board (not being East India ships) the penalty on the master three hundred pounds. Same act, § 7.

Dealers in tea to have their names, &c. at their doors. Same act, § 18.

See *Licences*. 20 G. 3. c. 35. § 13. vol. 33.

Not more than six pounds weight of tea to be removed out of the bills of mortality with or without a permit, or from one town to another by night (except in carriages usually travelling at that time) on penalty of forfeiture. 21 G. 3. c. 55. § 20. vol. 33.

No tea above forty pounds weight (not in the original chest) directed to the same person, to be removed from town to town; but several packages, of not more than forty pounds each, may be sent to the same person, under different permits. Same act, § 21.

The quantity reduced to twenty pounds weight. 22 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.

All tea seized in England or Wales, to be sent to London; and if seized in Scotland, to Edinburgh. Same act, § 23.

See *India (East) Company*. Same act.

No tea to be removed into the limits of the bills of mortality or excise-office (save as after-mentioned); nor above twenty pounds weight (not in the original chest) from any place not in those limits, on pain of forfeiture;

but several packages, under twenty pounds each, may be sent and returned the same day. Same year, c. 68.

From the fifteenth of September, 1784, the duties on tea to cease; and the East India company discharged of the duties of all tea then in their warehouses, and for all delivered after to purchasers, on payment of twelve pounds and ten shillings per cent. customs, on the gross price; to be drawn back on exportation. 24 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 34.

From the first of August, 1785, the duties by the last act to cease; and in lieu thereof, a duty of five pounds per cent. customs on the gross price, to be drawn back on exportation; and an excise duty of seven pounds and ten shillings per cent. in like manner; and when the surplus of 138,979l. is paid to the excise, it is to be applied as the duty on houses. 25 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 35.

So much of acts 21 G. 3. c. 55. § 21. —22 G. 3. c. 68. and 23 G. 3. c. 70. § 28. as relates to the removal of tea, repealed; and the powers in 10 G. 1. c. 10. (see *Coffee*) and all other acts in force, to be applied to this act. Same act, § 8.

Masters of ships informed against for having tea on board, to give a recognizance with one surety in three hundred pounds to appear, &c. or to be imprisoned. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 9. vol. 35.

The like drawback allowed on tea exported to Guernsey, Jersey, Gibraltar, and other places in Europe, and also to Africa, as if exported to Ireland or America; but the quantity to be allotted by the treasury. 29 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 36.

From the fifth of July, 1792, the certificates required on exporting tea to Ireland or America by act 21 G. 2. c. 14. no longer to be produced. 32 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 37.

Tellers.

See *Exchequer*. 23 G. 3. c. 82. vol. 34.

Temple-street.

See *Streets*. 29 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 36.

Terms.

See *Scotland*. 19 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 32.—30 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 37.

Territorial Revenues.

See *India (East) Company*. 19 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 32.

Tetney, Lincolnshire.

See *Inclosures*. 14 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 30.

Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 37.

Thames, River.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 11 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 29.

—Part of this act repealed. 14 G. 3. c. 91. vol. 30.

See *Lafage*. 11 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 29.—23 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 34.

See *Convicts*. 16 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 31.

See *London*. 17 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 31.

Acts 11 G. 3. c. 45. and 15 G. 3. c. 11. relating to the navigation of the rivers Thames and Isis, amended, and the powers enlarged. 28 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 36.

See *Canals, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 37.

See *Bridges*. Same year, c. 84.

Tbanet, Earl of.

See *Canals, navigable*. 13 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 30.

Theatres.

See *Playhouses*. 28 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 36.

Thread, Ounce.

See *Ounce Thread*. 28 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 36.

Tickets.

See *Lotteries*. 27 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 36.

Tid, Saint Giles, Isle of Ely.

See *Fens*. 13 G. 3. c. 60. vol. 30.

Tiffanies.

See *Silk*. 31 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 37.

Tilbury Fort.

See *Fortifications*. 20 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 33.

Tiles.

See *Bricks*. 17 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 31. —24 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 35.

Tilletings.

See *Bounties*. 23 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.—24 G. 3. c. 1. c. 14. vol. 34.

Timber.

See *India (East) Company*. 12 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 29.

Poplar, larch, maple, and horn-beam trees deemed timber. 13 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 30.

Timber, the growth of Dominica, may be exported from thence to America until the first of November, 1776, in British-built one-decked ships, navigated according to law, and landed therein, subject to the regulations of 12 *Cha.* 2. c. 18. Same year, c. 73.

Timber of any sort may be imported in foreign bottoms on the alien duties. 22 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

Act 5 G. 2. c. 45. for allowing bounty on importation of timber and lumber from America, continued until the twenty-ninth of September, 1792. 26 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

Timberland Parish, Lincolnshire.

See *Fens*. 25 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 36.

Tin.

The duties of customs upon unwrought tin, exported to any country beyond the Cape of Good Hope, taken off. 30 G. 3. c. 4. § 1. vol. 37.

If bond given so to land it, to be discharged by certificate from the supercargo of the East India company, if landed in China; or by the governor and two of the council, if landed in the company's settlements; or from two merchants, where the company have no settlements, to be produced in thirty

thirty months to the collector or comptroller of the customs in England. Same act, § 2.

Tithes.

See *Leases*. 5 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 26.

For exonerating certain lands in Efsrick, Yorkshire, from tithes. 21 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 33.

Tobacco and Snuff.

Assisting in running stalks or stems, forfeiture of treble the value; and also the ship, boat, carriage, and cattle employed. 5 G. 3. c. 43. §. 4. vol. 26.

A *capias* may be sued out for the penalty, and bail to be given to answer the same, and may also proceed for the other forfeitures on 8 G. 1. c. 18. Same act, § 5, 6.

Tresfury may compound with W. Francis, John Wiggington, &c. sureties for William Brown in several tobacco bonds; but not to discharge Brown. 17 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 31.

Unmanufactured tobacco exported from Great Britain, though sold, may be reimported till March 1, 1779, in the original package on the importer's oath, and the same duty as when first imported. 18 G. 3. c. 24. § 1, 2. vol. 32.

Tobacco, the product of Dominica, may be imported the same as sugar and rum from thence, according to 6 G. 3. c. 49. (see *Plantations*) on the same duty as if the growth of the British colonies. Same act, § 3.

So much of 12 Car. 2. c. 34. and 15 Car. 2. c. 7. and all other acts prohibiting the planting of tobacco in Ireland, repealed; and Irish tobacco to be exported to Great Britain only, and in casks not less than four hundred and fifty pounds each, and on the same duty as American tobacco. 19 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 32.

Tobacco, of the growth of the American colonies, may be imported from neutral islands in the West Indies, during the present hostilities, in British ships, on an additional duty of one penny per pound, and five pounds per cent. by 19 G. 3. c. 25. and all duties

drawn back on exportation. 20 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 33.

Foreign prize tobacco may be imported. (See *Prizes*.) 21 G. 3. c. 5. § 6, 7. vol. 33.

This act for repealing discounts and allowances on certain foreign goods, not to extend to the usual discount or allowance on bonds for duties of tobacco warehoused under act 12 Q. A. nor to the additional five pounds per cent. impost by 19 G. 3. c. 25. but that is to be computed on the gross duties. Same year, c. 16. §. 3.

An additional custom duty of one penny three-farthings per pound on tobacco imported, and also to be subject to the impost of five per cent. by 19 G. 3. c. 25. but not to be paid on prize or other goods warehoused for exportation; and this duty to be carried to the sinking fund, Same act, § 6.

The duty on importation of foreign snuff equalized and regulated. 22 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 34.

An additional custom duty of fourpence per pound on tobacco imported, and eightpence per pound on snuff, and a drawback allowed on exportation. Same year, c. 28.

During the hostilities in the British plantations, tobacco may be imported from any neutral port in America, or the West Indies, or from any place in Europe. Same year, c. 38.

No tobacco or stalks above fourteen pounds, or snuff more than ten pounds, which have been removed from the place of importation, to be removed again without a certificate. 23 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 34.

All tobacco stalks or snuff removed contrary to this act, or 24 G. 2. c. 41. forfeited, with the cattle, carriages, &c. Same act, § 2.

No drawback to be allowed on snuff exported after the first of August, 1785. 25 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 35.

No tobacco, save from America (except of the growth of Spain or Portugal, or of Ireland) to be imported into Great Britain, on forfeiture thereof, with the ship and furniture. Same year, c. 81.

But American tobacco must be imported from the place of its growth in ships of not less than seventy tons, and either in British ships, with the master and three-fourths of the mariners British; or in American ships, with the master and three-fourths of the mariners Americans; and to be imported only to London, Bristol, Liverpool, Lancaster, Cowes, Whitehaven, Hull, Port Glasgow, and Greenock; and American tobacco imported in traffic into the West India islands, may be from thence imported into Great Britain. Same act, § 2.

No tobacco to be imported but in casks of four hundred and fifty pounds weight, on forfeiture, with treble the value from the master; but may be brought loose, for the use of the seamen, at the rate of five pounds each; and small quantities being on board, without the knowledge of the master, not to make the ship liable to forfeiture. Same act, § 3.

Officers of customs in the Plantations to deliver to the master, on clearing, a manifest, and transmit a duplicate to commissioners of customs in Great Britain, on pain of five hundred pounds and incapacitation; and no tobacco of the growth of the American states to be imported without a manifest, sworn by the master; and if without it, to be subject to Spanish and Portuguese duties. Same act, § 7.

Manifest to be produced to the officers of customs of the port where the ship arrives, copies whereof to be entered at the nearest customhouse, and transmitted to the commissioners, and the officer to lock the hatchways; and for not producing such manifests, or refusing to assist in locking hatchways, penalty one hundred pounds; and officers neglecting their duty the like penalty; the commissioners of the customs to appoint a place for mooring the ship until cargoes delivered, and wilful noncompliance of this regulation, penalty fifty pounds. Same act, § 9.

Breaking bulk without authority from the officer, penalty one hundred pounds on the master, who is to make entry, on oath, of the burthen and con-

tents of the vessel; and importers of tobacco to make entry in ten days, if most of their lading be tobacco; and in fifteen days, if mostly other goods; and if duties not forthwith paid, bond to be given to pay in eighteen months; and tobacco to be deposited in warehouses provided by the commissioners of the customs; seven pounds per cent. discount allowed on bonds paid before due, according to condition, and to bear interest; and no unmanufactured tobacco to be exported, save in the same packages as when imported. Same act, § 15.

If bonds not discharged, tobacco may be sold, and snuff to be burnt, and the seizing officer to have sixpence per pound for tobacco or snuff, one penny per pound on tobacco stalks or damaged tobacco. Same act, § 54.

Roll tobacco for exportation containing any mixture of more than twelve pounds, and twisted tobacco more than ten pounds per hundred weight, and cut tobacco more than one-fifth part stalk to be forfeited; and disputes about mixed tobacco to be determined by two indifferent persons, one chosen by the officer, and the other by the proprietor. 26 G. 3. c. 52. § 3. vol. 35.

Tobacco from the American colonies, or United States, liable to the same duty, whether paid on importation or secured by bond; and no discount on bonds, as by the former act, if the goods are removed in twenty days. Same act, § 9.

The duties on tobacco and snuff, and the drawback on exportation of tobacco, to cease from the tenth of October, 1789, and to be paid in lieu thereof duties of customs and excise as follow, viz.

	Cuf. s. d.	Ex. s. d.
Spanish or Portuguese tobacco imported, per lb.	1 6	2 0
And when delivered from the warehouse	0 1	0 2
Irish or American tobacco imported, per lb.	0 6	0 9
Snuff imported by the East India comp. per lb.	1 3	2 0
		If

If from British America, Cuf. Ex.
or Spanish West Indies, s. d. s. d
per pound 0 6 1 0

If from any other place 0 10 1 4
29 G. 3. c. 68. § 3. vol. 37.

The duties on tobacco and snuff warehoused, not payable until delivered out; and the duties to be under the commissioners of customs and excise in England and Scotland respectively. Same act, § 3.

After the tenth of October, 1789, no tobacco to be imported from America, on penalty of forfeiture, except Spanish, Portuguese, and Irish tobacco under the present regulations. Same act, § 5.

From the first of August, 1790, tobacco or snuff imported in ships of less burthen than one hundred-and-twenty tons to be forfeited, with the vessel; and no tobacco stalks or flour thereof, or snuff work, to be imported, on forfeiture, with the vessel; nor tobacco or snuff in casks less than four hundred and fifty pounds weight, on like penalty; but not to extend to loose tobacco for the use of the crew, not above five pounds weight for each man, nor the vessel to be forfeited, if proof made of the smallness of the quantity, and that tobacco or snuff on board was without the knowledge of the owner or master. Same act, § 7.

Vessels with more than one hundred pounds weight of tobacco and snuff, or any tobacco stalks, &c. to be forfeited if found at anchor, or hovering within four leagues of the coast; and regulations for the importation of American tobacco; tobacco or snuff if imported into any other part of Great Britain than the ports of London, Bristol, Liverpool, Lancaster, Cowes, Falmouth, Whitehaven, Hull, Port Glasgow, Greenock, and Leith, to be forfeited, with the package. Same act, § 12.

American tobacco imported into the West India islands in traffick, may be from thence imported to Great Britain in British ships of one hundred-and-twenty tons burthen, subject to the rules in this act for importation of tobacco directly from the king's territories in

America, and the names of the vessels, &c. so importing, &c. to be specified in the manifests. Same act, § 13.

Officers of the customs in the king's colonies in America to deliver to masters of ships at clearing a manifest to authorize such importation; and no tobacco of the growth of the American states to be imported without a manifest, on oath of the master, on penalty of two hundred pounds; and on arrival within four leagues of the coast, the manifest to be produced to the proper officer of the customs or excise; and the officer of the customs to fasten down the hatchways, which if refused or opened, to forfeit two hundred pounds, and the same if bulk broken, and ship forfeited; but not to extend to where done by accident or necessity. Same act, § 17.

Tobacco or snuff landed without a warrant, forfeited, and the proprietor, &c. to forfeit treble the value; and the commissioners of the customs to appoint places for mooring vessels importing tobacco until cleared, and masters neglecting to moor their ships, to forfeit one hundred pounds; and for neglecting the entry or delivering manifests, to forfeit the tobacco, and one hundred pounds. Same act, § 23.

Importers of tobacco to make entries with the customs and excise of the quantity in fifteen days after the arrival; and importers of snuff to make the like; and such entries not made, the goods to be conveyed to the king's warehouse, and sixpence per week for each hogshhead to be paid for rent. Same act, § 27.

Tobacco or snuff brought to one of the ports enumerated in this act, may be conveyed in the same vessel to another port, if it be so originally reported; and vessels laden with tobacco wholly, may come into Cowes and Falmouth to wait fourteen days for orders, under the regulations in this act; but no snuff imported to be entered for exportation, or exported in the same ship. Same act, § 29.

Commissioners of the customs to provide warehouses in England and Scot-

Scotland for depositing tobacco and snuff, and appoint officers to attend the same, and those on board vessels to mark hogheads landed and conveyed to warehouses, where to be taken out, separated, and weighed, &c. Importers neglecting to take tobacco out of hogheads lodged in such warehouses, &c. to pay sixpence per week for each hoghead; and the stalk not to be separated from the leaf of damaged tobacco, which is to be burnt if the duties are refused to be paid; snuff imported to be conveyed to warehouses, and, after tobacco and snuff weighed, samples may be taken, which must be returned. Same act, § 32.

Tobacco lodged in warehouses may be exported directly from thence on twenty-four hours notice; and taking an account of the particulars and bond to be given for the actual exportation of tobacco taken out of the warehouse for that purpose, the penalty not above three thousand pounds, and not liable to stamp duty; no tobacco to be delivered for exportation, but where originally imported and in original hogheads. Same act, § 36.

After separation of damaged tobacco, if the remainder in the hoghead is under four hundred-and-fifty pounds weight, it may be repacked before the officers of the customs and excise for exportation, &c. and such tobacco may be delivered on producing the warehouse-keeper's certificate of bond given, &c. and if concealed, or not shipped in twenty-four hours, to be forfeited, with the casks, &c. and if unshipped within four leagues of the coast, forfeited, with the vessel. Same act, § 39.

Tobacco not to be exported in vessels less than seventy tons, except to Ireland; and if suspected to be less, may be measured, &c. and for erasing marks on hogheads, to forfeit one hundred pounds. If bonds given for unmanufactured tobacco entered for exportation to Ireland, Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, upon producing a certificate in six months; and the like certificate for any other part of Europe (except the Isle of Man, and the islands

of Faro or Ferro) or any part of Asia or Africa, within the Streights of Gibraltar, in twelve months; in the king's territories in America or Africa, or the United States of America, in eighteen months; and if any place beyond the Cape of Good Hope, in twenty-four months, the bond discharged; and the bond not forfeited, if the quantity exported to Ireland be not deficient more than two pounds in one hundred. Same act, § 47.

From the tenth of October, 1789, no tobacco to be exported to Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, or the Isle of Man, without licence of the commissioners of the customs, viz. to Jersey, forty thousand pounds weight; to Guernsey, thirty-five thousand pounds weight; to Alderney, five thousand pounds weight; to Sark, one thousand pounds weight; and to the Isle of Man, forty thousand pounds weight. Same act, § 51.

Warehoused tobacco to be taken away in twenty-four months, and snuff in one month; and on taking away tobacco and snuff, for home consumption, to be weighed, and sixpence per hoghead per week to be paid for warehouse-room of tobacco after the expiration of eighteen months from the entry; and in weighing tobacco and snuff, two pounds per hoghead to be allowed for the turn of the scale. Same act, § 52.

If tobacco not taken out in twenty-four months, and snuff in one month, and the duties paid, it may be sold for payment of the duties; and if not more than the duties offered, to be burnt, and the ashes sold; if not taken out in fourteen days after weighed for exportation or home consumption, sixpence per week to be paid for each hoghead; and none to be employed by importers in the king's warehouses but such as are licensed by the commissioners of the customs. Same act, § 52.

Tobacco or snuff saved from any wreck, to be lodged in the nearest customhouse warehouse; manufacturers and dealers to make entry of their warehouses, &c. three days previous

to their working or selling tobacco, &c. on penalty of two hundred pounds, and forfeiture of tobacco, &c. and where entry, no other to be made under the same roof; and not valid within the limits of the excise-office in London, unless by an occupier of ten pounds per annum, paying church and poor rates. Same act, § 58.

Manufacturers and dealers in tobacco and snuff, to have the words *Manufacturer of and dealer in tobacco and snuff, or tobacco, or snuff* fixed on some conspicuous part of their house, shop, &c. on penalty of fifty pounds; and if any, who has not made entry, paint such words on his house, &c. to forfeit one hundred pounds; and persons out of the limits of the excise-office in London, to forfeit fifty pounds; but not to extend to manufactories duly entered and used prior to the fifth of July, 1789; and by the thirtieth of September following, an account, on oath, of the stock of tobacco to be delivered at the excise-office of the district, on penalty of forfeiture; and also of the quantity of tobacco put in operation, on the like penalty; and if any tobacco, &c. be then, or in ten days after, found in the possession of any manufacturer or dealer, for which he has not credit on the customhouse books, to be forfeited; and entry to be made at the excise-office of the district of all mills, &c. three days previous to using them, on penalty of fifty pounds for each. Same act, § 62.

Manufacturers or dealers in tobacco or snuff, to take out licences and pay duties for the same, viz.

For those granted previous to the tenth of November, 1790	<i>l. s. d.</i> 2 0 0
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For those after, to authorize any person to manufacture tobacco and snuff, if the same, weighed according to this act, does not exceed twenty thousand pounds weight	2 0 0
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If above twenty thousand, and under thirty thousand pounds weight	3 0 0
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And so in proportion to one hundred-and-fifty thousand pounds weight . . . *l. s. d.*
20 0 0

And to pay for each licence within the limits of the excise-office in London and Edinburgh, five shillings; and other places, two shillings and sixpence; to be renewed yearly in ten days after expired, on penalty of two hundred pounds; and dealing without a licence, fifty pounds penalty; but manufacturers not selling less than four pounds weight of tobacco, and two pounds weight of snuff, need not take licences as dealers; and one licence sufficient for partnership in one house; but not to authorize manufacturing, &c. in any other place than originally entered; and no penalty for selling while they remain in the king's warehouse; tobacco stalks, &c. may be manufactured at any licensed mill on account of any other licensed person who hath legally received the same. Same act, § 70.

Notice to be given to the officer before any manufacturer begins to strip, &c. tobacco, and he is to attend the weighing, &c. to whom declaration is to be given of the quantity intended to be used of each sort, on penalty of twenty pounds for neglect; but not incurred if tobacco unfit for carrots, &c. or appears to be not fit to work; and the like declaration as soon as manufactured into short-cut tobacco, which is to be kept separate twenty-four hours, or until an account taken, on penalty of fifty pounds; and the like if tobacco made into rolls or carrots, or pressed and finished; and if rolls or carrots has any stalks mixed therein, may be seized, and to forfeit fifty pounds. Same act, § 77.

None to cut walnut-tree leaves, hop leaves, sycamore, or other leaves, to resemble tobacco, on forfeiture, and penalty of two hundred pounds; but manufacturers may keep and use dye for staining tobacco. Same act, § 84.

Snuff manufacturers to provide casks, &c. for their work, and place them for officers to examine, and to give notice of working, &c. and when to be taken out

out of the cask to be ground, and one making not to be mixed with another; penalty for neglecting notice, fifty pounds; but not if work unfit for the purpose, but a declaration of the weight to be made when finished, on like penalty; but not for Scotch snuff returned directly from the mill; and a store-room may be kept for dried Scotch snuff, which may be deposited there for six months, and not deemed part of the stock, nor opened, save in the presence of an officer, on penalty of two hundred pounds; and fustic not to be mixed with snuff work, nor coloured with ochre, yellow ebony, touchwood, logwood, or other things of the like kind, but may be seized, and the party committed by a magistrate; and for a second offence, to forfeit sixty pounds. Same act, § 86.

Officers may, between five in the morning and eleven in the evening, without a constable, and between eleven in the evening and five in the morning, with a constable, enter houses of manufacturers of tobacco and snuff, and of dealers, and to take stock. Same act, § 88.

In taking stock, the manufacturer to be allowed the following credits, viz.

For every one hundred pounds weight of tobacco, short-cut, not above one hundred pounds weight; for shag, one hundred-and-five pounds; for roll, one hundred-and-fifteen pounds; for carrots, one hundred and - twenty pounds; for Spanish, one hundred pounds, and returns; for rappee snuff, one hundred-and-fifteen pounds; for Scotch snuff, eighty-five pounds; for brown Scotch snuff, one hundred-and-twenty pounds; and for stalks, ninety pounds of flour; any excess in stock of credits, deemed a quantity brought in without permit. If no scales and weights, to forfeit one hundred pounds; and if false, two hundred pounds; and manufacturers, &c. to assist in taking accounts; tobacco in operation not to be weighed (except snuff sent out or received by permit); and unmanufactured tobacco in operation to be kept apart; and officers may take

samples, paying for the same; and for refusing, penalty one hundred pounds. Same act, § 97.

Manufacturers and dealers to keep accounts in books furnished by the excise-office, and to have only one at a time, to be returned to the officer, on oath, to lie open, and to be filled up at the officer's request, and for neglecting the same, one hundred pounds penalty; and for unfair excess the increase stock forfeited, with twenty pounds; but Scotch snuff not having gained more than five pounds in one hundred, by moisture of the air, to be deemed a fair commodity, and which is to be kept separate and shewn to the officer, on penalty of twenty pounds; and removing or concealing tobacco or snuff before weighing, to forfeit fifty pounds; and not to be removed from one part of the kingdom to another without permit, on forfeiture; and officers, on request, to give a permit, which is to limit the time of removal; and if not delivered in time, to be deemed to be moved without a permit; and permits not valid unless request notes contain particulars, and correspond therewith, but may be seized; and if any action, the proof to lay on the owner by the oaths of two persons; and permits not good to remove unmanufactured tobacco nor stalks from one part of the kingdom to another but under this act; and if moved contrary, may be seized, with the hoghead, &c. Tobacco or dry snuff may be finished at mills, if an account taken by the officer; but permits not to be for more than what is finished; and if not removed agreeable thereto, and in time, penalty treble value; and if a decrease of stock does not appear equal to permits, the like quantity may be seized. Same act, § 104.

Manufacturers (unless licensed dealers) not to send out tobacco less than two pounds weight, on penalty of twenty pounds; and no tobacco, &c. to be brought into any dealer's house without a permit, on penalty of forfeiture, and treble the value; but not to be removed from any place without

the bills of mortality or excise-office in London, to any place within those limits, or from any place without the limits of the ports enumerated within two miles thereof, on penalty of forfeiture, with the casks, &c. but not to extend to the legal removal of the articles specified, or to snuff for sale by the manufacturer; tobacco or snuff received into stock may be returned to the same person from whom it came; but if found returned or returning without a permit, may be seized, and the party to forfeit fifty pounds. Same act, § 117.

If four pounds of tobacco, or two pounds of snuff, or any tobacco stalks be found removing from one part of the kingdom to another, except at the times specified, to be forfeited, with the casks, &c. if any person without a permit, or any hawk with one, shall offer any tobacco, &c. for sale, to forfeit it with the packages, and also twenty pounds; and the person to whom offered may detain it, and bring the parties before a justice, and be intitled to the same rewards as officers of the customs or excise; and the commissioners of the customs may cause threepence per pound of tobacco so seized to be paid until it can be disposed of. Same act, § 123.

For forging permits, to forfeit five hundred pounds, and on an action for the same to give bail; and on exportation of short-cut, shag, roll, or carrot tobacco manufactured at any of the ports enumerated, or within two miles thereof, to any port beyond sea (except the islands of Faro and Ferro) to be allowed sixpence for each pound custom drawback; and such exportation to be under the same rules as now practised; and if not begun to be packed up or shipped in an hour after the time specified, fresh notice to be given; short-cut and Spanish tobacco mixed for exportation, to be allowed the same drawback as short cut, if the short-cut is four times the weight of the Spanish; but if the Spanish exceed one-fifth of the whole, to be forfeited with the package, and none but officers to open the package, on penalty of

fifty pounds; and entering for exportation tobacco mixed with rubbish, to forfeit the package and one hundred pounds per cask; roll or carrot tobacco containing more than allowed of water, &c. forfeited; and before shipping short cut, bond to be given for its being fairly exported as merchandize to the place specified; and, in a month after exportation, commissioners of excise to give a debenture, which being produced to the collector of excise at the port of shipping, he shall pay the following drawbacks, viz.

For short-cut, an excise draw-	s. d.
back per pound	0 9
For shag	0 8½
For roll	0 9
For carrot	0 8

And if the collectors have not money, the commissioners to pay the same, and officers may open packages and examine them; and if after shipping tobacco, it be landed or put into any other vessel in the kingdom, to be forfeited. Same act, § 125.

The last mentioned bond to be discharged, if tobacco landed in Ireland, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, or Sark, upon producing a certificate within six months; and if any other place in Europe, except the islands of Faro and Ferro, in twelve months; or in Asia, Africa, or within the Streights of Gibraltar, eighteen months; in the king's territories in America or Africa, or the United States of America, or any place beyond the Cape of Good Hope, in twenty-four months, signed by the proper officer of the customs; and if no such officer, by the British consul, or under the common seal of the chief magistrate, or two British merchants, or such bond may be discharged upon proof that the said tobacco was taken by enemies perished at sea, or by fire; which proof is left to the judgment of the commissioners of excise in England or Scotland; for counterfeiting certificates for discharge of bonds, &c. to forfeit two hundred pounds; this act not to permit the importation or exportation of tobacco contrary to any act in force the tenth of October, 1789, unless otherwise

wife permitted, nor to allow a drawback where not allowed by law at that time. Same act, § 136.

Tobacco under seizure, or hereafter to be seized, to be deposited in warehouses provided by this act; and if seized by officers of the customs (except Spanish tobacco) may be burnt by order of the commissioners, who are then to give a pecuniary reward to the seizer; and if snuff can be sold for one shilling and threepence per pound, the seizer to have a moiety; but if the tobacco cannot be sold for sufficient to pay the duty, then it is to be burnt, and the commissioners of excise to act as commissioners of the customs in respect to seizures made by excise officers; rewards hereby ordered to be in lieu of all claims, except pecuniary penalties. Officers seizing tobacco, and not the ship, nor discovering the parties concerned, to have such reward only as the commissioners may think proper; and rewards to be paid out of the duties hereby imposed; and seizures, when warehoused, to be under the inspection of officers; the commissioners to provide kilns for burning tobacco, &c. vessels seized under any act relating to tobacco, if adapted to smuggling, to be broken up, and the materials sold, and the produce divided between the king and the officer; the officer to have ten shillings per ton if above four tons, and if less, forty shillings for the vessel; and vessels so seized, not adapted for smuggling, to be sold, and the produce divided between the king and the officer; if fit for the navy, to be sold to the officers of the admiralty; the king's share of seizures to be paid into the exchequer, and carried to the consolidated fund. Same act, § 140.

No officer of the customs to be entitled to any reward for seizure, unless in twenty-four hours he gives notice to the next excise-office; and officers of the excise may go on board vessels within four leagues of the coast to search for tobacco, &c. and for obstructing them, to forfeit two hundred pounds; for offering bribes, five hundred pounds penalty; and taking false oaths, liable to perjury. Officers of

excise suspecting tobacco to be concealed, on oath thereof, may be authorized by the commissioners of excise, or two magistrates, to search for the same, and persons obstructing to forfeit one hundred pounds; no manufacturer, or person interested, to act as a magistrate relative to tobacco: thumb-cut tobacco, black-leaf, lug, and twist, or pig-tail tobacco, to be deemed roll tobacco; and all small, sifted from short-cut and shag tobacco, and all returns of Spanish, to be deemed returns of tobacco; and all sand from tobacco smalls, to be deemed tobacco sand within this act; and all tobacco stalks flattened and cut into Spanish, to be deemed Spanish; and all stalks stripped and taken from the leaf, to be deemed tobacco stalks; and if prepared and laid down for tobacco stalk flour, to be deemed such; and all persons who shall manufacture tobacco stalks or Spanish, to be deemed a manufacturer thereof; and all who grind tobacco stalk flour, snuff work, or snuff, to be deemed a manufacturer of snuff; and all who sell tobacco or Spanish, to be deemed a dealer in tobacco; and all who sell tobacco stalk flour, to be deemed a dealer in snuff. Same act, § 148.

Penalties in the customs to be sued for, and paid to the officers as now done by law, and in the excise in like manner, and the duties to be carried to the consolidated fund. Tobacco imported but not entered, or entered but not warehoused, by the tenth of October, 1789, to be subject to the duties imposed by this act; and bonds for tobacco warehoused at the commencement of this act to be cancelled, upon certificates, as the commissioners of the customs shall direct. And no prosecutions to be commenced for pecuniary penalties incurred before the twentieth of July, 1790, and the king's share discharged, and reversal of outlawries may be applied for; but this act not to acquit where persons have been taken in execution before the commencement of this act; and on actions by claimants under this act against officers and hereby discharged, the general

neral issue may be pleaded, but not to extend to discharge duties due on lawful importation of tobacco, and compositions for penalties to be made good; and this act may be pleaded in discharge of any thing pardoned thereby; and those who have brought actions against officers are to release the same before they have the benefit of this act; duties and drawbacks of customs (except altered) to be managed as before; and the powers of act 12 Car. 2. c. 24. and other laws respecting the excise (except altered) to be used as before. Same act, § 162.

Acts of 24 G. 2. c. 41. and so much of 20 G. 2. c. 13. and 23 G. 3. c. 11. as relates to tobacco, tobacco-stalks, or snuff, and also 25 G. 3. c. 81. and 26 G. 3. c. 52. repealed, except in respect to duties thereby imposed. Same act, § 171.

To explain and amend the act 29 G. 3. c. 68. for repealing the duties on tobacco and snuff, and granting new duties in lieu thereof. 30 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 37.

Only the duties of one penny and twopence per pound imposed by the said act, to be paid for Spanish or Portugal tobacco, delivered for exportation from the king's warehouse. Same act, § 1.

If there be a difference in weight by shrinkage, such tobacco to be paid for according to the weight when delivered out of the warehouse. Same act, § 2.

No tobacco or snuff to be imported in casks of less than four hundred-and-fifty pounds weight nett, except as in this act provided, on pain of forfeiture, with the package, &c. Same act, § 3.

No tobacco (except Spanish or Portugal and snuff) to be imported in any state of manufacture, on pain of forfeiture, with the package, &c. and also the ship, boat, &c. which may be seized by officers of the customs or excise. Same act, § 4.

Tobacco imported before the tenth of October, 1789, and remaining in any warehouse on the fifth of July, 1790, deemed imported since the

tenth of October, 1789. Same act, § 5.

Commissioners of customs or excise may cause damaged or mean tobacco to be burnt in three days after refusal to pay the duties. Same act, § 6.

Clause of 29 G. 3. c. 68. § 64. which prohibits the manufacturing of tobacco out of the limits of the excise-office, London, except the places therein specified, repealed. Same act, § 7.

No manufactory of tobacco, &c. or snuff to be set up within five miles of the sea coast (except in the ports and places in the said act enumerated where tobacco may be lawfully imported, and except within three miles of such port, and except in cities, or the suburbs, or in market towns) but not to extend to places duly entered at the excise-office before the fifth of July, 1786. Same act, § 8.

Snuff work may be manufactured into rappee, Scotch, or brown Scotch, though contrary to the declaration delivered to the officer, if the manufacturer observe the regulations of this act; but notice to be given to the officer of an intention to manufacture the snuff different from the declaration, &c. which is to specify the cask, &c. wherein the snuff is, and other particulars, and to work in forty-eight hours after, or to deliver a fresh declaration. Same act, § 10.

To the snuff-working operation of tobacco, &c. may be added one during each operation as specified; and if the manufacturer comply with the act, the whole of any snuff-working cure may be mixed with any other parcel at different times, if done in the presence of an officer, &c. on notice given to the officer, but not otherwise, on penalty of fifty pounds. Same act, § 11.

British, rappee, Scotch, or brown Scotch snuff, completely finished, may be liquored before mixed with a different making, so it exceed not legal credit; but if it does, to give notice to the officer, &c. and no snuff to be liquored in less parcels than two hundred pounds weight, nor in more than four different parcels at one making; and snuff, for which such allowance is made,

made, to be kept separate from all other, on penalty of twenty pounds; and Scotch snuff, and tobacco stalk flour, may be made into brown Scotch and rappee snuff. Same act, § 19.

In taking stock of such snuff, the following credit is to be given, viz. For every one hundred pounds weight of Scotch snuff, and tobacco stalk flour for brown Scotch snuff, to have credit for one hundred-and-forty pounds weight. For one hundred pounds weight of tobacco stalk flour made with Scotch snuff, for brown Scotch snuff, to have credit for one hundred-and-thirty-three pounds weight. For one hundred pounds weight of tobacco stalk flour, made into rappee snuff, credit one hundred-and-twenty-eight pounds weight. For one hundred pounds weight of tobacco stalk flour, for brown Scotch snuff, credit one hundred-and-thirty-three pounds weight. Any excess found in credit, forfeited. Same act, § 21.

Siftings of second dressings of short and shag tobacco, and returns of snuff, to be deemed return of tobacco; and the manufacturer may keep and use dye for staining tobacco. Same act, § 23.

So much of 29 G. 3. c. 68. § 115. repealed, as directs permits for removal of tobacco or snuff from the mill to be for no more than the weight after being sived or dried; permits may be granted for the removal of not less than two hundred pounds weight of unmanufactured tobacco, in any package, from entered premises to the mill. Same act, § 24.

Stalks stripped from the leaf may be removed by permit, from entered premises out of the limits of the bills of mortality into those limits; and tobacco, &c. may be removed to any entered mill to be manufactured, and permits for removing the same back again not illegal on account of any operation at the mill; but snuff work removed, except from the premises where laid down to the mill, to be forfeited, &c. Same act, § 29.

Notice to be given previous to any operation; and if not begun in an hour

after, to give fresh notice. Same act, § 30.

Penalties to be recovered by the laws of customs or excise, or in the courts at Westminster, or the exchequer in Scotland, and to be divided between the king and the informer prosecuting. Same act, § 31.

None but tobacco ships to be moored within the limits appointed by 29 G. 3. c. 68. on penalty of twenty pounds. 31 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 37.

Damaged tobacco to be burned, and no allowance made to the importer for the same. Same act, § 2.

Tobacco and snuff may be imported into the port of Newcastle upon Tyne, under the regulation of the acts in force on the tenth of June, 1791. Same act, § 3.

Tobacco-pipe Clay.

Tobacco-pipe clay may be exported to the sugar colonies in the West Indies, notwithstanding act 12 and 13 Cha. 2. c. 18. (See *Wool*, &c.) continued until the twenty-fourth of June, 1792. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

Tobago and Saint Lucia Islands.

Goods the produce of Tobago and Saint Lucia, imported from thence into this kingdom in neutral ships during the time allowed by the definitive treaty, to pay the same duties as if imported from the British West India islands in British ships. 23 G. 3. c. 14. § 3. vol. 34.

Time enlarged until the thirty-first of December, 1785. 25 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 35.

Tolls.

For paving, &c. the streets, &c. of the city and liberty of Westminster, and parts adjacent, a street-toll on Sundays, to be paid at the following turnpike-gates, viz. That nearest Westminster bridge in Surry, nearest St. James's Park at Pimlico, at Kensington nearest the entrance into Hyde-park, that at Hyde-park corner, the several gates at Tyburn, those near St. Mary-le-bone, at Portland-street, at the Green Man, on the road from Paddington to Isling.

Islington, on the said road eastward of Tottenham-court, at Tottenham-court on the northern road, and that nearest the end of Gray's Inn Lane, viz.

	s. d.
For a coach, &c. and six horses	0 10
For the like, with four	0 8
For the like, with three or two	0 6
For a chaise, &c. with one	0 3
For an horse, &c. not drawing	0 1
over and above all other tolls.	5 G. 3.
c. 13. vol. 26.	26 G. 3. c. 102.

For paving, &c. the streets, &c. in Southwark, the same Sunday tolls at these turnpike-gates, viz. At Symond's Corner, Lambeth; Blackman-street, Newington-butts; New Road, Kent-street; Star Corner, Bermonsey; and between Dockhead and Folly-bridge. 6 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 27.

No tolls for going to or from Black Friars Bridge. Same act, § 72.

Towards paving, &c. the streets, &c. of the city of London, the same tolls on Sundays at the turnpike-gates at Mile-end, Bethnal-green, Hackney, Kingstand, Ball's Pound or Pond, Islington, Holloway, St. John's Street, Goswell-street, and the city road, all in the county of Middlesex. 6 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 27.

The former acts being insufficient, the powers thereby given consolidated and vested in commissioners, and Sunday tolls continued for paving, &c. the city of London. 11 G. 3. c. 29. § 101. vol. 29.

See *Turnpikes*. 17 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 31.

See *London*. Same year, c. 18.

Tolls to be paid for passing through the town of Northampton. 18 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 32.

Tolls on Sundays at Black Friars Bridge, viz.

	s. d.
Carriages, with six horses	0 10
with four	0 8
with three or two	0 6
with one	0 3

Horses not drawing, each 0 1
26 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 35.

Tolls at Cambridge for stage coaches, London waggons, and other carriages and horses laden with goods; but inhabitants exempt from toll (except

travelling for hire) and horses or carriages with the mail not to pay toll. 28 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 36.

Tolls to be taken at Deritend bridge, near Birmingham, for four years. Same year, c. 70.

The like at the bridge over the river Derwent, at Derby, and at Fordlane, there. Same year, c. 77.

The like at the bridge over the river Tyne at Newcastle. Same year, c. 78.

Tong Liberty, Yorkshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

Tools.

See *Manufacturers*. 14 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 30.

See *Justices of the Peace*. Same act, § 5.

Tools not to be exported. 25 G. 3. c. 67. vol. 35.—26 G. 3. c. 89. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 36.—30 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 37.—31 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 37.—32 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 37.

Tor Point, Cornwall.

See *Ferries*. 30 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

Tottenham-court Road.

See *Paving*. 31 G. 3. c. 18. vol. 37.

Touchet, Thomas.

A prisoner in the King's Bench (being a lunatic) and owing more than one thousand pounds to one creditor; yet to be intitled to the benefit of the insolvent act. 16 G. 3. c. 38. § 70. vol. 31.

Tower Dock.

See *Coals*. 17 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 31.—26 G. 3. c. 83. vol. 35.

Tower Hamlets.

See *Workhouses*. 14 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 30.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 19 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 32.

See *Stepney and Hackney*. 21 G. 3. c. 73. vol. 33.

Tawey River, Carmarthenshire.

See *Bridges*. 13 G. 3. c. 111. vol. 30.

Town Hall.

See *Wells (City) Somersetshire*. 19 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 32.

See *Grantbam, Lincolnshire*. 27 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.

Toxteth Park, near Liverpool.

See *Churches*. 14 G. 3. c. 94. vol. 30.

Trades.

All acts made since the twenty-sixth of October, 1765, whereby any restrictions on trade have been suspended or indulgence granted, further continued till six months after the definitive treaty signed. 23 G. 3. c. 14. § 5. vol. 34.

See *Soldiers*. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 6. vol. 34.

Transfer of Stocks.

See *Stamps*. 26 G. 3. c. 82. § 11. vol. 35.

Transport Bills.

See *Annuities*. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 39. vol. 34.—25 G. 3. c. 32 and 71. vol. 35.

Transports.

See *The King, &c.* 30 G. 3. c. 47. vol. 37.

Transportation.

Where the king's mercy is extended to offenders, on condition of being transported, the judge, on certificate from the secretary of state, may order the same, and the convict shall be transferred to the contractor, and subject to the same rules, and also to felony without benefit of clergy, on returning before the time is expired, and the same reward as other transports. 8 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 28.

See *Gold and Silver*. 10 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 28.—13 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 30.

Male offenders liable to transportation to America, instead thereof to be kept to hard labour in raising sand, soil, and gravel from and cleansing the river

Thames, or any other service for the benefit of the navigation of the said river, under an overseer appointed by the quarter sessions of Middlesex, for not less than three nor more than ten years; or to hard labour in the county where tried. 16 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 31.

Persons convicted of felony not with-in the benefit of clergy, and obtaining mercy on condition of being committed to hard labour, to receive such conditional pardon from the judge. Same act, § 2.

To be fed with bread, coarse food, and water or small beer, and to be clothed; and if they refuse to work, they may be whipped and punished as persons committed to the house of correction; and at the end of confinement to receive not under twenty shillings, nor more than three pounds, and clothing; and the king may shorten their term. Same act, § 7. 19 G. 3. c. 74. § 54. vol. 32.

Justices in other parts of England to prepare houses for the reception of offenders; and for rescuing or assisting them to escape, twenty pounds penalty; and for escaping, felony without benefit of clergy. 16 G. 3. c. 43. § 13, 14, 15. vol. 31.

Overseers to make returns of persons in custody, on oath, in London, &c. every term to the court of king's bench; and in the country, to the assizes and quarter sessions. Same act, § 19. Continued by 18 G. 3. c. 62. and 19 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 32.

Offenders convicted and liable to transportation, may be sent to America, or elsewhere beyond sea; and felony to return, or if found at large before their time is expired. 19 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 32.

Offenders convicted, and liable to be burnt in the hand, may be fined or whipped; but this not to abridge the power of imprisoning offenders. Same act, § 3, 4.

The king may appoint three supervisors to fix on ground for penitentiary houses for confining and employing convicts liable to transportation, to be approved by the lord chancellor, and they to appoint a governor, chaplain, sur-

surgeon, or apothecary, storekeeper, taskmaster, and matron, with salaries, &c. and may vary the number. Same act, § 5, 24.

The governor incorporated by the name of the Governor of the Penitentiary-house for males or females, in the parish of, &c. and he is to be accountable for all servants, &c. and his own and their duty. Same act, § 20.

Two offenders may be sent from Wales each circuit, four from London each session, eight from the north circuit, ten from the midland, ten from the Norfolk, twelve from the Oxford, twelve from the western, and sixteen from the home, each circuit yearly. Same act, § 25.

All males convicted (except for petty larceny) liable to transportation, if able to labour on the Thames, not less than one nor more than seven years; or if convicted capitally and pardoned, conditionally the like. Same act, § 27.

Clerk of assize and sheriff to have the same fees as on transportation; and rescuing, or assisting to escape, felony, and subject to hard labour; and governors to have the same power as gaolers. Same act, § 30.

The county of Middlesex to be allowed three hundred pounds per ann. for extraordinary expences. Same act, § 69.

So much of 16 G. 3. c. 43. as relates to the confinement of offenders, continued to June 1, 1784. Same act, § 73.

Criminal convicts subject to transportation may be ordered abroad, by the court, to any place appointed by the king in council; and if mercy is extended to those condemned to death, the court may order them to be transported for life, or years (except where allowed to transport themselves) and to be transported to the contractor, who is to have the benefit of their service. 24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 65. vol. 34.

See *Scotland*. 25 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 35.

Contractors to give security to the clerk of the peace, and the court may appoint two justices to make contracts; and offenders may be conveyed through

any county to the sea-port; and for rescuing them, capital felony; and convicts returning before their term is expired, to suffer death, and may be tried where taken; and persons discovering them, to have twenty pounds reward. Same act, § 2.

The king may direct three justices to order the removal of prisoners under sentence of death from any gaol in England or Wales, and the gaoler to deliver them on certificate, and the fees and expences to be paid by the county. Same year, c. 12.

Overseers to have the same powers as gaolers, and may inflict moderate punishment for misbehaviour, and make returns of names, &c. to the court of king's bench every term. Same act, § 6.

Justices of assize may order prisoners committed by justices of the peace to be removed; and if they cannot be conveniently transported to the place sentenced, the king's bench may order them elsewhere; and the expences relating to the removal of prisoners to be annually laid before parliament. Same act, § 12.

Continued until the first of June, 1793. 28 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 36.

Offenders conveyed to temporary places of confinement, under 24 G. 3. c. 56. to be maintained as if sentenced to hard labour by 19 G. 3. c. 74. § 54. Same act, § 4.

The king by sign manual may authorize contracts to be made for transporting offenders, as if security were given as directed by 24 G. 3. c. 56. Same act, § 5.

See *Register of Freeholds*. Same year, c. 36. § 36.

For destroying stocking-frames, to be transported for fourteen years, and not less than seven. Same year, c. 55. § 4.

The king may authorize the governor or lieutenant-governor of New South Wales to convene a court of judicature for trial of offenders, which court to consist of the judge-advocate for the place, and six officers of the land or sea forces; the charge to be read to the offender, and reduced into writing; and upon examination of witnesses,

witnesses, the court is to pronounce the same judgment as upon a verdict. 27 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 36.

The provost-marshal to execute the judgment of the court; but if five members do not concur in adjudging capital offenders, the proceedings to be transmitted to the king; and to be a court of record. Same act, § 2.

Treason.

Act 7 An. c. 21. § 11. not to extend to indictments for counterfeiting the coin, the great or privy seal, sign manual, or privy signet, or other indictment for high treason, or to any proceeding against offenders to be tried in the same manner as if for counterfeiting coin. 6 G. 3. c. 53. § 3. vol. 27.

See *America*. 17 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 31.

See *Women*. 30 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 37.

Treasurer of the Navy.

See *Gibraltar*. 23 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 34.

The office of treasurer of the navy regulated. 25 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 35.

See *Navy*. 26 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 35.

See *Seamen*. 32 G. 3. c. 33, 34, 67. vol. 37.

Treasury, Commissioners of,

May pay John Dobson, owner of the Greenland ship Lord Molyneux, the bounty due to the said ship for last year's fishery. 11 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 29.

May compound debts due from Charles Mason to the crown. 14 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 30.

See *Coin*. Same year, c. 70. § 5.—16 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 31.

May compound debts due from William Williams to the crown. 15 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 31.

The treasury impowered to contract for any messuages, &c. and to pay the purchase-money to the owner out of one hundred thousand pounds granted to the king for his expences with respect to Buckingham-house; and such purchased premises to be veited in his

majesty and his successors. Same year, c. 33. § 4.

May compound debts due from William Harry to the crown. 17 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 31.

The like from William Brown and his sureties, on a tobacco bond. Same year, c. 31.

The like from James Gildart and his sureties, on a debt due to the crown. 19 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 32.

The lords of the treasury, or any three of them, or the lord high treasurer respectively, may pay the bounties hereafter to be given by the king to indigent persons. 25 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

May compound debts due from Francis Dixon and his sureties to the crown, 26 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 35.

See *East Florida*. Same year, c. 75. § 11.

Money arising by sale of fee-farm rents, &c. belonging to the crown, to be laid out in three per cent. consolidated annuities, and the interest to be paid by the direction of the treasury. Same year, c. 87. § 20.

See *Coals*. 27 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 36.

See *Parliament*. Same year, c. 13.

See *The King*, &c. Same year, c. 22.

See *Post Horses*. Same year, c. 26.

The treasury may issue two thousand pounds for payment of clerks, messengers, &c. to the commissioners appointed to enquire into the losses occasioned by the Slave Act. 28 G. 3. c. 54. § 19. vol. 36.

775*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.* issued to Mr. Cotton to pay bills of exchange, by direction of the treasury. 21 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

1,926*l.* 9*s.* 10*d.* issued for the same purpose. 32 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Treaty, Definitive.

See *Trades*. 23 G. 3. c. 14. § 5. vol. 35.

Trees.

Cutting down, destroying in the night time, or carrying away any oak, beech, ash, elm, fir, chestnut, or asp, timber

timber or other tree, standing or likely to be timber, without the consent of the owner, or digging up, &c. roots, shrubs, or plants in inclosed ground, of five shillings value, felony, and the offender may be transported for seven years; and also assistants and receivers the like. 6 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 27.

Witfully destroying, &c. or carrying away timber trees, viz. oak, beech, chestnut, walnut, ash, elm, cedar, fir, asp, lime, sycamore, or birch, to forfeit for the first offence twenty pounds, for the second offence thirty pounds, or imprisonment, and for the third offence transportation for seven years. Same year, c. 48.

Pulling up or taking away roots, shrubs, or plants, in private cultivated ground, for the first offence forty shillings and costs, for the second offence five pounds and costs, and for the third offence transportation for seven years. Same act, § 3.

The like of wood, underwood, poles, sticks, stubs, or young trees, for the first offence forty shillings, for the second offence five pounds, and for the third offence to be punished as an incorrigible rogue. Same act, § 4.

The last act extended to the king's forests, and to hollies, thorns, and quicksets, and also to the having such in custody. 9 G. 3. c. 41. § 8. vol. 28.

A mistake in the last act as to the title of 6 G. 3. c. 48. rectified. 10 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 28.

Act 6 G. 3. c. 48. extended to poplar, alder, maple, larch, and hornbeam. 13 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 30.

Trent, River.

See *Rivers*. 23 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 34.

See *Canals, navigable*. 17 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 31.

Trials.

Trials for felonies committed in regard to the king's docks, magazines, ships, &c. out of the realm, may be tried in any county in the kingdom. 12 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 29.

See *India (East) Company*. 24 G. 3. sec. 2. c. 25. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 35.

For offences against 26 G. 2. c. 6. and this act with respect to performing quarantine, may be tried in any county of Great Britain, or in the courts of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, and the Isle of Man. 28 G. 3. c. 34. § 4. vol. 36.

Trinity House.

The corporation may erect light-houses on the Smalls in St. George's Channel. 18 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 32.

Troops.

See *Soldiers*. 22 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 34.

Truro, Cornwall.

See *Paving*. The jurisdiction of the mayor extended to Kenwyn, Callenick, and Clement streets. 30 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 37.

Tumults.

See *Massachusetts Bay*. 14 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 30.

See *Prisoners*. 20 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 33.

Turkey Company.

The freemen of this company may import goods usually imported from Turkey or Egypt, or any of the grand seignior's dominions in the Levant seas in British ships, or in those of any state in amity with Great Britain, subject to the same duties as if from the places of growth or manufacture, if in British ships; but in foreign ships to pay the alien duty; and the importer to produce a certificate of his being such freeman. 20 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 33.

See *Levant*. 21 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 33.

The Turkey company may appoint persons to administer the oath prescribed by 26 G. 2. c. 18. to British subjects resident in foreign parts, who, after taking the said oath, may be admitted into the company; and the treasurer of the company may supply the place of governor and deputy-governor at courts, &c. 32 G. 3. c. 65. vol. 37.

Turkey,

Turkey Red.

2,500*l.* granted by parliament to Louis Borel and Abraham Henry Borel, for disclosing the method of dying Turkey Red upon cotton in hanks, and in the piece. 26 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 35.

Turk's Island.

Ships in ballast from the United States of America may be laden with salt only at Turk's Island, part of the Bahama islands, on an accustomed duty of two shillings and sixpence per ton, to be paid before the salt is put on board. 28 G. 3. c. 6. § 5. vol. 36.

But no goods (except salt) to be exported from thence to the British colonies in America or the West Indies. Same act, § 9.

Turner, James.

For vesting in James Turner, his executors, &c. the sole use and property of a certain yellow colour of his invention. 32 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 37.

Turnips.

For stealing growing turnips, potatoes, cabbages, parsnips, peas, or carrots (on the oath of one witness before a justice) to forfeit ten shillings besides the value, and the information of the owner to be allowed; but the forfeiture to go to the poor, and to be prosecuted in thirty days; and 23 G. 2. c. 26. repealed. 13 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 39.

Turnpikes.

Mortgagees of turnpikes in possession, and gatekeepers, to account upon oath. 6 G. 3. c. 43. § 5. vol. 27.

The general laws relating to turnpikes reduced into one act. 7 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 27.

This act repealed, except as to repealing the former acts. 13 G. 3. c. 84. § 86. vol. 30.

For maliciously destroying any turnpike gates, houses, or weighing engines, or rescuing persons in custody for such offences, felony, and transportation for seven years. Same act, § 42.

See *Felony*. Same act.

The tolls for repairing turnpike roads, and the officers for collecting them, exempt from taxes. 10 G. 3. c. 6. § 119. vol. 28.

Provisions by 28 G. 2. c. 17. for repairing turnpike roads, continued for five years; and those who have received tolls, indemnified. 14 G. 3. c. 36. vol. 30.

The thirty-fourth section of 13 G. 3. c. 84. repealed, so far as it affects any toll-gate specified by any former act. Same year, c. 57.

All wheels six inches or more broad, whose felloes do not deviate more than an inch from a flat surface, to be deemed flat. 16 G. 3. c. 39. § 2. vol. 31.

Section twenty-three of act 13 G. 3. c. 84. subjecting carriages having felloes less than six inches to the payment of double tolls, suspended for two years. Same year, c. 44.

The last act repealed. 18 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 32.

Contracts for leasing tolls, vacated by both acts. § 2 of each act.

Exemption of cattle going to water or pasture, to extend only to cattle from one parish to the next adjoining, and not passing more than two miles on the turnpike road, nor to exempt other cattle liable to toll. 17 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 31.

So much of 13 G. 3. c. 84. (see *Highways*) as directs double tolls on wheels not six inches broad, repealed; and the trustees of turnpikes may release lessees from their contracts. 18 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 32.

Trustees may meet and act, though they had neglected to adjourn regularly; and carriages, &c. with army baggage, &c. exempted from tolls, and not liable to be weighed. Same year, c. 63.

Act 13 G. 3. c. 84. (except what has been repealed) extended to all road-acts passed since that time. 21 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 33.

Tollgate-keepers allowance. See *Posthorse Duty*. 25 G. 3. 51. § 34. vol. 35.

Carriages and horses carrying mails, exempt

exempt from tolls at turnpikes. Same year, c. 57.

Turpentine.

Not more than ten gallons of turpentine at a time to be distilled in houses contiguous to any other building, on penalty of one hundred pounds; but not to affect shipwrights paying ships. 12 G. 3. c. 73. § 23. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 78. § 72. vol. 30.

The premiums by 2 G. 2. c. 35. upon importation of turpentine, pitch, and tar, from East Florida, revived and continued till twenty fifth December, 1785, that island being ceded to Spain; and the commissioners of the navy required to allow such bounties, on the oath of the importer, that the same were of the growth of the said island, and landed in Great Britain; and subject to perjury for false swearing. 25 G. 3. c. 69. § 9. vol. 35.

No turpentine work to be less than seventy-five feet from any other building (except shipwrights paying ships). Same year, c. 77. § 1.

The proprietors of the manufactory in Potter's Fields exempted from penalties by 14 G. 3. c. 78. and may carry on the works six months longer. Same act, § 3.

Tweed River.

The fishery thereof regulated. 11 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 29.

No salmon to be taken therein between the tenth of October and the tenth of January yearly, on penalty of not more than ten pounds, nor less than forty shillings. 15 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 31.

Tyne River.

See *Bridges*. 12 G. 3. c. 62. vol. 29.—18 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 32.—19 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 32.

U.

Union.

See *Scotland*. 24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 7. vol. 34.

United Kingdom of Great Britain.

Criminals, against whom warrants have issued in England, escaping into Scotland, may be conveyed to the county where the offence was committed, on the justices in Scotland indorsing the warrant according to 24 G. 2. c. 44. and the like by justices in England of a criminal in Scotland escaping into England. 13 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 30.

The charges of removing prisoners to be paid by the treasurer of the county in England, and by the sheriff depute in Scotland. Same act, § 3.

Persons having stolen goods, &c. in either part of the kingdom, may be indicted for theft, &c. where found in their custody; and receivers of stolen goods may be also permitted in like manner. Same act, § 4.

United Provinces.

The duties on importation of goods (except linens) the produce of the European dominions of the United Provinces reduced to the rates set forth in table (C) annexed to act 27 G. 3. c. 13. and on all other goods (except linens) which may be legally imported, at the lowest duties payable on goods from any European country; and on exportation of such goods paying the lowest duties, the usual drawbacks to be allowed. 28 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 36.

United States of America.

See *America*, 23 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34. Continued 28 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 36.

If any goods (except tobacco, pitch, tar, turpentine, hemp, flax, masts, yards, bowsprits, staves, horses, neat cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry, and live stock, biscuits, flour, peas, beans, potatoes, wheat, rice, oats, barley, and grain of any sort) be brought from the said United States into any of the West India islands, to be forfeited, with the ship, apparel, and furniture. Same year, c. 6.

The articles permitted to be imported, and not prohibited to be exported to any foreign country in Europe, may be

be brought to the United States; and cocoa nuts and ginger subject to the same duties as if exported to the British colonies in America. Same act, § 2.

See *Quebec*. 30 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 37.

Acts 23 G. 3. c. 39. and 24 G. 3. c. 45, so far as relates to the commerce between this kingdom and the United States of America, continued until the fifth of April, 1791. Same year, c. 11.

After the first of August, 1790, any subjects of the United States of America, coming from thence with their families to any of the Bahama or Bermuda, or Somer's islands, or any part of Quebec, or Nova Scotia, or any of the king's territories in North America, with intent to settle there, having obtained a licence for that purpose from the governor, &c. may import into the same in British ships, navigated according to law, any negroes, household furniture, utensils of husbandry, or clothing free of duty, not exceeding fifty pounds value for a white person, and forty shillings for every negro; and if any dispute arise, the same to be determined by three British merchants, one appointed by the governor, one by the collector of the customs, and one by the person so coming to settle. Same year, c. 27. § 1.

Sales of negroes so imported (except the owner be a bankrupt) within twelve months, to be void. Same act, § 2.

All white persons coming to reside, to take the oaths of allegiance, if above fourteen years of age. Same act, § 3.

Universities.

See *Trades, Vintners, Soldiers*. 3 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 25.—24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 6. vol. 34.

See *Books*. 15 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 31.

See *Ecclesiastical Persons*. 17 G. 3. c. 53. § 12. vol. 31.

See *Almanacks*. 21 G. 3. § 2. c. 56. vol. 33.

Upper Ground Street.

See *Paving*. 31 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 37.

Upwell and Outwell, in the Isle of Ely.

See *Marshes*. 13 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 30.

See *Inclosures*. 32 G. 3. c. 108. vol. 37.

Ure River, Yorkshire.

See *Bridges*. 12 G. 3. c. 87. vol. 29.

V.

Vagabonds and Vagrants.

See *Houses of Correction*. 22 G. 3. c. 64. § 1. vol. 34.—24 G. 3. sesh. 2. c. 55. vol. 34.

See *Gaols*. Same year, c. 54.

Persons apprehended, having implements for house-breaking or any offensive weapon with felonious intent, to be deemed rogues and vagabonds within the meaning of 17 G. 2. c. 5.—23 G. 3. c. 88. vol. 34.

Offenders against the lottery ticket-act not liable to prosecutions, both for penalties and also as vagabonds, nor with respect to former lotteries, unless the information be filed before the fifth of February, 1787. 27 G. 3. c. 1. § 8. vol. 36.

Act 6 G. 1. c. 19. explained and amended as to vagrants and persons charged with small offences, may be at the magistrate's discretion, either committed to the common gaol or the house of correction. Same year, c. 11.

See *Rogues and Vagabonds*. 32 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 37.

Value and Valuation.

See *Houses of Correction*. 24 G. 3. c. 55. § 8. vol. 34.

See *Spirits, Soap, and Candles*. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 11. vol. 35.

See *Gold, Silver, Diamonds, Watches, Jewels, &c.* lost aboard ships. Same year, c. 86.

Velvets and Velverets.

See *Linens*. 25 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 35.
See *Scotland*. 29 G. 3. c. 47. § 3. vol. 36.

Verdegriſ.

A duty of threepence per pound on common verdegriſ, and one ſhilling per pound on cryſtallized verdegriſ imported, beſides five per cent. thereon, and no drawback on exportation, and to be under the cuſtoms. 21 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 33.

Vermicelli.

See *Plantations*. 21 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 33.

Verniew and Severn Rivers.

See *Fiſh and Fiſheries*. 18 G. 3. c. 33. vol. 32.

Veſtry.

See *Slaughtering Horſes*. 26 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 35.

Vice-Admiralty Court.

See *Newfoundland*. 15 G. 3. c. 31. § 18. Repealed 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 25. vol. 35.

Viſuallers.

See *Ale and Alehouſes*. 5 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 26.—7 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 27.

See *Marine Forces*. 27 G. 3. c. 3. § 42. vol. 36.

Viſualling Bills.

See *Annuities*. 24 G. 3. c. 39. vol. 34.

Viſualling Office.

See *Land Tax*. 25 G. 3. c. 5. § 73. vol. 35.

Vincent's (Saint) Iſland.

See *Ships*. 25 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 34.

Vinegar.

See *Wines*. 18 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 32.

Vinegar-makers not to carry on the diſtillery on the ſame premises; and their entries void, unleſs they expreſs the materials from which the vinegar is to be made. 26 G. 3. c. 73. § 55. vol. 35.

Virginia Street.

See *Paving*. 17 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.

See *Orphans Fund*. 18 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 32.

Vitriol, Oil of.

The importation duties on brimſtone and ſaltpetre, uſed in making oil of vitriol, to be repaid. 23 G. 3. c. 77. § 4. vol. 34. Repealed 31 G. 3. c. 42. § 10. vol. 37.

Volatile Alkali.

See *Dundonald, Earl of*. 25 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 35.

Volunteers.

See *Militia*. 20 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 33.

Any corps or company of men may enrol themſelves voluntarily for the defence of their town or coaſts, or for the general defence of the kingdom, during the preſent war. 22 G. 3. c. 79. vol. 34.

In caſe of an invaſion or rebellion, they may march out of their town or county, and receive the ſame pay as regulars, and ſubject to courts-martial of their own officers, and intitled to half-pay, and if diſabled, to Chelsea hoſpital, &c. Same act, § 2.

So much of 20 G. 3. c. 44. as relates to volunteers, repealed. 23 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 34.

Voorberg, Crew of Ship.

The perſons enabled to provide proper places for reception of the crew of the Voorberg Eaſt India ſhip, forced by ſtreſs of weather into the port of Dartmouth. 26 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 35.

W.

Wages.

See *Taylorſ*. 8 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 28. See *Manuſactures*. 15 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 31.

See *Bone Lace*. 19 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 32.

Waggonſ.

Waggonſ, wains, and carts, &c. not already

already charged with any excise duties, to pay as follows, per annum, viz.

With three or four wheels	4	s. d.
Carts with two wheels	2	0

Not to pay for more than one four-wheel carriage used in agriculture, and three used for other purposes (except for hire) nor for two-wheel carriages used for husbandry only, and not in parks or pleasure-grounds, or used to carry goods, &c. for hire, but not to extend to one-horse peat-carts. 23 G. 3. c. 66. §. 4. vol. 34.

Carriages employed in carrying arms, ammunition, and baggage for soldiers or marines, not deemed to work for hire. Same act, § 5.

Licences to keep waggons by 23 G. 3. c. 66. not required. 25 G. 3. c. 47. § 5. vol. 35.

No demand for repayment of duties under acts 23 G. 3. c. 66.—24 G. 3. c. 31. and 25 G. 3. c. 47. relating to the duties on waggons, unless made at the stamp-office before the fifth of July, 1787. 26 G. 3. c. 77. § 2. vol. 35.

See *Assessments*. 31 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 37.

From the fifth of April, 1792, the duties on waggons, carts, &c. granted by 23 G. 3. c. 66. to cease. 32 G. 3. c. 4. vol. 37.

Wakefield, Yorkshire.

See *Paving*. 11 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 29.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 17 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 31.

See *Churches*. 31 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 37.

Wales.

Sheriffs to provide lodgings, &c. for the judges at the great sessions, but not to be allowed more than ten pounds for each session in their accounts. 8 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 28.

For augmenting the salaries of the judges of Chester, and the great sessions in Wales. 12 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 29.—See *Judges*.

If the plaintiff in personal actions arising in Wales, and tried in the next English county, do not recover ten

pounds, the defendant, if resident in Wales at the time of the service of the writ, to have judgment of nonsuit, unless the judge certify that the freehold or title of land came in question, or that the cause was proper to be tried in an English county. 13 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 30.

If in transitory actions in any court of record, it appears that the cause arises in Wales, and the damages under ten pounds, judgment to be given for the defendant, and the plaintiff to pay costs, deducting his debt; and though no judgment is entered, yet the verdict a bar to any new action. Same act, § 2.

No judge in Wales may appoint a deputy only for calling and adjourning the court, receiving motions, taking and proclaiming fines, and arraigning recoveries; but the king by sign manual may appoint judges for the next sessions, instead of those taken ill. Same act, § 3 and 5.

Special juries may be granted the same as by the courts at Westminster, at the expense of the party applying; and each juryman not to have more than one pound and one shilling. Same act, § 6.

Judges may empower persons to take affidavits, to be filed, but not to be taken in sessions time; and officers used to take affidavits may continue so to do, and also to take and justify bail; and writs may be returnable the first Wednesday of any month, or the first day of the next session, at the option of the plaintiff. Same act, to § 15.

Penalties by statute recoverable in the courts at Westminster (except such as may be sued for in the exchequer only) the offence being committed in Wales, and the defendant resident there, may be sued for in the great sessions. Same act, § 17.

Wales, Prince of.

Prince of Wales not liable to land-tax. 27 G. 3. c. 5. vol. 36.

60,000*l.* granted by parliament to discharge the debts of the prince of Wales, and 20,000*l.* more for the works

works at Carleton-house. 28 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 36.

Wales, New South.

The king enabled to establish a court of criminal judicature for the eastern coast thereof, and parts adjacent. 27 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 36.

See *Transportation*. Same act, § 2.

The king may authorize the governor, or lieutenant-governor, to convene such court for the trial of offenders, and may proceed on a charge in writing by the judge-advocate, on the oaths of witnesses, and adjudge according to the opinion of the majority of the court, that the party accused is, or is not, guilty of the charge; and by pronouncing judgment therein of death, if the offence be capital; but if not, such corporal punishment as to the said court shall seem meet. Same act, § 1.

The provost-marshal to execute the judgment of the court, and if five members do not concur in adjudging capital offenders guilty, the execution to be stayed until the proceedings are transmitted to and approved by the king; and the court to be deemed a court of record. Same act, § 2.

Warkworth Bridge.

See *Newington, Surry*. 17 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 31.

Wanstead, Essex.

See *Churches*. 27 G. 3. c. 63. vol. 36.—29 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 36.

Wapping, Middlesex.

See *Paving*. 11 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 29.—17 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 31.—22 G. 3. c. 86. vol. 34.

See *Orphans Fund*. 18 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 32.

Warehouses.

See *Rum*. 27 G. 3. c. 31. § 28. vol. 36.

See *Seizures*. Same year, c. 32.

See *India (East) Company*. Same year, c. 48.

See *Tobacco and Snuff*. 29 G. 3. c. 68. § 33. vol. 36.

Warkworth, Northumberland.

See *Greenwich Hospital*. 18 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 32.

Warrants.

See *Excise*. 17 G. 3. c. 29. § 3. vol. 31.—32 G. 3. c. 10. vol. 37.

Warrens.

Entering warrens in the night-time and destroying conies, transportation for seven years, and whipping, fine, or imprisonment. 5 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 26.

This act not to extend to taking in the day-time in the sea and river banks in Lincolnshire. Same act, § 8.

Warton Cragg, Lancashire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 101. vol. 37.

Warwick, Earl and Borough of.

See *Bridges*. 28 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 36.

Warwickshire.

See *Gaols*. 17 G. 3. c. 58. vol. 31.

Wash for Spirits.

See *Scotland*. 26 G. 3. c. 64. vol. 35.—27 G. 3. c. 13. Schedule F. vol. 36.—28 G. 3. c. 46. § 79. vol. 36.

Brewed in England according to 28 G. 3. c. 46. for exportation to Scotland, not chargeable with any duty under this act. 31 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 37.

Watching.

See *Mile-end Old Town*. 17 G. 3. c. 66. vol. 31.

A competent sum, and number of watchmen, patrols, and beadies, raised for the parishes of Saint Margaret and Saint John, Westminster. 26 G. 3. c. 112. vol. 35.

Water.

The inhabitants of the parish of Lambeth, and parts adjacent in the county of Surry, supplied with water. 25 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 35.

For supplying shipping resorting to North Shields, in Northumberland, with water. 26 G. 3. c. 110. vol. 35.

The like as to South Shields. 28 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 36.

For better supplying the city of Norwich and parts adjacent with water; and the corporation empowered to make works. 30 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 37.

For preserving the works made for supplying the town of Bradford in Yorkshire, and part of the township of Horton, in the same parish, with water from the spring at North Bierly; and for the more easy recovery of the rents for such water; and to enable the proprietors thereof to borrow two thousand pounds for improving such works, Same year, c. 63.

For supplying the town and neighbourhood of Leeds in Yorkshire with water, and lighting and cleansing the streets, &c. Same year, c. 68.

Water, Sea.

See *Irving, Charles*. 12 G. 3. c. 70. vol. 29.

Waters, Strong.

See *Excise*. 22 G. 3. c. 28. § 9. vol. 34.

Waterbeach Level, Cambridgeshire.

See *Fens*. 30 G. 3. c. 74. vol. 37.

Waterford, Ireland.

See *Post Office*. 27 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 36.

Watermen

Retained by fire offices not to be impressed. 12 G. 3. c. 73. § 33. vol. 29.—14 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 30.

Watford, Hertfordshire.

See *Churches*. 12 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 29.

Watson, Brook.

The king enabled to grant to Brook Watson, esq. an annuity of five hundred pounds per annum, for the life of Helen Watson his wife, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 93. vol. 35.—28 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 36.

Watt, James.

See *Fire Engines*. 15 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 31.

Wax.

See *Bees Wax*. 22 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 34.

Wax Candles.

The duty on wax candles by 8 Q. An. c. 9. and 9 Q. An. c. 6. to cease; and, in lieu thereof, threepence per pound laid on wax and spermaceti candles made here; and twopence per pound addition on wax candles imported, besides the imposts of five per cent. by 19 and 22 G. 3. and to be under the customs. 24 G. 3. ses. 2. c. 36. vol. 34.

Wear River, Durham.

See *Rivers*. 25 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 35.

See *Skippers and Keelmen*. 32 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 37.

See *Bridges*. Same year, c. 90.

Weddell Brook, Lancashire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 68. vol. 37.

Wells, Norfolk.

See *Harbours*. 9 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 28.

Wells, Somersetshire.

For building a town hall there. 19 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 32.

Weighton (Market) Yorkshire.

See *Fens*. 12 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 29.

Weights and Scales.

See *Coin*. 18 G. 3. c. 45. vol. 32.

False scales or weights may be seized by officers of excise. 28 G. 3. c. 37. § 15. vol. 36.

Westbury, Wiltshire.

An additional overseer of the poor appointed. 26 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 35.

West Indies.

Foreigners may lend money at five pounds per cent. interest on the security of freehold or leasehold estates in the West Indies; and in case of non-payment of money lent, suits may be brought at common law, or in the court of chancery of the colony; and the plain-

plaintiff intitled to the like remedy for recovery as British subjects. 13 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 30.

No flour, bread, or lumber, to be imported from any foreign West India island into a British one; but in cases of emergency governors may allow the same. 27 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 36. —28 G. 3. c. 6. vol. 36.

See *Ships*. 27 G. 3. c. 32. §12. vol. 36.

Goods allowed to be exported from the West India islands into any foreign country in Europe, may be so exported into the American States on the same duties. 28 G. 3. c. 6. §3. vol. 36.

Exporters of goods permitted to be imported from the West Indies, to make oath, and subject to perjury, that such goods were not imported under 28 G. 3. c. 6. —29 G. 3. c. 56. §2.

Goods and ships, &c. exported contrary to this act, may be seized by commanders and officers of ships of war, and of the customs; and the forfeitures and penalties to be prosecuted in the same manner as those relating to the customs. Same act, §4.

See *Quebec*. 30 G. 3. c. 8. vol. 37.

The importation of Caslew gum, permitted from the king's West India islands on the same duties as gum Arabic and gum Senega. Same year, c. 28.

No tobacco, pitch, tar, and several other things mentioned in this act, to be imported into the West India islands from any colony in South America belonging to a foreign European sovereign, on forfeiture of the goods and vessel, except by the authority of the governors of the West India islands in cases of public emergency; and any article so imported, if attempted to be exported, forfeited, with the vessel. 31 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 37.

Before any of the said goods are shipped for exportation, oath to be made that they have not been so imported; and goods and vessels forfeited may be seized by officers of ships of war, and officers of the customs. Same act, §4.

West Houghton, Lancashire.

See *Canals, navigable*. 32 G. 3. c. 101. vol. 37.

Westminster.

2,000*l.* granted to make a passage to the House of Commons from Saint Margaret's Lane and Old Palace-yard, by the bridge commissioners. 17 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 27.

For opening and widening several streets by the dean and chapter. 7 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 31.

May open a street from the south end of Longditch to the north end of Smith-street, &c. Same act, §7.

See *Bridges*. 11 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 29. —13 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 30.

See *Watch*. 14 G. 3. c. 90. vol. 30. —26 G. 3. c. 112. vol. 35.

See *Paving*. 22 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 34. —23 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 34.

See *Tolls*. 26 G. 3. c. 102. vol. 35.

For building a court-house, and appropriating 7,500*l.* out of the surplus of the orphans fund of London, to purchase ground for that purpose; and the lord mayor, &c. of London to pay an annuity of 247*l.* 10*s.* and grant fifty-five bonds for securing the annuities redeemable on six months notice; and the orphans fund to be charged therewith; and the expences of repairs to be defrayed out of the county rates. 18 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 32.

See *Coals*. 21 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 33. 800*l.* granted by parliament towards paving the Little Almonry, Great Almonry, New Way part of Orchard-street, St. Anne's Lane, part of Peter-street and Wood-street, being the track through which carts and loaded carriages are compelled to go during the sitting of parliament. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

See *Paving*. 30 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 37.

See *Marine Society*. Same year, c. 54.

See *Churches*. Same year, c. 70.

Westmorland.

See *Coals*. 17 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 31.

Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, Dorsetshire.

See *Paving*. 16 G. 3. c. 57. vol. 21.

Wey River, Chertsey, Surry.

See *Canals Navigable*. 18 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 32.

Whale Fishery.

No harpooner, line-manager, boat-steerer, or failor, belonging to the whale fishery to be impressed. 17 G. 3. c. 38. § 19. vol. 29.—20 G. 3. c. 60. § 2. vol. 33.

See *Fish and Fishery*. 22 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 34.—26 G. 3. c. 41 and 50. vol. 33.

Premiums granted for ten years to twenty ships, with other regulations. 28 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 36.

Whale Oil.

Whale oil, whale bone, &c. at the first sale exempted from the duty on auctions imposed by act 27 G. 3. c. 13.—32 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 37.

Wheat and Flour.

The duties on importation, and also the bounty on exportation, discontinued. 5 G. 3. c. 31. vol. 26.

The exportation prohibited. Same year, c. 32.

The extraction of low wines from wheat and flour, prohibited. 11 G. 3. c. 1. vol. 29.

So much of 16 G. 3. c. 37. (*see Corn*) as relates to allowing the exportation of wheat, &c. to the British sugar colonies in America; and 25 G. 3. c. 69. the like from Lancaster, continued until the first of May, 1789. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

Whitby, Yorkshire.

See *Harbours*. 21 G. 3. c. 12. vol. 32.

Whitchurch, Oxfordshire.

See *Bridges*. 32 G. 3. c. 97. vol. 37.

Whitchurch, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 85. vol. 37.

Whittlesey, Huntingdonshire.

See *Fens*. 12 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 29.

White Ashes.

Act 2 and 3 Edw. 6. c. 16. for prohibiting the carrying white ashes out of

the realm, repealed. 28 G. 3. c. 16. vol. 36.

Whitechapel, Middlesex.

See *Paving*. 11 G. 3. c. 15. vol. 29.—18 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 32.

Whitehaven, Cumberland.

See *Rice*. 12 G. 3. c. 60. § 8. vol. 29.

See *Harbours*. 28 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 36.—32 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 37.

Whitebill, John, Esquire,

Formerly governor of Fort Saint George, to compel him to return into this kingdom; and in case of such return, to prevent his going thereout until the first of February, 1783; and for discovery of his estate and effects, and preventing his transporting or alienating the same. 22 G. 3. c. 69. vol. 34. Repealed by 23 G. 3. c. 19. v. 34.

Whiteburft, John.

See *Money*. 15 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 31.

White Woollen Cloth.

Act 27 G. 3. c. 13. schedule (A) not to extend to charge white woollen cloth dyed or dressed in this kingdom with any duty on exportation. 28 G. 3. c. 33. § 11. vol. 36.

Wiggenhall, Norfolk.

See *Fens*. 24 G. 3. fef. 1. c. 9. vol. 24.

Wight, Isle of.

House of industry established for the maintenance and employment of the poor there, and a grant of part of Parkhurst forest for that purpose; and application of the profits of the poor's work. 11 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 29.

The rates for carriage of passengers and goods for hire to and from the Isle of Wight, to be settled at the quarter sessions. 24 G. 3. fef. 1. c. 19. vol. 34.

See *Sheep*. 32 G. 3. c. 32. vol. 37.

Wigton County, in Scotland.

For repairing the highways and bridges in that county. 18 G. 3. c. 7. vol. 32.

Wilford,

Wilford, Suffolk.

See *Foor*. 31 G. 3. c. 72. vol. 37.

Williams (Doctor Richard) of Saint Margaret, Westminster.

A gratuity of 2,000*l.* given to Doctor Richard Williams, for his invention of a fast green and yellow dye on cotton yarn and thread, and for discovering the secret thereof. 13 G. 3. c. 77. § 24. vol. 30.

Williams, William.

See *Debts to the Crown*. 15 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 31.

William (Fort) East Indies.

See *India (East) Company*. 21 G. 3. c. 65. § 36. vol. 33. — § 20 of 24 G. 3. c. 25. repealed by 26 G. 3. c. 16. § 2. vol. 35.

Willis, Francis.

See *Annuities*. 30 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 37.

Wills.

See *Blessington (Earl of)* 13 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 30.

See *Stamps*.

Wilfen Ferry.

See *Barges*. 23 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 34.

See *Rivers*. Same act.

Wimblington, Cambridgeshire.

See *Inclosures*. 31 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 37.—32 G. 3. c. 108. vol. 37.

Winchester.

See *Paving*. 11 G. 3. c. 9. vol. 29.

See *Parliament*. 20 G. 3. c. 1 and 50. vol. 33.—21 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 33.—25 G. 3. c. 84. § 16. vol. 35.

Windows.

See *Houses*. 6 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 27. 24 G. 3. 1*es*. 2. c. 38. § 10. vol. 34. 32 G. 3. c. 2. vol. 37.

Winc.

The allowance of twelve per cent. for leakage taken off as to wines, unless imported from the place of growth

(except Madeira from the American colonies or the East Indies.) 4 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 26.

And on all other wines. 6 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 27. Repealed as to Guernsey and Jersey, by 8 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 28.

Customhouse-officers may put a sufficient quantity of salt or vinegar into damaged wines, sold for distilling or making vinegar, pursuant to 12 G. 1. c. 28.—5 G. 3. c. 43. § 3. vol. 26.

An additional duty of eight pounds per ton on all French wines and French vinegar imported, and four pounds per ton on all other wines and vinegar; and the duties granted by 3 G. 3. c. 12. to be paid without discount inward; and so much of the said act as allows twelve pounds per cent. for leakage, repealed. 6 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 27.

The remainder of the annuities on the additional duty on wine by 3 G. 3. c. 12. redeemed, and 3,500,000*l.* raised by annuities and a lottery charged thereon. 8 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 28.

N. B. One-fourth part of these annuities to be redeemed by 7 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 27.

The duty of ten shillings per ton on wines, &c. by 18 *Cba*. 2. c. 5. for the coinage, &c. made perpetual. 9 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 28.

An additional duty of eight pounds eight shillings per ton on French wines and vinegar, and four pounds four shillings on all other wines and vinegar imported, not for private use, to be levied according to 1 *Ja*. 2. c. 3. under the customs. 18 G. 3. c. 27. v. 32.

A drawback of three pounds thirteen shillings and sixpence per ton on exportation of all wines (except French); and no Spanish, Portugal, or French wines to be imported in less casks than hogheads (except for private use) on forfeiture of wine and casks. Same act, § 6.

A drawback of all duties by the said act on wine exported to America or the East Indies. 19 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 32.

An additional duty of eight pounds per ton on French wine and vinegar, and four pounds per ton on all other foreign wine and vinegar imported; and also

also five pounds per cent. impost by 19 G. 3. c. 25. but no addition on damaged wines; and all duties drawn back on exportation. 20 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 33.

Wines of Hungary or Germany, may be imported on the same duties as Rhenish wine. 22 G. 3. c. 78. § 2. vol. 34.

The proviso in act 18 G. 3. c. 27. § 7. relating to Portugal and Spanish, and other wines for private use (except French wines) repealed. 23 G. 3. c. 11. § 5. vol. 34.

No wine to be removed from any out-port to any other part of the kingdom without a certificate, on oath, before the collector of the customs, of the duties being paid; and if moved without such certificate, to be forfeited with the carriages, &c. and the proof to lay on the claimer. Same year, c. 76. § 4.

Wine imported in any ship not exceeding sixty tons burthen, the goods and ship to be forfeited. 24 G. 3. c. 2. c. 47. § 27. vol. 34.

This act to extend to the removal of wine in bottles or other packages. Same year, c. 50.

Spanish, or Portugal, or other wines, may be imported in smaller casks than hogheads for private use. 25 G. 3. c. 69. § 2. vol. 35.

From the fifth of July, 1786, the additional duties and imposts on French and other wines to cease, and from thence an excise duty of thirty-five pounds fourteen shillings per ton charged on French wine, and seventeen pounds seventeen shillings per ton on all other wine imported. 26 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 35.

See *Cyder*. Same act, § 24 and 29.

No dealer in wine to act as a justice of peace, in matters concerning this act. Same act, § 51.

No foreign wine to be drawn off, removed, or bottled by dealers, without notice to officers. Same act, § 22.

Nor above three gallons at a time removed without a permit; and private persons not using such permit, to return the same to the office. Same act, § 26.

Wine removed, but not delivered in time, to be deemed as if without a permit, and may be seized; but may be restored upon a recognizance and proof that it could not be delivered in time; but if the wine be fraudulently hid, to be forfeited. Same act, § 36 and 42.

If more than three dozen bottles, or ten gallons in casks, of wine is imported into any out port, and thence carried within twenty miles of London, without a certificate that the difference of duty is paid, it may be seized; and if staved, the owner to pay the difference of the duty. 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 13. vol. 36.

If French wine imported in package less than three dozen quarts, to be forfeited. Same act, § 24.

New Wine licence duty. See *Hanaper Office*. Same act, § 49.

Wine imported to pay excise as well as customs, according to schedule (A.) of this act. Same act.

Allowances out of excise duties made to dealers in wine. Same year, c. 31.

For French wine per ton, of two hundred-and-fifty gallons	l. s. d. 49 0 4
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For Portugal and Spanish wine, ditto	14 9 10
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For French wine imported at any other port than London	48 17 3
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For Portugal or Spanish wine, ditto	12 18 8
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This act continued to the end of next session. 28 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 36.

The duties by 27 G. 3. c. 13. on wines (except of the produce of the European dominions of the French king, Rhenish, German, Hungary, Portugal, and Madeira, or of Spain, or of any of that king's dominions) repealed, and other duties and drawbacks granted in lieu thereof, viz.

For every ton of two hundred - and - fifty - two gallons, for duty	l. s. d. 17 17 0
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If exported to any British colony in America, or settlement in the East Indies, drawback per ton	14 7 0
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To any other place
Same year, c. 33.

None to sell British made wines in their own houses, without having a beer licence. Same year, c. 58.

Powers by former acts relating to the retailing wine, &c. (unless hereby altered) to extend to this act. 30 G. 3. c. 13. § 19. vol. 37.

Wine Licence Office.

The king may direct allowances to be made to the officers of the wine licence office, deprived of their employments and salaries by act 30 G. 3. c. 38.—31 G. 3. c. 28. vol. 37.

Wisborough Green, Suffex.

See *Rivers, navigable.* 25 G. 3. c. 100. vol. 35.

Witham River.

See *Canals, navigable.* 32 G. 3. c. 106, 107. vol. 37.

Witnesses.

Inhabitants competent witnesses to prove any offence, though the parish may be benefited by the conviction, unless the penalty exceeds twenty pounds. 27 G. 3. c. 29. vol. 35.

Inhabitants of places where offences are committed against the pawnbrokers act, may be witnesses. Same year, c. 37. § 28.

Persons convicted of petit larceny may be competent witnesses. 31 G. 3. c. 35. vol. 37.

Women.

The judgment formerly given against women convicted of certain crimes discontinued, and another judgment substituted in lieu thereof; and after the fifth of June, 1790, women convicted of high treason, to be hanged; and if of petit treason, liable to the same punishment as for wilful murder by 25 G. 2. c. 37.—30 G. 3. c. 48. vol. 37.

And if under sentence to be burnt, the king may order women to be hanged; and for high or petit treason, liable to the like forfeitures, and cor-

ruption of blood as heretofore. Same act.

Wood.

Unmanufactured wood the growth and produce of America (except masts, yards, and bowsprits) may be imported duty free; and mahogany of the growth of the Bay of Honduras already imported, the duty to be repaid. 11 G. 3. c. 41. vol. 29.—19 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 32.

See *America.* 26 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 35.

The additional duty on wood imported, contracted for before the tenth of May, 1787, may be added to the price. 27 G. 3. c. 32. § 16. vol. 35.

The collector of the land-tax may cut down wood growing on lands assessed, where no other distress to be had. See *Land-tax Act*, § 38.

Wood-street Compter.

See *London.* 25 G. 3. c. 97. vol. 35.

Wool Cards.

See *Manufactures.* 14 G. 3. c. 71. vol. 30.—21 G. 3. c. 37. vol. 33.—22 G. 3. c. 40. vol. 34.

So much of the two last acts as relates to wool cards, or stock cards, not above four shillings per pair; or spinners cards, at one shilling and sixpence per pair value, repealed. 26 G. 3. c. 76. vol. 35.

Wool and Woollen Manufactures.

See *Drapery.* 5 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 26.—6 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 27.

See *Soap.* 14 G. 3. c. 72. § 15. vol. 30.

Any person employed therein not returning all working tools, wool, yarn, chain, wool, or abb, delivered to be worked, to the employer or agent; or fraudulently steaming, damping, or watering the wool or yarn delivered; or taking off, cutting, or picking out list, forrel, or other mark of any piece of cloth, to be committed to the house of correction for one calendar month. 14 G. 3. c. 25. vol. 30.—15 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 31.

For

For preventing frauds in combing wool, worsted, yarn, and goods made from worsted in Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Cheshire; committee-men appointed, viz. eighteen for Yorkshire, and nine for Lancashire and Cheshire. 17 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 31.

Rules for reeling worsted yarn, viz. a yard reel to contain thirty-six inches, and a two yard one seventy-two inches round; and each hank to contain seven raps or leas of eighty threads each. Same act, § 11.

Twopence in the shilling deducted out of the drawback on soap used in the woollen manufacture, as a fund to defray the expence of putting this act in execution. Same act, § 17.

So much of 13 and 14 Car. 2. c. 18. § 9. as restrains the conveying of wool, woollfells, mortlings, shortlings, woollen yarn, woollsocks, fuller's earth, fulling or tobacco-pipe clay only in the day-time, and at the hours therein mentioned, repealed; but subject to the regulations of the acts concerning the same, unrepealed. 20 G. 3. c. 55. vol. 33.

See *Ireland*. Same year, c. 6.

For preventing frauds, &c. by persons employed in combing wool, worsted, yarn, and goods made from worsted, in the county of Suffolk. 24 G. 3. c. 3. vol. 34.

Directions how worsted is to be reeled in Bedfordshire, Huntingdonshire, Northamptonshire, Leicestershire, Rutlandshire, Lincolnshire, and the Isle of Ely; and general regulations on putting out wool for spinning, &c. 25 G. 3. c. 40. § 12. vol. 35.

All acts relating to carrying coastwise or exporting live sheep, rams, and lambs, wool, woollfells, mortlings, shortlings, woollen yarn, or worsted, woollsocks, cruels, coverlids, waddings, or wool manufactures slightly made up so that they may be reduced to wool again, mattresses or beds stuffed with combed wool, and fuller's earth or clay, or tobacco-pipe clay from this kingdom, Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, (except so much of 9 and 10 W. 3. c. 40. as relates to wool shorn, and laid up within ten miles of the sea-side, by persons resid

ing within fifteen miles of the shore in Kent or Sussex) repealed. 28 G. 3. c. 38. vol. 36.

Live sheep conveyed out of Great Britain or the Isles, forfeited, with the ship, &c. and for assisting, penalty three pounds per sheep, and to suffer three and not more than twelve months imprisonment: and for each subsequent offence five pounds per sheep, and double imprisonment; the forfeiture to go to the persons suing; but this act not to extend to live wethers for diet of ship's crew carried by licence, nor to vessels bound to any place between the Mull of Cantire and Cape Wrath, nor to the moving sheep from the main land of the Frith of Scotland; but the proprietors of estates to give bond (not subject to stamp duty) not to export sheep, and to obtain a licence for moving them, to be granted by justices; and which bond is to be deposited with the commissioners of the customs at Edinburgh. Same act, § 7.

For explaining, amending, and reducing into one act the several laws for preventing the exportation of live sheep, wool, &c. Same act, § 8.

This act not to prevent the exportation of tobacco-pipe clay to the British West India colonies whilst allowed by 17 G. 3. c. 43. Same act, § 10.

To prevent abuses and frauds in the manufactures of combing wool and worsted yarn in Norfolk and Norwich. 31 G. 3. c. 56. vol. 37.

A general meeting of manufacturers to be on the second of September, 1791, to choose a committee to prosecute offenders against this act, and appoint a clerk. Same act, § 3.

Committee to meet quarterly, and choose a chairman; but no business without five members are present; and three committee-men may call a special meeting. Same act, § 4.

Justices to appoint inspectors of yarn, and the committee to station and allow them salaries, who are to inspect the reels, &c. and bring offenders to justice. Same act, § 9.

Reeling of worsted yarn, and putting out wool-spinning regulated. Same act, § 12.

Penalties on false reeling of worsted yarn, and prosecutors not liable to the charges of conveying offenders to prison; and agents refusing to discover persons guilty of false reeling, subject to the penalty of five shillings for every pound of such yarn; and putters out of wool answerable for the wool given them to put out. Same act, § 15.

The collectors of excise to deduct sixpence in one shilling out of the drawback on soap used in manufacturing wool, and pay the same to the treasurer appointed by the committee, who is to pay the charges of this act out of the same; and the rate of sixpence in one shilling may be reduced or increased. Same act, § 22.

Woolwich.

To enable John Bowater to grant leases of a dockyard, &c. there, to the commissioners of the navy for the king's use. 21 G. 3. c. 46. vol. 33.

Worcester.

See *Paving*. 10 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 28—11 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 29.—20 G. 3. c. 21. vol. 33.

See *Bridges*. 19 G. 3. c. 42. vol. 32.

See *Canals, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 59. vol. 37.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 99. vol. 37.

Workhouses.

See *Exeter*. 14 G. 3. c. 61. vol. 30.

See *Covent-Garden Parish*. 15 G. 3. c. 50. vol. 31.

See *Clerkenwell*. Same year, c. 23.

See *Holborn*. 10 G. 3. c. 79 and 80. vol. 28.

See *Martin (Saint) in the Fields*. 10 G. 3. c. 75. vol. 28.—12 G. 3. c. 34. vol. 29.

See *Bethnal Green*. 13 G. 3. c. 53. vol. 30.

For providing a workhouse and regulating the poor, &c. in the Old Artillery-ground, in the liberty of the tower. 14 G. 3. c. 30. vol. 30.

Act 6 Q. An. No. 6 and 32 G. 2. c. 59. for erecting a workhouse at Plymouth, Devonshire, amended. 26 G. 3. c. 19. vol. 35.

An additional workhouse erected at Chelsea, purchased for the parish of Saint James, Westminster. 27 G. 3. c. 54. vol. 36.

See *Poor*. 30 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 37.

Justices of the peace and any physician, surgeon, or apothecary, may, by warrant from a justice or the officiating clergyman of any parish, visit any workhouse, and certify the state of the poor to the next quarter sessions, who may make orders and regulations about the same as they think proper. 30 G. 3. c. 49. vol. 37.

If any of the poor found afflicted with any contagious disorder, on application to any justice of the division, he may give orders for immediate relief, and the expences to be paid out of the poor's rate; but this not to extend to workhouses regulated by act of parliament. Same act, § 2, 3.

For providing a workhouse for the poor of the parish of Stone in Staffordshire, and for regulating and employing the poor therein. 32 G. 3. c. 20. vol. 37.

See *Churches*. Same year, c. 39, 64.

Works, Board of.

See *Riots*. 23 G. 3. c. 78. vol. 34.

Worsted.

See *Manufactures*. 17 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 31.

Wrangle, Lincolnshire.

See *Debts and Debtors*. 19 G. 3. c. 43. vol. 32.

Wreak River, Leicestershire.

See *Rivers, navigable*. 31 G. 3. c. 77. vol. 37.

Writs.

See *Scotland*. 30 G. 3. c. 17. § 5. v. 37.

Wroxeter, Shropshire.

See *Poor*. 32 G. 3. c. 95. vol. 37.

Wye River.

See *Bridges*. 20 G. 3. c. 27. vol. 33.

Wyrley Bank, Staffordshire.

See *Canals, navigable.* 32 G. 3. c. 81. vol. 37.

Y.

Yarmouth (Great) Norfolk.

See *Havens.* 12 G. 3. c. 14. vol. 29.

For better securing the duty on coals there, granted by 5 Q. An. c. 7. 22 G. 3. c. 22. vol. 34.

Yarn, Short.

See *Manufactures.* 14 G. 3. c. 44. vol. 30.

Yearly Accounts.

See *India (East) Company.* 21 G. 3. c. 65. § 15. vol. 33.

York and Hull.

Playhouses allowed there. 9 G. 3. c. 17. vol. 28.

York Buildings Company.

For expediting the sale of their estates in Scotland, and for relief of their creditors. 17 G. 3. c. 24. vol. 31.

York, Duke and Dukes of.

See *King, Queen, and Royal Family.* 32 G. 3. c. 13. vol. 37.

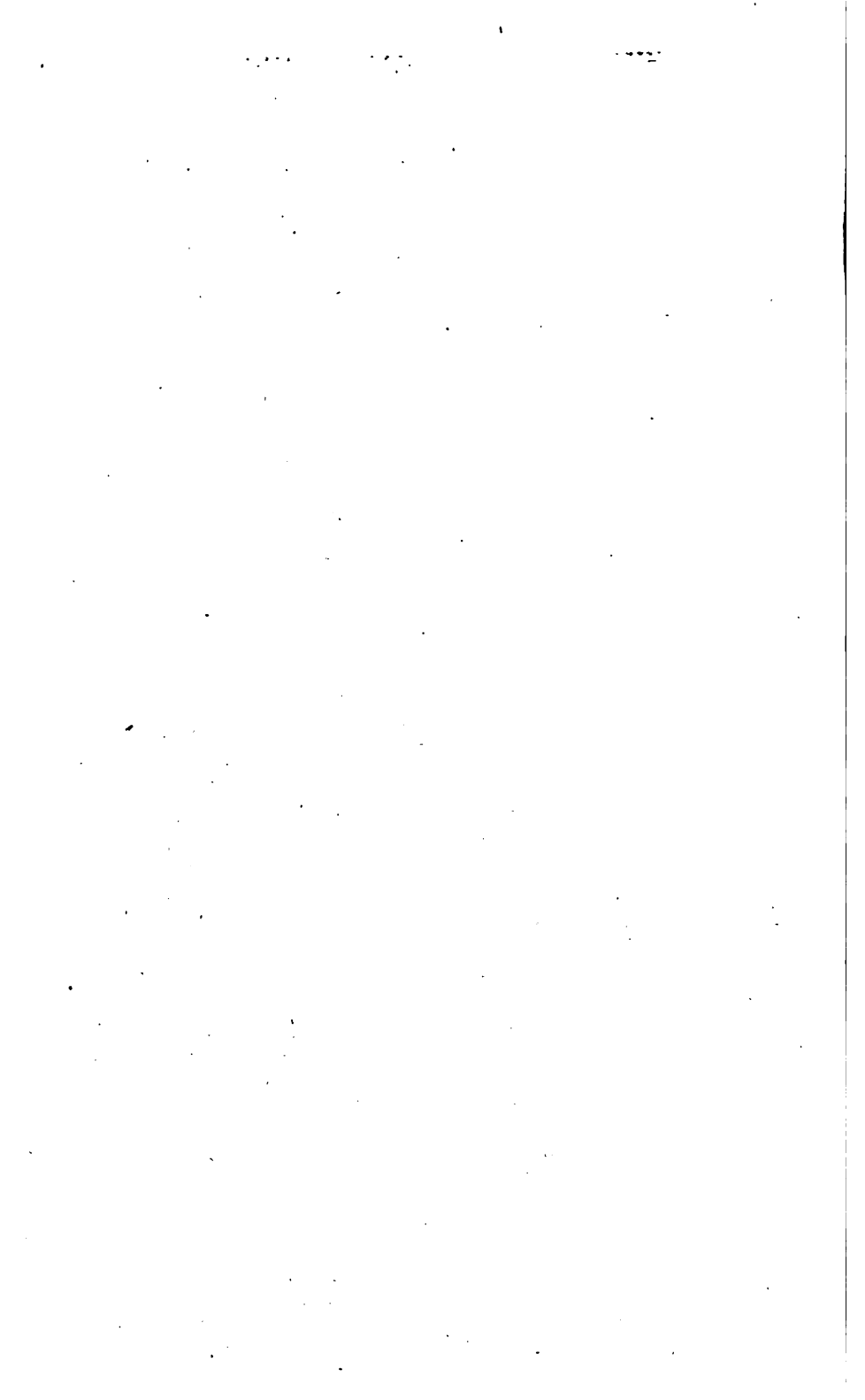
Yorkshire.

See *Drapery.* 5 G. 3. c. 51. vol. 26. — 6 G. 3. c. 23. vol. 27.

See *Manufactures.* 17 G. 3. c. 11. vol. 31.

Yucatan, South America.

Goods imported from the settlement of Yucatan in South America, and sold by auction in Great Britain, exempt from the excise duties imposed by 27 G. 3. c. 13. on such sales, and a drawback allowed of duties on goods exported to Yucatan. 30 G. 3. c. 26. vol. 37.



A GENERAL TABLE

TO THE

T I T L E S.

A.

ABERBROTHICK, Scotland.
Aberdeen, Scotland.
Aberystwith, Cardiganshire.
Abuses.
Acids (Mineral).
Accountant-general in Chancery.
Accounts, Public.
Achurch, Northamptonshire.
Actions.
Adam (John) &c.
Addresses by the House of Commons.
Adjutant-general of the Army.
Admiralty.
Admissions.
Advertisements.
Affidavits.
Africa and African Company.
Aggregate Fund.
Agreements.
Aire River, Yorkshire.
Alban's (St.) Duke of.
Albemarle House.
Alder Trees.
Aldersgate.

Ale and **Alchouses**.
Algiers.
Aliens.
Allendale Common, Northumberland.
Allington, Kent.
Alloa Harbour, Scotland.
Allowances.
Almanacks.
Alnwick, Northumberland.
Alfager, Cheshire.
Altcar Fen, Lancashire.
Ambassadors.
America.
American Sufferers.
Ancholme, Lincolnshire.
Andrew (St.) Holborn.
Anglesey (Isle of).
Annuities.
Annuities, Public.
Annuities, Private.
Anwick, Lincolnshire.
Appeals.
Application of Taxes.
Apprentices.
Appropriation of Supplies.
Approvement.

Ark-

A GENERAL TABLE

Arkwright, Sir Richard.
 Armament.
 Army.
 Arrack.
 Arrests.
 Artificers.
 Artillery (Old) Ground.
 Arun River, Suffex.
 Arundel, Suffex.
 Ashton-under-Lyne, Lancashire.
 Assaults.
 Assays.
 Assessments.
 Assessors.
 Atcham, Shropshire.
 Attorney-general.
 Attornies and Solicitors.
 Aubyn (St.) Sir John
 Auction and Auctioneers.
 Auditors of Exchequer.
 Avon River, Warwickshire.
 Awards.
 Aylesford, Kent.
 Ayr, in Scotland.

B,

Bachelors.
 Bacon and Pork.
 Badgers.
 Bahama Islands.
 Bail.
 Bain River, Lincolnshire.
 Bakers.
 Balfour (Colonel Nesbitt).
 Baltic.
 Banbury, Oxfordshire.
 Bancroft (Dr. Edward).
 Bank of England.
 Bank of Scotland.
 Bankers.
 Bankrupts.
 Banks, or Sea Walls.
 Barbadoes.
 Barges.
 Bark of Oak.
 Barking, Effex.
 Barrels.

Barthomley, Cheshire.
 Batchurch, Shropshire.
 Bastards.
 Bath (City of).
 Batley, Yorkshire.
 Battens and Deals.
 Battersea, Surry.
 Beds and Feathers.
 Bedford Level.
 Bedfordshire.
 Bedwyn, Great, Wiltshire.
 Beer and Ale.
 Beer, Devonshire.
 Bees Wax.
 Bell Metal.
 Bengal, East Indies.
 Bennington and Butterwick, Lincolnshire.
 Berkenhout, James, and Clarke, Thomas.
 Bermondsey, Surry.
 Bermuda, or Somers Islands.
 Berrington, Shropshire.
 Bethnal Green.
 Beverly, Yorkshire.
 Bigg (*Corn*).
 Bills of Credit.
 Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.
 Bills of Mortality.
 Birmingham.
 Births.
 Bishopsgate-street.
 Bishop, George.
 Bishop Wearmouth, Durham.
 Bishops.
 Blackfriars (St. Ann's).
 Blackfriars Bridge.
 Blankney.
 Blessington (Earl of).
 Blocks for Ships.
 Board of Controul.
 Boats.
 Bolingbroke Soke, Lincolnshire.
 Bolton on the Moors, Lancashire.
 Bolton, Great, Lancashire.
 Bonds.
 Bond-street (Old).
 Bone and Thread Lace.

Bone

TO THE TITLES.

Bone (St. Mary le).
 Books.
 Booth, Joseph.
 Bordesley, Warwickshire.
 Borel, Louis and Abraham.
 Borwick, Lancashire.
 Boston, America.
 Boston, Lincolnshire.
 Bounties.
 Bourne Eau, Lincolnshire.
 Bowater, John.
 Bow Windows.
 Boxley, Kent.
 Bradford, Wilts.
 Bradford, Yorkshire.
 Brandling, Charles.
 Brandon River.
 Brandy and other Spirits.
 Brafs.
 Bread.
 Breadalbane (Earl of).
 Brecknock, Wales.
 Breton, Cape.
 Brewers.
 Bricks and Tiles.
 Bride-street, London.
 Bridewell.
 Bridges.
 Bridgewater (Duke of).
 Bridgewater (Borough) Somersetshire.
 Bridgnorth, Shropshire.
 Bridlington, alias Burlington, Yorkshire.
 Bridport, Dorsetshire.
 Brighthelmstone, Suffex.
 Brimstone.
 Bristol.
 British Colonies.
 British Fishery.
 British Museum.
 British Subjects.
 British West India Islands.
 Broadstairs, Kent.
 Broadwater Fire Engine.
 Brook and Warwick (Earl of).
 Broseley, Shropshire.
 Brown (William).
 Burntisland, Scotland.

Buccleugh (Duke of).
 Buck and Deer Skins.
 Buckingham House.
 Buckingham (Town of).
 Bude, in Cornwall.
 Bugles.
 Buildings in London, &c.
 Bull Alley.
 Bure, or North River, Norfolk.
 Burial Ground.
 Burnt.
 Burton upon Trent, Staffordshire.
 Bury, Lancashire.
 Byal Fen, in Isle of Ely.

C.

Cables.
 Cable-street.
 Calceworth, Lincolnshire.
 Callicoets.
 Calton Hill.
 Calverley, Yorkshire.
 Camberwell and Peckham.
 Cambricks and French Lawns.
 Cambridge.
 Canada.
 Canada, Upper.
 Canals, Navigable.
 Candles.
 Candleshoe Wapentake.
 Cannongate, in Edinburgh.
 Canterbury (City of).
 Canvey Island, Essex.
 Cape of Good Hope.
 Cards and Dice.
 Cardiff, Wales.
 Carew, Reginald Pole.
 Carlton Bridge, Yorkshire.
 Carlton (Lady Maria).
 Carlton (Great) Lincolnshire.
 Carlton House.
 Carmarthen.
 Carolina.
 Carriages (Two-wheel).
 Carts and Carriages.
 Cart River, Glasgow, Scotland.
 Cases referred to Judges.

A GENERAL TABLE

Cashew Gum.	Clarendon House.
Catherine's (St.) near the Tower.	Clement's (St.) Parish.
Catterick and Tunstall, Yorkshire.	Clergy.
Cattle.	Clergymen.
Catwater.	Clerks of the Peace.
Ceded Islands.	Clerks to Attornies.
Cement.	Clerkenwell.
Certificates.	Clyde Marine Society.
Certiorari.	Coaches.
Chairmen and Porters.	Coals.
Chairs.	Coalbrookdale.
Chaleur Bay.	Coast Trade,
Chamberlain (Lord) of Household.	Cochineal and Indigo.
Chamberlains of Exchequer.	Cockburnspath, Scotland.
Champion (Richard).	Cocoa Nuts.
Chancery.	Cocquets.
Chaplains.	Codnor Park Mill.
Charities and Charitable Funds.	Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate.
Charter-party.	Coin.
Chace, Enfield.	Colchester, Essex.
Chatham, Kent.	Colleges.
Chatham (Earl of).	Colneis and Carlford.
Chatteris, Cambridgeshire.	Colonies.
Chelmsford, Essex.	Colours.
Chelsea (St. Luke's).	Commander in Chief of Forces and
Chelsea Hospital.	Comptroller of the Army.
Cheltenham, Gloucestershire.	Commiffary Court at Edinburgh.
Chester.	Commissioners and Trustees.
Chichester (City of).	Commissioners for reduction of the
Children.	National Debt.
Chimney Sweepers.	Commitment.
China Prize Goods.	Common Fields.
Chirk, Denbighshire.	Commons, House of.
Chifwell-street.	Commutation Act.
Chocolate.	Companies.
Christchurch, Middlesex.	Compensation.
Christchurch, Surry.	Compositions.
Christenings.	Compounders of Spirits.
Christopher (St.) le Stocks.	Computers.
Christopher (St.) Island.	Concealment of Crown Lands.
Church-lane, Whitechapel.	Conies.
Churches.	Coney Wool and Skins.
Churchwardens.	Consolidated Fund.
Cinque Ports.	Constables.
Cirencester, Gloucestershire.	Contractors, Public.
Circuits.	Controverted Elections.
Civil List.	Convicts.
Claimants of Goods seized.	Coombe Hill, Gloucestershire.
Clapham, Surry.	Convictions.
Clarence (Duke of).	

TO THE TITLES.

D.

Copper.
 Copyholds.
 Corbridge.
 Cordage.
 Corn and Grain.
 Cornwall.
 Corporations.
 Correction (House of).
 Cosford Hundred, in Suffolk.
 Cofts.
 Cofts, Double.
 Cofts, Treble.
 Cottages.
 Cottingham, Yorkshire.
 Cotton, Thomas.
 Cottons.
 County Rates.
 Counties Palatine.
 Courts of Conscience.
 Courts, Criminal.
 Court Houses.
 Courts, Inferior.
 Courts Marshal.
 Courts of Stepney and Hackney.
 Courts, Supreme.
 Covent Garden Parish.
 Covent Garden Theatre.
 Coventry.
 Cowes, in the Isle of Wight.
 Cox's Museum.
 Crape.
 Creditors.
 Cressage, Shropshire.
 Cricklade.
 Cromarty, Scotland.
 Cromford Bridge, Derbyshire.
 Crowland Manor, Lincolnshire.
 Crown Lands.
 Crumlin Bridge, Monmouthshire.
 Cumberland, Duke of.
 Cund, Shropshire.
 Cunningham.
 Currants.
 Curriers.
 Customs.
 Cutlers (Company of) in Hampshire.
 Cyder and Perry.

Dalby (Rev. Thomas Weekes).
 Dalkeith, Scotland.
 Damages, Double.
 Dartmouth.
 Davis's Streights.
 Deacons.
 Deal, Kent.
 Deals and Battens.
 Death.
 Debentures.
 Debt and Debtors.
 Debts, Public.
 Debtors to the Crown.
 Declarations.
 Declaratory Act.
 Dee, River.
 Deer and Deer-stealers.
 Deerhurst, Gloucestershire.
 Demerary.
 Deputations.
 Derby.
 Deretend, Warwickshire.
 Derwentwater Estate.
 Devizes, Wiltshire.
 Devonshire.
 Diamonds.
 Dice and Cards.
 Diet of Crews.
 Diglis, near Worcester.
 Directors.
 Disguised Persons.
 Dispensations.
 Dissenters.
 Distillers.
 Districts.
 Dividends.
 Dixon, Francis.
 Dobson, John.
 Dockyards.
 Doddington, Cambridgeshire.
 Dogs.
 Dominica.
 Donations, Charitable.
 Donnington Wood, Salop.
 Dorchester, Lord.
 Douglas, in the Isle of Man.
 Douglas River, Lancashire.

A GENERAL TABLE

Dover and Rye, in Kent and Suffex	Errors.
Dover-street, London.	Erewash Canal.
Draining.	Escapes.
Drapery.	Escheats.
Drawbacks and Discounts.	Esfick, Yorkshire.
Droits, Ancient.	Essequibo, South America.
Drugs.	Essex.
Drury-lane Theatre.	Estates.
Dudley, Worcestershire.	Europa Ship.
Dumbarton, Scotland.	Europe.
Dumfries, Scotland.	Evidence.
Dundonald (Earl of).	Exchequer.
Dunston, Lincolnshire.	Excise.
Duplicates.	Executions.
Durham, City of.	Exemplifications.
Durham, County Palatine.	Exeter.
Dutchy of Lancaster.	Exportation.
Duxbury, Lancashire.	Extent.
Dyes and Dyers.	Eye River, Leicestershire.

E.

Ealing, Middlesex.
 Earthen Ware.
 East Florida.
 East Grinstead, Suffex.
 East India Company.
 East Stonehouse.
 Eaton Constantine, Shropshire.
 Ebony.
 Ecclesiastical Courts.
 Ecclesiastical Persons.
 Edinburgh, Scotland.
 Edinburghshire.
 Edington Hamlet, Somersetshire.
 Egham, Surry.
 Egremont, Earl of.
 Egyptians.
 Elections.
 Ellenfoot, Cumberland.
 Ellesmere, Shropshire.
 Elliot, Sir George Augustus.
 Ely House.
 Ely, Isle of.
 Embleton.
 Enfield Chace, Middlesex.
 Engine, Steam, or Fire.
 England, New.
 Epsom, Surry.

F.

Factors.
 Farmers.
 Faversham, Kent.
 Fazeley.
 Feathers and Feather-beds.
 Fee-farm and other Rents.
 Fees.
 Felony.
 Felons, transported.
 Female Servants.
 Fenchurch-street.
 Fencible Men.
 Fens.
 Ferries.
 Ferro or Faro Isles.
 Fifeshire, in Scotland.
 Findhorn, Scotland.
 Finsbury Square.
 Fines.
 Fires and Fire Engines.
 Fish and Fisheries.
 Fish-market.
 Fitzgerald (Gerald).
 Fitzmaurice (Ulysses).
 Fitzwilliams (Countess of).
 Flasks.
 Flax and Cotton.

TO THE TITLES.

Flint Glafs.
 Florida.
 Flux for Glafs.
 Forbes, Arthur.
 Forces.
 Foreigners.
 Foreign Coin.
 Foreign Spirits.
 Foreign Wines.
 Foreftallers.
 Forefts.
 Forfar (County of) Scotland.
 Forfeited Eftates.
 Forfeitures.
 Forgeries.
 Fornication.
 Forth and Clyde Rivers.
 Fort James, in Africa.
 Fort William, at Bengal.
 Fortification.
 Foundling Hofpital.
 Frames.
 Frazer (General Simon).
 Frauds.
 Freeholds registered.
 French Carriages.
 French Goods.
 French Prizes.
 French Wines.
 Frith of Forth.
 Fullbourne, Cambridgefhire.
 Funds.
 Furs.

G.

Gainfborough, Lincolnfhire.
 Gale Mofs, Lancathire.
 Game.
 Gaols and Gaolers.
 Gartree, Lincolnfhire.
 Gateshead, Durham.
 Gazette.
 General IfTue.
 Geneva.
 George (St.) Middlefex.
 George (St.) Hanover-fquare.
 George (St.) in the Fields, South-wark.

Georgia (in America).
 Germany.
 Gibraltar.
 Gildart (James).
 Giles (St.) and St. George, Bloomf-bury.
 Gippen River, Suffolk.
 Glaifs (George).
 Glasgaw, Scotland.
 Glafs.
 Gloucefter, City of.
 Gloucefterfhire.
 Gloves and Mittens.
 Goats Hair.
 Goat Skins.
 Godley, in Surry.
 Gold and Silver.
 Goodman's Fields.
 Goods.
 Gofwell-ftreet.
 Government.
 Governor-general.
 Grantham, Lincolnfhire.
 Grants, by the king and parlia-ment.
 Gravel-lane (Old).
 Gravesend, Kent.
 Gray's Inn Lane.
 Greenland.
 Greenock, Scotland.
 Greenwich Hofpital.
 Grenada, and Grenadines.
 Grefley (Sir Nigel).
 Grocery.
 Grofe, Major.
 Guernfey and Jerfey.
 Guifley, Yorkfhire.
 Gum Senega or Arabic.
 Gunpowder.

H.

Habeas Corpus.
 Hackney Coaches and Chairs.
 Hackney, Middlefex.
 Haddlefey, Yorkfhire.
 Hadnal, Shropfhire.
 Hair Powder.
 Halifax, Nova Scotia.

A GENERAL TABLE

Halifax, Yorkshire.	Hodgson and others.
Haling or Towing.	Hogarth (William).
Hallamshire, Yorkshire.	Holborn.
Hamilton (Sir William) Knight of the Bath.	Holdernefs, Yorkshire.
Hammer Bridge, in the Parish of Cuckfield, Suffex.	Holydays and Fast Days.
Hammet (Sir Benjamin).	Holy Island, Durham.
Hampstead, Middlefex.	Honduras Bay.
Hampton Court.	Honiton, Devonshire.
Hanaper Office.	Hooker, Thomas.
Hangman's Acre, Surry.	Hops.
Hanley, Staffordshire.	Hordley, Shropshire.
Hanover Square, Saint George.	Hornbeam.
Hans Town, Chelsea.	Horncastle, Lincolnshire.
Harbours.	Horfes.
Harrison (John).	Horton, Yorkshire.
Harry (William).	Hospitals.
Hartley (David)	Houses and Windows.
Hastings, Warren.	Houses of Correction.
Hatfield Chace, Yorkshire.	Household (King's).
Hats and Hatters.	Hovering Acts.
Havens.	Hoxton.
Havering Atte Bower, Effex.	Hubberfton and Pill, Pembrokeſhire
Hawkers and Pedlars.	Huddersfield, Yorkshire.
Hay.	Hudson's Bay.
Haydon Square.	Hull, Yorkshire.
Head Money.	Humber (River.)
Hedon, Yorkshire.	Hungary.
Helena (St.) Island of.	Huntingdon and Huntingdonſhire.
Hemingborough, Yorkshire.	Hydrometer.
Hemp and Flax.	
Henley, Shropshire.	I.
Henley upon Thames.	Jamaica.
Henvill, Edward.	James (St.) Westminster.
Hereford Cathedral.	Idiots.
Hereford, City of.	Jekyll (Sir Joſeph).
Herrings.	Jerſey.
Hertford Town.	Importation and Exportation.
Heſſe (Landgrave of).	Imprifonment.
Hexham, Northumberland.	Incloſures.
Hides and Skins.	Indemnity.
Highgate, Middlefex.	India (Eaſt) Company.
Highland Society, Scotland.	Indico.
Highways.	Infirmaries.
Highwaymen.	Informations and Informers.
Highworth, Wilts.	Inhabitants,
Hill, Edmund.	Innkeepers.

TO THE TITLES.

Inns of Court.
 Insolvent Debtors.
 Inspectors.
 Insurances.
 Interest of Money.
 Inventions.
 Inventories.
 Inverness, Scotland.
 John's (St.) Island, America.
 Journals.
 Journeymen.
 Ipswich, Suffolk.
 Ireland.
 Irish Linens.
 Iron.
 Irving (Charles).
 Irwin (Lady Frances).
 Isis (River).
 Islington.
 Itching (River) Hampshire.
 Judges.
 Judgments.
 Justices of the Peace.
 Ives (St.) Cornwall.

K.

Keelmen.
 Keighley, Yorkshire.
 Kelfo, in Scotland.
 Kenfington.
 Kent (County of).
 Keppel, Admiral.
 Kidderminster, Worcestershire.
 King, Queen, and Royal Family.
 King's Bench.
 Kinghorn, Scotland.
 King's Lynn, Norfolk.
 King's Printer.
 King's Sedgemoor, Somersetshire.
 Kingston, Surry.
 Kingston upon Hull, Yorkshire.
 Kington, Herefordshire.
 Kirkcaldy, Scotland.
 Kirkby Kendal, Westmoreland.
 Kirkcudbright, Scotland.
 Kirkheaton, Yorkshire.
 Kirton Hundred, Lincolnshire.
 Knaresborough, Yorkshire.

Kyme, Lincolnshire.
 Kynwardston, Wiltshire.

L.

Labour.
 Labrador.
 Lace.
 Lambeth.
 Lancashire.
 Lancaster (Dutchy of).
 Lancaster, Town of.
 Land Forces.
 Land Revenue.
 Land Tax.
 Land Waiters.
 Llandovery, Carmarthenshire.
 Lane End, Staffordshire.
 Llanfilin, in Shropshire and Den-
 bighshire.
 Langley Bridge, Derbyshire.
 Larceny, Petty.
 Larch Trees.
 Lastage and Ballastage.
 Launceston, Cornwall.
 Lawrence (Saint) Gulph of.
 Lawrence (Saint) Isle of Thanet.
 Lazarets.
 Lead.
 Leases.
 Leather.
 Leatherhead, Surry.
 Lee River.
 Leeds, Yorkshire.
 Leeward Islands.
 Legacies.
 Leicester.
 Leigh, Gloucestershire.
 Leighton, Shropshire.
 Leith, Scotland.
 Leominster, Herefordshire.
 Letchlade, Gloucestershire.
 Letters.
 Levant Company.
 Lever (Sir Ashton).
 Lever (Robert).
 Lewes, Suffex.
 Lewisham, Kent.
 Liardet (John).

Libels.

A GENERAL TABLE

Libels.	Mahogany.
Libraries.	Maidenhead.
Licences.	Maidstone Geneva.
Light-houses.	Maidstone, Kent.
Lilford, Northamptonshire.	Maismore, near Gloucester.
Lime.	Male Servants.
Limehouse, Middlesex.	Maldraeth, and Corfddaugan, in the County of Anglesey.
Limitations of Actions.	Malt.
Lincoln.	Man (Isle of).
Lincolnshire.	Management.
Linlithgow and Bathgate, Scotland.	Manchester.
Linens.	Manchester Square.
Linwood, Lincolnshire.	Mandamus.
Lisbon, Portugal.	Mangrove Bark, Red.
Lifts.	Manifests.
Little Lever, Lancashire.	Manufactures.
Liverpool.	Maple Trees.
Llanfyllin, in Wales.	March, Cambridgeshire.
Loans of Credit.	Margaret (St.) Lothbury.
Loes, Suffolk.	Margaret and John (St.) West- minster.
Logwood.	Margate, Kent.
Longitude.	Marine Forces,
London.	Marine Society.
Lord's Day.	Markets.
Lords of Manors.	Marriages.
Lotteries.	Marshal of King's Bench Prison.
Loughborough, Leicestershire.	Marshes.
Lovat (Simon, late Lord).	Martin le Grand (Saint).
Low Wines.	Martin Hamlet, Lincolnshire.
Loyalists.	Martin (Saint) in the Fields.
Lucia (Saint).	Mary (Saint) le Bone.
Luke (Saint) Middlesex.	Mary (Saint) le Strand.
Lumber.	Marygold Court.
Lunatics.	Mary Port, Cumberland.
Lynn, Norfolk.	Mason (Charles).
	Massachusetts Bay, in New Eng- land.
	Maftmakers.
	Masters and Mariners.
	Masters in Chancery.
	Master of the Horse, and Master of the Robes.
	Master of the Rolls.
	Masters of Ships.
	Maugan, Cornwall.
	Mevagisley, in Cornwall.
	Measures.

M.

Macbride, (John).
 Macclesfield, Cheshire.
 Macgreggors.
 Mackenzie, Mr.
 Made Wines.
 Madder.
 Madeira (Island of).
 Madeley Wood.
 Madhouses.
 Magdalen.

TO THE TITLES.

Medicines.	
Mediterranean Pafs.	N.
Medway River.	
Merthyn Tidvile, Glamorganfhire.	Names.
Metheringham, Lincolnfhire.	National Debt.
Middle, Shropfhire.	Naturalization.
Middlefex.	Naval Services.
Middlewich, Cheshire.	Navigable Canals.
Midhurft, Suffex.	Navigable Rivers.
Mile or Stage.	Navigation.
Mile End, New Town.	Navy.
Mile End, Old Town.	Navy Commiffioners.
Milford Haven.	Navy Office.
Militia.	Neath, Glamorganfhire.
Millers.	Negroes.
Mills.	Nets.
Minehead, Cornwall.	Nevis, in America.
Mineral Alkali.	Newark upon Trent.
Mines.	Newbridge, Suffex.
Minifters.	New Brunfwick.
Minorca.	Newburgh (Earl of).
Mint.	Newcastle (Henry Duke of).
Mirfield, Yorkfhire.	Newcastle under Line.
Money.	Newcastle upon Tyne.
Monkland, in Scotland.	New Colours.
Monk Wearmouth, Durham.	Newent, Gloucefterfhire.
Montague (Frederick) Efq.	Newfoundland.
Montgomery.	Newgate Gaol, London.
Montrofe, Scotland.	New Gravel Lane.
Montferrat.	Newhaven, Scotland.
Moon (William).	Newhaven, Suffex.
Moorfields.	Newington, Surry.
Moorlinch, Somerfetfhire.	Newport, Ifle of Wight.
Morden College, Kent.	Newport, Monmouthfhire.
Morocco, Africa.	New Providence (Bahama Iflands)
Mortgages of Glebes.	Newfpapers.
Mortgages in Ireland.	New Sarum, Wiltfhire.
Mount Edgecumbe.	New South Wales.
Munro Hector, Efq.	New York, America.
Murder.	Nightingale Lane, Middlefex.
Murray (General).	Nith River.
Museum (Britifh).	Noli Profequi.
Mufkins and White Callicoos.	Nominees.
Mufquito Shore.	Nonconformifts.
Mute.	Norfolk.
Mutiny.	Northampton.
	Northamptonfhire.
	North Kyme, Lincolnfhire.
	North Level.

A GENERAL TABLE

North River, Norfolk.
 North Shields.
 Northumberland (Duke of).
 Northumberland Society.
 North West Passage.
 Norwich.
 Notes.
 Nottingham.
 Nova Scotia, America.
 Nuifances.

O.

Oak Bark.
 Oaths.
 Oats and Oatmeal.
 Occupiers of Land.
 Offenders.
 Officers and Offices.
 Offices, Public.
 Offices removed.
 Offices suppressed.
 Oil.
 Oil (Essential).
 Oil of Vitriol.
 Old Artillery Ground.
 Old Gravel Lane.
 Old Subsidy.
 Old Swinford.
 Oldham, Lancashire.
 Onus Probandi.
 Optional Streets.
 Orchillia Weed.
 Orders of Council.
 Orders for Repayment.
 Ordinary.
 Ordnance.
 Ordnance Debentures.
 Orkney Islands.
 Orphans Fund (London).
 Orwell River (Suffolk).
 Oswestry (Shropshire).
 Overseers of the Poor.
 Ounce Thread.
 Ouse River (Norfolk).
 Ouse River (Suffex).
 Owze River, Yorkshire.
 Oxford.

Oyer and Terminer.
 Oyfters.

P.

Pacific Ocean.
 Packages.
 Paddington.
 Palifadoes.
 Pallenham and Pulborough.
 Palliser (Sir Hugh).
 Pancras (Saint) Middlesex.
 Pangbourne, Berkshire.
 Paper.
 Papists.
 Pardon.
 Parish Rates.
 Park Lane, Piccadilly.
 Parliament.
 Paving, Lighting, Cleansing, and
 Watching, &c.
 Pawnbrokers.
 Passengers.
 Patents.
 Patterns.
 Pay of Forces.
 Paymaster General of Army.
 Peace.
 Peace Officers.
 Pedlars.
 Pells (Clerk of).
 Pembroke (Earl of).
 Pembrokehire.
 Penitentiary Houses.
 Penn (William).
 Pensions.
 Pentonville Chapel.
 Perfumery.
 Perjury.
 Permits.
 Perring, Peter.
 Perth (County) Scotland.
 Pestle Mills.
 Peter (Saint) le Poor.
 Peterborough.
 Peterham.
 Piers.

TO THE TITLES.

Pilchards.
 Pilots.
 Pipes.
 Piracy.
 Pitch, and Pit Coal.
 Pittferran, Scotland.
 Plague.
 Plantations.
 Plate.
 Plate Glafs.
 Plates.
 Playhouses.
 Plymouth.
 Polices.
 Polstead, Suffolk.
 Pontefract, Yorkshire.
 Pontnewynydd, Monmouthshire.
 Pool, Shropshire.
 Poor.
 Poplar Wood.
 Porcelain.
 Portage.
 Ports.
 Port Glasgow, Scotland.
 Portſea, Hampshire.
 Portſmouth.
 Ports, Neutral.
 Portugal.
 Poſt Horſes.
 Poſt Office.
 Potatoes.
 Pot and Pearl Aſhes.
 Pottersfield.
 Poultry Compter.
 Powers.
 Pregnant Women.
 Premiums.
 Preſſing.
 Preſto-lee Bridge, Lancaſhire.
 Priests Orders.
 Princes and Princeſſes.
 Printed Linens.
 Printed Stuffs.
 Prints, &c.
 Printing Houſes.
 Priſons and Priſoners.
 Privateers.
 Privy Garden.
 Prizes.

Proceſs.
 Proclamation.
 Promiſſory Notes.
 Proofs.
 Proprietors.
 Proſecutions.
 Prothonotary's Office at Cheſter.
 Putney, Surry.

Q.

Qualifications.
 Quarantine.
 Quarter Seſſions.
 Quays and Docks.
 Quebec.
 Queen.
 Queen Ann's Bounty.
 Queen-ſtreet, Ratcliffe.
 Quercitron.
 Queſtions.
 Quo Warranto.

R.

Radnor, Earl of.
 Raiſins (Great).
 Rams.
 Ramſden, Sir John.
 Ramſey, Huntingdonſhire.
 Ramſgate, Kent.
 Ranſom.
 Rape Seed.
 Rates.
 Ratcliffe.
 Rea River, Birmingham.
 Reading, Berkſhire.
 Rebellious Colonies.
 Receipts.
 Recognizances.
 Records.
 Reſtiſiers.
 Redemption.
 Redſtone, Worceſterſhire.
 Reeling.
 Regeala Port.
 Regency.

A GENERAL TABLE

Registers.	S.
Registers of Freeholds.	Sacks.
Register's Office.	Saffron Walden, Essex.
Regulations.	Sago Powder.
Removal.	Sailcloth.
Renfrewshire.	St. John (Hon. St. Andrew).
Rent-charge.	Salaries.
Rents.	Sales.
Rents, Fee-farm.	Salford, Lancashire.
Reports to Parliament.	Salisbury.
Rescuing prohibited Goods.	Salop.
Residence.	Salt.
Retailers.	Saltpetre.
Rewards.	Samples.
Ribble River.	Sandwich, Kent.
Rice.	Santa Margareta (Ship).
Richmond, Surry.	Saunby, near Gainsborough.
Richmond, near Everton, in Lancashire.	Saviour St. Southwark.
Rider's Green.	Savoy.
Riots.	Sawley Ferry.
Rivers, navigable.	Scales and Weights.
Roads.	Scarborough, Yorkshire.
Rocheſter, Kent.	Scarlet Dye.
Rock Salt.	Schools.
Rodney, Lord.	Scotland.
Roe (Charles) Esquire.	Scotland Yard.
Rogues and Vagabonds.	Seal Skins.
Rolle, Denys and John.	Seamen.
Rolls Estate.	Searches.
Rolls, Liberty of the.	Sea Water.
Roman Catholics.	Secret Service-money.
Rope and Soap Manufactories.	Secretary to Commander in Chief of Forces.
Rother River.	Secretaries of State.
Roxburgh, Scotland.	Seizures.
Royal Family.	Selby, Yorkshire.
Rugby School.	Senegal.
Rum.	Sentences.
Rumbold (Sir Thomas) and Peter Perſing.	Sepulchre (St.) London.
Rumford, Essex.	Servants.
Ruffia.	Sessions and Sessions Houſe.
Ruffian Linen, and Diaper.	Severn Navigation.
Rutlandſhire.	Severn River.
Rye and Dover.	Sewell (Sir Thomas).
	Sewers.
	Shadwell (St. Paul).
	Sheep.
	Sheep Skins.

TO THE TITLES.

Sheerness.	Staines, Middlesex.
Sheffield, Yorkshire.	Stamps.
Sheriffs.	Stanhope-street.
Shillingford Ferry, Oxfordshire.	Starch.
Ships.	Steam Engines.
Shire Halls.	Stepney and Hackney.
Shops.	Stewart, James Archibald.
Shoreditch, St. Leonard.	Still.
Shoreham.	Stirlingshire.
Shortbridge, Suffex.	Stock of Dealers.
Shrewsbury.	Stockings.
Sierra Leone Company.	Stoke Damerell, Devonshire.
Silks.	Stoke River, Lincolnshire.
Silver Coin.	Stolen Goods.
Silver Wares.	Stone Blue.
Sinking Fund.	Stone, in Staffordshire.
Six Clerks.	Stonehouse, Devonshire.
Skins.	Stopham, Suffex.
Skippers and Keelmen.	Stores.
Skipton, in Yorkshire.	Stourbridge, Worcestershire.
Skyner, Sir John.	Stower, near Sudbury, Suffolk.
Slaughtering Horses.	Stow-market, Suffolk.
Slave Trade.	Stowupland Bridge.
Sleaford, Lincolnshire.	Streatham, Surry.
Smalts.	Streets.
Smuggling.	Strickland.
Snuff.	Stroudwater, Gloucestershire.
Soap.	Stuffs, printed.
Soar River, Leicestershire.	Sufferances.
Soldiers.	Suffolk.
Solicitors.	Sugar.
Somerset House.	Suitors.
Somer's Islands.	Sundays.
Somer's Town, in Pancras Parish.	Sunderland, Durham.
Southampton.	Superfedeas.
Southampton, Lord.	Surgeons, Scotland.
South Esk River.	Surry.
South Sea Stock.	Sutton Pool.
South Shields.	Swansea, in Glamorganshire.
Southwark, Surry.	Swayne, Thomas.
Southwold, Suffolk.	Sweets.
Speaker of the House of Commons.	
Spermaceti.	
Spirits and Spirituous Liquors.	T.
Spital Fields.	
Spranger, John.	Tallies of Loans.
Spurn Point.	Tallow, Hogs Lard, and Grease.
Staffordshire.	Tally-cutters.
Stage Coaches.	3 E 2
	Tamer

A GENERAL TABLE

Tamer River, Devon and Cornwall.	Toxteth Park, near Liverpool.
Tamworth, Warwickshire and Staffordshire.	Trades.
Tanners.	Transfer of Stocks.
Taplow Mill-stream.	Transport Bills.
Tar.	Transports.
Tardebigg, in Worcestershire and Warwickshire.	Transportation.
Tattershall, Lincolnshire.	Treason.
Taunton, Somersetshire.	Treasurer of the Navy.
Taxes.	Treasury, Commissioners of.
Taylor (Elizabeth) of Southampton.	Treaty, Definitive.
Taylors.	Trees.
Tea.	Trent, River.
Tellers.	Trials.
Temple-street.	Trinity House.
Terms.	Troops.
Territorial Revenues.	Truro, Cornwall.
Tetney, Lincolnshire.	Tumults.
Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire.	Turkey Company.
Thames, River.	Turkey Red.
Thanet, Earl of.	Turk's Island.
Theatres.	Turner, James.
Thread, Ounce.	Turnips.
Tickets.	Turnpikes.
Tid, Saint Giles, Isle of Ely.	Turpentine.
Tiffanies.	Tweed River.
Tilbury Fort.	Tyne River.
Tiles.	
Tilletings.	U.
Timber.	Union.
Timberland Parish, Lincolnshire.	United Kingdom of Great Britain.
Tin.	United Provinces.
Tithes.	United States of America.
Tobacco and Snuff.	Universities.
Tobacco-pipe Clay.	Upper Ground-street.
Tobago and Saint Lucia Islands.	Upwell and Outwell, in the Isle of Ely.
Tolls.	Ure River, Yorkshire.
Tong Liberty, Yorkshire.	
Tools.	V.
Tor Point, Cornwall.	Vagabonds and Vagrants.
Tottenham-court Road.	Value and Valuation.
Touchet, Thomas.	Velvets and Ververets.
Tower Dock.	Verdegris.
Tower Hamlets.	Vermicelli.
Towey River, Carmarthenshire.	Verniew and Severn Rivers.
Town Hall.	Vestry.

Vice-

TO THE TITLES.

Vice-admiralty Court.
 Viſtuallers.
 Viſtualling Bills.
 Viſtualling Office.
 Vincent's (Saint) Iſland.
 Vinegar.
 Virginia-ſtreet.
 Vitriol, Oil of.
 Volatile Alkali.
 Volunteers.
 Voorberg, Crew of Ship.

W.

Wages.
 Waggonſ.
 Wakefield, Yorkſhire.
 Wales.
 Wales, Prince of.
 Wales, New South.
 Walworth Bridge.
 Wanſtead, Eſſex.
 Wapping, Middleſex.
 Warehouſes.
 Warkworth, Northumberland.
 Warrants.
 Warrens.
 Warton Cragg, Lancaſhire.
 Warwick, Earl and Borough of.
 Warwickſhire.
 Waſh for Spirits.
 Watching.
 Water.
 Water, Sea.
 Waters, Strong.
 Waterbeach Level, Cambridge-
 ſhire.
 Waterford, Ireland.
 Watermen.
 Watford, Hertfordſhire.
 Watſon, Brook.
 Watt, James.
 Wax.
 Wax Candles.
 Wear River, Durham.
 Weddell Brook, Lancaſhire.
 Wells, Norfolk.
 Wells, Somerſetſhire.

Weighton (Market) Yorkſhire.
 Weights and Scales.
 Weſtbury, Wiltſhire.
 Weſt Indies.
 Weſt Houghton, Lancaſhire.
 Weſtmiſter.
 Weſtmoreland.
 Weymouth and Melcombe Regis,
 Dorſetſhire.
 Wey River, Chertſey, Surry.
 Whale Fiſhery.
 Whale Oil.
 Wheat and Flour.
 Whitby, Yorkſhire.
 Whitchurch, Oxfordſhire.
 Whitchurch, Shropſhire.
 Whittleſey, Huntingdonſhire.
 White Aſhes.
 Whitechapel, Middleſex.
 Whitehaven, Cumberland.
 Whitehill, John, Eſquire.
 Whitehurſt, John.
 White Woollen Cloth.
 Wiggenhall, Norfolk.
 Wight, Iſle of.
 Wigton County, in Scotland.
 Wilford, Suffolk.
 Williams (Doctor Richard) of
 Saint Margaret, Weſtmiſter.
 Williams, William.
 William (Fort) Eaſt Indies.
 Willis, Francis.
 Wills.
 Wilſden Ferry.
 Wimbleton, Cambridgſhire.
 Wincheſter.
 Windows.
 Wine.
 Wine Licence Office.
 Wiſborough Green, Suffex.
 Witham River.
 Witneſſes.
 Women.
 Wood.
 Wood-ſtreet, Compter.
 Wool Cards.
 Wool and Woollen Manufactures.
 Woolwich.
 Worceſter.

Work-

A GENERAL TABLE, &c.

Workhouses.

Works, Board of.

Worsted.

Wrangle, Lincolnshire.

Wreak River, Leicestershire.

Writs.

Wroxeter, Shropshire.

Wye River.

Wyrley Bank, Staffordshire.

Y.

Yarmouth, (Great) Norfolk.

Yarn, Short.

Yearly Accounts.

York and Hull.

York Buildings Company.

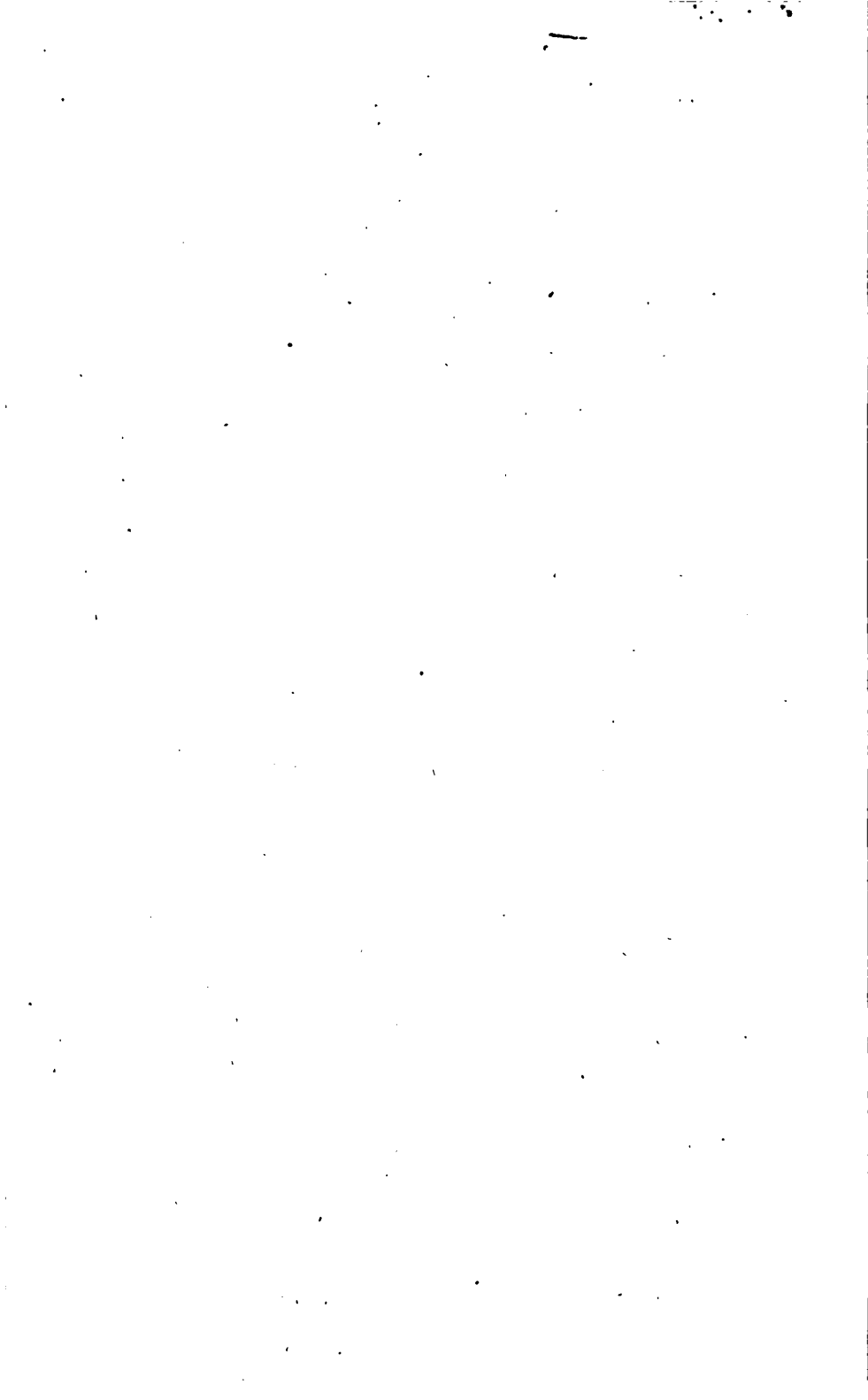
York, Duke and Dukes of.

Yorkshire.

Yucatan, South America.

FINIS.





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